

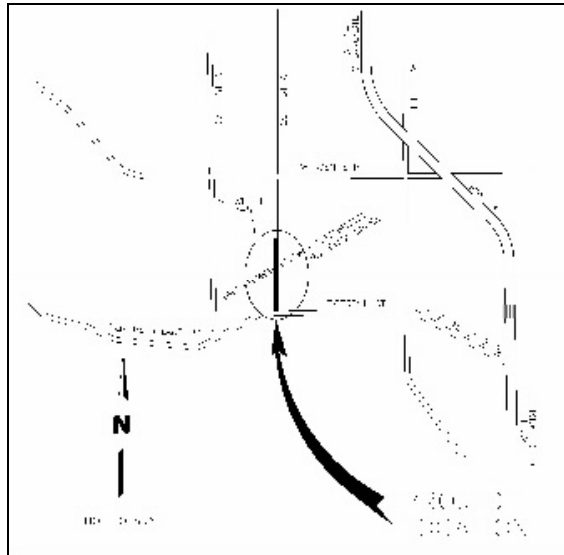
## Appendix B

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**City of Palmdale**  
**20<sup>th</sup> Street West - Amargosa Creek Improvements**  
**Project Number: 484**

**PROJECT REPORT**



On : 20<sup>th</sup> Street West  
From : Elizabeth Lake Road  
To : Avenue P-8

REVIEWED:

\_\_\_\_\_  
David Wu, Project Manager  
City of Palmdale

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Bill Padilla, City Traffic Engineer  
City of Palmdale

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Mike Mischel, City Engineer  
City of Palmdale

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

RECOMMENDED:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Timothy W. Hughes  
Deputy Director of Public Works  
City of Palmdale

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

APPROVED:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Leon Swain, P.E.  
Director of Public Works  
City of Palmdale

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date



This Project Report has been prepared under the direction of the following registered civil engineer. The registered civil engineer attests to the technical information contained herein and the engineering data upon which recommendations, conclusions, and decisions are based.

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James Faber, P.E.  
Project Manager

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Date

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## **List of Attachments**

Attachment A	Vicinity Map
Attachment B	Preferred Alternative Plan, Profiles, and Typical Sections
Attachment C	Utility Map
Attachment D	Drainage Improvements
Attachment E	Other Considered Alternatives
Attachment F	Project Cost Estimate
Attachment G	Right-of-Way Requirement
Attachment H	Architectural Concept
Attachment I	Bridge Type Selection Report
Attachment J	Environmental Report
Attachment K	Hydraulic Report
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# INTRODUCTION

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The City of Palmdale, proposes to extend 20<sup>th</sup> Street West southerly, from its existing northern terminus at Avenue P-8, across Amargosa Creek, to Elizabeth Lake Road, where a new traffic signal is to be installed (hereinafter referred as “the project”). The total project length is 0.5 miles (refer to Attachments A and B for exhibits showing the project improvements).

The project will construct 20<sup>th</sup> Street West from an unpaved road to four-lane, secondary arterial, with a combination of a raised and a striped median, and will include a bridge overcrossing of Amargosa Creek, with undercrossing bike paths on both banks of the creek. The bridge will be aesthetically enhanced by adding architectural features.

The project also includes improvements to the Amargosa Creek Channel alignment, a paved soil-cement invert upstream and downstream of the crossing, and slope protection. These improvements are based upon the City’s approved plans for the improvements to Amargosa Creek, Project SD 02-58, and the City’s Master Plan of Drainage.

The project cost is included as Attachment F, and is estimated to be \$8.0 million on March 6, 2007, which includes \$0.3 million for right of way acquisition; \$1.2 million for design engineering and construction management; and \$6.5 million for construction. The project is mainly locally funded by local funds.

The Project objectives are to:

1. Implement roadway improvements consistent with the City’s General Plan.
2. Implement improvements that will enhance traffic safety, circulation and operations by providing connection from Elizabeth Lake Road to Avenue P-8.
3. Implement roadway improvements consistent with the future development within the area.
4. Protect the natural resources associated with the Amargosa Creek.
5. Reduce the impact to existing residential properties.

The Project improvements will include:

- Approximately 0.5 miles of a new four-lane roadway from existing Quick Street to Elizabeth Lake Road.
- Approximately 0.1 miles of two-lane roadway pavement, an extension of Bradcliff Road to join proposed 20<sup>th</sup> Street West.
- Over 4000 linear feet of curb, gutter and sidewalk, and approximately 300 linear feet of raised median.
- An 80 feet wide bridge, spanning 120 feet across the Amargosa Creek.
- Two bike paths, undercrossing the proposed bridge structure, with retaining walls along the banks of Amargosa Creek.
- The modification of the Amargosa Creek invert upstream and downstream of the proposed overcrossing.
- The acquisition of approximately 0.63 acres of right of way, and 0.56 acres of slope easement.
- The installation of a new traffic signal at the 20<sup>th</sup> Street West/ Elizabeth Lake Road Intersection.
- Street drainage improvements, including installation of drainage inlets, lateral pipes, and an extension of a 36” RCP.
- Other minor improvements.

## **RECOMMENDATION**

This Project Report (PR) recommends its accompanying Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration (IS/MND), which is the Final CEQA Environmental Document (ED), be approved. Environmental Clearance for NEPA is not required, and therefore not included.

This PR also recommends the approval of the Preferred Alternative (refer to Attachment B), which is discussed in greater detail in Section 5, and proceeding to the design phase.

## **BACKGROUND**

### **PROJECT HISTORY**

The proposed project was identified in the City's 2005 Ten-Year Capital Improvement Program as Project No. STR053. The City of Palmdale's 2005 Ten-Year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) is comprised of 239 proposed projects categorized into:

1. Drainage.
2. General City.
3. Parks and Recreation.
4. Streets.
5. Traffic.

These projects conform to the goals, objectives, and policies of the elements of the General Plan, and the program was approved by the Planning Commission on April 11, 2005.

20<sup>th</sup> Street West – Amargosa Creek Improvement is under Category 4 of said program. Funding for the project is from developer's fees supplemented by the City's General Fund.

### **COMMUNITY INTERACTION**

The Project Development Team (PDT) for the Project includes representatives from the City of Palmdale and the California Department of Fish and Game. These representatives have been active participants with regard to the engineering and environmental studies leading to the development of this PR and the IS/MND.

### **EXISTING FACILITY**

The existing facility can be considered as an unpaved road on native ground, with no crossing at Amargosa Creek. The following image depicts the aerial view of the project site:

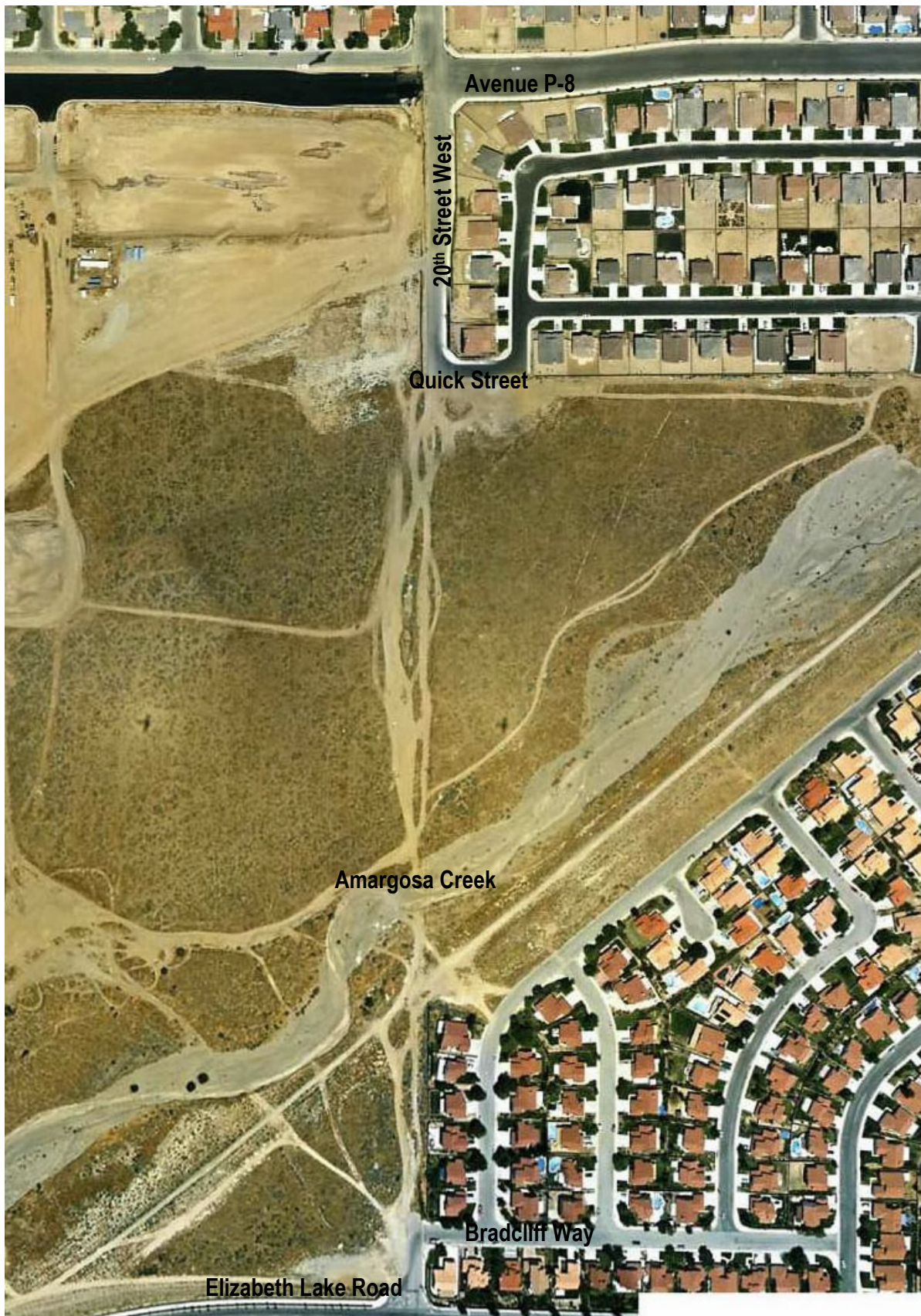


Figure 1: Aerial View of Project Site



## Roadway

As mentioned previously, the existing roadway is an unpaved, rough-graded, roadway linking the north end and south end pavements, and is not used by the traveling public. Occasionally, maintenance vehicles are able to access the creek channel.

The paved portion of existing 20<sup>th</sup> Street West intersects with the following local streets within the project limits:

- Avenue P-8 (non-signalized).
- Quick Street (non-signalized).
- Bradcliff Way (non-signalized).
- Elizabeth Lake Road (non-signalized).



Figure 2: South End of Project, Looking North



Figure 3: North End of Project, Looking North

## Utilities

The project site is still at the early phase of the urbanization, and covers mostly vacant and undeveloped land. Therefore, there are limited utilities within the region. The primary utilities features are the following:

- Southern California overhead lines running north/ south at east side of the existing roadway.
- Southern California gas line running north/ south at east side of the existing roadway.
- Palmdale Water District Sewer line running along the Amargosa Creek.

Please refer to Attachment C for a map of the existing utilities within the project area.

## Drainage

Amargosa Creek serves as a major drainage facility at the project vicinity. The existing creek is an earthen channel with an unlined, natural streambed. Currently, the City of Palmdale Public Works Department is improving the Amargosa Creek by realigning the centerline of the creek and constructing a soil cement channel between 10<sup>th</sup> Street West and 20<sup>th</sup> Street West. Two hydrologic and hydraulic design reports have been prepared by Pacific Advanced Civil Engineering, Inc. (PACE) dated April 2003 (Revised August 2003) and June 2003, from which these improvements are documented.

There are no major existing drainage features along the existing 20<sup>th</sup> Street West alignment. However, there will be a future 36" RCP constructed along east of 20<sup>th</sup> Street West, from Elizabeth Lake Road to Amargosa Creek. The 36" RCP drainage system terminates at the creek with a bubble-out box structure outlet within the City's right-of-way (see Attachment D for 36" RCP layout). Drainage improvements, specifically for the Preferred Alternative, are further discussed in Section 5.1.2., Drainage, of this report.

## **Geotechnical**

Attachment L is the Geotechnical Investigation Report for the project, which documents the existing site conditions within the project area, and includes recommendations for structural foundations and roadway typical sections.

## **NEED AND PURPOSE**

### **PROBLEM, DEFICIENCIES, JUSTIFICATION**

As mentioned in previously, 20<sup>th</sup> Street West serves as a secondary north/south arterial in the City of Palmdale; however, it exists as an unpaved, rough-graded, roadway between Quick Street to the north and Bradcliff Way to the south. The area around 20<sup>th</sup> Street West has grown significantly with residential development, and because of this growth 20<sup>th</sup> Street West is expected to be an essential transportation corridor for the surrounding region. Currently, traffic traveling south on 20<sup>th</sup> Street West to Elizabeth Lake has to detour through Avenue P and 25<sup>th</sup> Street West due to the discontinuity of 20<sup>th</sup> Street West at Amargosa Creek. As a result, this traffic movement is depositing more vehicular volume on Avenue P, which already carries a high volume of traffic.

Several sub-division plans have been submitted to City for developing land on the north side of Amargosa Creek along the existing 20<sup>th</sup> Street West alignment. The residential occupancy is expected to increase significantly in the near future. The availability of a more accessible route, crossing the creek within the project vicinity, will become a challenge, and a necessity, to the City in order to accommodate the rapid residential growth rate in the region. The project, by constructing a new road and overcrossing of the creek, will provide continuous passage from Avenue P-8 to Elizabeth Lake Road, resulting in a direct and vital solution to congestion within the developed area.

Given the transportation significance of the street, the proposed project is deemed required by the City of Palmdale.

### **REGIONAL & SYSTEM PLANNING**

#### **Local, Regional General Plans**

As mentioned previously, the project is: considered a secondary arterial improvement; is consistent with City of Palmdale's General Plan; and is included in the City's 2005 Ten-Year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) as a street improvement project.

The proposed project is also consistent with the local needs created by the future residential development.

### **TRAFFIC**

Since the roadway is identified by, and the project is consistent with, the City's General Plan, a traffic study is not required for this, or future phases of project.

## DESCRIPTION AND ISSUES

### PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE

For this project, the PDT worked very diligently to identify the locally preferred alternative, which can be found in Attachment B, and in so doing took into account the constraints presented by the project area, and the City's desired features. The constraints affecting the roadway alignment were: the roadway design speed; the impact on the existing residential areas; and consistency with future development. These constraints, and how they were utilized in the development of the preferred alternative, are discussed in the following paragraphs. The City's desired improvements include an overcrossing structure, channel improvements, a signalized intersection, arterial street improvements, a raised median, turning pockets, access roads, sidewalks, and bikepaths. The following paragraphs give a discussion of the preferred alternative.

#### Roadway

As mentioned previously, the project will construct a new four (4) lane, secondary arterial, with a raised/ striped median, from Quick Street to Elizabeth Lake Road. The project will also install a new signal at the intersection of Elizabeth Lake Road/20<sup>th</sup> Street West, including a pedestrian crossing. The street improvements will include concrete curb and gutter and sidewalks. The crosswalks, sidewalks, and curb-ramps will be constructed within ADA compliance.

The horizontal and vertical alignments were developed using a design speed of 60 mph, as directed by the City's Traffic Engineer. However, the vertical alignment, where it departs from Elizabeth Lake Road (between station 10+50 and 11+50) does not meet the 60 mph design speed, but rather it meets 50 mph, because the stopping sight distance at the curve is less than 570 feet. This situation is acceptable to the City, since the roadway is approaching/ leaving an intersection, where the vehicles travel speed is reduced.

Horizontally, going north from Elizabeth Lake Road, the Project proposes to shift the existing roadway centerline approximately 50 feet westerly in order to provide the roadway geometry to attain the desired design speed. This roadway shift also provides area for the roadway embankment grading and creates extra space between the new 20<sup>th</sup> Street West and the adjacent homes for the landscaping features. Further north, where the 20<sup>th</sup> Street West crosses Amargosa Creek, the horizontal alignment is shifted easterly back to its existing alignment, connecting at the existing intersection with Quick Street.

Geometrical Approval Drawings (GAD) containing of Plan, Profile and Typical Sections of the proposed roadway have been submitted to City for review, and were approved on April 7, 2006.

There are total of three T-intersections along the proposed major roadway. The intersections at Bradcliff Way and Quick Street will be stop controlled intersections, while the intersection at Elizabeth Lake Road will have new signal and turning pockets to facilitate the traffic movements. A concrete raised median will be installed from the intersection of Elizabeth Lake Road for length of 210 feet, terminating north of the intersection with Bradcliff Way. The purpose of the raised median is to restrict traffic left-turns into and out of Bradcliff Way, since both intersections are in close proximity to one another. Additionally, there will be a future T-intersection constructed after the residential development, located on the northwest quadrant of the existing Amargosa Creek/ 20<sup>th</sup> Street West crossing, is completed. The project will include a left-turn pocket for future access into this development.

The proposed 20<sup>th</sup> Street West striped median, from Station 24+00 to 30+00 (north of Amargosa Creek), will be striped to accommodate two-way left turn lane movements in the future, as necessary, thereby providing access to the land east of 20<sup>th</sup> Street West, north of the creek.

## Drainage

### ***Amargosa Creek Improvement***

As mentioned previously, City of Palmdale, Public Works Department is improving the Amargosa Creek by constructing a soil cement channel between 10<sup>th</sup> Street West and 20<sup>th</sup> Street West. Existing, ultimate, and interim condition hydraulics were evaluated by PACE in their April/August 2003 study for Amargosa Creek between 20<sup>th</sup> Street West (not including the proposed 20<sup>th</sup> Street West bridge of this project) and 10<sup>th</sup> Street West. Our study of the project included interim and ultimate conditions in the vicinity of 20<sup>th</sup> Street West bridge. For details of modeling, please refer to Attachment K, Hydraulic Report for 20<sup>th</sup> Street Bridge over Amargosa Creek.

The channel design concept in the vicinity of the 20<sup>th</sup> Street West Bridge consists of transitioning from a trapezoidal channel to a smaller, compound, rectangular channel to accommodate access roads/ bike paths on both sides of the channel. The channel cross section transitions from a trapezoidal channel, with a top width of 95 feet, to rectangular channel, with a top width of 63 feet, then to 46 feet underneath the bridge. Please see Figures 4 & 5 for the conceptual channel layout and the cross sections.

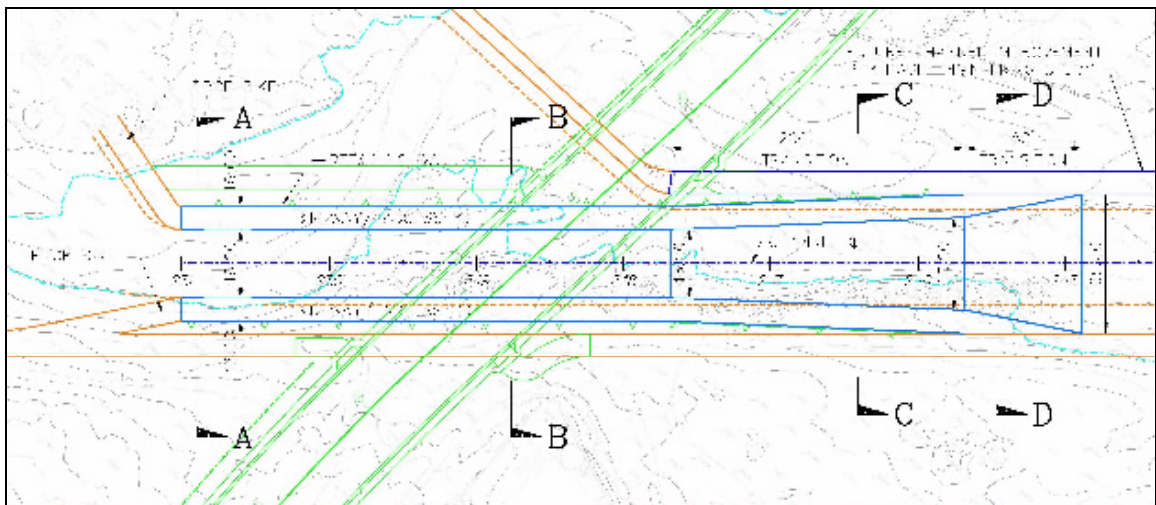


Figure 4: Conceptual Amargosa Creek Upstream Channel Improvement at Proposed 20<sup>th</sup> Street Bridge

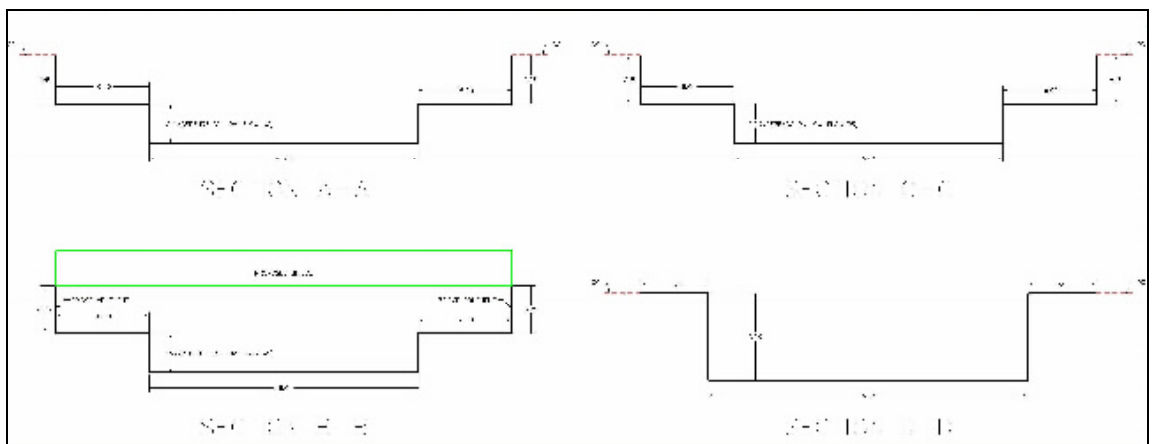


Figure 5: Cross-sections of Upstream Channel Improvement at Proposed 20<sup>th</sup> Street Bridge

The narrowing of the channel at 20<sup>th</sup> Street West reduces the bridge span length, resulting in a more cost effective design. The low chord elevation of the bridge has been established with a minimum clearance of 8.25 feet along the access roads/ bike paths under the bridge.



### ***Recommended On-Site Drainage Improvement***

As discussed in section 3.1.3, the existing project site has no major drainage facilities, and a 36" RCP easterly of existing 20<sup>th</sup> Street West alignment will be constructed prior to this project. During this project phase, a preliminary on-site drainage study was performed, and this study recommended a new drainage system be installed within the proposed improvements of 20<sup>th</sup> Street West.

Since the proposed 20<sup>th</sup> Street West will be improved with curb and gutter, all the on-site street runoff within the project limit is assumed to be picked up by the proposed drainage facilities. Attachment D shows the proposed catch basin locations where the street runoff is to be collected. Catch basin No. 1 will generally intercept flow generated from the north half of Elizabeth Lake Road that will drain onto improved 20<sup>th</sup> Street West. Catch basin Nos. 2 and 3 will be installed to intercept street runoff along the gutters generated from the newly paved 20<sup>th</sup> Street West, south of the overcrossing structure. Catch basin Nos. 4 and 5 will be installed at the sag point on the both sides of Bradcliff Way. North of Amargosa Creek, the street runoff will be carried by the gutters and drain to inlets located at Avenue P-8. A cross gutter will be constructed at the intersection of 20<sup>th</sup> Street/Quick Street to provide continuous conveyance of the street flow. There will be 18" lateral RCP pipes to connect the catch basins to the future 36" storm drain pipe (constructed by others), which carries the drainage to the bubble-up structure at Amargosa Creek. The proposed design capacity of the catch basins and lateral pipes meet the engineering standards of the City of Palmdale, these being to convey the minimum 10-year and 25-year storm volumes.

The future constructed drainage bubble-up outlet structure at Amargosa Creek is proposed to be demolished, and extended with a new 36" RCP to continuously carry the storm water draining into an outlet structure at the upstream improvement of Amargosa Creek.

During the study of the project on-site drainage system, the engineering design standards of the City of Palmdale and the standards used by the LA County Hydrology and Hydraulic Manuals were used to calculate time of concentration, storm volumes, size of catch basins, and size of drainage pipes. A hydrology and hydraulic summary table is shown on Attachment D, and the preliminary estimate for the drainage improvement is listed in the below table.

The estimated cost of drainage improvements:

<b>Item Description</b>	<b>Quantity</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Unit Price</b>	<b>Total</b>
Construct 18" RCP	475	LF	\$150	\$ 71,250
Construct 36" RCP Extension	208	LF	\$200	\$ 41,600
Construct Junction Structure	5	EA	\$400	\$ 2,000
Construct Catch Basin	5	EA	\$1000	\$ 5,000
Construct Outlet Structure	1	EA	\$500	\$ 500
SubTotal				\$ 120,350
Contingency (25%)				\$30,088
Contingency (15%)				<u>\$ 150,438</u>

### **Utilities**

The project is not expected to affect underground utilities. However, there is one Southern California Edison overhead pole within the channel improvement of the project at the Amargosa Creek, and another single pole located at the proposed raised roadway northeast of Amargosa Creek, which may need to be relocated. Please refer to Attachment C. Several other poles and power lines run parallel to the project, and these may infringe on the proposed roadway embankment necessitating the need to be reset to grade. From previous experience has indicated relocation of the power pole may involve replacing the timber pole with light weight steel pole at a price of approximately \$50,000, therefore for budgetary purposes, \$50,000 was used, along with \$10,000 per guy-wire pole.

It is however essential to obtain SCE recommendation to confirm the extent of the power pole relocation. It might be also SCE's responsibility to relocate the power pole at their cost, depending upon who may have prior rights.

As mentioned in the previous paragraph, the project is not expected to affect underground utilities; however Attachment C also shows the existing utilities present within the project site.

## Structures

The bridge type selection process involves investigating various feasible structure types and the construction costs associated with them. The engineer initially selects, based upon engineering judgment and experience, at least two out of all possible structure types, which are suitable for the proposed project site and conditions. The engineer will investigate in depth the pre-selected structure types for their construction cost, constructibility, aesthetic, environmental issues, etc. After comparing the features of the proposed alternatives, the structure type that is best suited for the project is chosen and presented for concurrence and approval for the final design.

For the project, two alternatives have been considered. Both alternatives have basically the same type of superstructure, with a cast-in-place, prestressed, concrete box girder (CIP/PS Box), and the same type of substructure, with seat type abutments, founded on spread footings. The total length of the bridge is proposed to be 120'-1", measured from the beginning of the bridge point (BB) to the end of the bridge point (EB) on a tangent alignment. Caltrans Type 26 Barrier, with tubular hand railing, is proposed along the east and west edges of the bridge. Bike paths will be constructed under the bridge soffit, next to and, along the south and north abutments. Aesthetic features, including planting materials, view points, and patterns will be included in the design.

The difference between Alternative 1 and Alternative 2 is that Alternative 1 proposes to have the invert of the channel, within the bridge vicinity, lined with soil-cement (hard bottom as described in the hydraulic report), while conversely Alternative 2 proposes to have the invert of the channel unlined (soft bottom as described in the hydraulic report).

The advantage of Alternative 1, with the lined channel invert, is scour problems at the bridge structure are for the most part eliminated. But, the bridge abutment footings will still need to be set deep enough to clear approximately half the scour zone in order to prevent the flood waters from seeping into the soil, thus undermining the load carrying capacity of the soil underneath the footing.

In Alternative 2, with unlined channel invert, scour is a serious concern. Retaining walls will be necessary to line each side of the channel for the bike paths under the bridge. Caltrans Type 1 retaining walls are proposed to be used. These retaining walls, along the channel and the bridge abutment footings, will need to be set deep enough to clear the entire scour zone, which is approximately 10 feet deep from the existing unlined surface of channel invert per the hydraulic report.

At City's request, LAN performed feasibility study of multi-cell reinforced box culvert (RCB). The hydraulic analysis (HEC-RAS Analysis) was modified to represent the culvert concept. For all simulations, this deck elevation was sufficiently high to not affect the hydraulic results—therefore the height of the culverts was not a controlling factor (the heights below were rounded to the nearest foot above the highest upstream water surface elevation). The following are the multi-cell box culvert dimensions (all are clear dimensions) used in the model:

Left bike path culvert:	16 feet wide by 9 feet high
Main channel 1 of 3:	13 feet wide by 9 feet high
Main channel 2 of 3:	14 feet wide by 9 feet high
Main channel 3 of 3:	13 feet wide by 9 feet high
Right bike path culvert:	16 feet wide by 9 feet high

A 1.5 feet thickness was assumed for the vertical culvert walls. Typically, one foot of debris is applied to each side of the pier to account for debris bulking. The freeboard for this scenario was 3.04 feet (min. two (2) feet is required).

The LA County Sedimentation Manual recommends using four (4) feet of debris where heavy floating debris loading is expected. An analysis model with four (4) feet of debris on each pier was also performed. The freeboard for this scenario was 2.27 feet—just above the minimum of two (2) feet. Therefore, this culvert meets both freeboard requirements.

As discussed above, a triple box culvert is required to convey the creek flow through the roadway crossing, while meeting all the freeboard requirements for Capital Flood (50-Year Flood, with double bulking, and this is the control event) and 100-Year Flood (clear flow). In addition, two more cells are required on the outside to accommodate the bike paths.

This RCB structure will require more fill at the approaches and on the box lid unless the profile of the proposed 20th Street West is lowered to the top of the culvert top slab. In addition, the RCB option would necessitate the relocation of several hundred feet of an existing sewer line, currently located along the south bank of the creek.

For the lined channel (Bridge Alternative 1) and the box culvert option, there will be a deep cut-off wall constructed upstream to prevent the scour from undermining the channel lining and the bridge and retaining wall foundations or box culvert.

#### **Structure Type Recommendation:**

The approved structure type is a single span, 120'-1" long, and 80'-0" wide, cast-in-place, prestressed (CIP/PS) concrete box girder bridge, supported on two high cantilever seat type abutments. CIP/PS concrete box girder was chosen based upon constructability, performance in a seismic event, construction and long term maintenance costs, and aesthetic reasons. This type of structure is the most common type of bridge used by Caltrans in California, not just because of its comparatively low construction and maintenance costs, but also because of its reliable, superior performance during a seismic event when compared to any other type of structure. Since the project site is located within 1500 to 2000 feet of the San Andreas fault, which is a strike-slip fault capable of generating earthquake with a maximum credible magnitude of 8.0, seismic performance of the bridge is an important consideration. The structure depth will be 5'-6" deep. The high cantilever seat type abutments will be founded on spread footings. Since CIP/PS concrete bridge requires falsework in construction, falsework will have to be constructed on the Amargosa Channel. This will limit the bridge construction window be fixed in the "dry season" between beginning of May to end of October, unless otherwise approved by the DFG.

The recommended structure type is bridge Alternative 1.

For complete information, refer to Attachment G, The Bridge Type Selection Report.

#### **Geotechnical**

As mentioned previously, refer to Attachment L, Geotechnical Investigation Report for the geotechnical information at the project site.

#### **Landscaping/ Aesthetics**

##### **Landscaping**

As mentioned in the above roadway section, there will be a landscape buffer from Elizabeth Lake Road to south of Amargosa Creek along eastside of 20<sup>th</sup> Street West. It is recommended that trees are to be planted within the buffer in order to provide visual barrier from roadway for the adjacent homes, since the roadway grade is higher than the existing homes. The implementation of this concept will be based upon funding availability.

##### **Aesthetics**

This project requires aesthetic study for the bridge design. General aesthetics of the bridge structure is designed by the project architect. Recommendations from the architect will be incorporated into the bridge final design. Aesthetic features, including planting materials, view points, and patterns will be included in the design. Please refer to Attachment H for the current developed concept by project architect.

## **OTHER CONSIDERED ALTERNATIVES**

Alternative 1 was developed to have the proposed roadway alignment curve westerly, cross the Amargosa Creek with an improved skew angle, and curve easterly to join back to its existing alignment before Quick Street. The vertical alignment is developed to allow for the overcrossing structure spanning across, not only the Amargosa Creek, but also the maintenance roads at both side of the channel. The main reason of this alternative being deemed non-viable is because of the proposed roadway would infringe on the future residential development at the northwest quadrant of 20th Street West and Amargosa Creek. The impacting of the future development will defeat the purpose of this project, which proposes implementing roadway improvements consistent with the future residential development around the area. Please refer to Attachment E for exhibit of Alternative 1.

Alternative 2 was developed to have the proposed roadway alignment in place along its existing alignment. Similar to Alternative 1, the vertical alignment was developed to allow both the creek and the maintenance roads. Due to raising the profile of the proposed roadway, and the close proximity of the adjacent housing tract along east side of existing 20<sup>th</sup> Street West, south of Amargosa Creek; a retaining wall would be needed between the adjacent properties and the proposed roadway, along east side of 20<sup>th</sup> Street West from Elizabeth Lake Road to Amargosa Creek. This retaining wall is thought to be a non-desirable feature for the local residents, therefore Alternative 2 was deemed non-viable. Please refer to Attachment E for exhibit of Alternative 2.

## **CONSIDERATIONS REQUIRING DISCUSSION**

### **VALUE ANALYSIS**

The estimated project cost, including Right of Way acquisition, is under \$25 million. Therefore, no formal Value Analysis (VA) was performed.

### **RIGHT OF WAY ISSUES**

#### **Right of Way Requirements**

Refer to Attachment G - Right of Way Acquisition for a detailed analysis of the estimated right of way requirements, which lists the Assessor Parcel Number, the Owner, and the area of required right of way. During the design phase of the project, right of way mapping, per parcel, will need to be accomplished, as well as a legal description for each of the parcels needing acquisition.

Right of way cost is estimated using \$7.00/sq. ft for fee take and \$3.50/sq. ft for slope easement. The total right of way cost is estimated to be \$274,953.

#### **Relocation Impact Studies**

There is no relocation anticipated in this project, therefore, the study is not required.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES**

Refer to Attachment J – Environmental Report and the approved Environmental Document for a detailed analysis of the environmental impacts and mitigation measures. The following is a list of recommended actions prior to or during construction.

### **1.12.1 Noise Analysis**

**Recommended Actions:** During all project site excavation and on-site grading, the project contractors should equip all construction equipment, fixed or mobile, with properly operating and maintained mufflers consistent with manufacturers' standards.

The project contractor should place all stationary construction equipment so that emitted noise is directed away from sensitive receptors nearest the project site.

The construction contractor should locate equipment staging in areas that will create the greatest distance between construction-related noise sources and noise-sensitive receptors nearest the project site during all project construction.

During all project site construction, the construction contractor should limit all construction-related activities to the hours of 6:30 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. on weekdays and Saturday and no work on Sunday.

A minimum wall height of 6 feet should be required to reduce traffic noise levels to 65 dBA CNEL or below for all future residential uses along 20th Street West.

The City should coordinate with future residential uses located adjacent to the proposed project to ensure that air-conditioning systems are provided to maintain the City's interior noise standard of 45 dBA CNEL.

### **1.12.2 Air Quality**

**Recommended Actions:** The Construction Contractor should select the construction equipment used on site based on low-emission factors and high-energy efficiency. The City Engineer should ensure that construction grading plans include a statement that all construction equipment will be tuned and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

The Construction Contractor should utilize electric or diesel-powered equipment in lieu of gasoline-powered engines where feasible as determined by the City Public Works Inspector and Building Inspector.

The Construction Contractor should ensure that construction grading plans reviewed by the City Engineer include a statement that work crews will shut off equipment when not in use and that during smog season (May through October), the overall length of the construction period will be extended, thereby decreasing the size of the area prepared each day to minimize vehicles and equipment operating at the same time.

Under the direction of the City Public Works Inspector, the Construction Contractor should time the construction activities so as to not interfere with peak-hour traffic and minimize obstruction of through traffic lanes adjacent to the site; if necessary, a flagger shall be retained to maintain safety adjacent to existing roadways.

The Construction Contractor should support and encourage ridesharing and transit incentives for the construction crew to the satisfaction of the City Public Works Inspector.

Under review by the City Public Works Inspector, the dust generated by the development activities should be retained on site and kept to a minimum by following the dust control measures listed below.

- a. During clearing, grading, earth moving, excavation, or transportation of cut or fill materials, water trucks or sprinkler systems should be used to prevent dust from leaving the site and to create a crust after each day's activities cease.
- b. During construction, water trucks or sprinkler systems should be used to keep all areas of vehicle movement damp enough to prevent dust from leaving the site. At a minimum, this would include wetting down such areas in the later morning and after work is completed for the day, and whenever wind exceeds 15 miles per hour.
- c. After clearing, grading, earth moving, or excavation is completed, the entire area of disturbed soil should be treated immediately until the area is paved or otherwise developed so that dust generation will not occur.
- d. Soil stockpiled for more than two days should be covered, kept moist, or treated with soil binders to prevent dust generation.
- e. Trucks transporting soil, sand, cut or fill materials, and/or construction debris to or from the site should be tarped or materials moistened as applicable from the point of origin.

### **1.12.3 Cultural**

Recommended Actions: Prior to the commencement of ground-disturbing activities, the City should retain an archaeologist to monitor the initial ground-disturbing activities. The qualified archaeologist should be on-site during any initial ground-disturbing and earthmoving activities. In the event any archaeological or historical resource is uncovered during the course of the project, ground-disturbing activities in the vicinity of the find should be redirected until the nature and extent of the find can be evaluated by a qualified monitor. Any such resource uncovered during the course of project-related grading or construction should be recorded and/or removed per applicable City and/or State regulations.

A trained paleontological monitor should be present during initial ground-disturbing activities within undisturbed sediments determined likely to contain paleontological resources. The monitoring for paleontological resources should be conducted on a half-time basis when excavation is occurring in undisturbed late Pleistocene Alluvium. If paleontological resources are encountered during excavation, the monitoring should increase to full time. The monitor should be empowered to temporarily halt or redirect construction activities to ensure avoidance of adverse impacts to paleontological resources. The monitor should be equipped to rapidly remove any large fossil specimens encountered during excavation. If small fossil vertebrate remains are located during the monitoring program, standard samples (12 cubic meters/6,000 lbs) of sediment should be collected and processed to recover microvertebrate fossils. Processing should include wet screen washing and microscopic examination of the residual materials to identify small vertebrate remains.

Upon encountering a large deposit of bone, salvage of all bone in the area should be conducted with additional field staff and in accordance with modern paleontological techniques.

All fossils collected during the project should be prepared to a reasonable point of identification. Excess sediment or matrix should be removed from the specimens to reduce the bulk and cost of storage. Itemized catalogs of all material collected and identified should be provided to the museum repository along with the specimens.

A report documenting the results of the monitoring and salvage activities and the significance of the fossils should be prepared.

All fossils collected during this work, along with the itemized inventory of these specimens, should be deposited in a museum repository for permanent curation and storage.

#### 1.12.4 Biological

Recommended Actions: Prior to site grading, a presence/absence focused survey for the short-jointed beavertail cactus (*Opuntia basilaris* var. *brachyclada*) should be conducted on the project site by a qualified biologist. If the survey determines the jointed-beavertail cactus to be present, the following avoidance and minimization efforts should be implemented under the direction of the City of Palmdale Planning Department: a) If found during focused survey, relocate members of species to suitable off-site location; b) Install exclusionary fencing along the proposed project limits; c) Limit the construction area to the minimum area necessary; d) Construction access, parking, storage of construction materials, dumping of trash and debris, equipment maintenance, staging, and dispensing of fuel, oil, coolant, or any other toxic substances will occur in designated areas within the construction limits; and e) Contractor pets are prohibited on the construction site.

Prior to site grading, a presence/absence focused survey for the burrowing owl (*Athene cunicularia hypugea*) should be conducted on the project site by a qualified biologist under the direction of the City of Palmdale Planning Department. If the future survey determines the burrowing owl to be present, protective measures should be required to ensure compliance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and other relevant Fish and Game Code requirements. The protective measures determined may include avoidance of an active burrow(s) during nesting season and passive relocation and are to be developed by a certified biologist.

Prior to grading, a presence/absence focused survey for the desert tortoise should be conducted by a certified biologist under the direction of the City of Palmdale Planning Department. The focused survey season for the desert tortoise is March 25 through May 31. If the desert tortoise is found to be present on the project site, consultation with Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and CDFG should occur to determine applicable mitigation measures. Mitigation measures may include the following:

- Relocation of the tortoise under the direction of a certified biologist;
- Fencing of the project site according to standards determined by a certified biologist to preclude future entry of other desert tortoise;
- Mitigation for the loss of desert tortoise habitat at a 3 to 1 ratio at the Desert Tortoise Natural Reserve;
- During grading, the site will be monitored by a certified biologist to verify the absence of the desert tortoise; and
- Periodic visits to the site during the construction phase by a certified biologist to check the construction fencing.

Prior to grading, the City of Palmdale should consult with the CDFG concerning the suitability of the habitat for the Mohave ground squirrel. If the habitat is determined to be suitable and the Mohave ground squirrel(s) are assumed to be present on the project site, mitigation for the loss of Mohave ground squirrel habitat should be negotiated with CDFG. Mitigation may be provided as outlined in the March 29, 2006, correspondence by the City committing to mitigation for impacts to the Amargosa Creek in conjunction with the Operational Law Letter proposed for the project in lieu of the Streambed alteration Agreement.

The construction plans for the project's roadway lighting should include light fixtures that are shielded and directed away from the creek bed as approved by the City of Palmdale Department of Planning.

### **1.12.5 Relocation Impacts**

No relocations are expected with the required right of way.

### **1.12.6 Visual Impacts**

The project should comply with the City's General Plan goals, as applicable:

- Require removal of non-conforming signs per City sign ordinance standards for new uses or substantial revisions to existing uses.
- Encourage undergrounding of all utility facilities for all projects requiring discretionary or ministerial action.
- The preferred alternative designed features to avoid, minimize, or reduce visual impacts to the extent feasible.
- Construction staging areas will be located within City's right of way.
- A Landscape Plan shall be incorporated into the final design, and this is discussed previously within this report, which includes visually pleasing hardscape.

### **1.12.7 Section 4(f) Impacts**

No Section 4(f) impacts are a part of this project.

### **1.12.8 Title VI Considerations**

The Project does not have any Title VI Considerations, since all the sidewalks at intersections shall be constructed with ramps for access to the sidewalk, and these will all comply with ADA requirements.

### **1.12.9 Geological/Geotechnical**

During construction, a licensed geotechnical engineer should be present to observe the soil conditions encountered during excavation of foundations, to verify the applicability of recommendations, and to evaluate the need for design changes if construction methods or subsurface conditions differ from those anticipated.

## **1.13 OTHER CONSIDERATIONS AS APPROPRIATE**

### **1.13.1 PERMITS**

The potential permits necessary to be acquired during the design phase are:

- National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit
- State Water Quality Control Board - 401 Permit
- Permit from Lohontan Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB)
- California Department of Fish and Game – Operational Law Letter (**OBTAINED**)
- US Army Corps of Engineer's (ACOE's) Regulatory Branch – Clean Water Act Section 404

### **1.13.2 COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS**

There is no cooperative agreement necessary for the Project.



**1.13.3 STAGE CONSTRUCTION**

The stage construction for this project is considered minor, since there will not be any existing traffic. Therefore, issues of detouring traffic will not be of a significant concern. However, the schedule is an important factor to consider for the construction of the overcrossing structure at Amargosa Creek, due to the rainy season. The beginning of construction within the Amargosa Creek delineated area should be scheduled at the start of dry season to assure the duration of construction will last prior to the next coming rainy season.

**1.13.4 FEDERAL INVOLVEMENT**

All the cost of this project is locally funded, therefore, there is no federal involvement.

**PROGRAMMING**

Project Funding Eligibility:

Probable		
Source of Funds:	<u>City of Palmdale</u>	<u>Private Developers</u>
	Prop. C, Gas Tax,	City's Requirement
	General	

Palmdale will be the lead agency, responsible for securing all funding agreements.

**REVIEWS**

All the required documents and engineer's concepts has been carefully monitored by the City of Palmdale to assure quality of the product. The City of Palmdale has gone through the process of reviewing the project's preferred alternative exhibit, the project cost estimate, the Geometrical Approval Drawings (GAD), the preliminary drainage study, the environmental reports, the hydraulic report, and the bridge type selection report; and has provided comments to LAN Engineering. LAN Engineering has revised and addressed the City's comments accordingly during the development of this project.

## PROJECT PERSONNEL

James Faber ----- (909) 450-2800  
LAN Engineering Corp.  
Project Manager

Mohan Char ----- (949) 450-2800  
LAN Engineering Corp.  
Senior Structural Engineer

Keen Poong ----- (949) 450-2800  
LAN Engineering Corp.  
Project Engineer

Albert Pan ----- (949) 450-2800  
LAN Engineering Corp.  
Assistant Project Engineer

David Wu ----- (661) 267-5300  
City of Palmdale  
Project Manager

Tim Hughes ----- (661) 267-5300  
City of Palmdale  
Deputy Public Works Director

Bill Padilla ----- (661) 267-5300  
City of Palmdale

Richard Kite ----- (661) 267-5300  
City of Palmdale

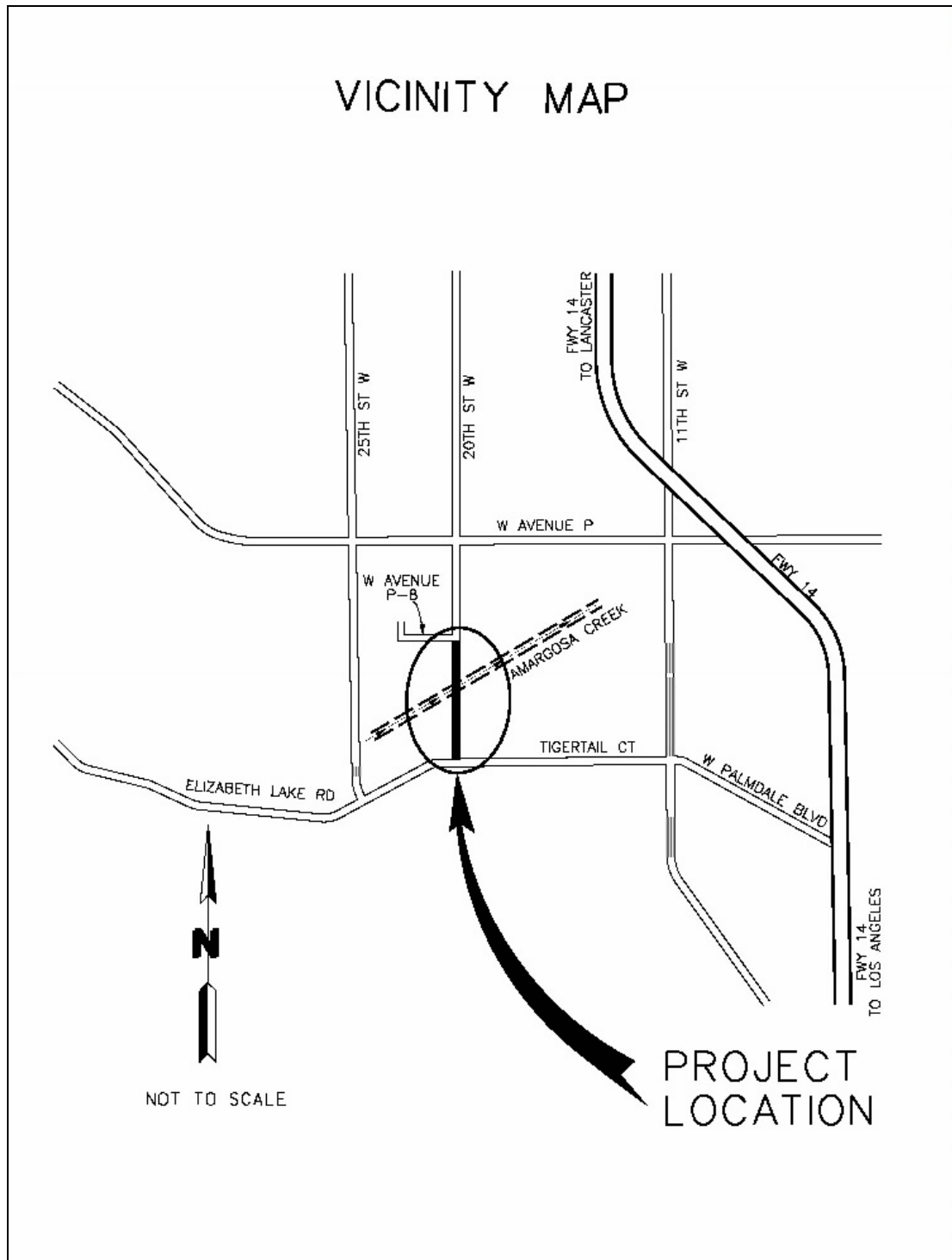
Allen Pangan ----- (661) 267-5300  
City of Palmdale

Tom Horne ----- (661) 267-5300  
City of Palmdale

# **Attachment A**

## **Vicinity Map**

## Vicinity Map



# **Attachment B**

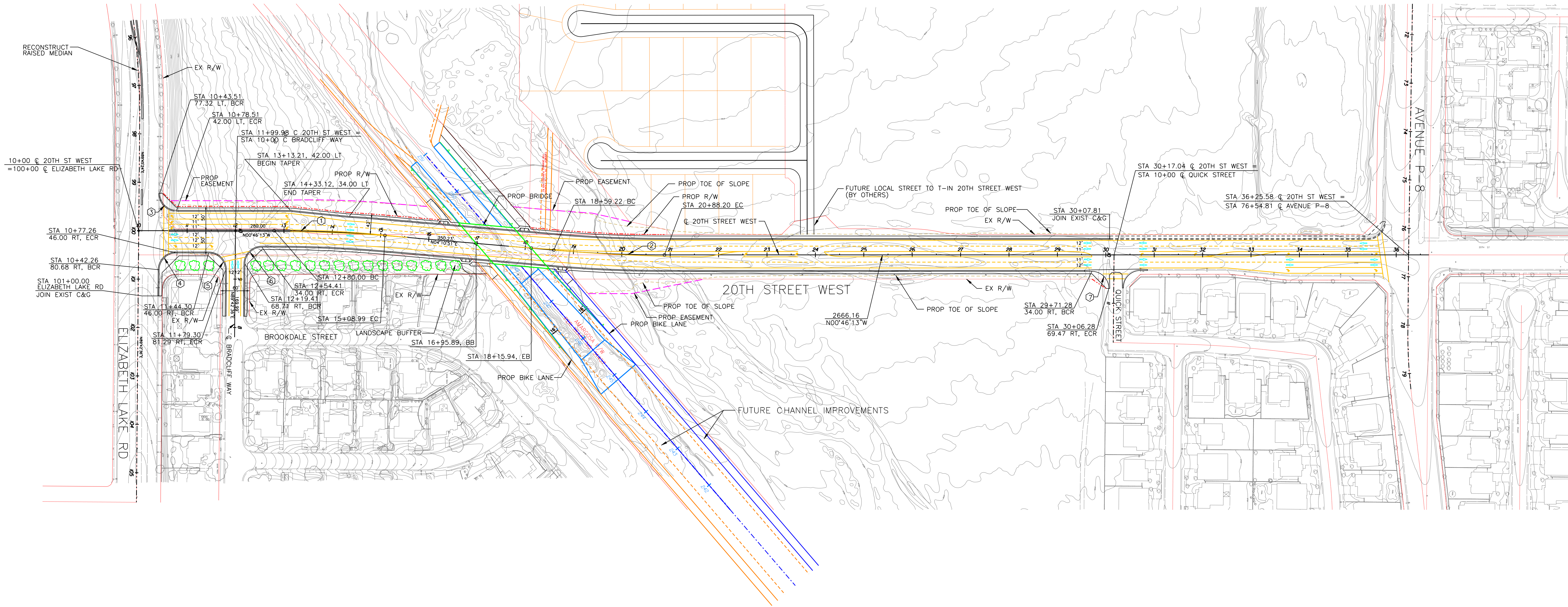
## **Preferred Alternative Plan, Profiles and Typical Sections**



HORIZONTAL DESIGN SPEED = 60 MPH

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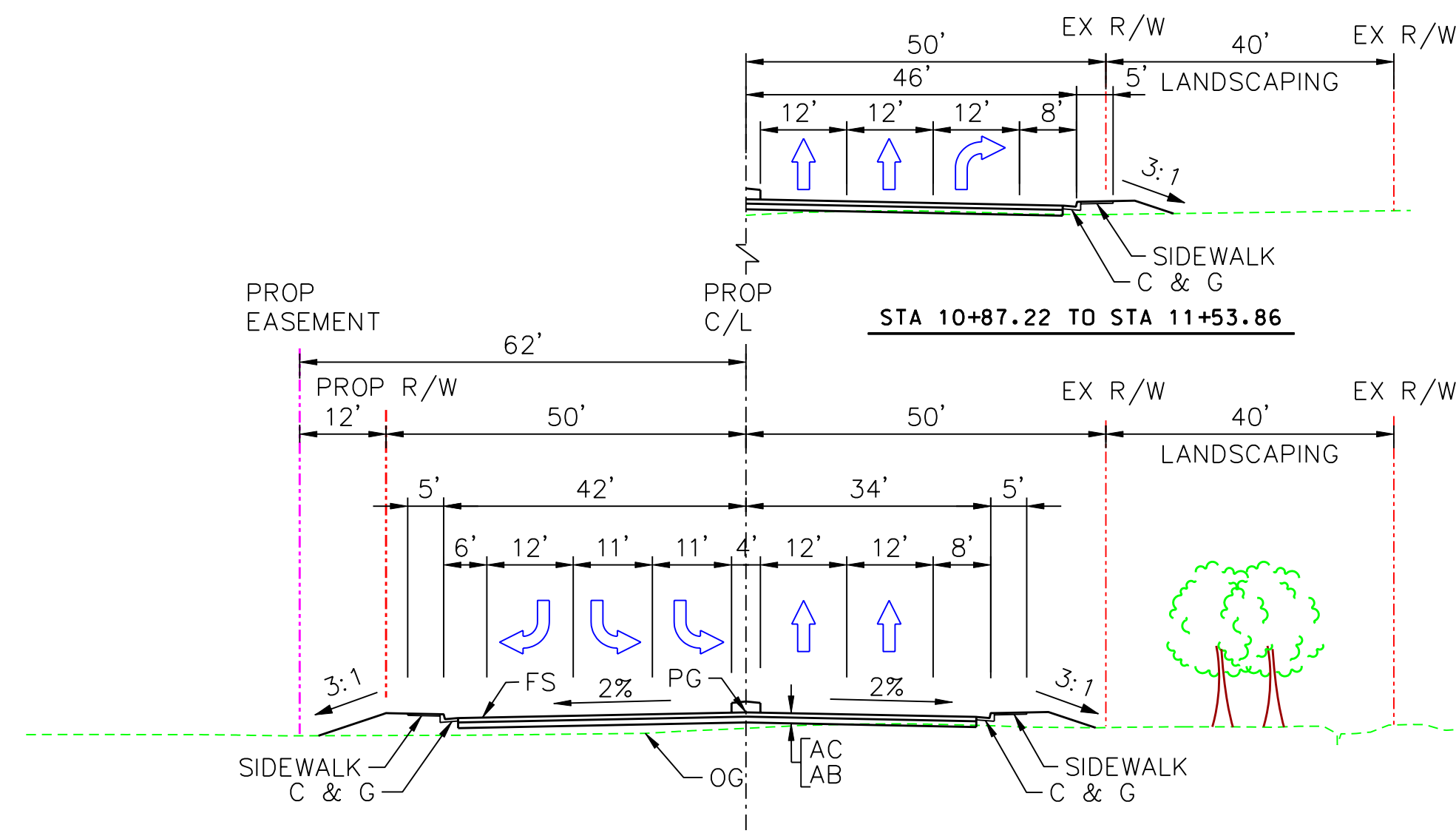
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③	35.00	90°31'37"	35.32	55.30
④	35.00	89°28'23"	34.68	54.66
⑤	35.00	90°28'48"	35.29	55.27
⑥	35.00	89°31'12"	34.71	54.68
⑦	35.00	90°46'13"	35.47	55.45



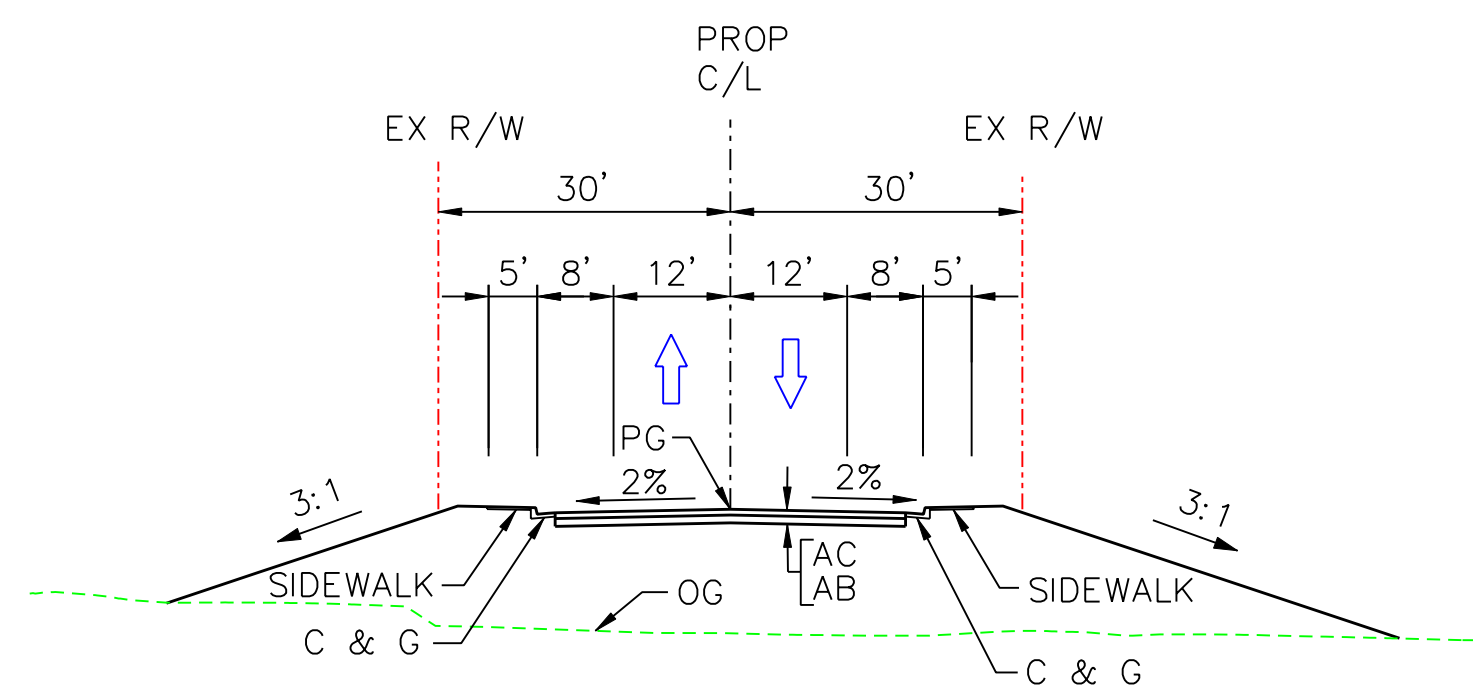
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<b>CITY OF PALMDALE</b>  CHECKED BY: _____  PLAN CHECK ENGINEER _____ DATE _____	<b>REVISIONS</b> <table><tr><th>NO.</th><th>DESCRIPTION</th><th>APPR.</th><th>DATE</th></tr><tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr><tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr><tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr></table>	NO.	DESCRIPTION	APPR.	DATE													PLANS PREPARED BY: <b>LAN</b> LIM & NASCIMENTO ENGINEERING CORP. 12 MAULCHLY BLDG L IRVINE, CAL 92618 (949) 450-2800  	<b>CITY OF PALMDALE</b> <b>STREET IMPROVEMENT PLANS</b> <b>20th STREET WEST BRIDGE</b> <b>PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE - PLAN</b>	SCALE AS SHOWN  PROJECT NO. _____  SHT. OF XX
NO.	DESCRIPTION	APPR.	DATE																	

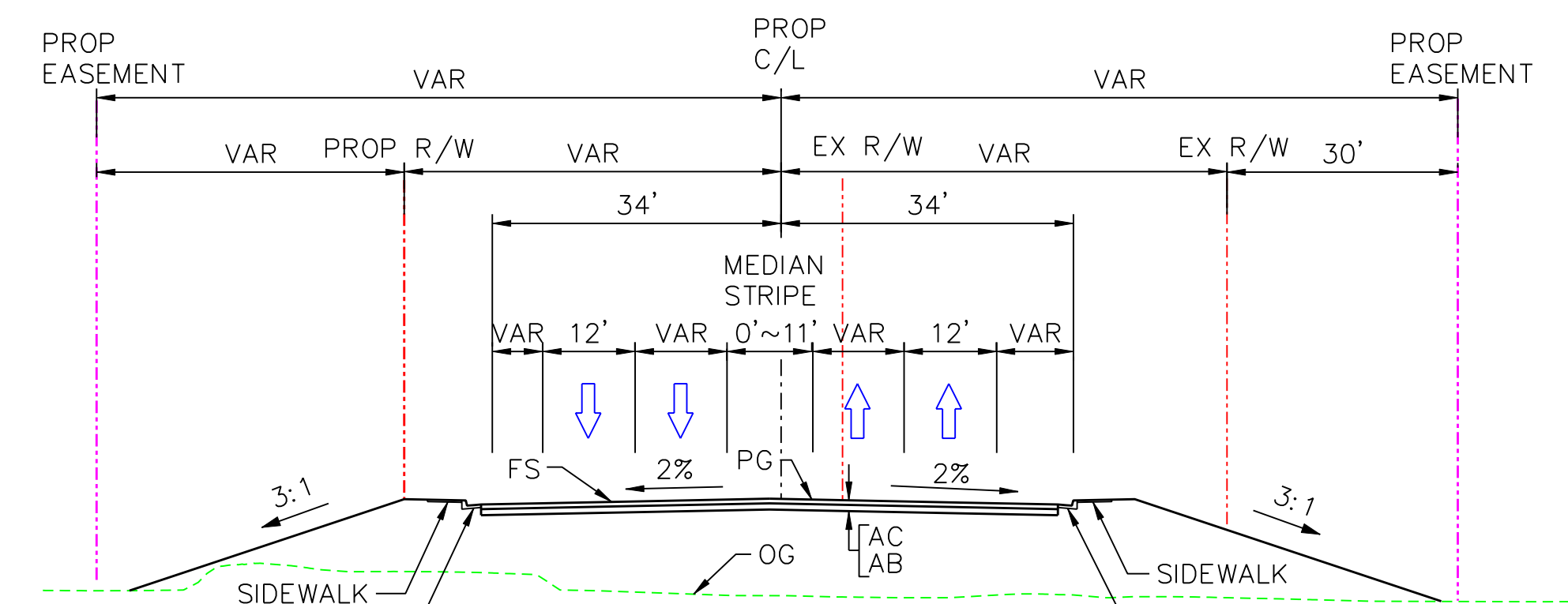




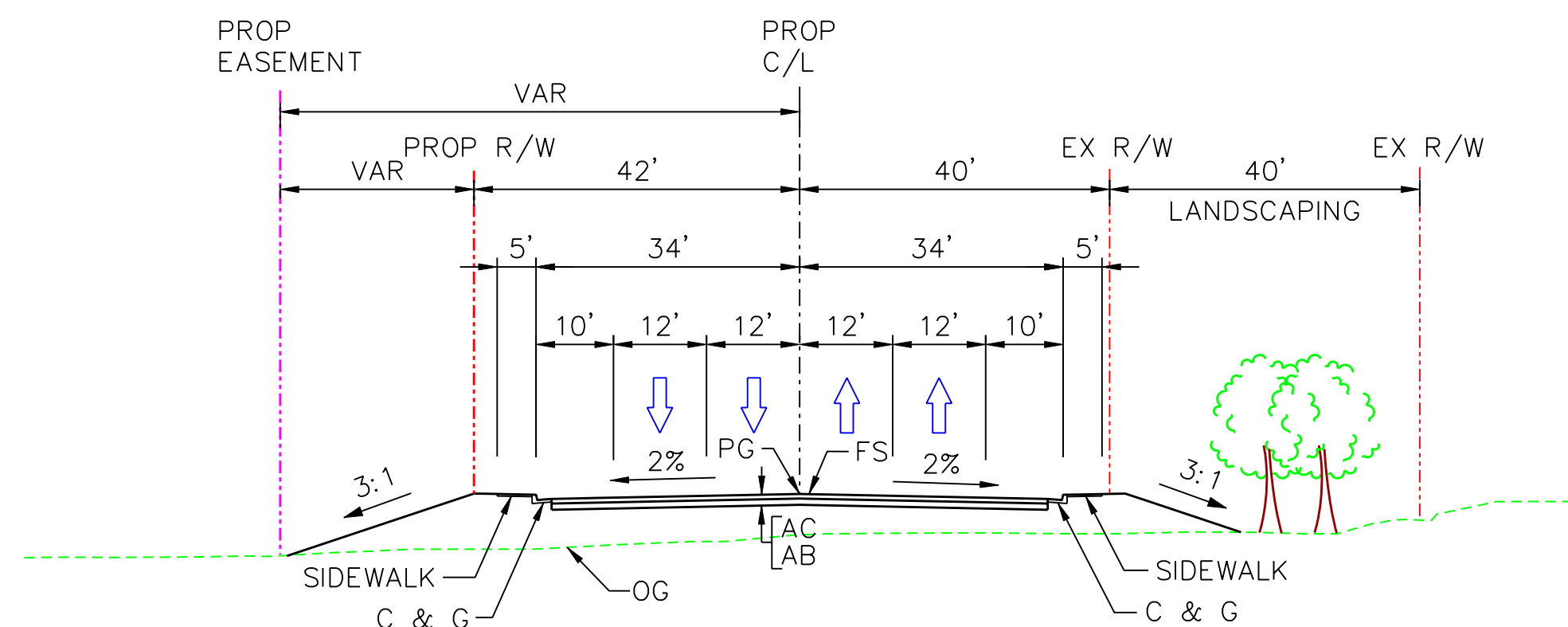
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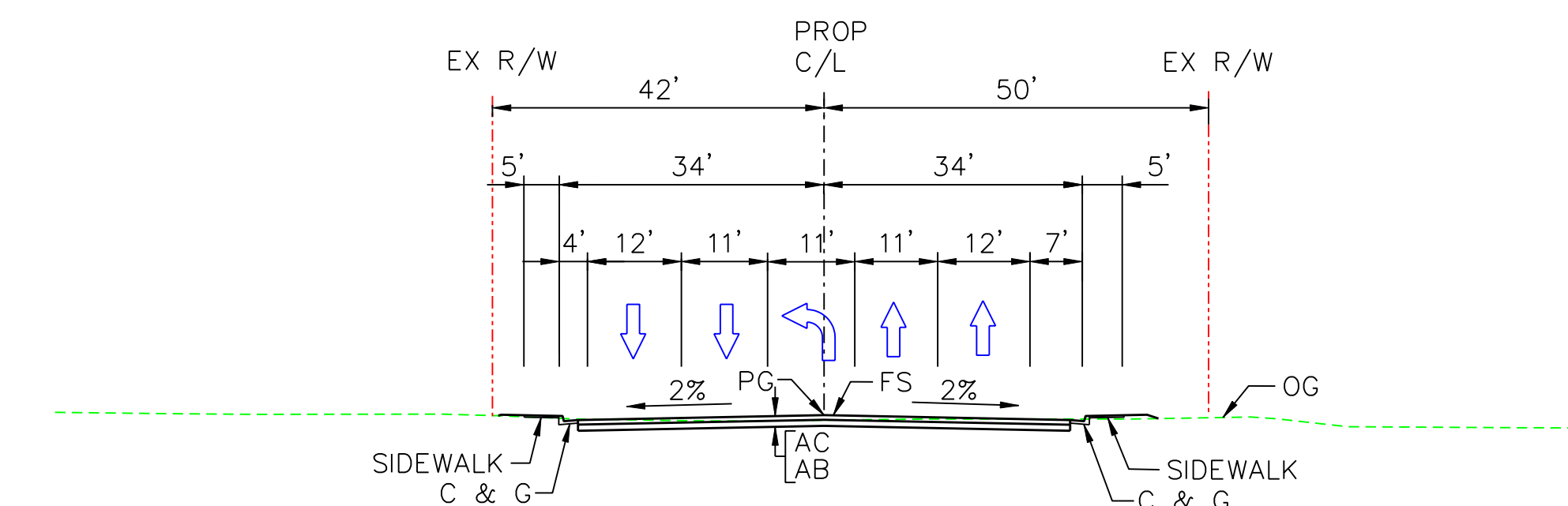
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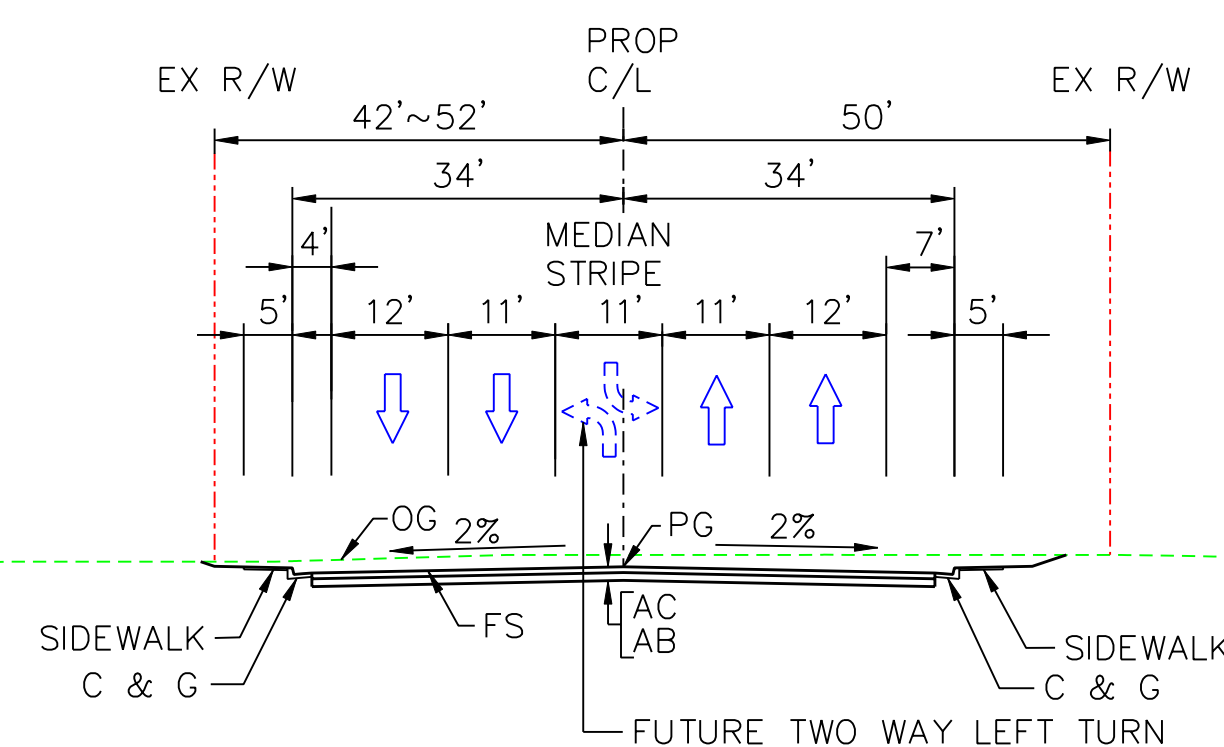
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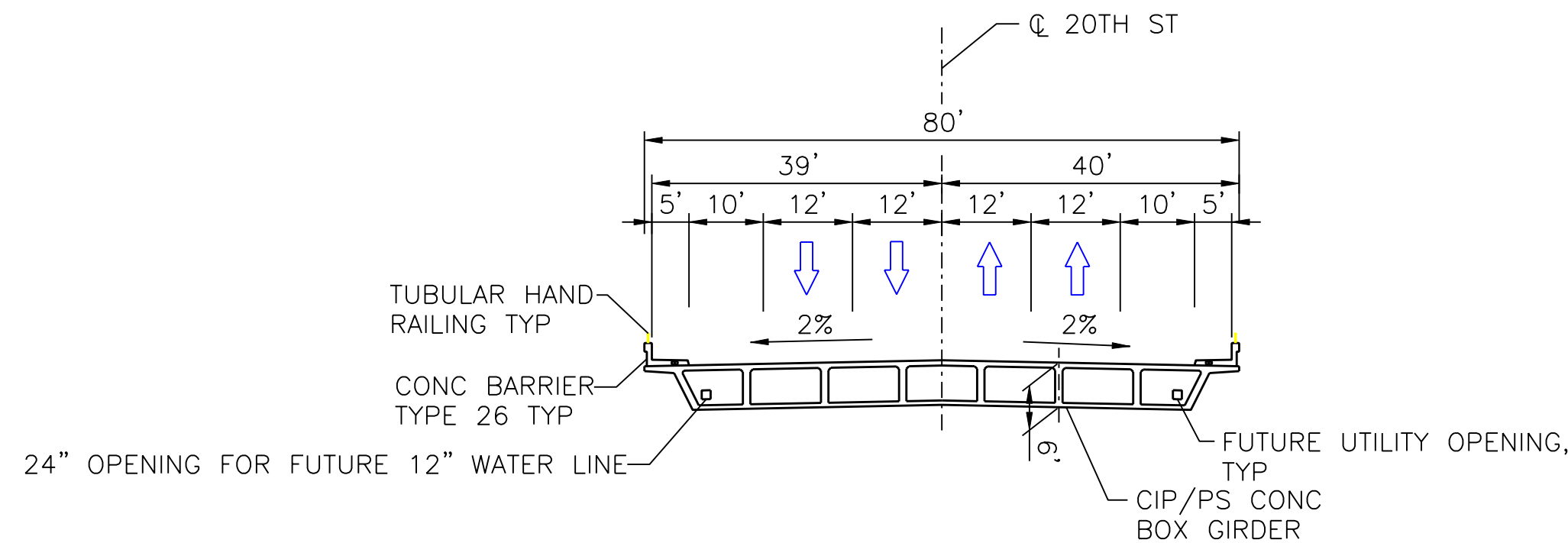
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20TH STREET WEST  
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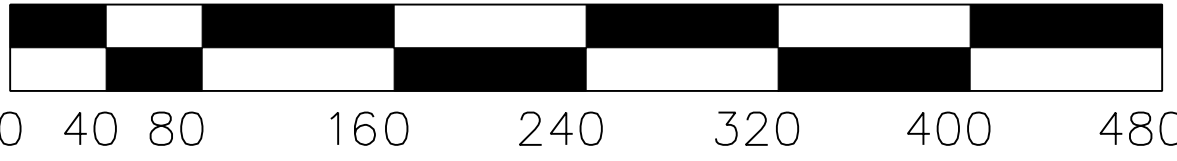
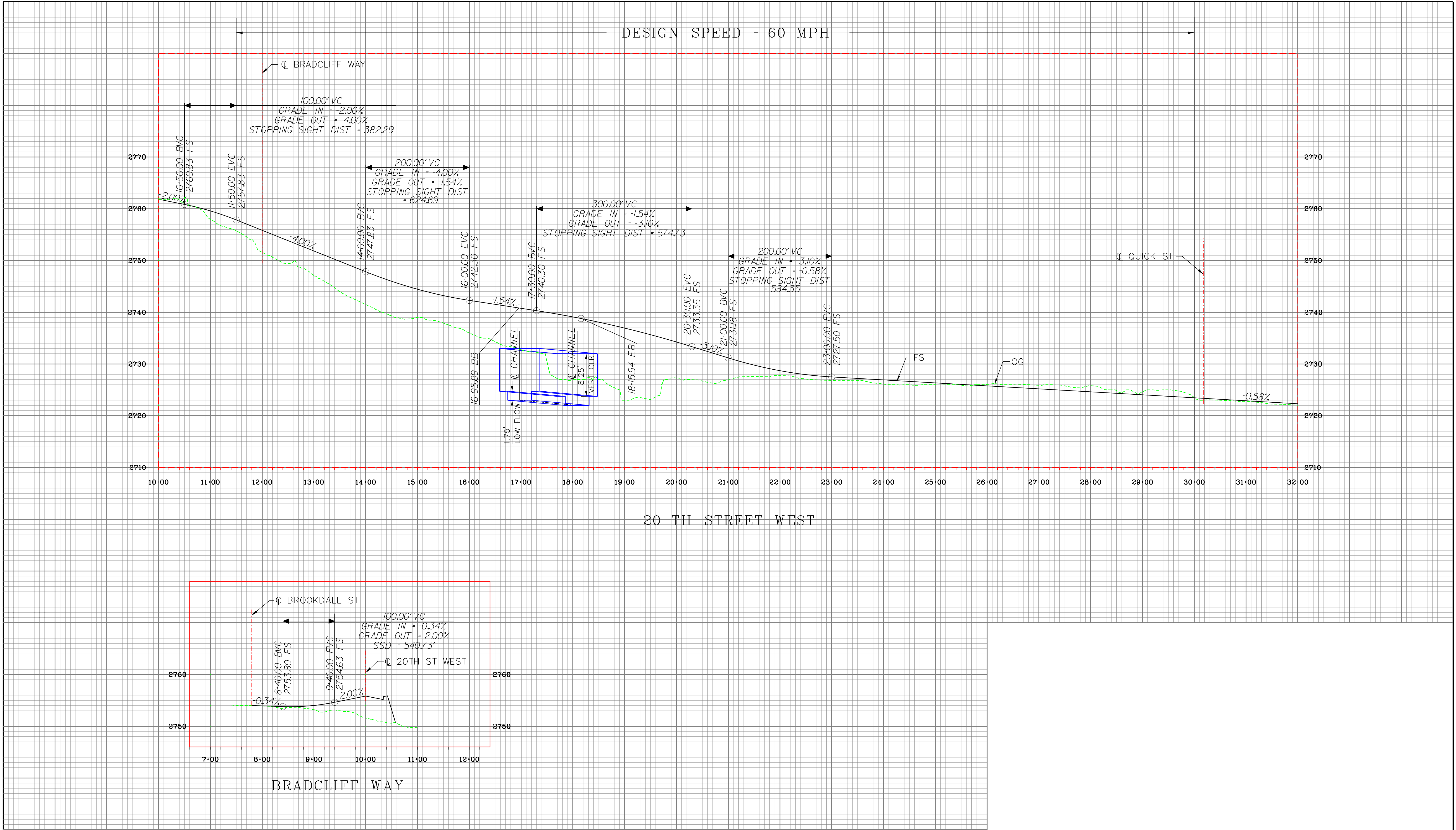


20TH STREET WEST  
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20TH STREET WEST BRIDGE  
STA 16+95.89 TO STA 18+15.94

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							Exp. 06/30/06				
							CIVIL				
							STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
PLAN CHECK ENGINEER	DATE										



SCALE: 1" = 80' HOR, 1" = 8' VER

CITY OF PALMDALE		REVISIONS			PLANS PREPARED BY: <b>L&amp;N</b> LIM & NASCIMENTO ENGINEERING CORP. 12 MAUCHLY, BLDG L IRVINE, CAL 92618 (949) 450-2800	
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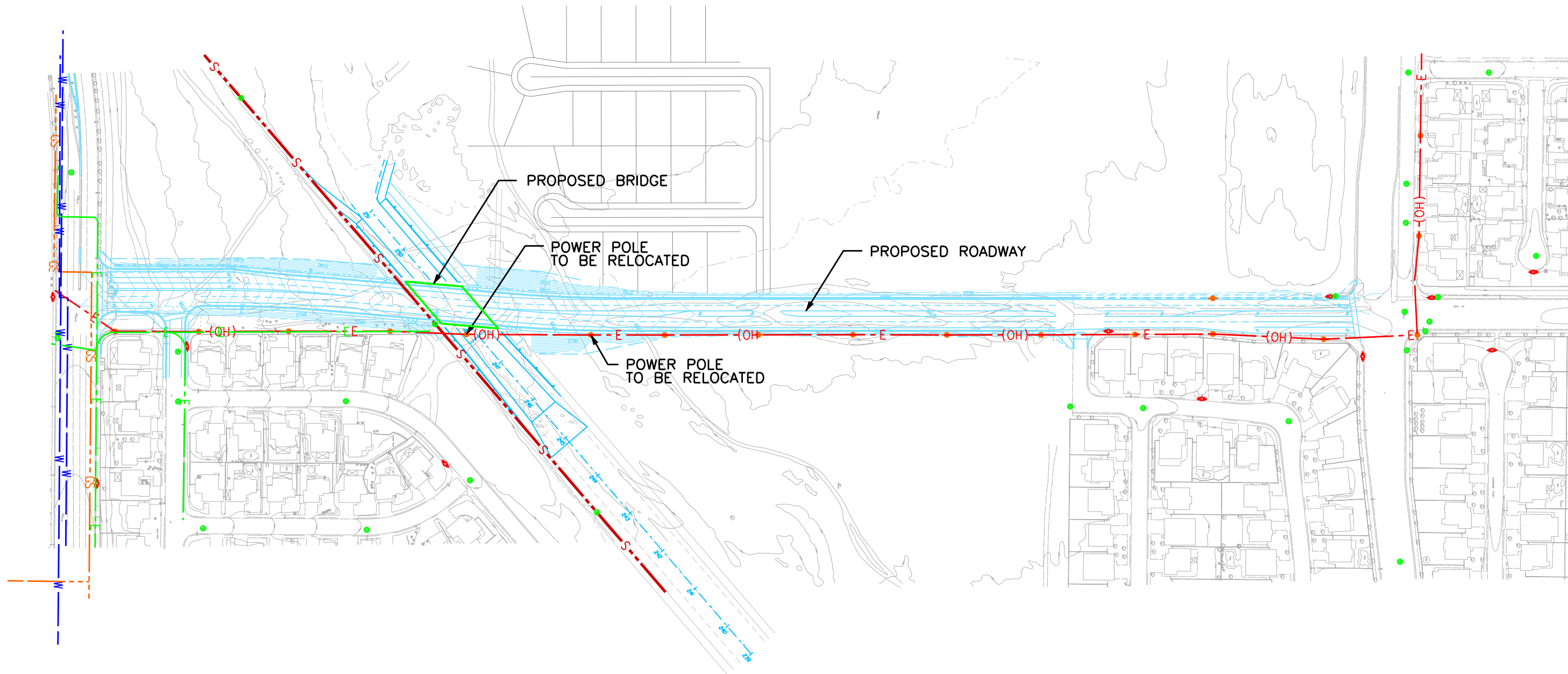
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STREET IMPROVEMENT PLANS  
20th STREET WEST BRIDGE  
PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE – PROFILE

SCALE  
AS SHOWN  
PROJECT NO.  
SHT. OF XX



# **Attachment C**

## **Utility Map**



LEGEND

WATER LINE

SEWER LINE

GAS LINE

OVERHEAD ELECTRICITY

UNDERGROUND ELECTRICITY

W

S

GS

E (OH)

E

MANHOLE

FIRE HYDRANT

POWER POLE

ATTACHMENT C

CITY OF PALMDALE

CHECKED BY:

PLAN CHECK ENGINEER

DATE

REVISIONS

NO.	DESCRIPTION	APPR.	DATE

PLANS PREPARED BY:

IAN LIM & NASCIMENTO ENGINEERING CORP.

12 MAUCHLY, BLDG L IRVINE, CAL 92618 (949) 450-2800

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

NO. C 66495

EXP. 06/30/06

CIVIL

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

CITY OF PALMDALE

20th STREET WEST BRIDGE

UTILITY MAP

SCALE AS SHOWN

PROJECT NO.

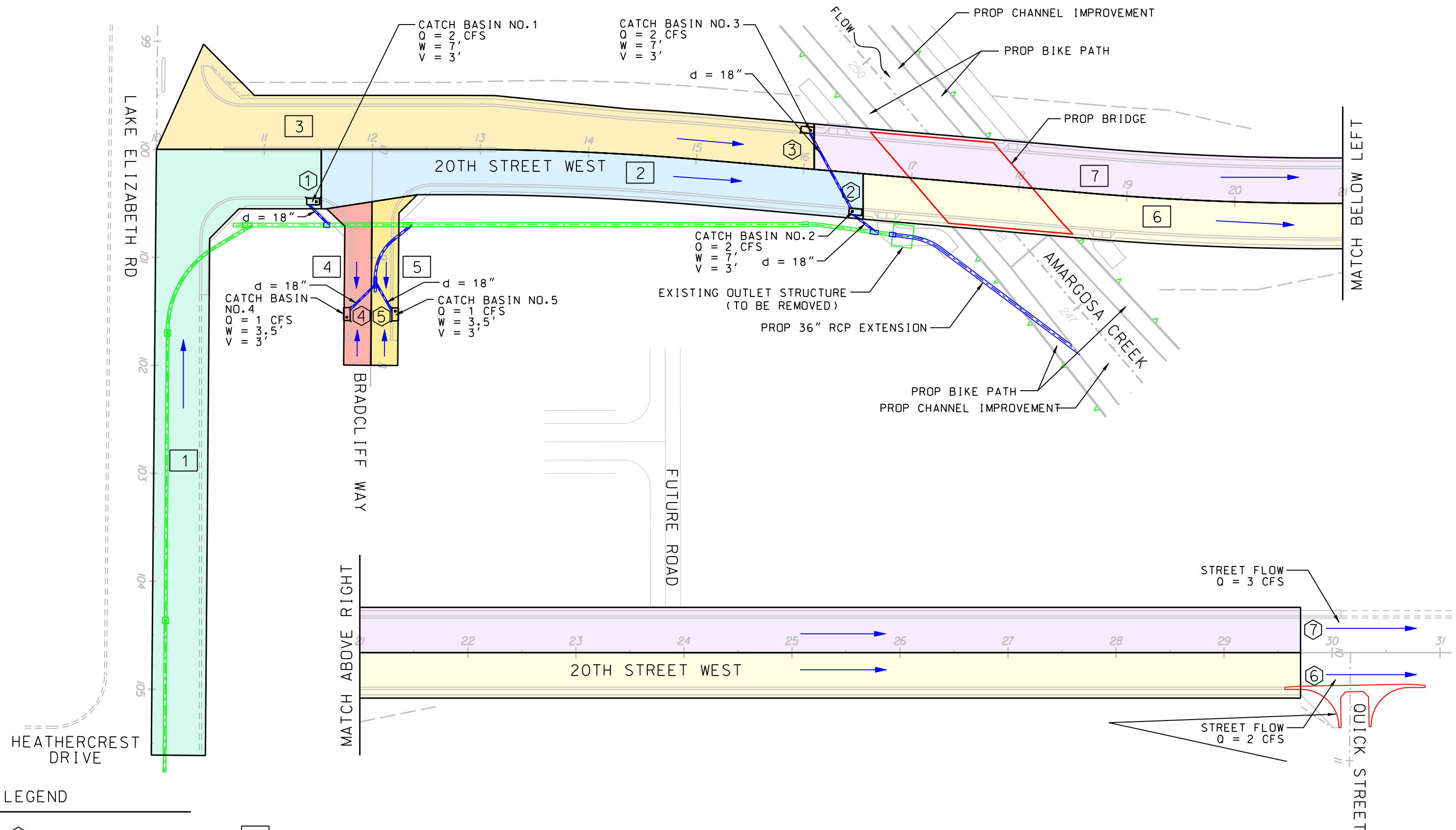
SHT. OF XX

DATE

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# **Attachment D**

## **Drainage Improvements**



# LEGEND

- CONCENTRATION POINT
- SUBDRAINAGE BOUNDARY
- STREET FLOW DIRECTION
- PROPOSED CATCH BASIN
- PROPOSED 36" STORM DRAIN PIPE (BY OTHERS)
- PROPOSED STORM DRAIN
- DRAINAGE AREA

## ONSITE DRAINAGE PLAN NO SCALE

### ABBREVIATION

- Q: FLOW RATE
- W: CATCH BASIN LENGTH
- V: CATCH BASIN DEPTH
- d: CONNECTOR PIPE DIAMETER

### ATTACHMENT D

**LAN**  
LIM & NASCIMENTO  
ENGINEERING CORP.

City of Palmdale  
20th Street West

Summary of Sizes of Catch Basins and Connector Pipe

Catch Basin Number	Design Storm	Concentration Point	Slope (S)	Flow Per Catch Basin (Q) (cfs)	$Q/S^{0.5}$	Water Depth (H) (ft)	Water Spread (W) (ft)	Type of Catch Basin	Designed Catch Basin Length (ft)	Flow Intercepted (cfs)	Flow-by (cfs)	Catch basin Depth (V) (ft)	Connector Pipe Diameter (d) (ft)
1	10yr	1	2.85%	2.00	11.85	0.27	7.27	Curb Opening	7.00	2.00	0.00	3.00	1.50
2	10yr	2	3.10%	2.00	11.36	0.27	7.27	Curb Opening	7.00	2.00	0.00	3.00	1.50
3	10yr	3	3.30%	2.00	11.01	0.27	7.27	Curb Opening	7.00	2.00	0.00	3.00	1.50
4	10yr	4		1.00				Curb Opening in Sump	3.50	1.00	0.00	3.00	1.50
5	10yr	5		1.00				Curb Opening in Sump	3.50	1.00	0.00	3.00	1.50

# STREET CAPACITY TABLE

LOCATION: CB #1

CURB HEIGHT: 8"

SLOPE: 2.85%

FLOODED			CONVEYANCE FACTORS					
DEPTH (H)	FLOW AREA	SPREAD (W)	V	Q	V/S <sup>.5</sup>	Q/S <sup>.5</sup>	V x H	
FT	SQFT	FT	FT/S	FT <sup>3</sup> /S				
0.01	0.00	0.12	0.43	0.00	2.54	0.00	0.00	
0.02	0.00	0.25	0.68	0.00	4.03	0.01	0.01	
0.03	0.01	0.37	0.89	0.01	5.28	0.03	0.03	
0.04	0.01	0.49	1.08	0.01	6.39	0.07	0.04	
0.05	0.02	0.62	1.25	0.02	7.42	0.11	0.06	
0.06	0.02	0.74	1.41	0.03	8.38	0.18	0.08	
0.07	0.03	0.86	1.57	0.05	9.28	0.28	0.11	
0.08	0.04	0.98	1.71	0.07	10.15	0.40	0.14	
0.09	0.05	1.11	1.85	0.09	10.98	0.54	0.17	
0.10	0.06	1.23	1.99	0.12	11.78	0.72	0.20	
0.11	0.07	1.35	2.12	0.16	12.55	0.94	0.23	
0.12	0.09	1.48	2.25	0.20	13.30	1.18	0.27	
0.13	0.10	1.60	2.37	0.25	14.03	1.46	0.31	
0.14	0.12	1.72	2.49	0.30	14.74	1.78	0.35	
0.15	0.14	1.85	2.61	0.36	15.43	2.13	0.39	
0.16	0.16	1.97	2.72	0.43	16.11	2.54	0.44	
0.17	0.18	2.24	2.73	0.49	16.16	2.88	0.46	
0.18	0.20	2.75	2.64	0.54	15.65	3.17	0.48	
0.19	0.23	3.25	2.62	0.61	15.51	3.61	0.50	
0.20	0.27	3.75	2.63	0.71	15.59	4.18	0.53	
0.21	0.31	4.25	2.67	0.82	15.83	4.88	0.56	
0.22	0.35	4.76	2.73	0.96	16.18	5.71	0.60	
0.23	0.40	5.26	2.80	1.13	16.59	6.69	0.64	
0.24	0.46	5.76	2.88	1.32	17.07	7.82	0.69	
0.25	0.52	6.26	2.97	1.54	17.57	9.10	0.74	
0.26	0.58	6.77	3.06	1.78	18.11	10.56	0.79	
0.27	0.65	7.27	3.15	2.06	18.66	12.19	0.85	
0.28	0.73	7.77	3.25	2.37	19.22	14.01	0.91	
0.29	0.81	8.27	3.34	2.70	19.80	16.02	0.97	
0.30	0.89	8.78	3.44	3.08	20.38	18.22	1.03	
0.31	0.98	9.28	3.54	3.48	20.96	20.64	1.10	
0.32	1.08	9.78	3.64	3.93	21.55	23.27	1.16	
0.33	1.18	10.28	3.74	4.41	22.14	26.12	1.23	

6/2/2006

CB1.xls

Page 1 of 3

# STREET CAPACITY TABLE

LOCATION: CB #1

CURB HEIGHT: 8"

SLOPE: 2.85%

FLOODED			CONVEYANCE FACTORS				
DEPTH (H)	FLOW AREA	SPREAD (W)	V	Q	V/S <sup>.5</sup>	Q/S <sup>.5</sup>	V x H
FT	SQFT	FT	FT/S	FT <sup>3</sup> /S			
0.34	1.29	10.79	3.84	4.93	22.72	29.21	1.30
0.35	1.40	11.29	3.94	5.49	23.31	32.53	1.38
0.36	1.51	11.79	4.03	6.10	23.89	36.10	1.45
0.37	1.63	12.29	4.13	6.74	24.47	39.92	1.53
0.38	1.76	12.80	4.23	7.43	25.05	44.01	1.61
0.39	1.89	13.30	4.33	8.17	25.63	48.37	1.69
0.40	2.02	13.80	4.42	8.95	26.19	52.99	1.77
0.41	2.16	14.30	4.52	9.78	26.76	57.90	1.85
0.42	2.31	14.81	4.61	10.65	27.33	63.10	1.94
0.43	2.46	15.31	4.71	11.58	27.89	68.60	2.02
0.44	2.62	15.81	4.80	12.56	28.45	74.40	2.11
0.45	2.78	16.31	4.90	13.59	29.00	80.51	2.20
0.46	2.94	16.82	4.99	14.68	29.55	86.93	2.29
0.47	3.11	17.32	5.08	15.81	30.10	93.67	2.39
0.48	3.29	17.82	5.17	17.01	30.64	100.75	2.48
0.49	3.47	18.32	5.26	18.26	31.18	108.16	2.58
0.50	3.65	18.83	5.36	19.57	31.72	115.91	2.68
0.51	3.85	19.33	5.45	20.94	32.25	124.01	2.78
0.52	4.04	19.83	5.53	22.36	32.78	132.46	2.88
0.53	4.24	20.33	5.62	23.85	33.31	141.28	2.98
0.54	4.45	20.84	5.71	25.40	33.83	150.46	3.08
0.55	4.66	21.34	5.80	27.01	34.35	160.01	3.19
0.56	4.87	21.84	5.89	28.69	34.87	169.94	3.30
0.57	5.10	22.34	5.97	30.43	35.38	180.25	3.40
0.58	5.32	22.85	6.06	32.24	35.89	190.96	3.51
0.59	5.55	23.35	6.14	34.11	36.39	202.06	3.62
0.60	5.79	23.85	6.23	36.05	36.90	213.57	3.74
0.61	6.03	24.35	6.31	38.07	37.40	225.48	3.85
0.62	6.28	24.86	6.40	40.15	37.90	237.80	3.97
0.63	6.53	25.36	6.48	42.30	38.39	250.55	4.08
0.64	6.78	25.86	6.56	44.52	38.88	263.72	4.20
0.65	7.04	26.36	6.65	46.82	39.37	277.33	4.32
0.66	7.31	26.87	6.73	49.19	39.86	291.36	4.44

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CB1.xls

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# STREET CAPACITY TABLE

LOCATION: CB #1

CURB HEIGHT: 8"

SLOPE: 2.85%

FLOODED			CONVEYANCE FACTORS				
DEPTH (H)	FLOW AREA	SPREAD (W)	V	Q	V/S <sup>.5</sup>	Q/S <sup>.5</sup>	V x H
FT	SQFT	FT	FT/S	FT <sup>3</sup> /S			
0.67	7.58	27.51	6.75	51.16	39.98	303.05	4.52
0.68	7.86	28.50	6.64	52.16	39.30	308.94	4.51
0.69	8.15	29.49	6.54	53.29	38.73	315.68	4.51
0.70	8.45	30.48	6.46	54.56	38.25	323.20	4.52
0.71	8.76	31.47	6.39	55.96	37.84	331.47	4.54
0.72	9.08	32.46	6.33	57.47	37.49	340.44	4.56
0.73	9.41	33.45	6.28	59.10	37.21	350.08	4.59
0.74	9.75	34.44	6.24	60.84	36.97	360.39	4.62
0.75	10.10	35.43	6.21	62.69	36.77	371.34	4.66
0.76	10.46	36.42	6.18	64.64	36.61	382.91	4.70
0.77	10.83	37.21	6.18	66.88	36.59	396.15	4.76
0.78	11.20	37.70	6.20	69.45	36.73	411.36	4.84
0.79	11.58	38.20	6.22	72.07	36.86	426.88	4.92
0.80	11.97	38.69	6.25	74.74	37.00	442.73	5.00
0.81	12.35	39.18	6.27	77.47	37.15	458.89	5.08
0.82	12.75	39.67	6.30	80.25	37.29	475.37	5.16
0.83	13.15	40.02	6.35	83.49	37.61	494.56	5.27
0.84	13.55	40.02	6.48	87.75	38.37	519.76	5.44
0.85	13.95	40.02	6.60	92.08	39.11	545.44	5.61
0.86	14.35	40.02	6.73	96.50	39.84	571.61	5.78
0.87	14.75	40.03	6.85	101.00	40.56	598.26	5.96
0.88	15.15	40.03	6.97	105.58	41.28	625.38	6.13
0.89	15.55	40.03	7.09	110.24	42.00	652.98	6.31
0.90	15.95	40.03	7.21	114.97	42.70	681.05	6.49

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CB1.xls

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# STREET CAPACITY TABLE

LOCATION: CB #2

CURB HEIGHT: 8"

SLOPE: 3.10%

FLOODED			CONVEYANCE FACTORS					
DEPTH (H)	FLOW AREA	SPREAD (W)	V	Q	V/S <sup>.5</sup>	Q/S <sup>.5</sup>	V x H	
FT	SQFT	FT	FT/S	FT <sup>3</sup> /S				
0.01	0.00	0.12	0.45	0.00	2.54	0.00	0.00	
0.02	0.00	0.25	0.71	0.00	4.03	0.01	0.01	
0.03	0.01	0.37	0.93	0.01	5.28	0.03	0.03	
0.04	0.01	0.49	1.13	0.01	6.39	0.06	0.05	
0.05	0.02	0.62	1.31	0.02	7.42	0.11	0.07	
0.06	0.02	0.74	1.48	0.03	8.38	0.19	0.09	
0.07	0.03	0.86	1.63	0.05	9.28	0.28	0.11	
0.08	0.04	0.98	1.79	0.07	10.15	0.40	0.14	
0.09	0.05	1.11	1.93	0.10	10.98	0.55	0.17	
0.10	0.06	1.23	2.07	0.13	11.77	0.72	0.21	
0.11	0.07	1.35	2.21	0.16	12.55	0.93	0.24	
0.12	0.09	1.48	2.34	0.21	13.30	1.18	0.28	
0.13	0.10	1.60	2.47	0.26	14.02	1.46	0.32	
0.14	0.12	1.72	2.60	0.31	14.74	1.78	0.36	
0.15	0.14	1.85	2.72	0.38	15.43	2.14	0.41	
0.16	0.16	1.97	2.84	0.45	16.11	2.53	0.45	
0.17	0.18	2.24	2.85	0.51	16.16	2.87	0.48	
0.18	0.20	2.75	2.76	0.56	15.65	3.17	0.50	
0.19	0.23	3.25	2.73	0.64	15.51	3.61	0.52	
0.20	0.27	3.75	2.75	0.74	15.59	4.17	0.55	
0.21	0.31	4.25	2.79	0.86	15.83	4.87	0.59	
0.22	0.35	4.76	2.85	1.01	16.18	5.71	0.63	
0.23	0.40	5.26	2.92	1.18	16.60	6.69	0.67	
0.24	0.46	5.76	3.01	1.38	17.07	7.82	0.72	
0.25	0.52	6.26	3.09	1.60	17.57	9.10	0.77	
0.26	0.58	6.77	3.19	1.86	18.11	10.56	0.83	
0.27	0.65	7.27	3.29	2.15	18.66	12.19	0.89	
0.28	0.73	7.77	3.39	2.47	19.23	14.01	0.95	
0.29	0.81	8.27	3.49	2.82	19.80	16.02	1.01	
0.30	0.89	8.78	3.59	3.21	20.38	18.22	1.08	
0.31	0.98	9.28	3.69	3.63	20.96	20.64	1.14	
0.32	1.08	9.78	3.79	4.10	21.55	23.27	1.21	

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# STREET CAPACITY TABLE

LOCATION: CB #2

CURB HEIGHT: 8"

SLOPE: 3.10%

FLOODED			CONVEYANCE FACTORS				
DEPTH (H)	FLOW AREA	SPREAD (W)	V	Q	V/S <sup>.5</sup>	Q/S <sup>.5</sup>	V x H
FT	SQFT	FT	FT/S	FT <sup>3</sup> /S			
0.33	1.18	10.28	3.90	4.60	22.14	26.12	1.29
0.34	1.29	10.79	4.00	5.14	22.72	29.21	1.36
0.35	1.40	11.29	4.10	5.73	23.31	32.53	1.44
0.36	1.51	11.79	4.21	6.36	23.89	36.11	1.51
0.37	1.63	12.29	4.31	7.03	24.47	39.93	1.59
0.38	1.76	12.80	4.41	7.75	25.05	44.01	1.68
0.39	1.89	13.30	4.51	8.52	25.63	48.37	1.76
0.40	2.02	13.80	4.61	9.33	26.19	52.99	1.84
0.41	2.16	14.30	4.71	10.20	26.76	57.90	1.93
0.42	2.31	14.81	4.81	11.11	27.33	63.11	2.02
0.43	2.46	15.31	4.91	12.08	27.89	68.60	2.11
0.44	2.62	15.81	5.01	13.10	28.45	74.40	2.20
0.45	2.78	16.31	5.11	14.17	29.00	80.50	2.30
0.46	2.94	16.82	5.20	15.31	29.55	86.93	2.39
0.47	3.11	17.32	5.30	16.49	30.10	93.67	2.49
0.48	3.29	17.82	5.40	17.74	30.64	100.75	2.59
0.49	3.47	18.32	5.49	19.04	31.18	108.16	2.69
0.50	3.65	18.83	5.59	20.41	31.72	115.91	2.79
0.51	3.85	19.33	5.68	21.83	32.25	124.01	2.90
0.52	4.04	19.83	5.77	23.32	32.78	132.46	3.00
0.53	4.24	20.33	5.86	24.87	33.31	141.27	3.11
0.54	4.45	20.84	5.96	26.49	33.83	150.45	3.22
0.55	4.66	21.34	6.05	28.17	34.35	160.01	3.33
0.56	4.87	21.84	6.14	29.92	34.87	169.94	3.44
0.57	5.10	22.34	6.23	31.74	35.38	180.25	3.55
0.58	5.32	22.85	6.32	33.62	35.89	190.96	3.67
0.59	5.55	23.35	6.41	35.58	36.39	202.06	3.78
0.60	5.79	23.85	6.50	37.60	36.90	213.57	3.90
0.61	6.03	24.35	6.59	39.70	37.40	225.48	4.02
0.62	6.28	24.86	6.67	41.87	37.89	237.81	4.14
0.63	6.53	25.36	6.76	44.11	38.39	250.55	4.26
0.64	6.78	25.86	6.85	46.43	38.88	263.72	4.38

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## STREET CAPACITY TABLE

**LOCATION: CB #2**

**CURB HEIGHT: 8"**

**SLOPE: 3.10%**

FLOODED			CONVEYANCE FACTORS				
DEPTH (H)	FLOW AREA	SPREAD (W)	V	Q	V/S <sup>.5</sup>	Q/S <sup>.5</sup>	V x H
FT	SQFT	FT	FT/S	FT <sup>3</sup> /S			
0.65	7.04	26.36	6.93	48.83	39.38	277.32	4.51
0.66	7.31	26.87	7.02	51.30	39.86	291.36	4.63
0.67	7.58	27.51	7.04	53.36	39.98	303.06	4.72
0.68	7.86	28.50	6.92	54.41	39.31	309.02	4.71
0.69	8.15	29.49	6.82	55.61	38.75	315.82	4.71
0.70	8.45	30.47	6.74	56.94	38.27	323.39	4.72
0.71	8.76	31.46	6.67	58.40	37.87	331.70	4.73
0.72	9.08	32.44	6.61	59.99	37.53	340.71	4.76
0.73	9.41	33.43	6.56	61.69	37.24	350.40	4.79
0.74	9.75	34.42	6.52	63.52	37.00	360.74	4.82
0.75	10.10	35.40	6.48	65.45	36.82	371.72	4.86
0.76	10.46	36.39	6.46	67.49	36.66	383.32	4.91
0.77	10.83	37.37	6.43	69.64	36.54	395.55	4.95
0.78	11.20	38.36	6.42	71.90	36.45	408.38	5.01
0.79	11.59	39.20	6.44	74.66	36.58	424.02	5.09
0.80	11.99	39.70	6.54	78.42	37.16	445.40	5.23
0.81	12.39	40.00	6.66	82.49	37.83	468.48	5.39

# STREET CAPACITY TABLE

LOCATION: CB #3

CURB HEIGHT: 8"

SLOPE: 3.50%

FLOODED			CONVEYANCE FACTORS					
DEPTH (H)	FLOW AREA	SPREAD (W)	V	Q	V/S <sup>.5</sup>	Q/S <sup>.5</sup>	V x H	
FT	SQFT	FT	FT/S	FT <sup>3</sup> /S				
0.01	0.00	0.12	0.48	0.00	2.54	0.00	0.00	
0.02	0.00	0.25	0.75	0.00	4.02	0.01	0.02	
0.03	0.01	0.37	0.99	0.01	5.28	0.03	0.03	
0.04	0.01	0.49	1.20	0.01	6.39	0.06	0.05	
0.05	0.02	0.62	1.39	0.02	7.42	0.11	0.07	
0.06	0.02	0.74	1.57	0.04	8.38	0.19	0.09	
0.07	0.03	0.86	1.74	0.05	9.28	0.28	0.12	
0.08	0.04	0.98	1.90	0.08	10.15	0.40	0.15	
0.09	0.05	1.11	2.05	0.10	10.97	0.55	0.18	
0.10	0.06	1.23	2.20	0.14	11.78	0.72	0.22	
0.11	0.07	1.35	2.35	0.18	12.55	0.94	0.26	
0.12	0.09	1.48	2.49	0.22	13.30	1.18	0.30	
0.13	0.10	1.60	2.62	0.27	14.03	1.46	0.34	
0.14	0.12	1.72	2.76	0.33	14.74	1.77	0.39	
0.15	0.14	1.85	2.89	0.40	15.43	2.13	0.43	
0.16	0.16	1.97	3.01	0.47	16.11	2.53	0.48	
0.17	0.18	2.24	3.02	0.54	16.16	2.88	0.51	
0.18	0.20	2.75	2.93	0.59	15.65	3.18	0.53	
0.19	0.23	3.25	2.90	0.68	15.51	3.61	0.55	
0.20	0.27	3.75	2.92	0.78	15.59	4.17	0.58	
0.21	0.31	4.25	2.96	0.91	15.83	4.87	0.62	
0.22	0.35	4.76	3.03	1.07	16.17	5.71	0.67	
0.23	0.40	5.26	3.11	1.25	16.60	6.69	0.71	
0.24	0.46	5.76	3.19	1.46	17.06	7.82	0.77	
0.25	0.52	6.26	3.29	1.70	17.57	9.11	0.82	
0.26	0.58	6.77	3.39	1.98	18.10	10.56	0.88	
0.27	0.65	7.27	3.49	2.28	18.66	12.19	0.94	
0.28	0.73	7.77	3.60	2.62	19.22	14.01	1.01	
0.29	0.81	8.27	3.70	3.00	19.80	16.01	1.07	
0.30	0.89	8.78	3.81	3.41	20.38	18.22	1.14	
0.31	0.98	9.28	3.92	3.86	20.96	20.64	1.22	
0.32	1.08	9.78	4.03	4.35	21.55	23.27	1.29	

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CB3.xls

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# STREET CAPACITY TABLE

LOCATION: CB #3

CURB HEIGHT: 8"

SLOPE: 3.50%

FLOODED			CONVEYANCE FACTORS				
DEPTH (H)	FLOW AREA	SPREAD (W)	V	Q	V/S <sup>.5</sup>	Q/S <sup>.5</sup>	V x H
FT	SQFT	FT	FT/S	FT <sup>3</sup> /S			
0.33	1.18	10.28	4.14	4.89	22.13	26.12	1.37
0.34	1.29	10.79	4.25	5.46	22.72	29.21	1.45
0.35	1.40	11.29	4.36	6.09	23.31	32.53	1.53
0.36	1.51	11.79	4.47	6.75	23.89	36.10	1.61
0.37	1.63	12.29	4.58	7.47	24.47	39.93	1.69
0.38	1.76	12.80	4.69	8.23	25.05	44.01	1.78
0.39	1.89	13.30	4.79	9.05	25.63	48.36	1.87
0.40	2.02	13.80	4.90	9.91	26.20	52.99	1.96
0.41	2.16	14.30	5.01	10.83	26.76	57.90	2.05
0.42	2.31	14.81	5.11	11.81	27.33	63.11	2.15
0.43	2.46	15.31	5.22	12.83	27.89	68.60	2.24
0.44	2.62	15.81	5.32	13.92	28.45	74.39	2.34
0.45	2.78	16.31	5.43	15.06	29.00	80.50	2.44
0.46	2.94	16.82	5.53	16.26	29.55	86.93	2.54
0.47	3.11	17.32	5.63	17.53	30.10	93.68	2.65
0.48	3.29	17.82	5.73	18.85	30.64	100.75	2.75
0.49	3.47	18.32	5.83	20.23	31.18	108.16	2.86
0.50	3.65	18.83	5.93	21.68	31.72	115.91	2.97
0.51	3.85	19.33	6.03	23.20	32.25	124.01	3.08
0.52	4.04	19.83	6.13	24.78	32.78	132.46	3.19
0.53	4.24	20.33	6.23	26.43	33.31	141.27	3.30
0.54	4.45	20.84	6.33	28.15	33.83	150.45	3.42
0.55	4.66	21.34	6.43	29.94	34.35	160.01	3.53
0.56	4.87	21.84	6.52	31.79	34.87	169.94	3.65
0.57	5.10	22.34	6.62	33.72	35.38	180.25	3.77
0.58	5.32	22.85	6.71	35.73	35.89	190.96	3.89
0.59	5.55	23.35	6.81	37.80	36.40	202.06	4.02
0.60	5.79	23.85	6.90	39.96	36.90	213.57	4.14
0.61	6.03	24.35	7.00	42.18	37.40	225.48	4.27
0.62	6.28	24.86	7.09	44.49	37.90	237.80	4.40
0.63	6.53	25.36	7.18	46.87	38.39	250.55	4.53
0.64	6.78	25.86	7.28	49.34	38.89	263.72	4.66

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CB3.xls

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## STREET CAPACITY TABLE

**LOCATION: CB #3**

**CURB HEIGHT: 8"**

**SLOPE: 3.50%**

FLOODED			CONVEYANCE FACTORS				
DEPTH (H)	FLOW AREA	SPREAD (W)	V	Q	V/S <sup>.5</sup>	Q/S <sup>.5</sup>	V x H
FT	SQFT	FT	FT/S	FT <sup>3</sup> /S			
0.65	7.04	26.36	7.37	51.88	39.37	277.33	4.79
0.66	7.31	26.87	7.46	54.51	39.86	291.36	4.92
0.67	7.58	27.51	7.48	56.70	39.98	303.05	5.01
0.68	7.86	28.50	7.35	57.80	39.30	308.94	5.00
0.69	8.15	29.49	7.25	59.06	38.73	315.68	5.00
0.70	8.45	30.48	7.16	60.47	38.25	323.20	5.01
0.71	8.76	31.47	7.08	62.01	37.84	331.47	5.03
0.72	9.08	32.46	7.01	63.69	37.49	340.44	5.05
0.73	9.41	33.45	6.96	65.50	37.20	350.09	5.08
0.74	9.75	34.44	6.92	67.42	36.97	360.39	5.12
0.75	10.10	35.43	6.88	69.47	36.77	371.34	5.16
0.76	10.46	36.42	6.85	71.64	36.61	382.92	5.21
0.77	10.83	37.41	6.83	73.92	36.49	395.11	5.26
0.78	11.21	38.40	6.81	76.31	36.40	407.91	5.31
0.79	11.60	39.39	6.80	78.82	36.34	421.32	5.37
0.80	11.99	40.38	6.79	81.44	36.29	435.33	5.43
0.81	12.40	41.17	6.80	84.37	36.36	450.96	5.51
0.82	12.82	41.66	6.84	87.66	36.56	468.54	5.61
0.83	13.24	42.00	6.91	91.43	36.92	488.72	5.73

## CATCH BASIN NO. 4 & 5 CALCULATION

SUMP FORMULA:

$$Q = 4.3AD^{0.6}$$

Q: FLOW INTERCEPTED

A: CURB OPENING AREA

D: FLOW DEPTH AT GUTTER

CURB HEIGHT = 8"

ASSUMED CATCH BASIN OPENING = 3.5 FT

ASSUMED FLOW DEPTH AT GUTTER = 0.5 FT

$$Q = 6.51 > 1 \text{ CFS}$$

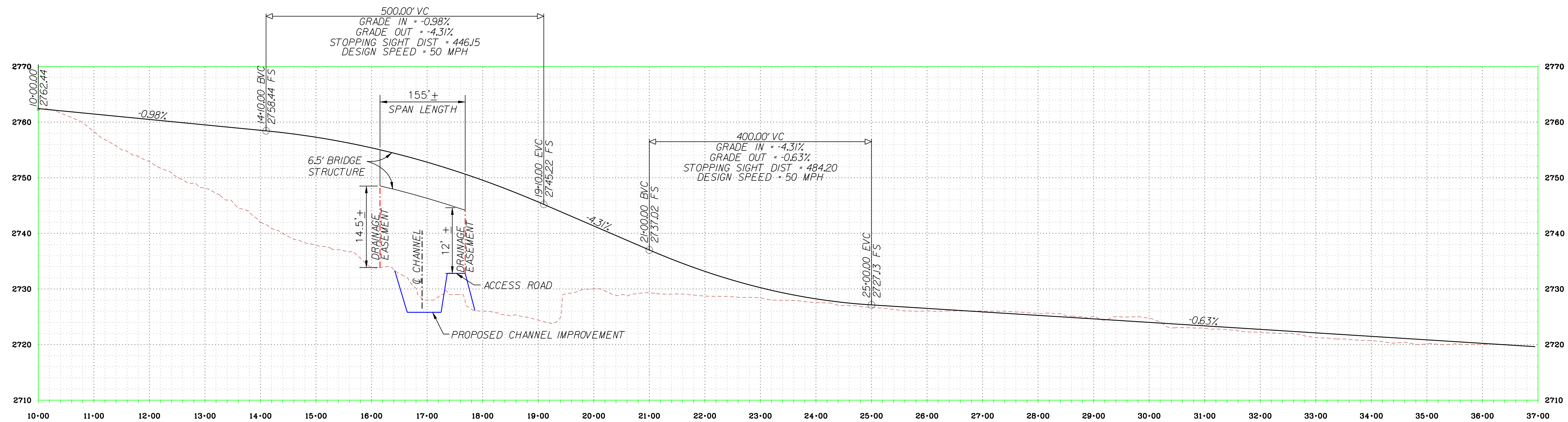
THEREFORE, DESIGN CATCH BASIN OPENING LENGTH = 3.5 FT

# **Attachment E**

## **Other Considered Alternatives**

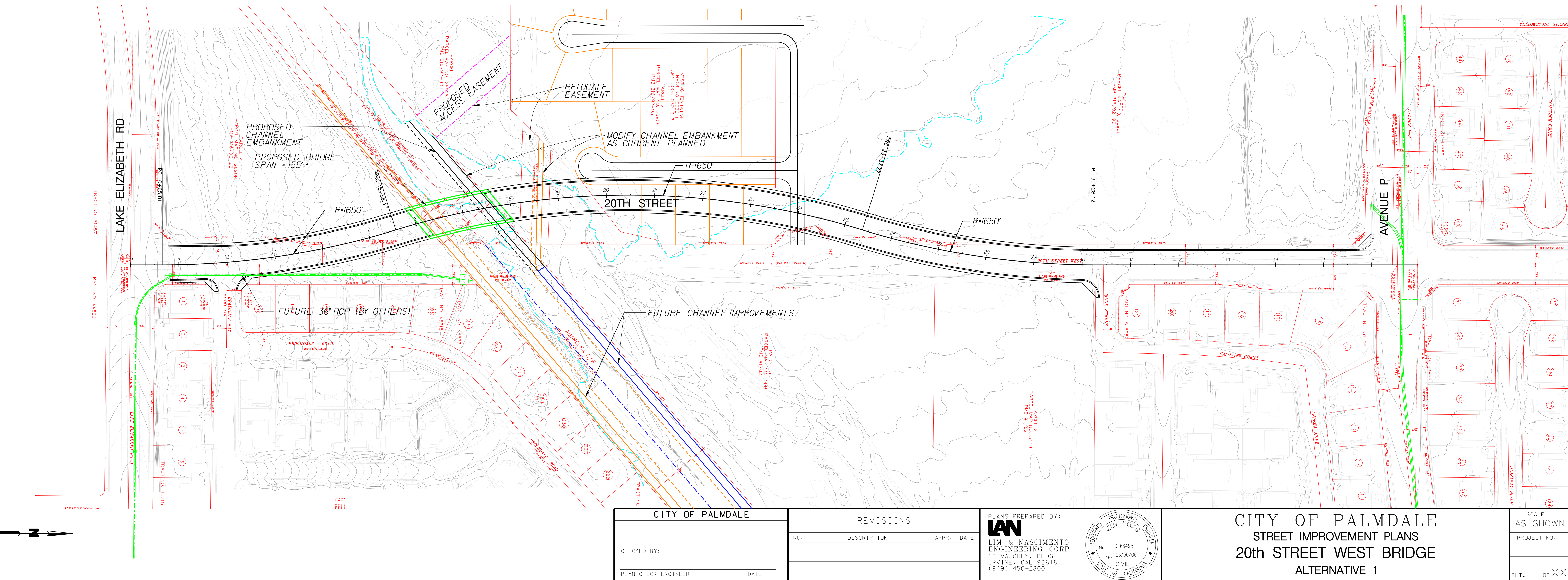


VERTICAL DESIGN SPEED = 50 MPH



HORIZONTAL DESIGN SPEED = 50 MPH

PROFILE



CITY OF PALMDALE	
CHECKED BY:	DATE
PLAN CHECK ENGINEER	DATE

REVISIONS			
NO.	DESCRIPTION	APPR.	DATE

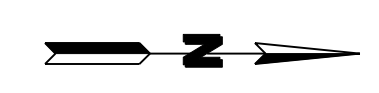
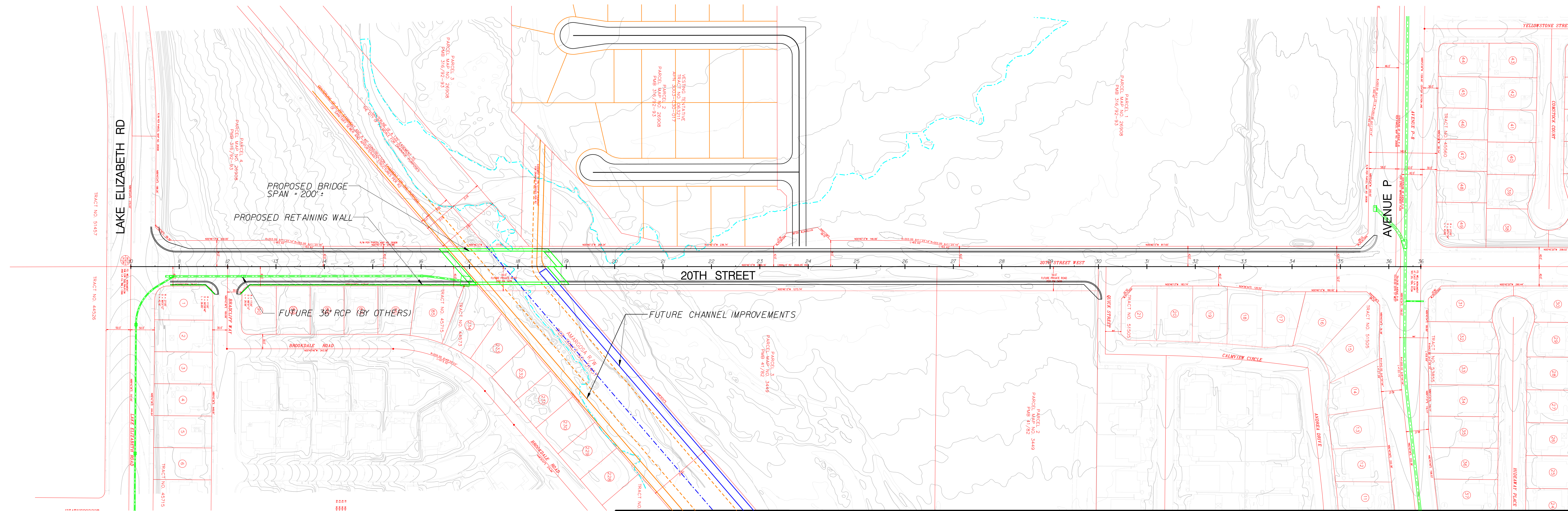
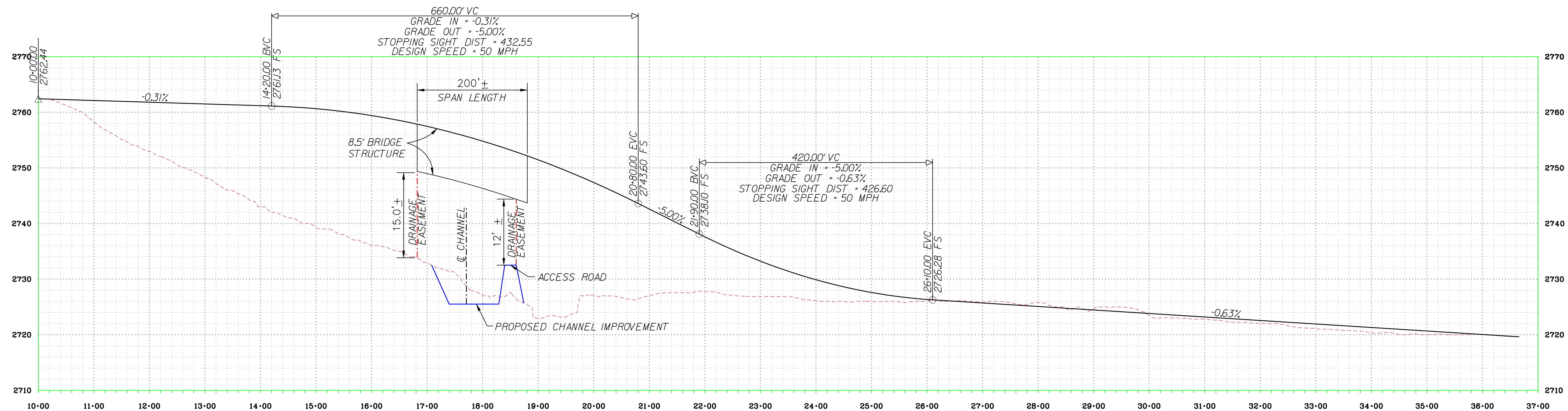
PLANS PREPARED BY:  
**LAN**  
LIM & NASCIMENTO  
ENGINEERING CORP.  
12 MAULCHLY, BLDG L  
IRVINE, CAL 92618  
(949) 450-2800

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER  
KEVIN POON  
No. C 66495  
Exp. 06/30/06  
CIVIL  
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

CITY OF PALMDALE  
STREET IMPROVEMENT PLANS  
20th STREET WEST BRIDGE  
ALTERNATIVE 1

SCALE  
AS SHOWN  
PROJECT NO.  
SHT. OF XX





<b>CITY OF PALMDALE</b>		<b>REVISIONS</b>		<b>PLANS PREPARED BY:</b>			<b>CITY OF PALMDALE</b> <b>STREET IMPROVEMENT PLANS</b> <b>20th STREET WEST BRIDGE</b> <b>ALTERNATIVE 2</b>	SCALE AS SHOWN	
CHECKED BY:		NO.	DESCRIPTION	APPR.	DATE			PROJECT NO.	
PLAN CHECK ENGINEER									
DATE									

PROJECT NO. SHT. OF XX



# **Attachment F**

## **Project Cost Estimate**

**CITY OF PALMDALE**  
**20th Street West Bridge: Preferred Alternative**  
*Project Cost Estimate*  
6/27/2006  
*Preliminary Engineer's Estimate*

\* Note: This cost estimate is base on preliminary engineering study only. The number is subjected to change.

Item	Description	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Price
<b>STREET IMPROVEMENTS</b>					<b>\$5,231,000</b>
1	Clearing and Grubbing	1	LS	\$15,000	\$15,000
2	Mobilization	1	LS	\$50,000	\$50,000
3	Unclassified Excavation	1,610	CY	\$10	\$16,100
4	Imported Borrow	25,500	CY	\$15	\$382,500
5	Construct Asphalt Concrete Pavement	5,000	Tons	\$60	\$300,000
6	Construct 2" Tire Modified Asphalt Concrete (TMAC)	1,650	Tons	\$80	\$132,000
7	Construct Crushed Aggregate Base	4,700	Tons	\$20	\$94,000
8	Construct 8" Curb & Gutter	4,500	LF	\$25	\$112,500
9	Construct PCC Sidewalk	22,900	SF	\$6	\$137,400
10	Drainage System	1	LS	\$150,500	\$150,500
11	Traffic Signals	1	LS	\$200,000	\$200,000
12	Signing and Striping	1	LS	\$40,000	\$40,000
13	Street Lighting	1	LS	\$100,000	\$100,000
14	Bridge Structure	9,606	SF	\$280	\$2,700,000
15	Architectural Features	1	LS	\$500,000	\$500,000
16	Channel Improvement	1	LS	\$200,000	\$200,000
17	Landscaping	16,200	SF	\$5	\$81,000
18	Traffic Control	1	LS	\$20,000	\$20,000
<b>PROJECT SUBTOTAL</b>					<b>\$5,231,000</b>
<b>CONTINGENCY (25%)</b>					<b>\$1,307,750</b>
<b>PROJECT TOTAL CONSTRUCTION</b>					<b>\$6,538,750</b>

19	Right of Way Acquisition	26,846	SF	\$7.00	\$187,922
20	Slope Easement	24,866	SF	\$3.50	\$87,031
<b>RIGHT OF WAY TOTAL</b>					<b>\$274,953</b>
21	PS&E Design (8%)	1	LS	\$523,100	\$523,100
22	Construction Management (10%)	1	LS	\$653,875	\$653,875
<b>ENGINEERING TOTAL</b>					<b>\$1,176,975</b>
<b>PROJECT TOTALWITH R/W AND ENGINEERING COST</b>					<b>\$7,990,678</b>

## ALTERNATIVE 1 (LINED CHANNEL - HARD BOTTOM)

### BRIDGE GENERAL PLAN ESTIMATE

or PLANNING ESTIMATE

DS-D-0016

STRUCTURE <b>20TH STREET WEST BRIDGE</b>	BR. NO.	RCVD. BY	ESTIMATING GROUP	
TYPE <b>CIP/PS CONC BOX GIRDER</b>	DIST.	CO.	RTE.	P.M.
			IN	
			OUT	

LENGTH 120.083 FT x WIDTH 80 FT = AREA 9606.64 SQ FT

DESIGN SECTION \_\_\_\_\_ QUANTITIES BY SX DATE 3/15/06 ESTIMATE NO. 1

PROJECT INCLUDES 1 STRUCTURE(S) QUANTITIES CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_ PRICED BY SX

AND \$ \_\_\_\_\_ ROADWORK CHARGE UNIT AND EA \_\_\_\_\_ COST INDEX \_\_\_\_\_

	CONTRACT ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	PRICE	AMOUNT
1	STRUCTURE EXCAVATION (BRIDGE)	CY	2930	\$90.00	\$263,700
2	STRUCTURE BACKFILL (BRIDGE)	CY	2586	\$70.00	\$181,020
3	STRUCTURAL CONCRETE (BRIDGE FOOTING)	CY	318	\$500.00	\$159,000
4	STRUCTURAL CONCRETE (BRIDGE)	CY	1,150	\$600.00	\$690,000
5	STRUCTURAL CONC, APPROACH SLAB (TYPE N)	CY	254	\$550.00	\$139,700
6	JOINT SEAL (TYPE B, MR=50)	FT	230	\$100.00	\$23,000
7	BAR REINFORCING STEEL (BRIDGE)	LB	318300	\$1.20	\$381,960
8	24" WELDED STEEL PIPE CASING (BRIDGE)	FT	150	\$110.00	\$16,500
9	TUBULAR HANDRAILING	FT	300	\$115.00	\$34,500
10	CONCRETE BARRIER (TYPE 26)	FT	300	\$250.00	\$75,000

#### ROUTING

1. DESIGN SECTION \_\_\_\_\_
2. DESIGN A SUPERVISOR \_\_\_\_\_
3. DESIGN B SUPERVISOR \_\_\_\_\_
4. PLANNING \_\_\_\_\_

<b>SUB TOTAL</b>		\$1,964,380
MOBILIZATION (10%)		\$196,438
SUB TOTAL BRIDGE ITEMS		\$2,160,818
CONTINGENCIES (25 %)		\$540,205
BRIDGE TOTAL		\$2,701,023
SUPPLEMENTAL WORK		
WORK BY RAILROAD OR UTILITY FORCES		
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>		<b>\$2,701,023</b>
FOR BUDGET PURPOSES - USE		<b>\$2,702,000</b>

ESTIMATING - LAST

COMMENTS

**\$280.00 PER FT<sup>2</sup>**

# **Attachment G**

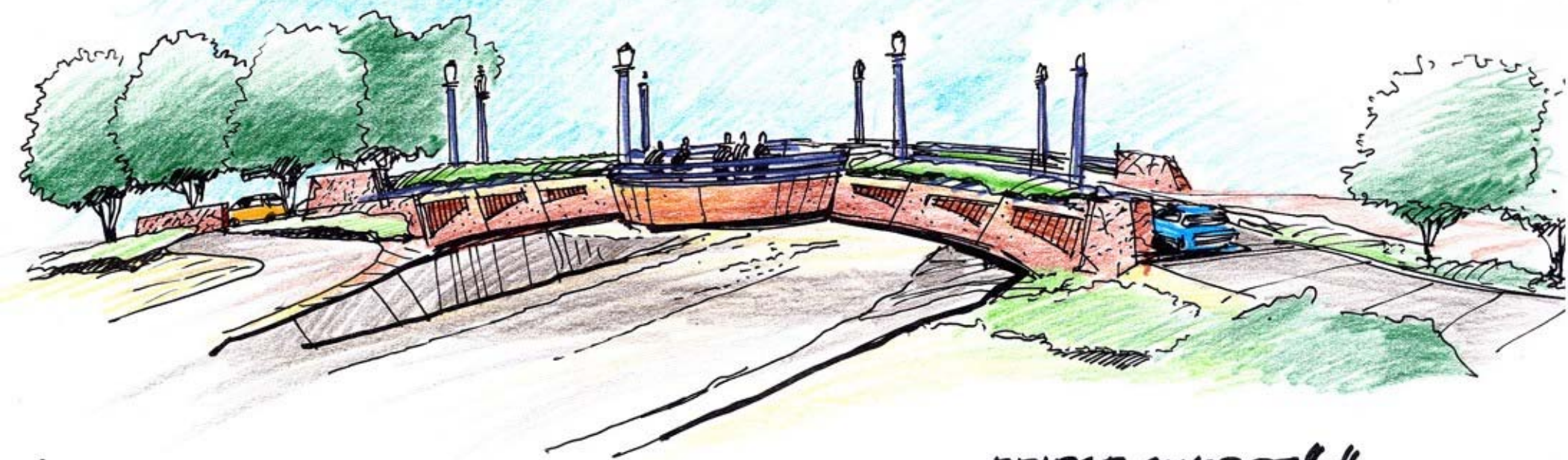
## **Right-of-Way Requirement**



# **Attachment H**

## **Architectural Concept**





**BRIDGE CONCEPT "C"**  
20th STREET WEST BRIDGE,  
1" = 20'-0" 4 APRIL 06

# **Attachment I**

## **Bridge Type Selection Report**

# **Attachment J**

# **Environmental Report**

# **Attachment K**

# **Hydraulic Report**

**Hydraulic Analysis and Scour Evaluation  
for the  
20<sup>th</sup> Street Bridge Over Amargosa Creek  
City of Palmdale, CA**



Prepared for

LAN Engineering Corporation  
12-L Mauchly  
Irvine, CA 92618

Prepared by

WEST Consultants, Inc.  
16870 W. Bernardo Dr.  
Suite 340  
San Diego, CA 92127  
(858) 487-9378



**March 2006**

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# 1 Introduction

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## 1.1 Study Overview

WEST Consultants, Inc. (WEST) has performed preliminary hydraulic and scour analyses for the 20<sup>th</sup> Street Bridge over Amargosa Creek as a subconsultant to LAN Engineering Corporation (LAN). The proposed bridge is located on the west side of the City of Palmdale in Los Angeles County. The approximate location of the proposed 20<sup>th</sup> Street Bridge over Amargosa Creek is illustrated in Figure 1-1.

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' HEC-RAS ("River Analysis System") computer program, Version 3.1.3 (Hydrologic Engineering Center, 2002), was used to compute water surface elevations and flow velocities for the Los Angeles County Capital Flood ( $Q_{CAP}$ ). The Capital Flood represents the 50-year discharge for a recently burned watershed and includes bulking for sediment.



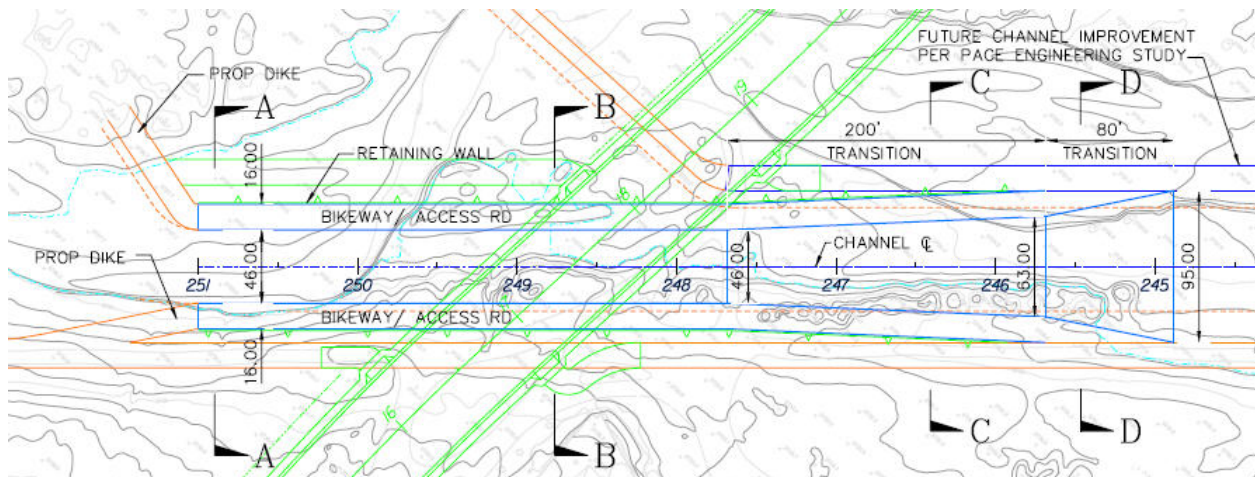
**Figure 1-1. Site Map**



## 1.2 Data Collection and Review

Project hydrology was obtained from two reports by Pacific Advanced Civil Engineering (PACE), Inc.—April 2003 (revised August 2003) and June 2003—for the design of soil cement channel protection for Amargosa Creek between 10<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> Street. The 100-year and Capital Flood discharge estimates were provided in the PACE reports, originally obtained from the City of Palmdale.

LAN provided the channel design concept in the vicinity of the 20<sup>th</sup> Street Bridge with a minimum clearance through the bridge of 8.25 feet along the bikeway/access road. The channel concept consists of transitioning from the trapezoidal channel at station 244+87.9 to a smaller compound rectangular channel to accommodate access roads on both sides of the channel that would pass under the bridge (see Figure 1-2). Between station 244+87.9 and station 245+68.3 the cross section shape transitions from trapezoidal with a top width of 95 feet to rectangular with a top width of 63 feet. From station 245+68.3 to 247+68.6, the access road gradually drops from the channel bank at station 245+68.3 to 1.75 feet above the channel invert at station 247+68.6. The compound rectangular channel shape is maintained under the bridge from station 247+68.6 continuing upstream to station 251+00.



**Figure 1-2. Amargosa Creek Channel Concept at Proposed 20<sup>th</sup> Street Bridge**

The narrowing of the channel at 20<sup>th</sup> Street is intended to reduce bridge construction costs. The low chord elevation of the bridge will be established based on the results of this study, with a minimum clearance through the bridge of 8.25 feet for vehicular clearance along the access roads under the bridge.

## 1.3 Acknowledgements

Mr. David Smith, P.E. of WEST Consultants, Inc. was the project manager for this study. Ms. Daniela Todesco assisted with the field reconnaissance and created the HEC-RAS models. Mr. Martin Teal, P.E., P.H. provided a quality assurance review.



Mr. Keenyong Poong, P.E. of LAN Engineering Corporation (LAN) provided the bridge concept alternative and topography for the study. The project manager at LAN was Mr. James Faber, P.E. Mr. Derek Karimoto of PACE, Inc. provided clarifications of interim and ultimate channel bank and bottom elevations in the vicinity of the 20<sup>th</sup> Street Bridge.

## **2 Hydraulic Analysis**

---

WEST performed hydraulic modeling for Amargosa Creek based on the Capital Flood discharge of 3,695 cfs and the 100-year discharge of 2,350 cfs. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' HEC-RAS computer program was used to compute water surface elevations and other hydraulic values in the vicinity of the bridge.

### **2.1 Hydraulic Model Development**

Existing, ultimate, and interim condition hydraulics were evaluated by PACE in their April/August 2003 study for Amargosa Creek between 20<sup>th</sup> Street (not including the proposed 20<sup>th</sup> Street bridge) and 10<sup>th</sup> Street. In this study, interim and ultimate conditions have been evaluated in the vicinity of the 20<sup>th</sup> Street bridge. The HEC-RAS stationing used in this report for interim and ultimate conditions (described below) is consistent with the PACE stationing for existing conditions.

The proposed bridge is located between stations 249+22.7 and 2448+10 as shown in Figure 1-2. The bridge was not included in the models because there are no piers, the abutments are outside of the channel, and the low chord is above the maximum computed water surface. Depth and velocity results at the upstream and downstream bridge face are obtained at cross sections 249+22.7 and 248+10, respectively. The centerline of the bridge is located at station 248+66.4 and, due to the skew angle, the bridge is approximately 109 feet wide in the direction of flow.

#### **2.1.1 Ultimate Condition**

The ultimate condition described in the June 2003 PACE report includes soil cement slope protection downstream of the 20<sup>th</sup> Street alignment and 4-foot drop structures at approximately 800-foot intervals for a total of 6 drops. During construction of the 20<sup>th</sup> Street Bridge, the channel geometry will be modified upstream of station 244+87.9 to station 251+00 as shown in Figure 1-2. Although not shown in Figure 1-2, the ultimate condition has been modeled to include a drop structure just downstream of 20<sup>th</sup> Street, with the drop structure crest at station 247+68.6 and toe at station 247+55. Upstream of the drop structure, the channel slope will be the same as the existing slope which is approximately 0.0081. Downstream of the drop structure the channel slope will be 0.004, as recommended in the PACE report.

#### **2.1.2 Interim Condition**

The interim condition described in the PACE 2003 report includes soil cement slope protection downstream of the 20<sup>th</sup> Street alignment with a channel slope of 0.0081. During construction of the 20<sup>th</sup> Street Bridge, the channel geometry will be modified upstream of station 244+87.9 to station 251+00 as shown in Figure 1-2.

### **2.1.3 Channel Roughness**

Two different channel roughness scenarios were considered—a higher channel roughness scenario for evaluating freeboard and a lower roughness scenario for evaluating scour. For the high roughness scenario a Manning's  $n$  value of 0.035 was assumed for the channel, and 0.025 for the low roughness scenario. For the high roughness scenario a Manning's  $n$  value of 0.03 was assumed for soil cement surfaces and 0.014 for the low roughness scenario. In both scenarios, the Manning's  $n$  value for concrete surfaces was 0.014.

### **2.1.4 Flow Regime and Boundary Conditions**

A mixed flow regime (sub- and supercritical flow) was applied to all model runs because the flow regime was close to critical depth, but when evaluating freeboard any cross section with a supercritical solution was assumed to be at critical depth. A normal depth boundary condition (slope = 0.0081) was assumed at the upstream and downstream model boundaries for interim conditions and the upstream boundary for ultimate conditions (these conditions are described below). A normal depth boundary condition (slope = 0.004) was assumed at the downstream model boundary for ultimate conditions.

## **2.2 Hydraulic Model Results**

HEC-RAS hydraulic model results for interim and ultimate conditions are provided in Appendix A, including profile plots, output tables, and model cross sections.

### **2.2.1 Freeboard Evaluation**

The freeboard along Amargosa Creek upstream and downstream of the 20<sup>th</sup> Street Bridge for the Capital Flood discharge is summarized in Table 2-1. Results are presented for interim and ultimate conditions based on the higher channel  $n$  value of 0.035. Table 2-2 summarizes freeboard for the 100-year discharge.

**Table 2-1. Capital Flood Discharge Freeboard**

River Station	Discharge (cfs)	Bank Elevation (ft)	Channel Invert Elevation (ft)	Water Surface Elevation <sup>1</sup> (ft)		Freeboard <sup>2</sup> (ft)	
				Interim	Ultimate	Interim	Ultimate
251+00	3695	2734.8	2724.48	2729.36	2729.36	5.44	5.44
249+22.7 (approx. U/S bridge face)	3695	2733.36	2723.04	2727.93	2727.93	5.43	5.43
248+10 (approx. D/S bridge face)	3695	2732.45	2722.13	2727.74	2727.05	4.71	5.40
247+68.6	3695	2732.12	2721.8	2727.69	2726.68	4.43	5.44
247+01.8* (interpolated)	3695	2730.64	varies <sup>3</sup>	2727.49	n/a <sup>4</sup>	3.15	n/a <sup>4</sup>
246+68.4* (interpolated)	3695	2729.91		2727.37		2.54	
245+68.3	3695	2727.29		2724.97	2722.73	2.32	4.56
244+87.9	3695	2726.66		2723.74	2722.71	2.92	3.95
243+00.1	3695	2725.17		2722.61	2721.98	2.56	3.19

1. Shaded values represent the critical water surface elevation--HEC-RAS computed supercritical solutions at these locations

2. Freeboard to top of bank. At bridge, top of bank = bridge low chord = 10.32 feet above channel invert.

3. Invert elevations are different for interim and ultimate conditions downstream of cross section 24768.6

4. Interpolated cross section locations are different for ultimate conditions downstream of the drop structure

**Table 2-2. 100-Year Flood Discharge Freeboard**

River Station	Discharge (cfs)	Bank Elevation (ft)	Channel Invert Elevation (ft)	Water Surface Elevation <sup>1</sup> (ft)		Freeboard <sup>2</sup> (ft)	
				Interim	Ultimate	Interim	Ultimate
251+00	2350	2734.8	2724.48	2728.27	2728.27	6.53	6.53
249+22.7 (approx. U/S bridge face)	2350	2733.36	2723.04	2726.84	2726.84	6.52	6.52
248+10 (approx. D/S bridge face)	2350	2732.45	2722.13	2726.53	2725.93	5.92	6.52
247+68.6	2350	2732.12	2721.8	2726.46	2725.59	5.66	6.53
247+01.8* (interpolated)	2350	2730.64	varies <sup>3</sup>	2726.07	n/a <sup>4</sup>	4.57	n/a <sup>4</sup>
246+68.4* (interpolated)	2350	2729.91		2724.89		5.02	
245+68.3	2350	2727.29		2723.73	2721.55	3.56	5.74
244+87.9	2350	2726.66		2723.07	2721.36	3.59	5.30
243+00.1	2350	2725.17		2721.54	2720.61	3.63	4.56

1. Shaded values represent the critical water surface elevation--HEC-RAS computed supercritical solutions at these locations

2. Freeboard to top of bank. At bridge, top of bank = bridge low chord = 10.32 feet above channel invert.

3. Invert elevations are different for interim and ultimate conditions downstream of cross section 24768.6

4. Interpolated cross section locations are different for ultimate conditions downstream of the drop structure

### **2.2.1.1      Hydraulic Design Manual Freeboard Criteria**

According to the Los Angeles County Department of Public Works (LACDPW) Hydraulic Design Manual, for velocities less than 35 feet per second, channel freeboard of 2 feet is required for rectangular channels and 2.5 feet for trapezoidal channels. Based on this criteria, the proposed bridge and channel meet freeboard for both interim and ultimate conditions.

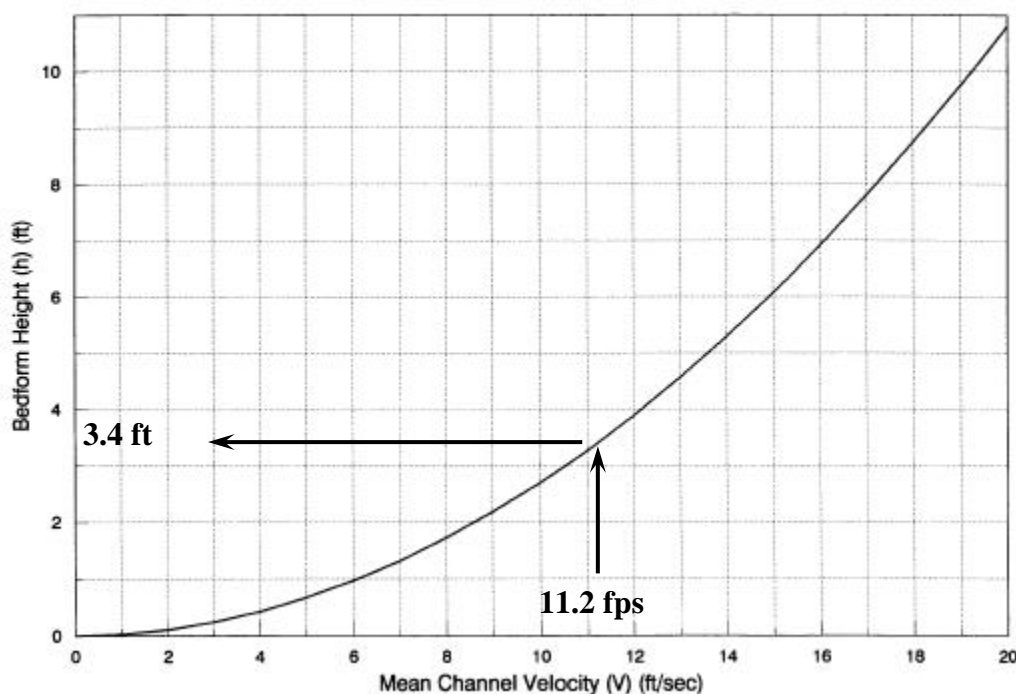
### **2.2.1.2      Sedimentation Manual Freeboard Criteria**

According to the LACDPW Sedimentation Manual, the required freeboard for leveed reaches is defined as:

$$FB = Y_{agg} + Y_{ga} + Y_{se} + 1/2h$$

Where:	FB	=	Total freeboard
	$Y_{agg}$	=	Long-term aggradation
	$Y_{ga}$	=	General aggradation
	$Y_{se}$	=	Superelevation
	$h$	=	bed form height

The project reach is essentially straight, so the superelevation term ( $Y_{se}$ ) is negligible. In addition, the long-term ( $Y_{agg}$ ) and general aggradation ( $Y_{ga}$ ) are assumed to be negligible because in the ultimate condition no net aggradation or degradation is expected to occur due to the drop structure spacing and channel slopes planned by PACE. The relationship between the mean channel velocity and the bed form height is shown on the graph in Appendix Q-9 of the LACDPW Sedimentation Manual, included below as Figure 2-1.



**Figure 2-1. Bed Form Height,  $h$**

For a mean velocity of 11.2 feet per second for interim and ultimate conditions, the bed form height is approximately 3.4 feet. Therefore, the parameter  $1/2h$  is approximately 1.7 feet. With all other freeboard terms equal to zero the total freeboard, then, is also 1.7 feet.

### 2.2.1.3 Freeboard Criteria Selection

The freeboard computed using the LACDPW Hydraulic Design Manual is higher than the freeboard computed using the Sedimentation Manual, therefore the Hydraulic Design Manual freeboard of 2 feet for rectangular sections and 2.5 feet for trapezoidal sections was used for evaluating the project.

Table 2-3 summarizes the channel shape at each cross section, freeboard requirement based on cross section shape (rectangular versus trapezoidal), and the difference between computed and required freeboard.

**Table 2-3. Freeboard Evaluation By Cross Section Shape**

River Station	Cross Section Shape	Required Freeboard (ft)	Computed Freeboard <sup>1</sup> (ft)		Difference (Computed - Required)	
			Interim	Ultimate	Interim	Ultimate
251+00	rectangular	2	5.44	5.44	3.44	3.44
249+22.7 (approx. U/S bridge face)	rectangular	2	5.43	5.43	3.43	3.43
248+10 (approx. D/S bridge face)	rectangular	2	4.71	5.40	2.71	3.40
247+68.6	rectangular	2	4.43	5.44	2.43	3.44
247+01.8* (interpolated)	rectangular	2	3.15	n/a <sup>2</sup>	1.15	n/a <sup>2</sup>
246+68.4* (interpolated)	rectangular	2	2.54		0.54	
245+68.3	rectangular	2	2.32	4.56	0.32	2.56
244+87.9	trapezoidal	2.5	2.92	3.95	0.42	1.45
243+00.1	trapezoidal	2.5	2.56	3.19	0.06	0.69

1. Freeboard to top of bank. At bridge, top of bank = bridge low chord = 10.32 feet above channel invert
2. Interpolated cross section locations are different for ultimate conditions downstream of the drop structure.

### 3 Scour Analysis

---

Potential scour in the reach with the proposed bridge was evaluated using the procedures outlined in the LACDPW Sedimentation Manual to calculate slope protection and/or cut-off wall toe-down depths. These scour estimates were also compared to recommendations in the LACDPW Hydraulic Design Manual.

Scour toe-down depths were computed for both interim and ultimate conditions. As described in previous sections, the difference between interim and ultimate conditions is the addition of a drop structure at cross section 247+68.6 in the ultimate condition and a reduced channel slope downstream. On the average, ultimate condition velocities are slightly higher than interim conditions through the project reach (average velocity of 14.5 feet per second compared to 13.6 feet per second). Therefore, the toe-down depth calculations in this report are based on ultimate conditions. The following sections describe the recommended toe-down depths for the project reach between cross sections 244+87.9 and 251+00.

#### 3.1 LACDPW Sedimentation Manual Toe-Down Depth

According to the LACDPW Sedimentation Manual, the requirement for toe-down is the total cumulative channel adjustments possible from long-term degradation, general scour, bend scour, local scour, low-flow incisement, and bed forms:

$$Z_{\text{tot}} = Z_{\text{deg}} + Z_{\text{gs}} + Z_{\text{ls}} + Z_{\text{bs}} + Z_{\text{i}} + 1/2h$$

Where:	$Z_{\text{tot}}$	=	Total potential vertical adjustment
	$Z_{\text{deg}}$	=	Long-term degradation
	$Z_{\text{gs}}$	=	General scour
	$Z_{\text{ls}}$	=	Local scour
	$Z_{\text{bs}}$	=	Bend scour
	$Z_{\text{i}}$	=	Low flow incisement
	$h$	=	bed form height

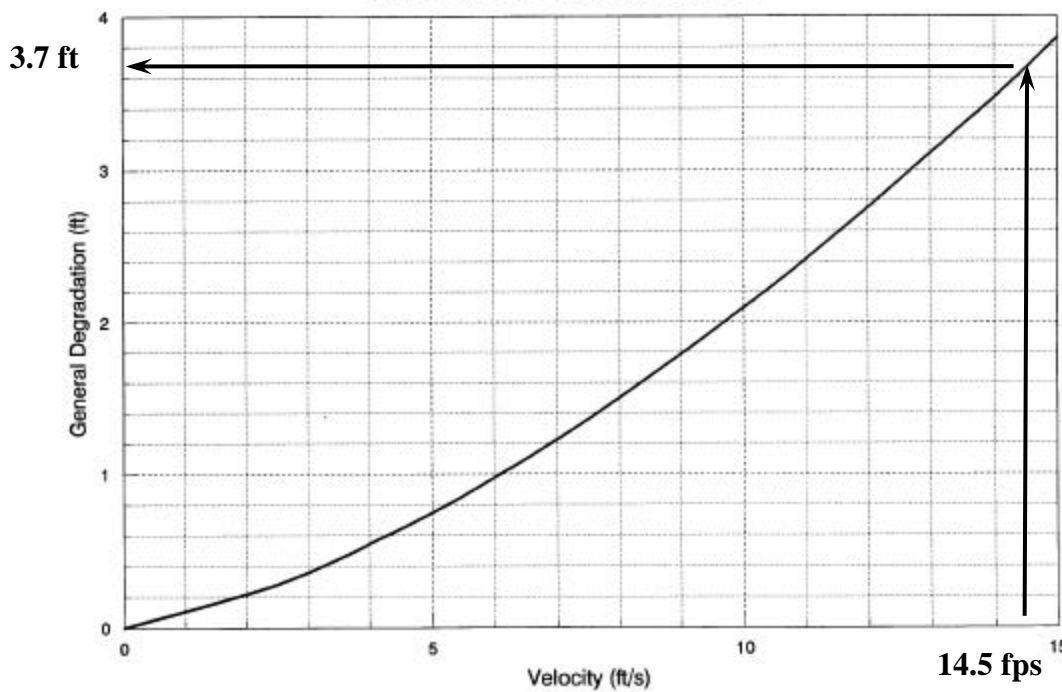
##### 3.1.1 Long-term Degradation ( $Z_{\text{deg}}$ )

Long-term degradation is expected to be negligible in the project reach. In the ultimate condition, drop structures will be spaced every 800 feet including a drop structure located just downstream of the proposed bridge.

##### 3.1.2 General Scour ( $Z_{\text{gs}}$ )

General scour was estimated using Appendix Q-3 of the LACDPW Sedimentation Manual, included below as Figure 3-1. Based on an average channel velocity of 14.5 feet per second, the general scour is estimated to be approximately 3.7 feet.





**Figure 3-1. General Degradation,  $Z_{gs}$**

### 3.1.3 Local Scour ( $Z_{ls}$ )

Local scour occurs in the vicinity of an obstruction to flow, such as bridge piers, embankments, and contractions. The proposed bridge does not have any piers and the bridge abutments do not constrict the flow, so local scour is expected to be minimal. According to the LACDPW Sedimentation Manual, the levee toe-down depth should be increased by 2 feet where the flow may possibly carry large debris (tree logs, boulders, etc.) to account for local scour. Therefore, the local scour will be assumed to be 2 feet.

### 3.1.4 Bend Scour ( $Z_{bs}$ )

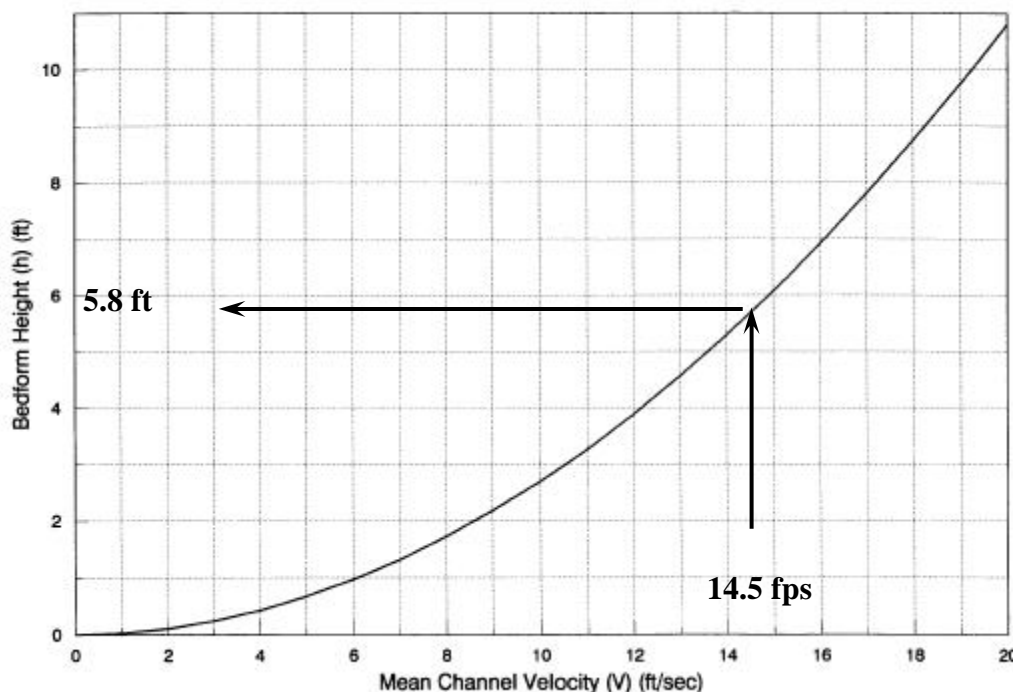
In the vicinity of the 20<sup>th</sup> Street Bridge, Amargosa Creek is essentially straight. Therefore, bend scour is not expected.

### 3.1.5 Low Flow Incisement ( $Z_i$ )

For design purposes, the LACDPW Sedimentation Manual recommends using 2 feet to estimate the potential low flow incisement where field measurements are not available. Therefore, the low flow incisement will be assumed to be 2 feet.

### 3.1.6 Bed Form Height ( $h$ )

The relationship between the mean channel velocity and the bed form height is shown on the graph in Appendix Q-9 of the LACDPW Sedimentation Manual, included below as Figure 3-2.



**Figure 3-2. Bed Form Height,  $h$**

For a mean velocity of 14.5 feet per second, the bed form height is approximately 5.8 feet. Therefore, the parameter  $1/2h$  is 2.9 feet.

### 3.1.7 Total Potential Vertical Adjustment ( $Z_{tot}$ )

Adding the scour components above, the total vertical adjustment is:

$$\begin{aligned}
 Z_{tot} &= Z_{deg} + Z_{gs} + Z_{ls} + Z_{bs} + Z_i + 1/2h \\
 Z_{tot} &= 0 \text{ ft.} + 3.7 \text{ ft.} + 2 \text{ ft.} + 0 \text{ ft.} + 2 \text{ ft.} + 2.9 \text{ ft.} \\
 Z_{tot} &= 10.6 \text{ feet (say, 11 feet)}
 \end{aligned}$$

## 3.2 Toe-Down Depth Recommendations

The LACDPW Hydraulic Design Manual requires a cut off depth of 10 feet when velocities are between 10 and 15 feet per second. For an average velocity of 14.6 feet per second for the project reach, a cut off depth of 10 feet would be required. This is very close to the toe-down

depth of 11 feet calculated using the LACDPW Sedimentation Manual (see Section 3.1), therefore we recommend using a cut off depth of 11 feet.

The toe-down depth of 11 feet should be applied to both interim and ultimate conditions. Table 3-1 below summarizes recommended toe burial elevations by ultimate condition cross section.

**Table 3-1. Toe-Down Elevation Recommendations**

River Station	Channel Invert Elevation	Toe-Down Elevation <sup>1</sup>
251+00	2724.48	2713.48
249+22.7	2723.04	2712.04
248+10	2722.13	2711.13
247+68.6	2721.80	2710.80
247+55	2717.91	2706.91
245+68.3	2717.16	2706.16
244+87.9	2716.84	2705.84

1. Toe-down depth of 11 feet based on  $Q_{CAP} = 3,695$  cfs

## 4 Hard Bottom Alternative

As an alternative to providing scour protection to a depth of 11 feet, a hard-bottom channel has been proposed between stations 251+00 and 247+68.6 (station of the ultimate condition drop structure). The material for the bottom protection would be either soil cement or concrete.

There were a total of four model runs made for the hard bottom alternative—a high and low roughness scenario for interim and ultimate conditions. For the high roughness scenario, a Manning’s  $n$  value of 0.035 was assumed for the natural channel and 0.025 for the low roughness scenario. Soil cement was assumed to have a Manning’s  $n$  value of 0.03 for the high roughness scenario and 0.014 for the low roughness scenario. In both scenarios, the Manning’s  $n$  value for concrete surfaces was 0.014. Hydraulic calculations for the hard bottom alternative are provided in Appendix B.

### 4.1 Freeboard

The freeboard criteria for this project were discussed in Chapter 2. The water surface elevations for the hard bottom alternative are lower than the soft bottom alternative, so there is more freeboard for the hard bottom alternative. Tables 4-1, 4-2, and 4-3 summarize the freeboard for the hard bottom alternative. The hydraulic results presented in Tables 4-1 to 4-3 assume the channel bottom material in the hard bottom reach is soil cement. If the material is later changed to concrete there will be slightly more freeboard than indicated below.

**Table 4-1. Capital Flood Discharge Freeboard (hard bottom alternative)**

River Station	Discharge (cfs)	Bank Elevation (ft)	Channel Invert Elevation (ft)	Water Surface Elevation <sup>1</sup> (ft)		Freeboard <sup>2</sup> (ft)	
				Interim	Ultimate	Interim	Ultimate
251+00	3695	2734.8	2724.48	2729.36	2729.36	5.44	5.44
249+22.7 (approx. U/S bridge face)	3695	2733.36	2723.04	2727.93	2727.93	5.43	5.43
248+10 (approx. D/S bridge face)	3695	2732.45	2722.13	2727.66	2727.05	4.79	5.40
247+68.6	3695	2732.12	2721.8	2727.67	2726.68	4.45	5.44
247+01.8* (interpolated)	3695	2730.64	varies <sup>3</sup>	2727.49	n/a <sup>4</sup>	3.15	n/a <sup>4</sup>
246+68.4* (interpolated)	3695	2729.91		2727.37		2.54	
245+68.3	3695	2727.29		2724.97	2722.73	2.32	4.56
244+87.9	3695	2726.66		2723.74	2722.71	2.92	3.95
243+00.1	3695	2725.17		2722.61	2721.98	2.56	3.19

1. Shaded values represent the critical water surface elevation—HEC-RAS computed supercritical solutions at these locations

2. Freeboard to top of bank. At bridge, top of bank = bridge low chord = 10.32 feet above channel invert.

3. Invert elevations are different for interim and ultimate conditions downstream of cross section 24768.6

4. Interpolated cross section locations are different for ultimate conditions downstream of the drop structure

**Table 4-2. 100-Year Discharge Freeboard (hard bottom alternative)**

River Station	Discharge (cfs)	Bank Elevation (ft)	Channel Invert Elevation (ft)	Water Surface Elevation <sup>1</sup> (ft)		Freeboard <sup>2</sup> (ft)	
				Interim	Ultimate	Interim	Ultimate
251+00	2350	2734.8	2724.48	2728.27	2728.27	6.53	6.53
249+22.7 (approx. U/S bridge face)	2350	2733.36	2723.04	2726.84	2726.84	6.52	6.52
248+10 (approx. D/S bridge face)	2350	2732.45	2722.13	2726.44	2725.93	6.01	6.52
247+68.6	2350	2732.12	2721.8	2726.43	2725.59	5.69	6.53
247+01.8* (interpolated)	2350	2730.64	varies <sup>3</sup>	2726.07	n/a <sup>4</sup>	4.57	n/a <sup>4</sup>
246+68.4* (interpolated)	2350	2729.91		2724.89		5.02	
245+68.3	2350	2727.29		2723.73	2721.55	3.56	5.74
244+87.9	2350	2726.66		2723.07	2721.36	3.59	5.30
243+00.1	2350	2725.17		2721.54	2720.61	3.63	4.56

1. Shaded values represent the critical water surface elevation--HEC-RAS computed supercritical solutions at these locations

2. Freeboard to top of bank. At bridge, top of bank = bridge low chord = 10.32 feet above channel invert.

3. Invert elevations are different for interim and ultimate conditions downstream of cross section 24768.6

4. Interpolated cross section locations are different for ultimate conditions downstream of the drop structure

**Table 4-3. Freeboard Evaluation By Cross Section Shape (hard bottom alternative)**

River Station	Cross Section Shape	Required Freeboard (ft)	Computed Freeboard <sup>1</sup> (ft)		Difference (Computed - Required)	
			Interim	Ultimate	Interim	Ultimate
251+00	rectangular	2	5.44	5.44	3.44	3.44
249+22.7 (approx. U/S bridge face)	rectangular	2	5.43	5.43	3.43	3.43
248+10 (approx. D/S bridge face)	rectangular	2	4.79	5.40	2.79	3.40
247+68.6	rectangular	2	4.45	5.44	2.45	3.44
247+01.8* (interpolated)	rectangular	2	3.15	n/a <sup>2</sup>	1.15	n/a <sup>2</sup>
246+68.4* (interpolated)	rectangular	2	2.54		0.54	
245+68.3	rectangular	2	2.32	4.56	0.32	2.56
244+87.9	trapezoidal	2.5	2.92	3.95	0.42	1.45
243+00.1	trapezoidal	2.5	2.56	3.19	0.06	0.69

1. Freeboard to top of bank. At bridge, top of bank = bridge low chord = 10.32 feet above channel invert

2. Interpolated cross section locations are different for ultimate conditions downstream of the drop structure.

## **4.2 End Scour Protection**

The upstream end of the cement hard bottom (soil cement or concrete) at station 251+00 should be keyed in to protect against end scour for both interim and ultimate conditions. The preferred method for providing this protection would be to construct the cement slab down at an angle to the depth of potential scour, computed in Chapter 3 as 11 feet. Riprap could also be used as end protection, but it should be keyed in by excavating a trench upstream of the cement slab. The volume of riprap would need to be adequate to provide scour protection to a depth of 11 feet, with appropriate safety factors for launching stone. If the riprap were not keyed in properly there would be a chance it could roll downstream and damage the soil cement or concrete.

The downstream end of the cement hard bottom section at station 247+68.6 should also be keyed in to protect against 11 feet of potential end scour. In the ultimate condition, station 247+68.6 represents the crest of a 4-foot drop structure so the end protection design should reflect the dual purpose of protecting the downstream end of the soil cement/concrete for the interim condition while providing a compatible design for its future role as a drop structure.

## 5 References

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- Hydrologic Engineering Center (2002). *HEC-RAS River Analysis System – User’s Manual*, Version 3.1, November 2002, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Hydrologic Engineering Center, Davis, California.
- Los Angeles County Department of Public Works (1982). *Hydraulic Design Manual*, March 1982.
- Los Angeles County Department of Public Works (1993). *Sedimentation Manual*, Hydraulic/Water Conservation Division, June 1993.
- Pacific Advanced Civil Engineering, Inc. (2003). *Amargosa Creek Soil Cement Channel Improvements Hydrologic & Hydraulic Design Report*, prepared for City of Palmdale, April 2003, revised August 2003.
- Pacific Advanced Civil Engineering, Inc. (2003). *Amargosa Creek South Side Soil Cement Channel Improvements Hydrologic & Hydraulic Design Report*, prepared for Bayshore L.L.C., June 2003.

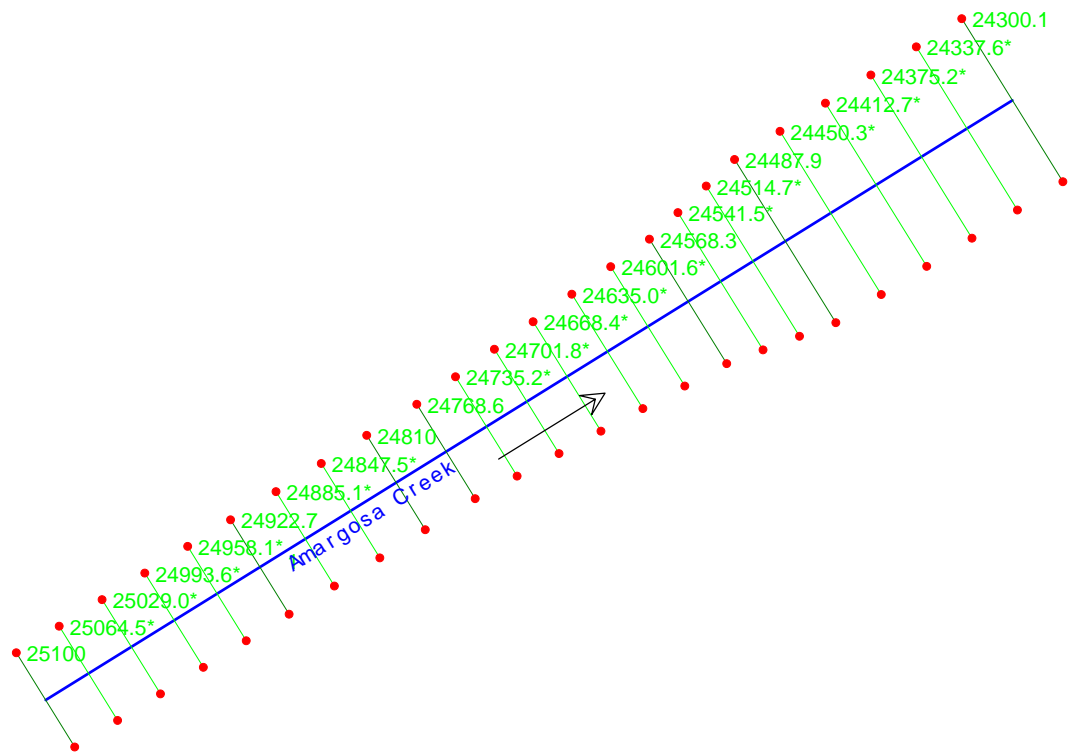
## **Appendix A**

### **Soft Bottom Alternatives HEC-RAS Model Input/Output**



**Interim Conditions**

**High Manning's  $n$   
(for freeboard evaluation)**

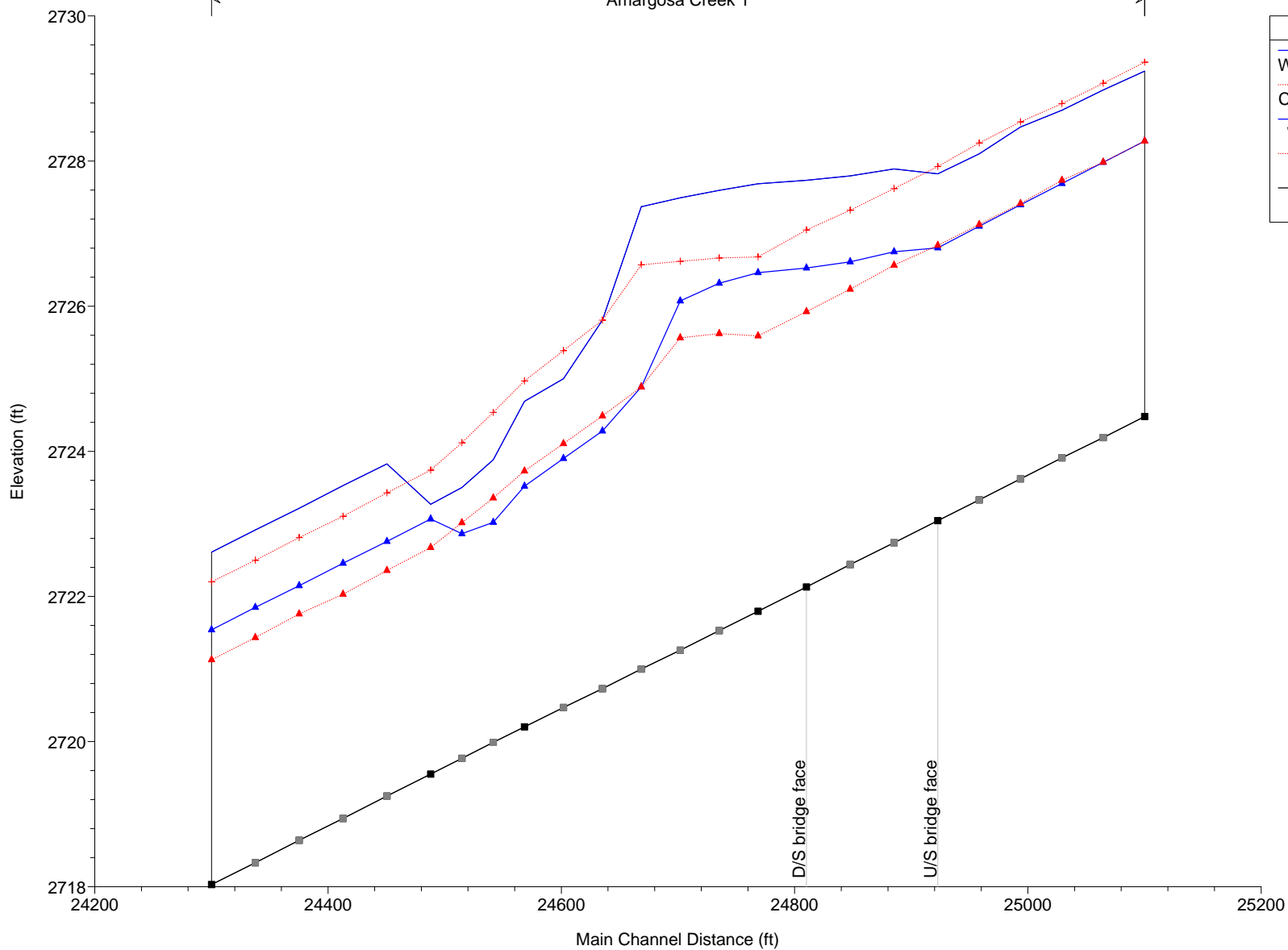


20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int high n no bridge 2/28/2006

Amargosa Creek 1

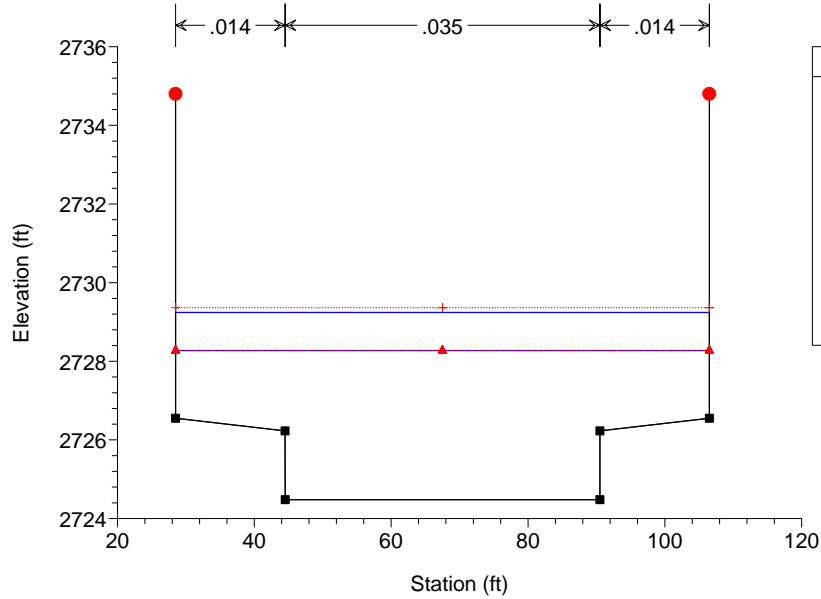
Legend

- WS Qcap50
- Crit Qcap50
- WS Q100
- Crit Q100
- Ground



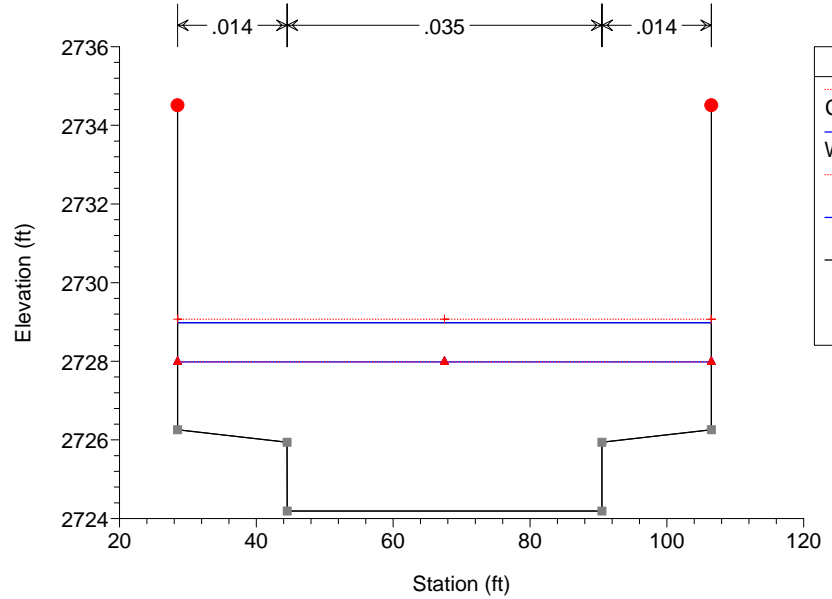
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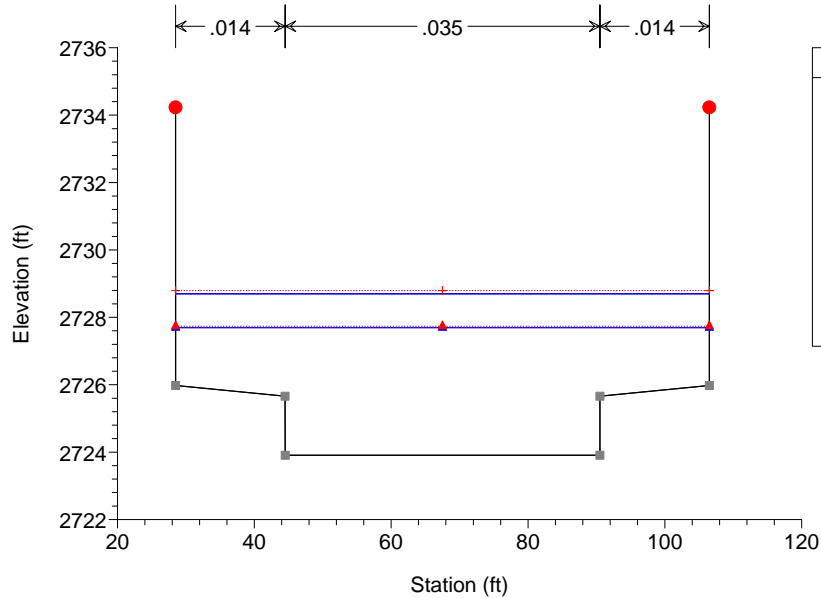
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RS = 25064.5\*



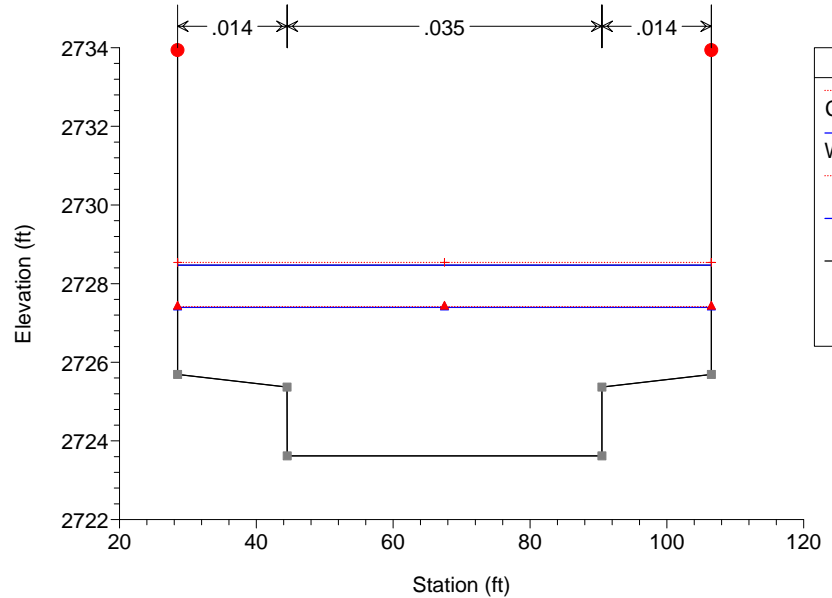
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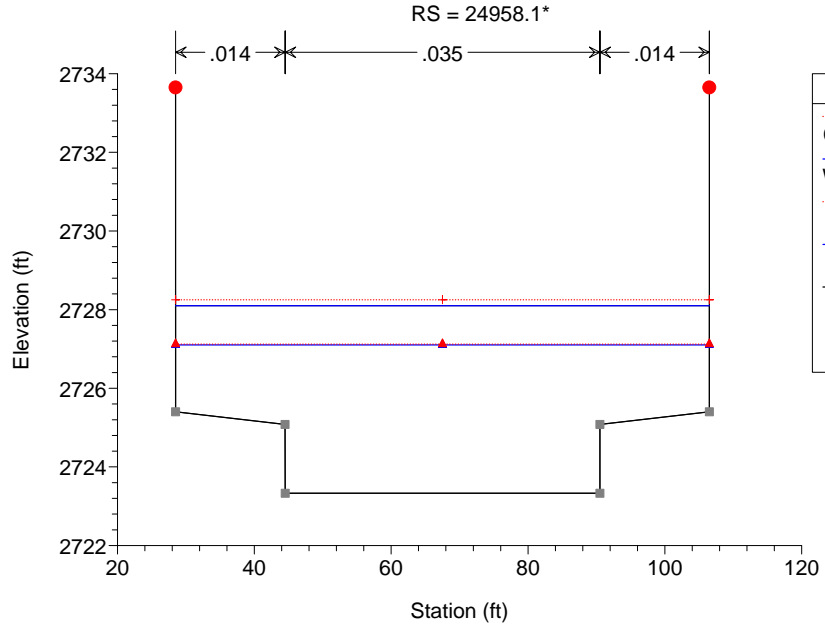


20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int high n no bridge 2/28/2006

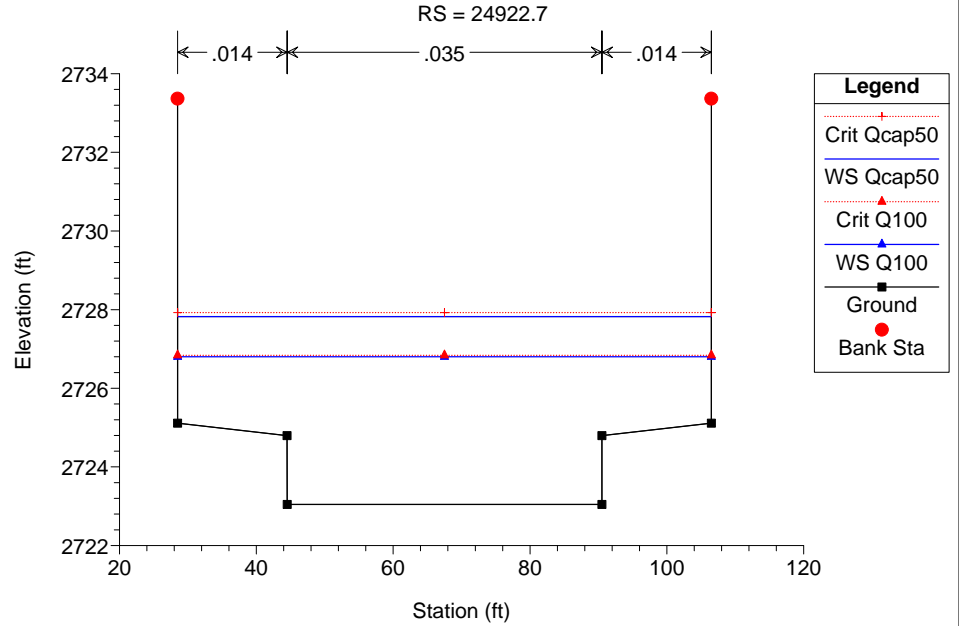
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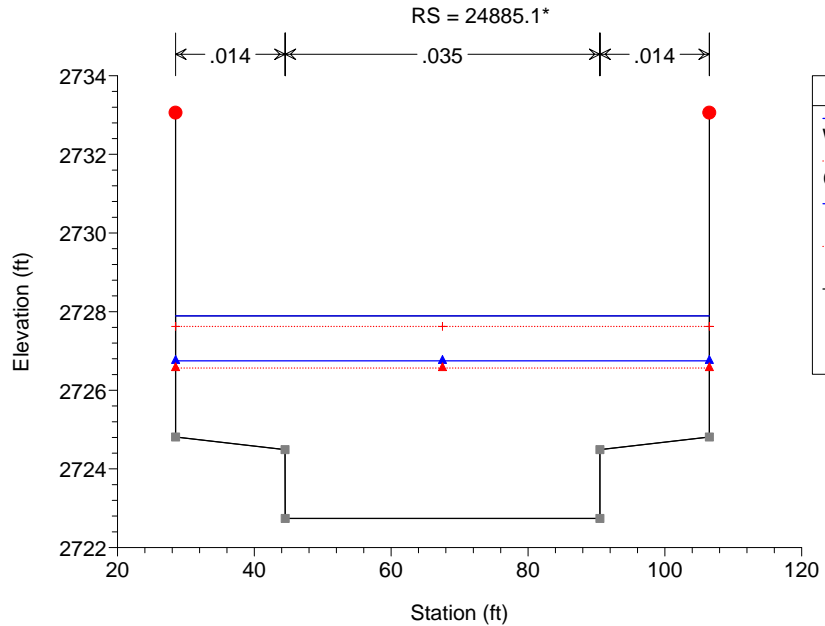
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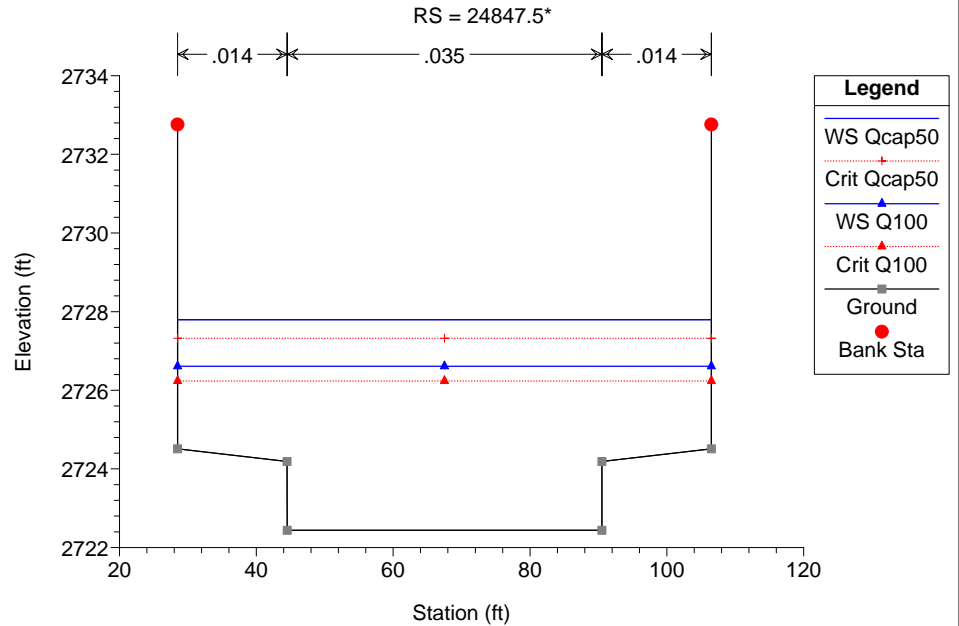
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20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int high n no bridge 2/28/2006

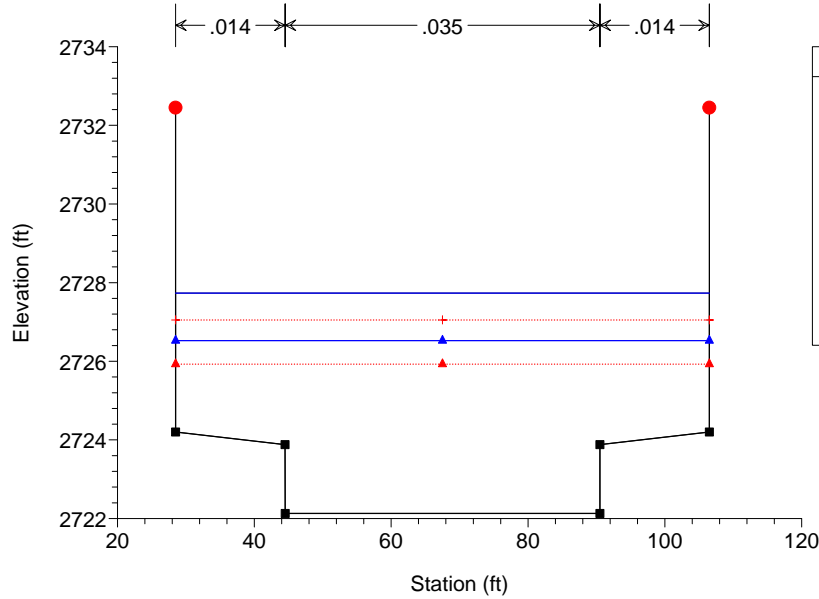


20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int high n no bridge 2/28/2006



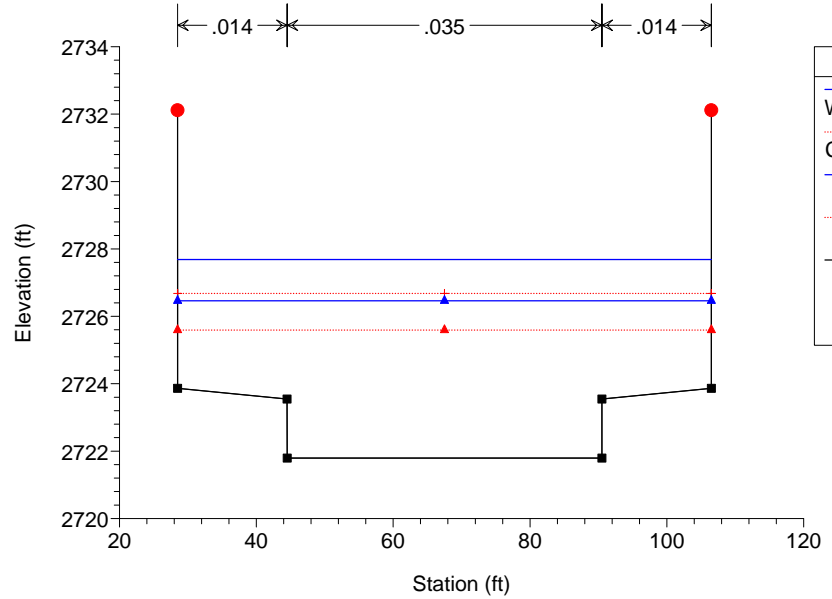
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RS = 24810



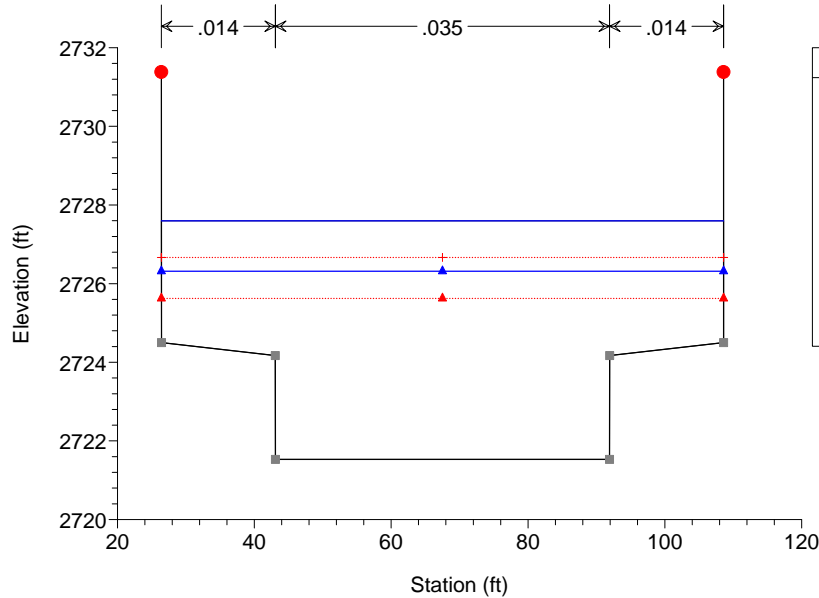
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int high n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24768.6



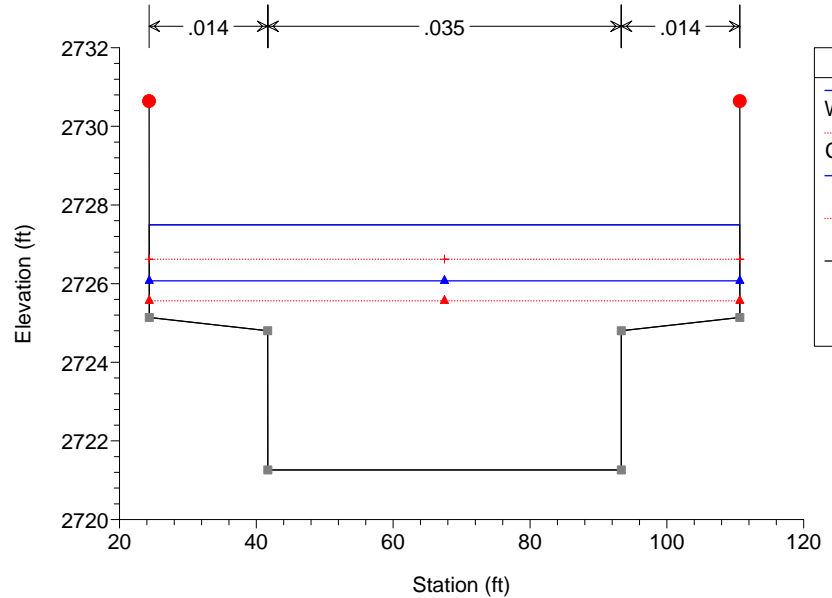
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int high n no bridge 2/28/2006

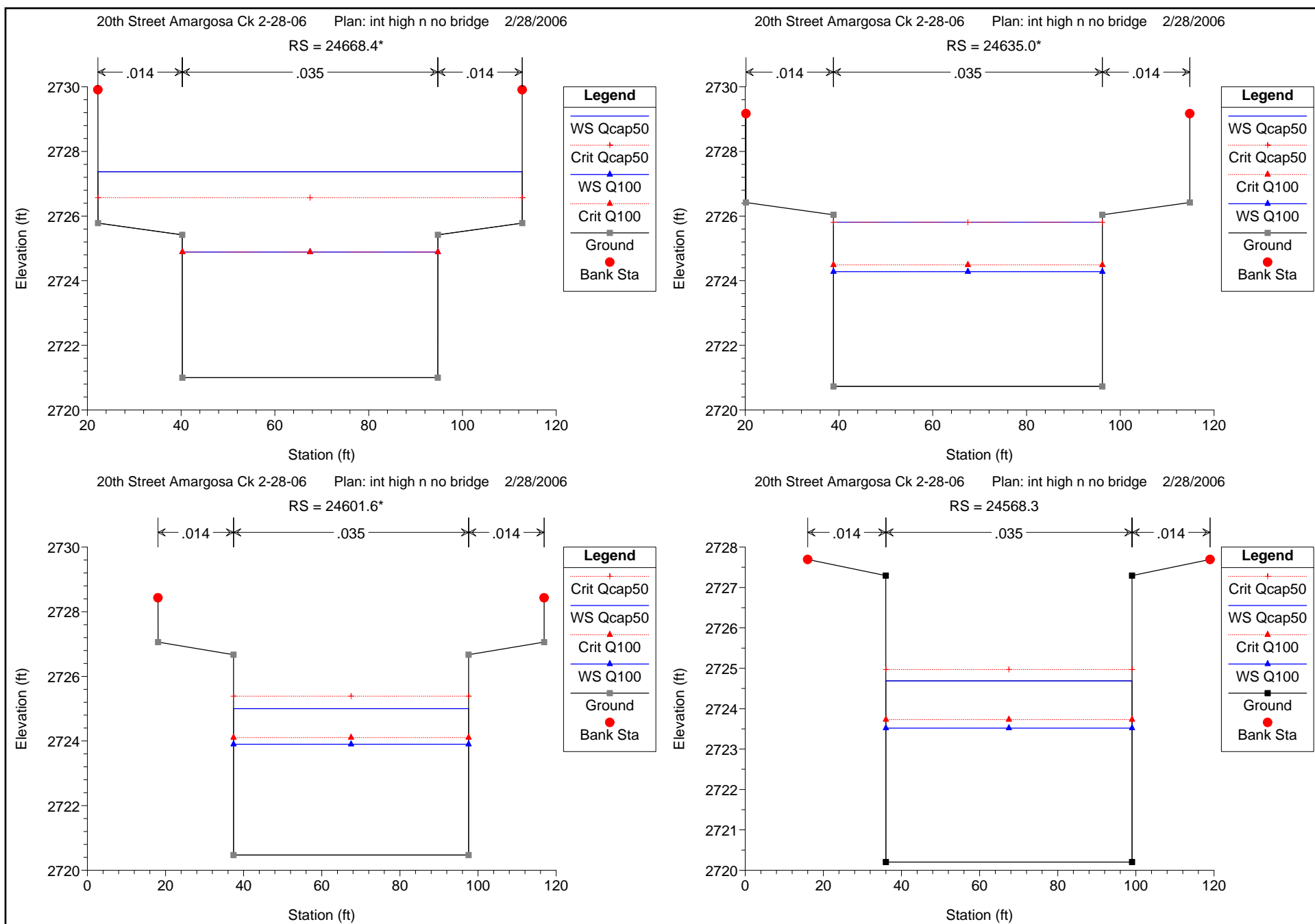
RS = 24735.2\*



20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int high n no bridge 2/28/2006

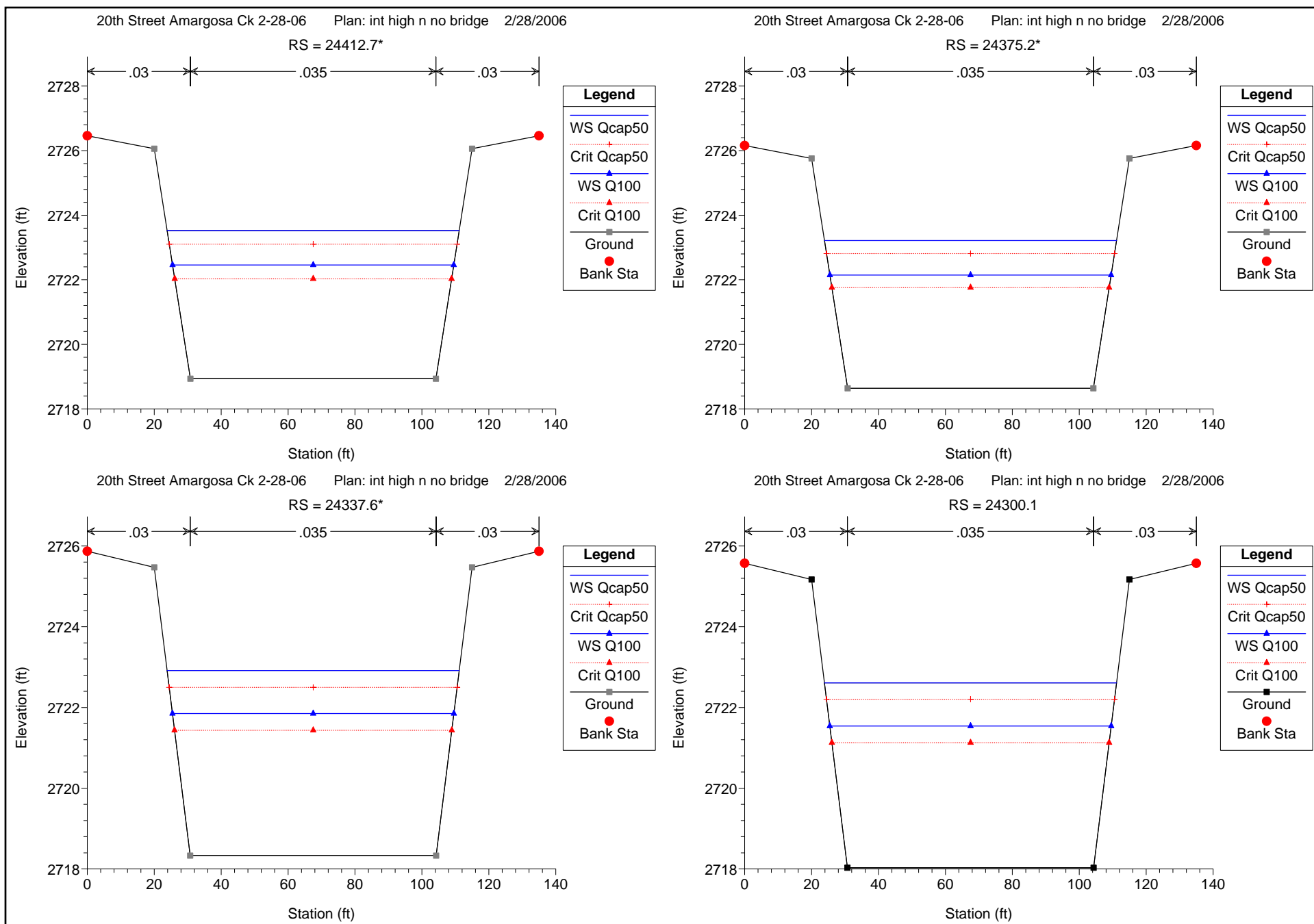
RS = 24701.8\*











HEC-RAS Plan: int hi n River: Amargosa Creek Reach: 1

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
1	25100	Qcap50	3695.00	2724.48	2729.24	2729.36	2731.44	0.008101	11.91	310.15	78.01	1.05
1	25100	Q100	2350.00	2724.48	2728.27	2728.27	2729.83	0.008183	10.01	234.87	78.00	1.02
1	25064.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2724.19	2728.98	2729.07	2731.15	0.007903	11.82	312.49	78.01	1.04
1	25064.5*	Q100	2350.00	2724.19	2727.98	2727.98	2729.54	0.008205	10.01	234.68	78.00	1.02
1	25029.0*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.91	2728.70	2728.79	2730.87	0.007903	11.82	312.49	78.01	1.04
1	25029.0*	Q100	2350.00	2723.91	2727.69	2727.74	2729.26	0.008304	10.05	233.82	78.00	1.02
1	24993.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.62	2728.47	2728.54	2730.58	0.007532	11.65	317.11	78.01	1.02
1	24993.6*	Q100	2350.00	2723.62	2727.40	2727.41	2728.97	0.008342	10.06	233.50	78.00	1.03
1	24958.1*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.33	2728.10	2728.25	2730.29	0.008034	11.88	310.94	78.01	1.05
1	24958.1*	Q100	2350.00	2723.33	2727.10	2727.12	2728.68	0.008396	10.08	233.04	78.00	1.03
1	24922.7	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.04	2727.82	2727.93	2730.01	0.007967	11.85	311.73	78.01	1.04
1	24922.7	Q100	2350.00	2723.04	2726.80	2726.84	2728.40	0.008506	10.12	232.13	78.00	1.03
1	24885.1*	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.74	2727.89	2727.62	2729.72	0.005949	10.84	340.74	78.01	0.91
1	24885.1*	Q100	2350.00	2722.74	2726.75	2726.57	2728.10	0.006517	9.34	251.67	78.00	0.92
1	24847.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.44	2727.80	2727.32	2729.46	0.005125	10.36	356.58	78.01	0.85
1	24847.5*	Q100	2350.00	2722.44	2726.61	2726.23	2727.84	0.005545	8.89	264.31	78.01	0.85
1	24810	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.13	2727.74	2727.05	2729.23	0.004306	9.83	376.03	78.01	0.79
1	24810	Q100	2350.00	2722.13	2726.53	2725.93	2727.61	0.004495	8.34	281.72	78.01	0.77
1	24768.6	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.80	2727.69	2726.68	2729.02	0.003564	9.27	398.41	78.01	0.72
1	24768.6	Q100	2350.00	2721.80	2726.46	2725.59	2727.40	0.003545	7.76	302.82	78.01	0.69
1	24735.2*	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.53	2727.60	2726.67	2728.89	0.003633	9.12	405.04	82.17	0.72
1	24735.2*	Q100	2350.00	2721.53	2726.32	2725.62	2727.27	0.003950	7.84	299.76	82.17	0.72
1	24701.8*	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.26	2727.49	2726.62	2728.76	0.003755	9.02	409.53	86.33	0.73
1	24701.8*	Q100	2350.00	2721.26	2726.07	2725.56	2727.12	0.004899	8.19	286.89	86.32	0.79
1	24668.4*	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.00	2727.37	2726.57	2728.63	0.003966	8.99	410.97	90.50	0.74
1	24668.4*	Q100	2350.00	2721.00	2724.89	2724.89	2726.80	0.011711	11.09	211.85	54.52	0.99
1	24635.0*	Qcap50	3695.00	2720.73	2725.81	2725.81	2728.31	0.010849	12.69	291.20	57.36	0.99
1	24635.0*	Q100	2350.00	2720.73	2724.28	2724.49	2726.35	0.014218	11.54	203.60	57.35	1.08

HEC-RAS Plan: int hi n River: Amargosa Creek Reach: 1 (Continued)

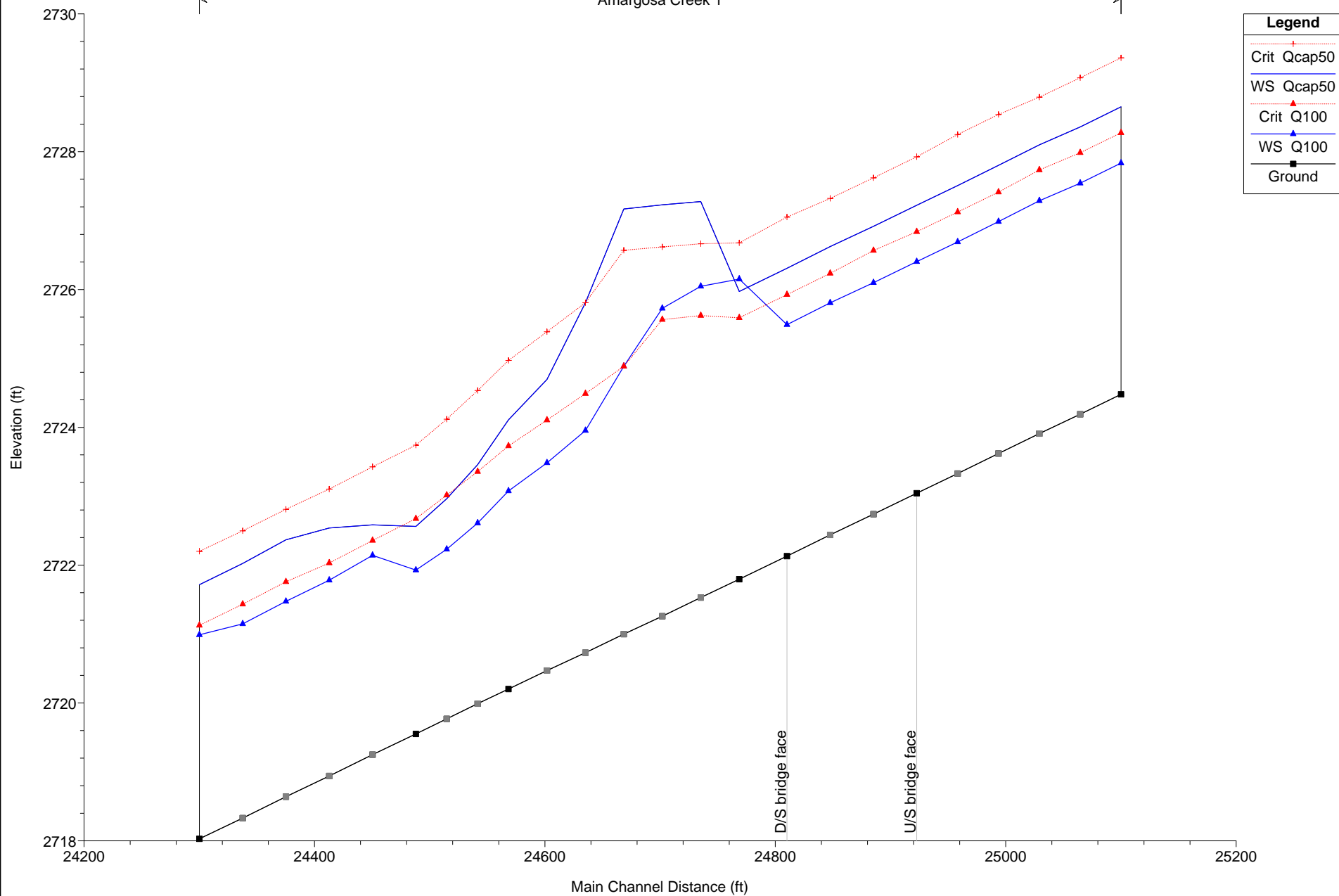
Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
1	24601.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2720.47	2725.00	2725.39	2727.85	0.014294	13.56	272.57	60.17	1.12
1	24601.6*	Q100	2350.00	2720.47	2723.90	2724.11	2725.91	0.014428	11.38	206.44	60.17	1.08
1	24568.3	Qcap50	3695.00	2720.20	2724.69	2724.97	2727.34	0.013439	13.07	282.61	63.01	1.09
1	24568.3	Q100	2350.00	2720.20	2723.52	2723.73	2725.48	0.014709	11.25	208.89	63.01	1.09
1	24541.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2719.99	2723.88	2724.54	2726.87	0.019138	13.87	266.31	70.40	1.26
1	24541.5*	Q100	2350.00	2719.99	2723.02	2723.36	2725.04	0.017724	11.41	205.96	69.51	1.17
1	24514.7*	Qcap50	3695.00	2719.77	2723.50	2724.12	2726.31	0.018825	13.45	274.71	77.45	1.26
1	24514.7*	Q100	2350.00	2719.77	2722.86	2723.02	2724.55	0.014276	10.41	225.81	76.15	1.07
1	24487.9	Qcap50	3695.00	2719.55	2723.27	2723.74	2725.73	0.016588	12.59	293.52	84.62	1.19
1	24487.9	Q100	2350.00	2719.55	2723.07	2722.67	2724.19	0.008120	8.50	276.41	84.00	0.83
1	24450.3*	Qcap50	3695.00	2719.25	2723.83	2723.43	2725.40	0.008164	10.06	367.41	87.27	0.86
1	24450.3*	Q100	2350.00	2719.25	2722.76	2722.36	2723.89	0.008169	8.52	275.94	84.01	0.83
1	24412.7*	Qcap50	3695.00	2718.94	2723.53	2723.10	2725.09	0.008091	10.03	368.49	87.30	0.86
1	24412.7*	Q100	2350.00	2718.94	2722.46	2722.03	2723.58	0.008084	8.49	276.89	84.05	0.82
1	24375.2*	Qcap50	3695.00	2718.64	2723.22	2722.81	2724.78	0.008153	10.05	367.67	87.29	0.86
1	24375.2*	Q100	2350.00	2718.64	2722.15	2721.76	2723.27	0.008150	8.51	276.24	84.06	0.83
1	24337.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2718.33	2722.92	2722.50	2724.48	0.008083	10.02	368.69	87.31	0.86
1	24337.6*	Q100	2350.00	2718.33	2721.85	2721.43	2722.96	0.008058	8.48	277.25	84.10	0.82
1	24300.1	Qcap50	3695.00	2718.03	2722.61	2722.20	2724.17	0.008103	10.03	368.47	87.32	0.86
1	24300.1	Q100	2350.00	2718.03	2721.54	2721.13	2722.66	0.008115	8.49	276.71	84.11	0.83

**Interim Conditions**

**Low Manning's  $n$   
(for scour evaluation)**

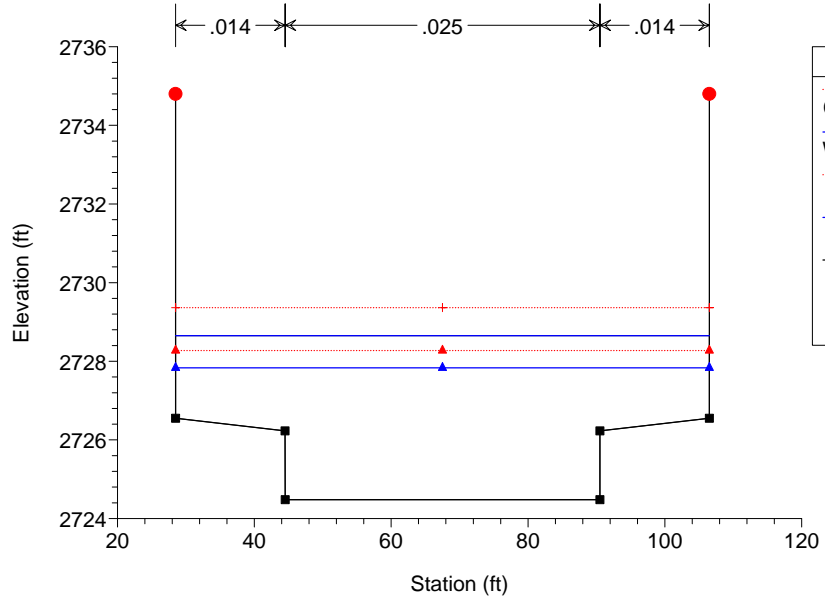
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int low n no bridge 2/28/2006

Amargosa Creek 1



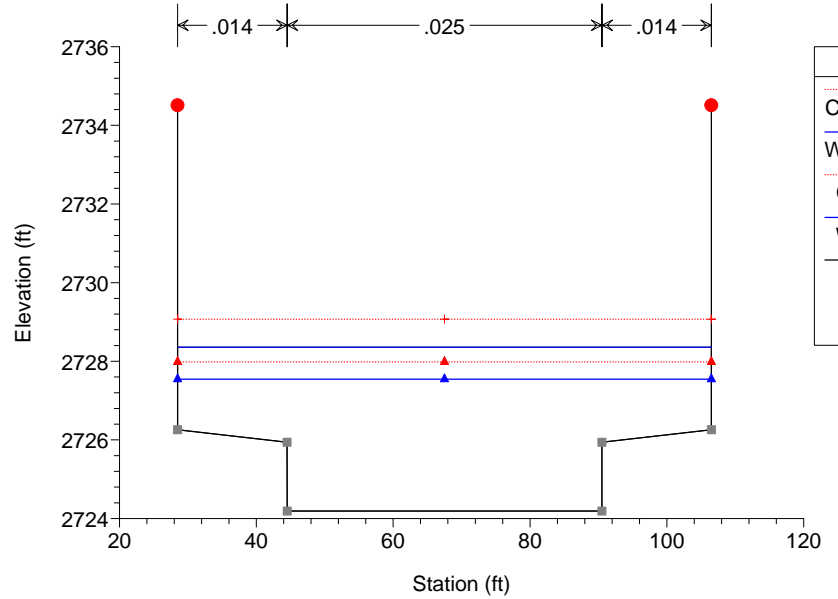
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int low n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 25100



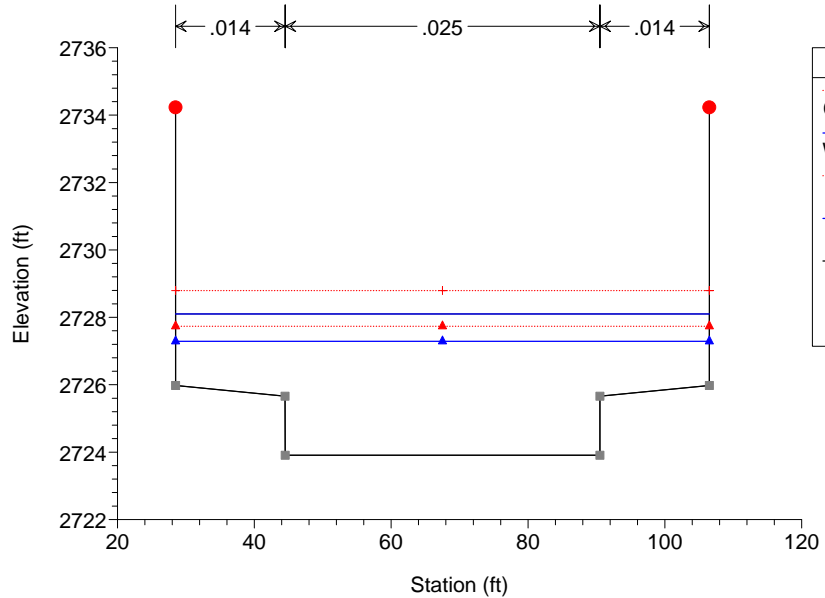
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int low n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 25064.5\*



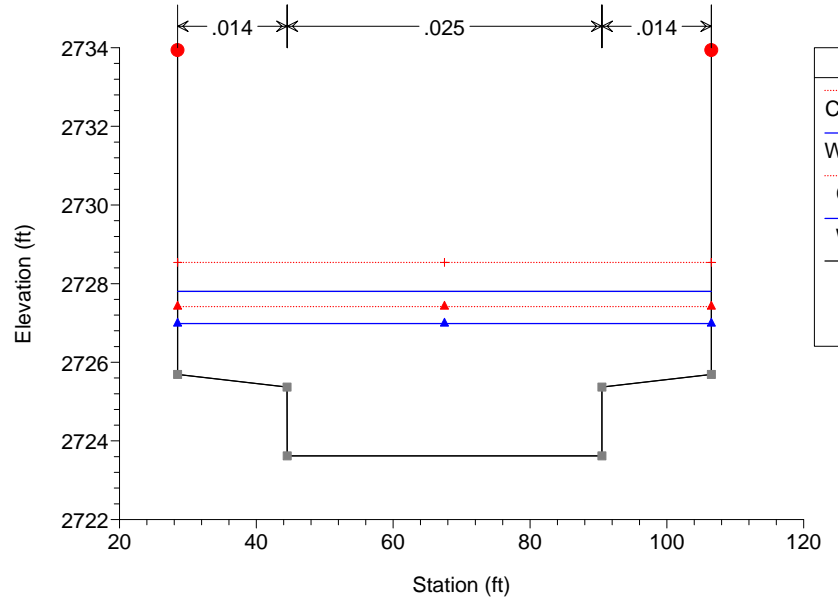
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int low n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 25029.0\*



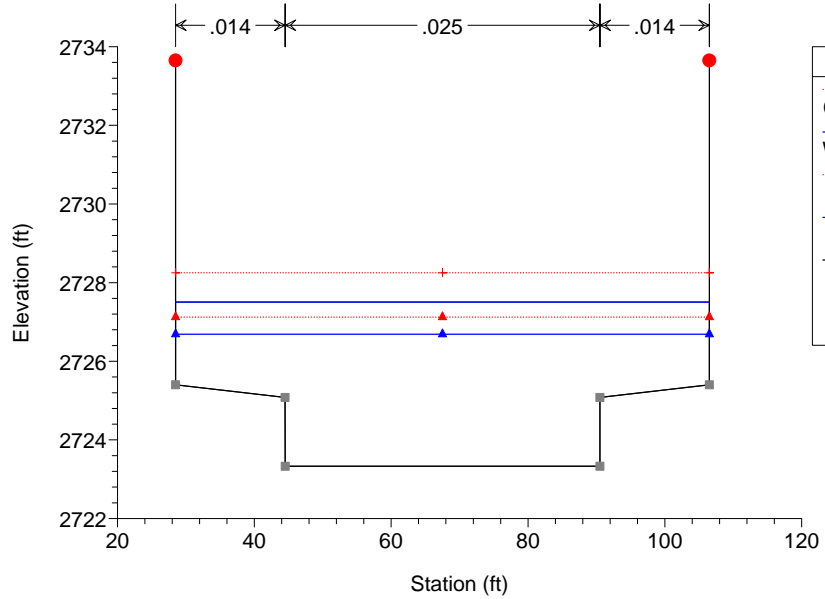
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RS = 24993.6\*



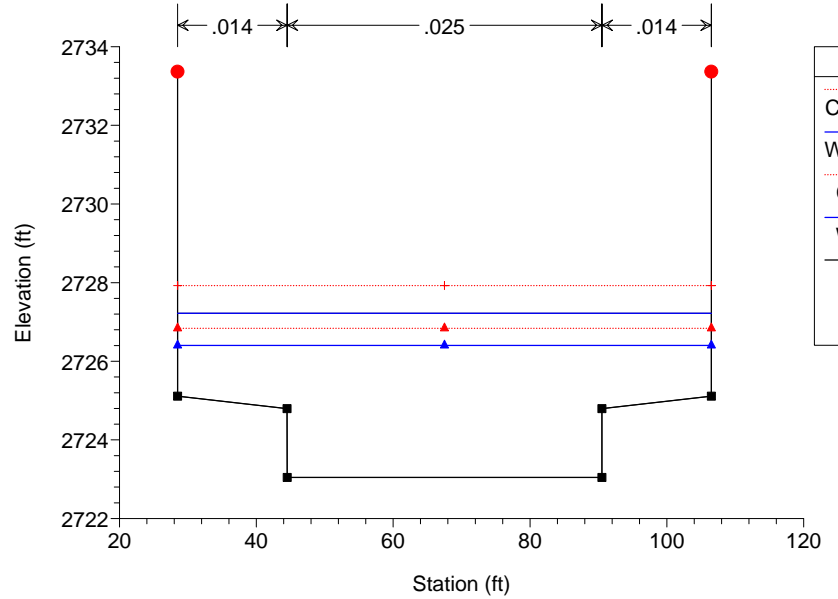
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RS = 24958.1\*



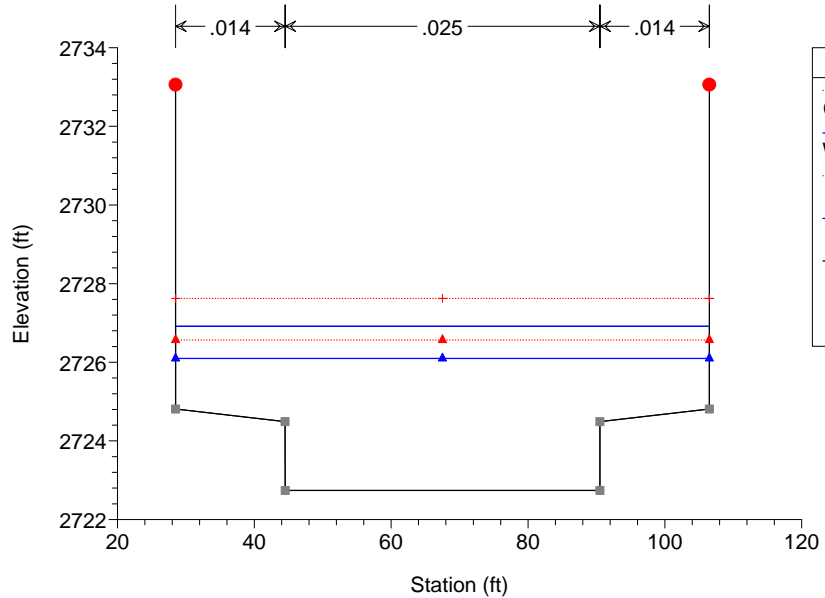
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int low n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24922.7



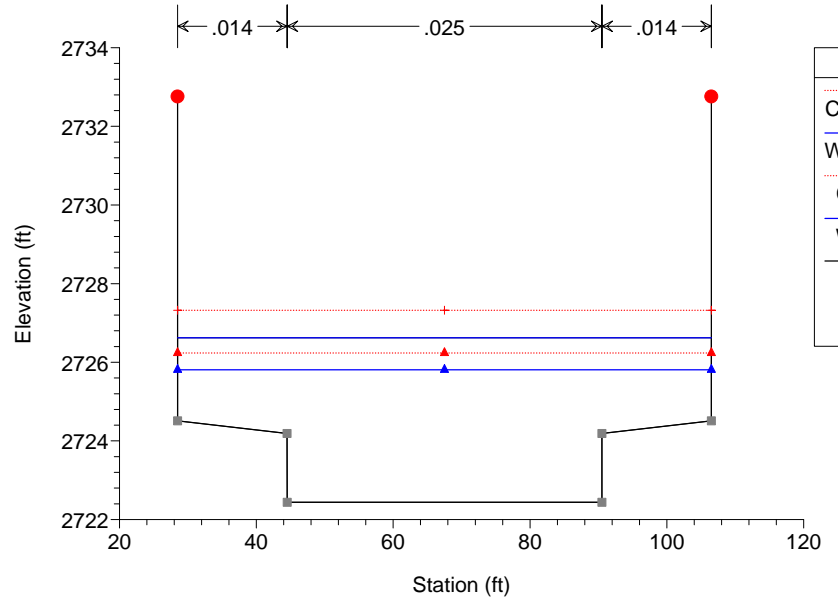
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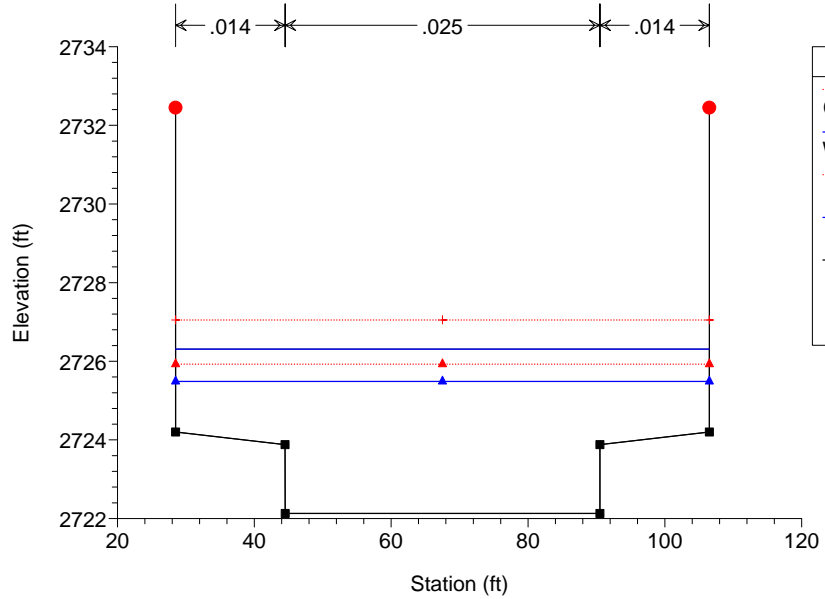
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RS = 24847.5\*



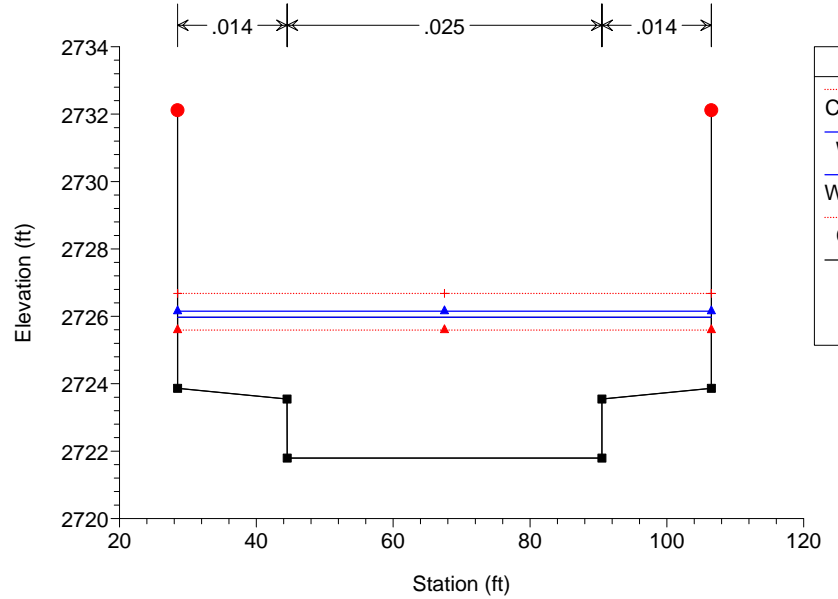
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int low n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24810



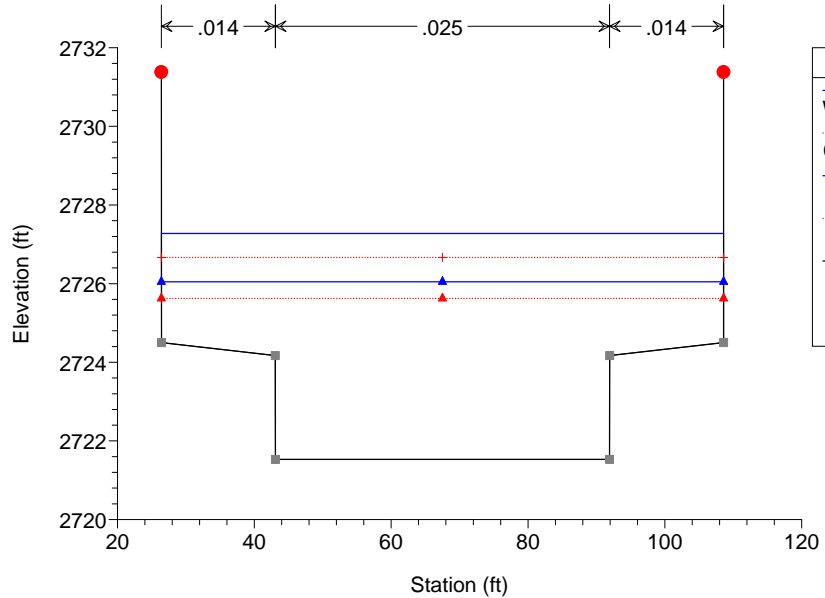
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int low n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24768.6



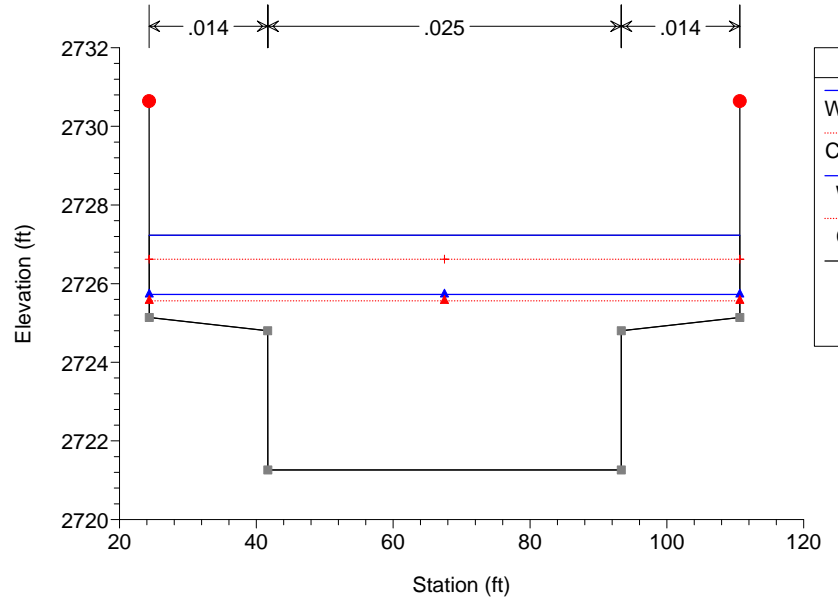
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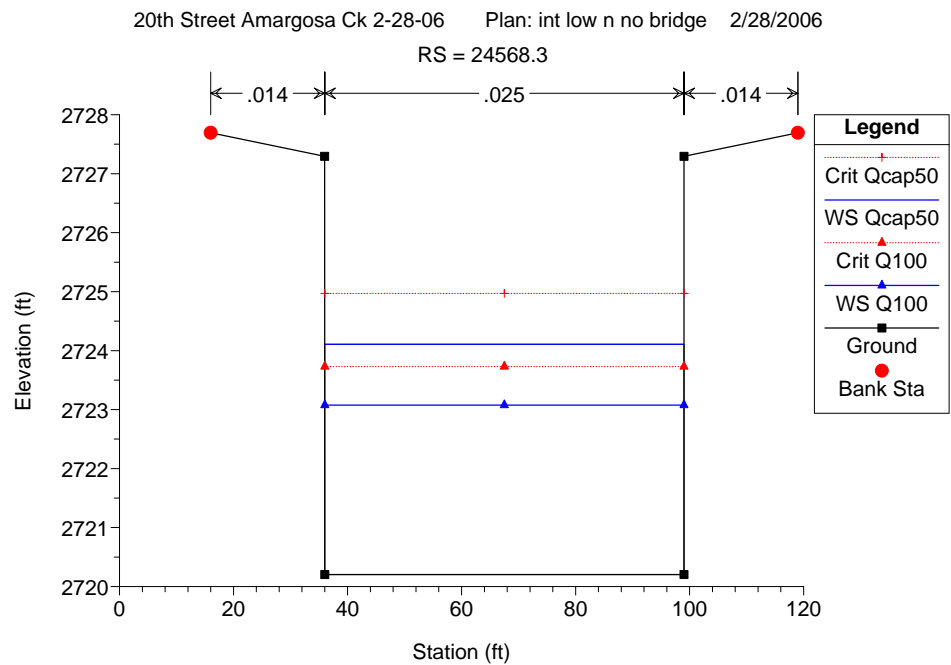
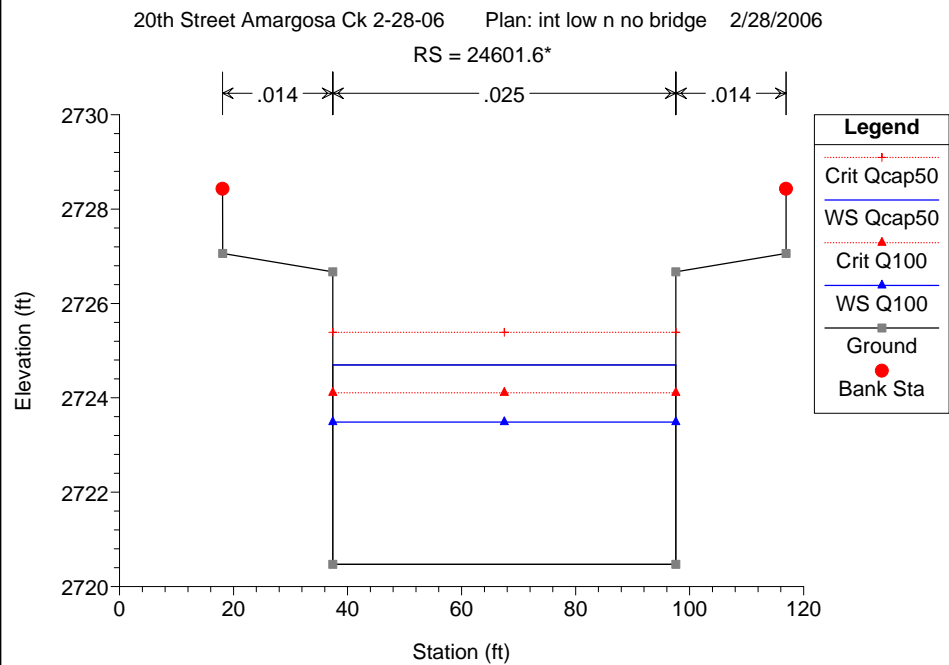
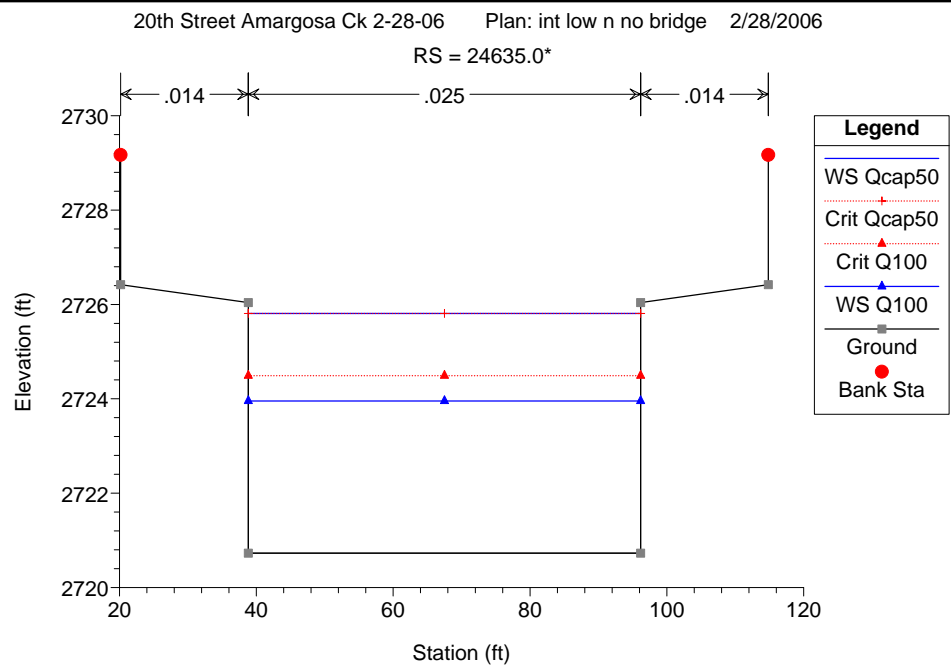
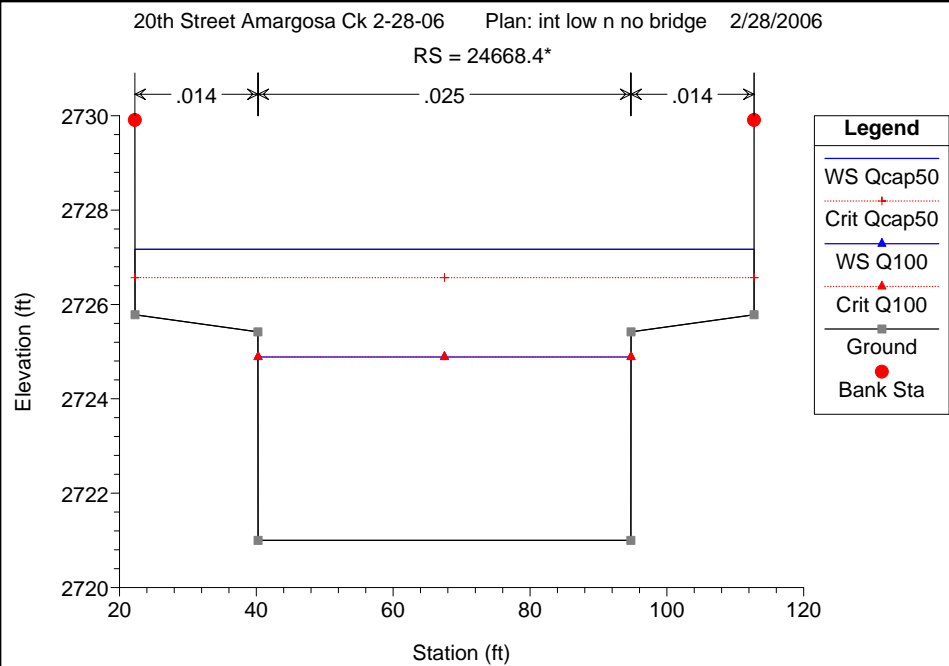


20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int low n no bridge 2/28/2006

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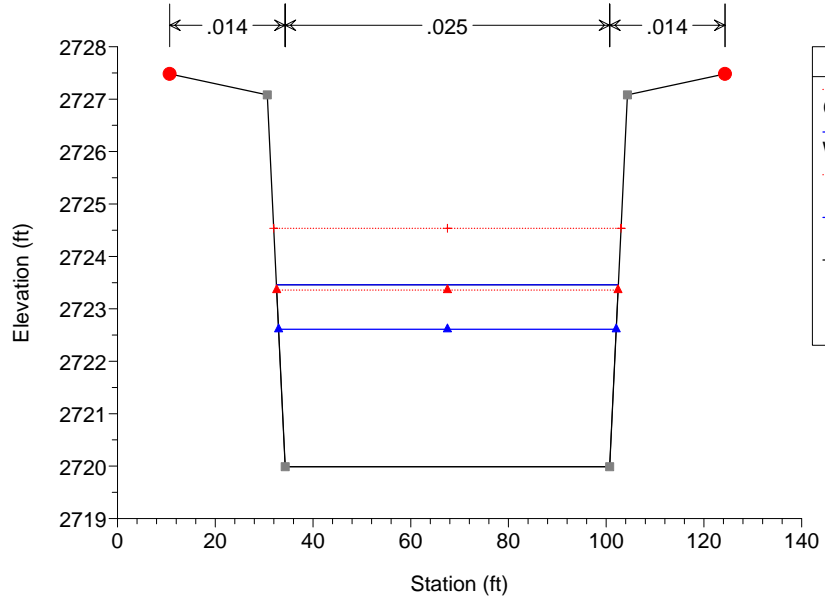






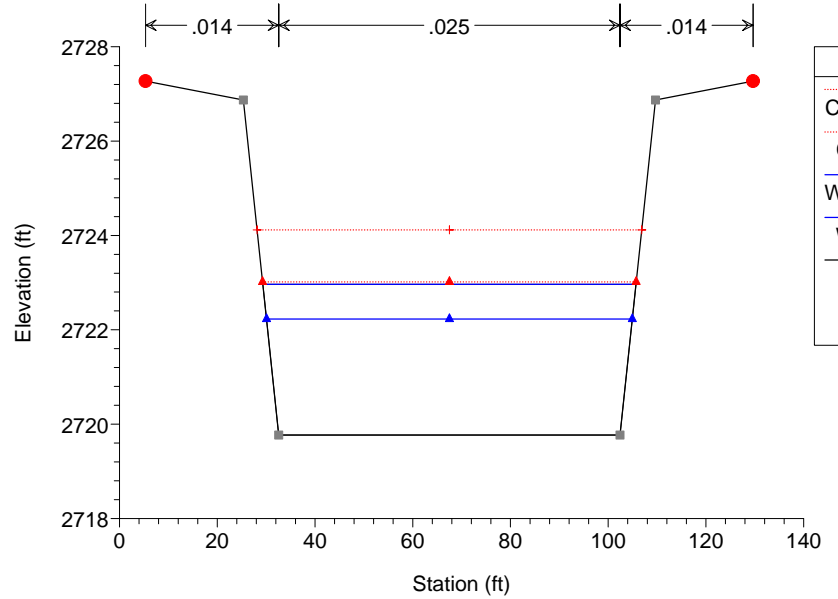
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int low n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24541.5\*



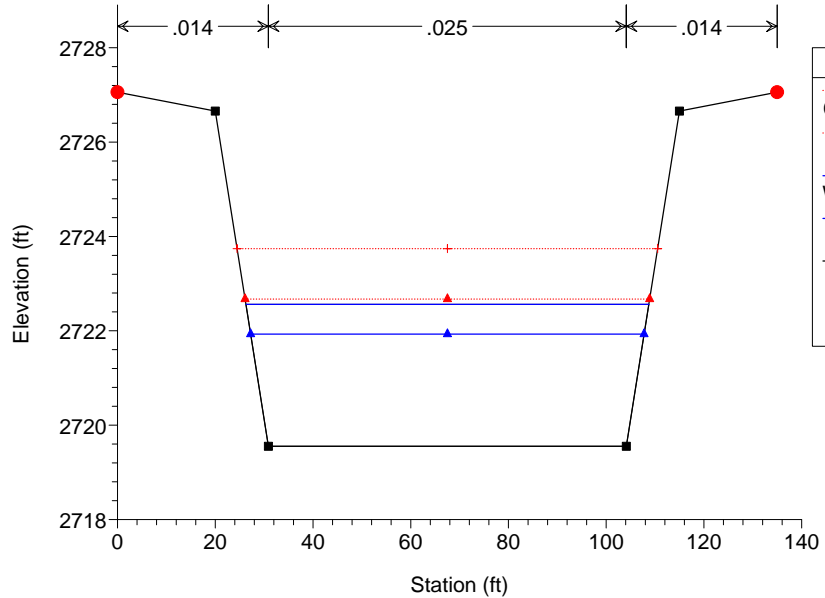
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int low n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24514.7\*



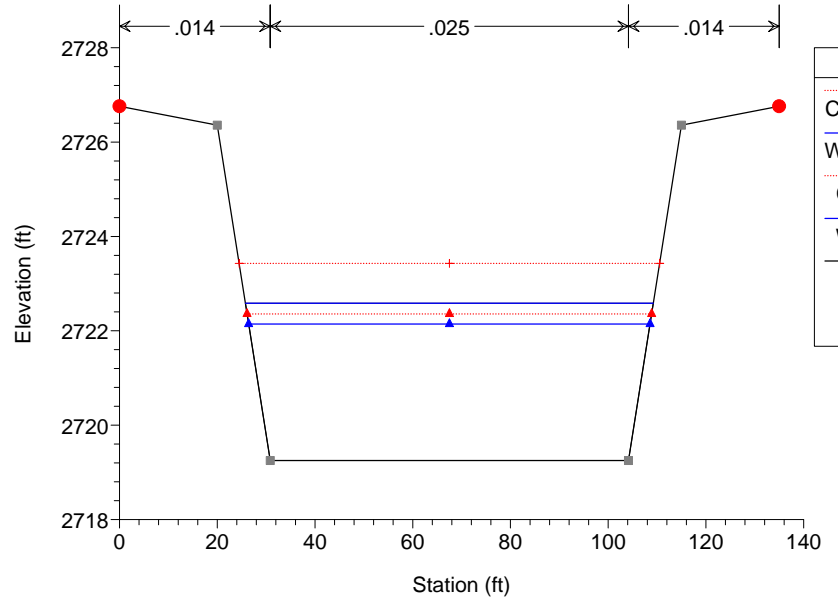
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int low n no bridge 2/28/2006

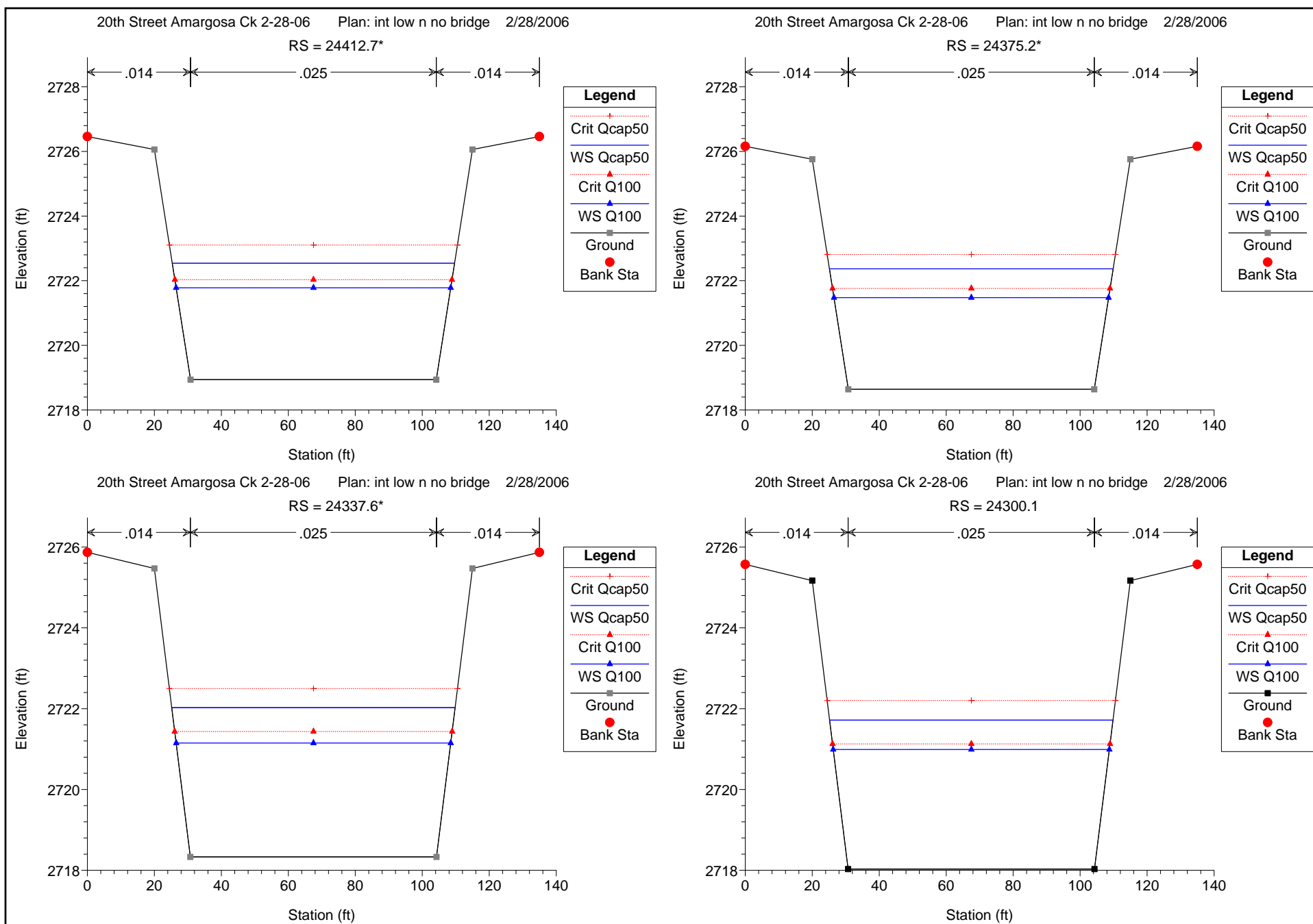
RS = 24487.9



20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int low n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24450.3\*





HEC-RAS Plan: int lo n River: Amargosa Creek Reach: 1

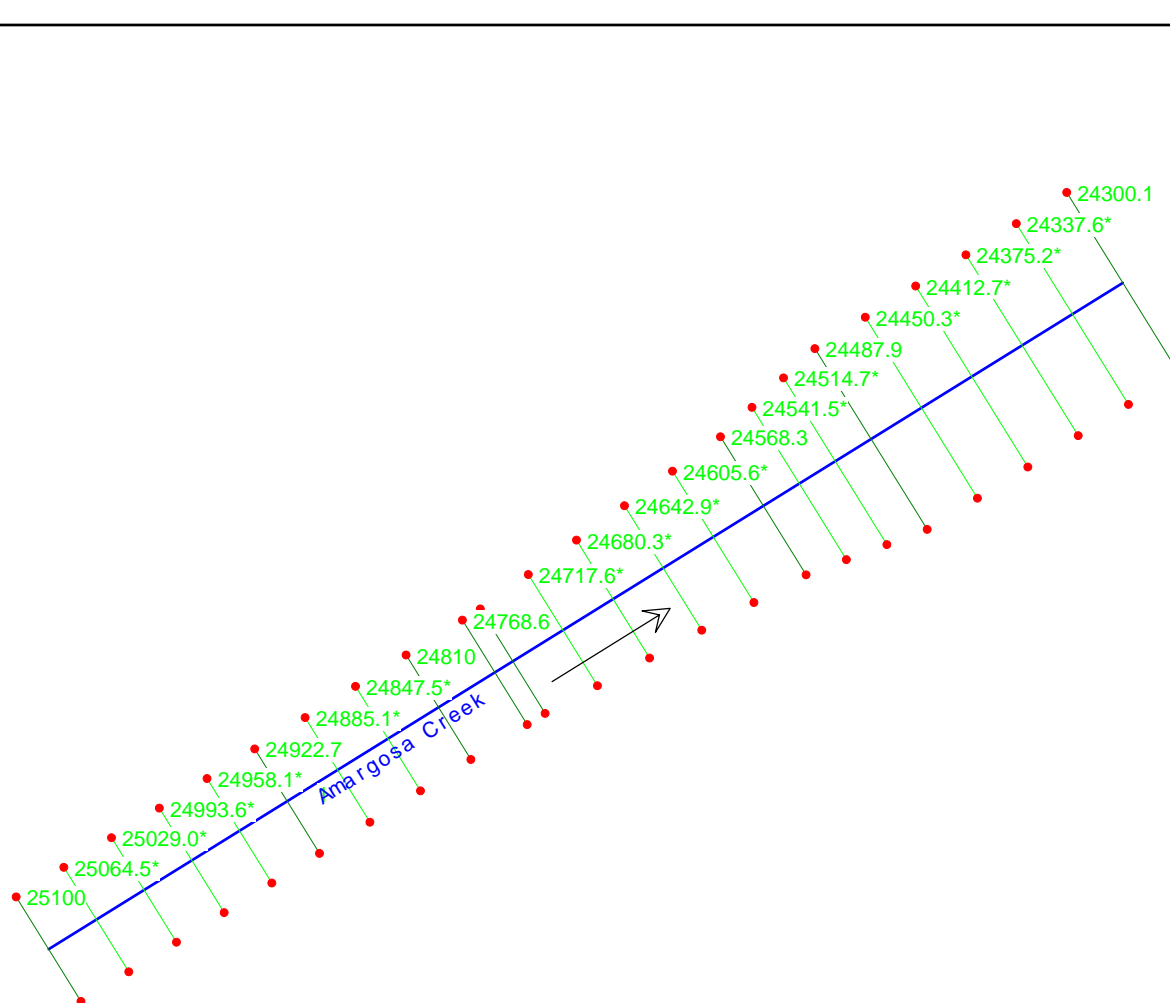
Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
1	25100	Qcap50	3695.00	2724.48	2728.65	2729.36	2731.69	0.008114	13.98	264.29	78.01	1.34
1	25100	Q100	2350.00	2724.48	2727.83	2728.27	2729.97	0.008115	11.72	200.55	78.00	1.29
1	25064.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2724.19	2728.36	2729.07	2731.40	0.008135	13.99	264.08	78.01	1.34
1	25064.5*	Q100	2350.00	2724.19	2727.54	2727.98	2729.68	0.008128	11.72	200.46	78.00	1.29
1	25029.0*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.91	2728.10	2728.79	2731.10	0.007982	13.91	265.63	78.01	1.33
1	25029.0*	Q100	2350.00	2723.91	2727.29	2727.74	2729.38	0.007882	11.61	202.34	78.00	1.27
1	24993.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.62	2727.80	2728.54	2730.82	0.008030	13.94	265.13	78.01	1.33
1	24993.6*	Q100	2350.00	2723.62	2726.99	2727.41	2729.10	0.007999	11.67	201.43	78.00	1.28
1	24958.1*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.33	2727.51	2728.25	2730.53	0.008068	13.96	264.75	78.01	1.34
1	24958.1*	Q100	2350.00	2723.33	2726.69	2727.12	2728.81	0.008064	11.70	200.94	78.00	1.28
1	24922.7	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.04	2727.22	2727.93	2730.25	0.008063	13.95	264.81	78.01	1.33
1	24922.7	Q100	2350.00	2723.04	2726.41	2726.84	2728.53	0.008052	11.69	201.03	78.00	1.28
1	24885.1*	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.74	2726.92	2727.62	2729.94	0.008072	13.96	264.71	78.01	1.34
1	24885.1*	Q100	2350.00	2722.74	2726.10	2726.57	2728.22	0.008070	11.70	200.89	78.00	1.28
1	24847.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.44	2726.62	2727.32	2729.64	0.008023	13.93	265.21	78.01	1.33
1	24847.5*	Q100	2350.00	2722.44	2725.81	2726.23	2727.92	0.007985	11.66	201.54	78.00	1.28
1	24810	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.13	2726.31	2727.05	2729.33	0.008076	13.96	264.68	78.01	1.34
1	24810	Q100	2350.00	2722.13	2725.49	2725.93	2727.62	0.008077	11.70	200.84	78.00	1.29
1	24768.6	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.80	2725.97	2726.68	2729.00	0.008084	13.96	264.60	78.01	1.34
1	24768.6	Q100	2350.00	2721.80	2726.15	2725.59	2727.26	0.002760	8.43	278.67	78.01	0.79
1	24735.2*	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.53	2727.28	2726.67	2728.76	0.002694	9.76	378.74	82.17	0.80
1	24735.2*	Q100	2350.00	2721.53	2726.05	2725.62	2727.16	0.003003	8.46	277.70	82.16	0.81
1	24701.8*	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.26	2727.23	2726.62	2728.65	0.002691	9.55	386.72	86.33	0.80
1	24701.8*	Q100	2350.00	2721.26	2725.73	2725.56	2727.03	0.004147	9.14	257.05	86.32	0.93
1	24668.4*	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.00	2727.17	2726.57	2728.54	0.002729	9.41	392.69	90.49	0.80
1	24668.4*	Q100	2350.00	2721.00	2724.89	2724.89	2726.80	0.006158	11.09	211.85	54.52	0.99

HEC-RAS Plan: int lo n River: Amargosa Creek Reach: 1 (Continued)

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
1	24635.0*	Qcap50	3695.00	2720.73	2725.81	2725.81	2728.31	0.005744	12.69	291.20	57.36	0.99
1	24635.0*	Q100	2350.00	2720.73	2723.95	2724.49	2726.46	0.010218	12.71	184.83	57.35	1.25
1	24601.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2720.47	2724.70	2725.39	2727.98	0.009444	14.53	254.24	60.17	1.25
1	24601.6*	Q100	2350.00	2720.47	2723.49	2724.11	2726.09	0.011519	12.95	181.41	60.17	1.31
1	24568.3	Qcap50	3695.00	2720.20	2724.11	2724.97	2727.61	0.011101	15.02	246.07	63.01	1.34
1	24568.3	Q100	2350.00	2720.20	2723.08	2723.73	2725.69	0.012272	12.98	181.04	63.01	1.35
1	24541.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2719.99	2723.46	2724.54	2727.25	0.013553	15.63	236.45	69.96	1.50
1	24541.5*	Q100	2350.00	2719.99	2722.61	2723.36	2725.33	0.014019	13.23	177.58	69.09	1.45
1	24514.7*	Qcap50	3695.00	2719.77	2722.96	2724.12	2726.85	0.015231	15.83	233.44	76.35	1.60
1	24514.7*	Q100	2350.00	2719.77	2722.23	2723.02	2724.94	0.014986	13.21	177.94	74.85	1.51
1	24487.9	Qcap50	3695.00	2719.55	2722.56	2723.74	2726.43	0.016210	15.77	234.25	82.45	1.65
1	24487.9	Q100	2350.00	2719.55	2721.93	2722.67	2724.50	0.014762	12.86	182.71	80.51	1.50
1	24450.3*	Qcap50	3695.00	2719.25	2722.59	2723.43	2725.69	0.011348	14.13	261.45	83.48	1.41
1	24450.3*	Q100	2350.00	2719.25	2722.14	2722.36	2723.84	0.007512	10.46	224.75	82.13	1.11
1	24412.7*	Qcap50	3695.00	2718.94	2722.54	2723.10	2725.17	0.008703	13.02	283.76	84.30	1.25
1	24412.7*	Q100	2350.00	2718.94	2721.78	2722.03	2723.54	0.007972	10.65	220.75	82.00	1.14
1	24375.2*	Qcap50	3695.00	2718.64	2722.37	2722.81	2724.81	0.007693	12.53	294.85	84.73	1.18
1	24375.2*	Q100	2350.00	2718.64	2721.48	2721.76	2723.24	0.008023	10.66	220.39	82.03	1.15
1	24337.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2718.33	2722.03	2722.50	2724.51	0.007931	12.65	292.14	84.63	1.20
1	24337.6*	Q100	2350.00	2718.33	2721.15	2721.43	2722.94	0.008180	10.72	219.13	81.99	1.16
1	24300.1	Qcap50	3695.00	2718.03	2721.72	2722.20	2724.21	0.007986	12.67	291.62	84.64	1.20
1	24300.1	Q100	2350.00	2718.03	2720.99	2721.13	2722.60	0.006901	10.18	230.94	82.46	1.07

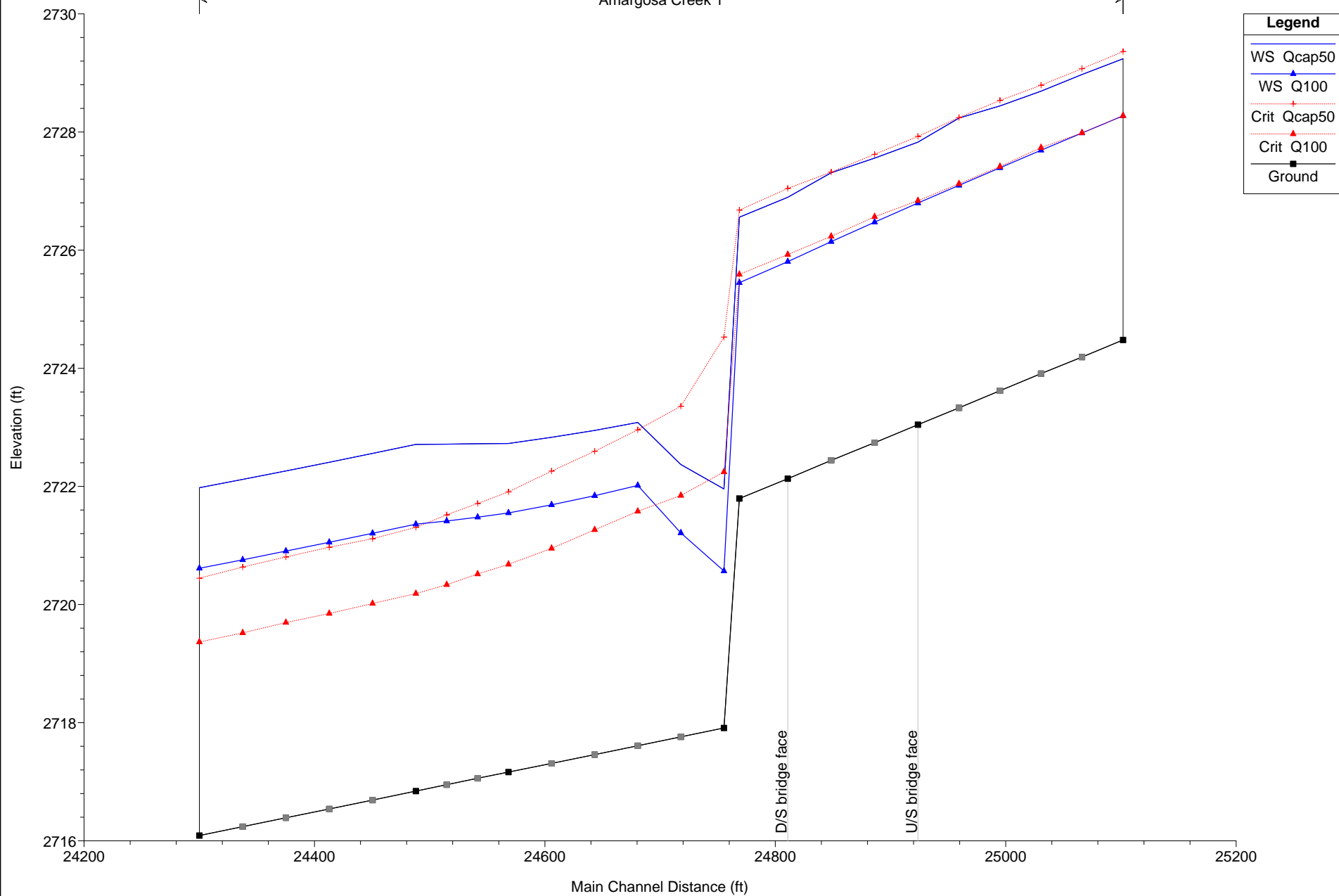
**Ultimate Conditions**

**High Manning's  $n$   
(for freeboard evaluation)**



20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n no bridge 2/28/2006

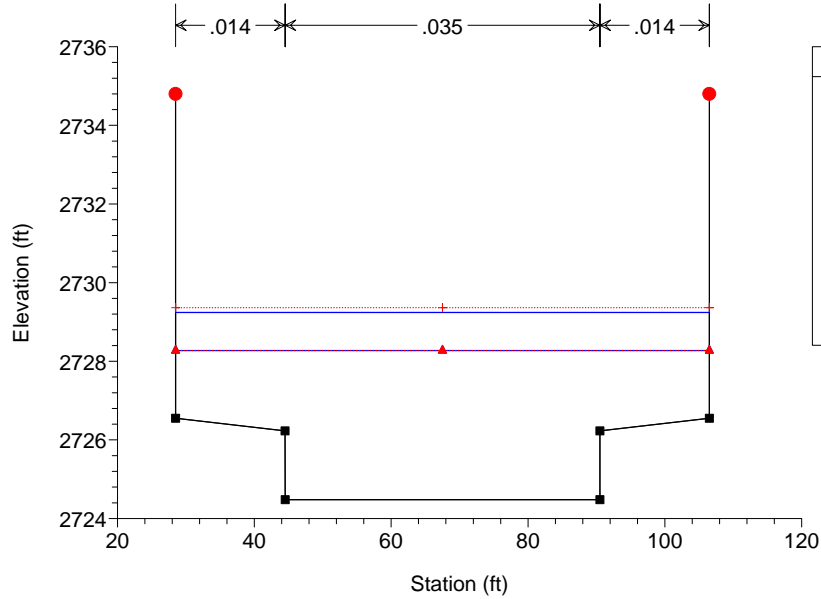
Amargosa Creek 1





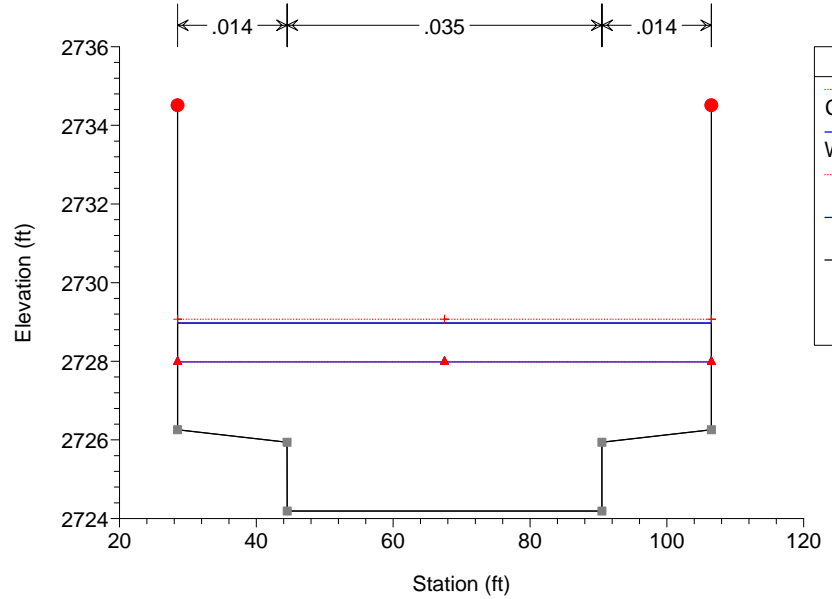
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 25100



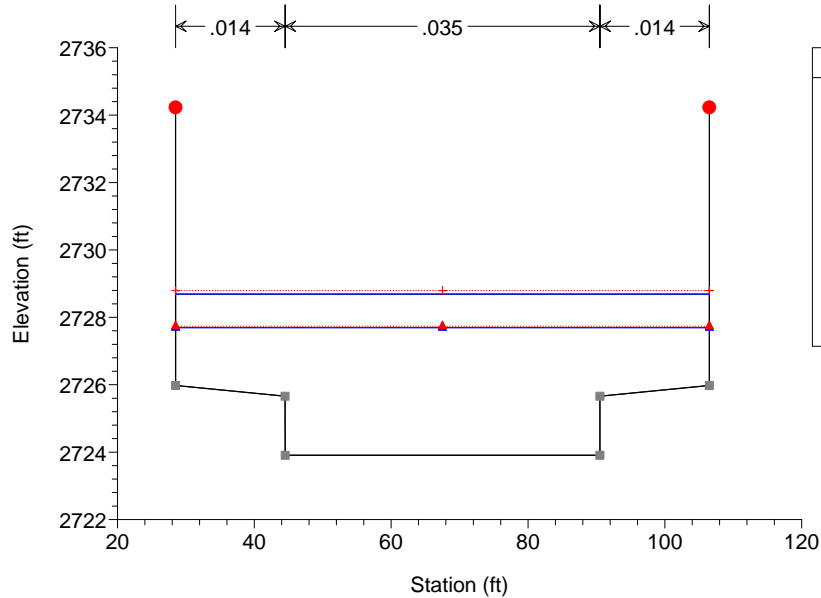
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 25064.5\*



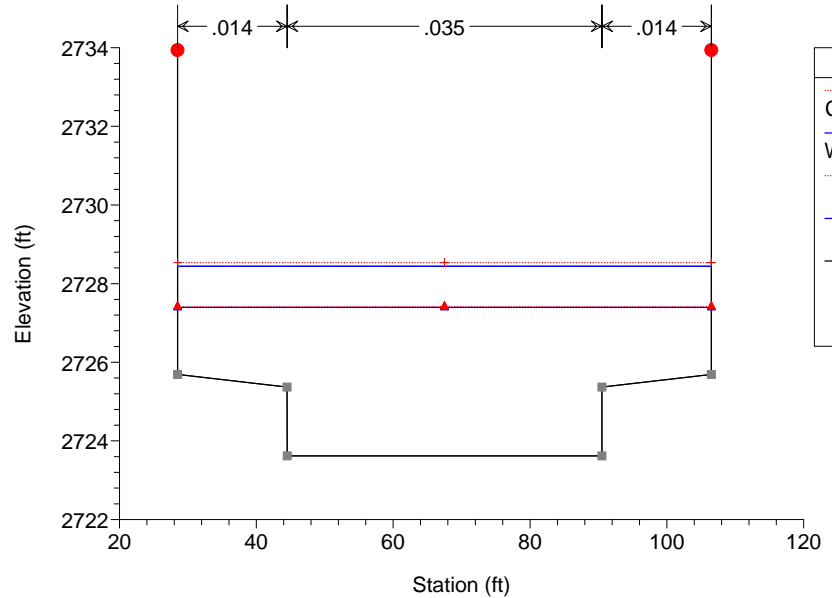
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 25029.0\*



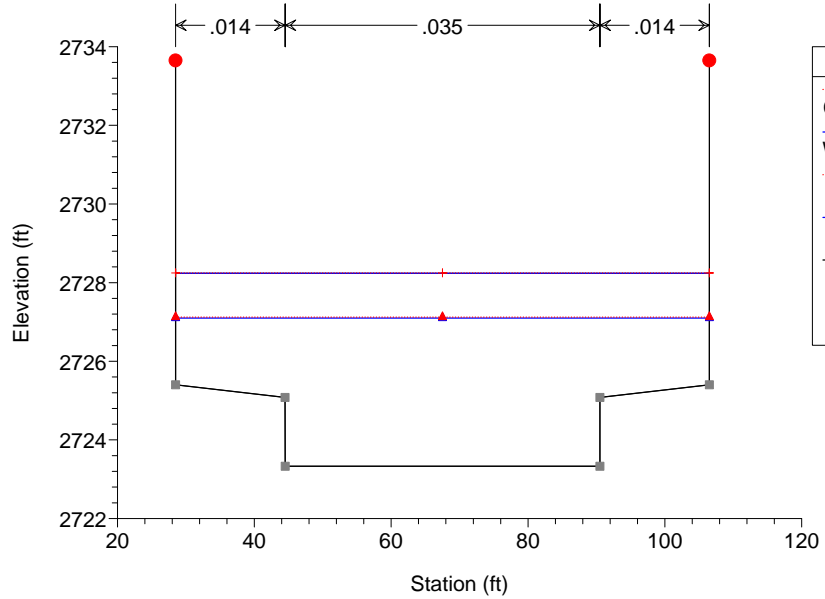
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24993.6\*



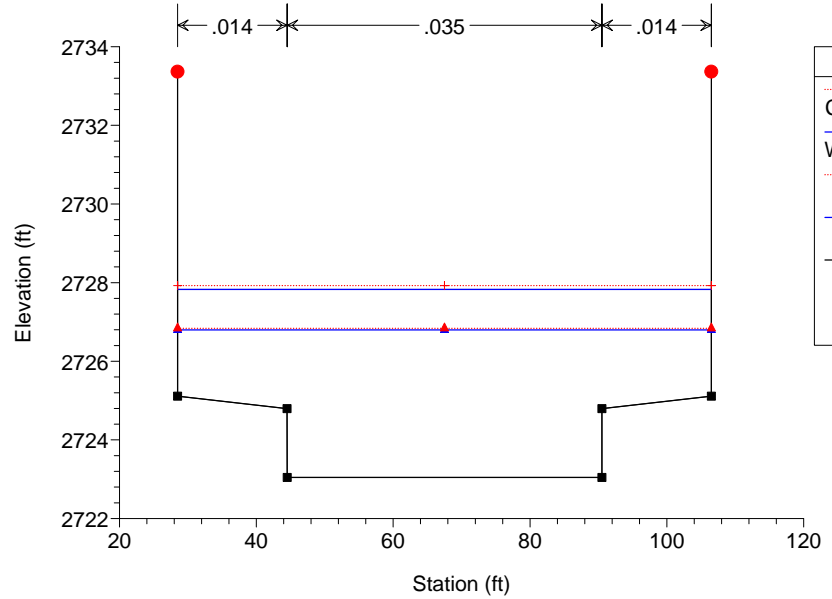
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24958.1\*



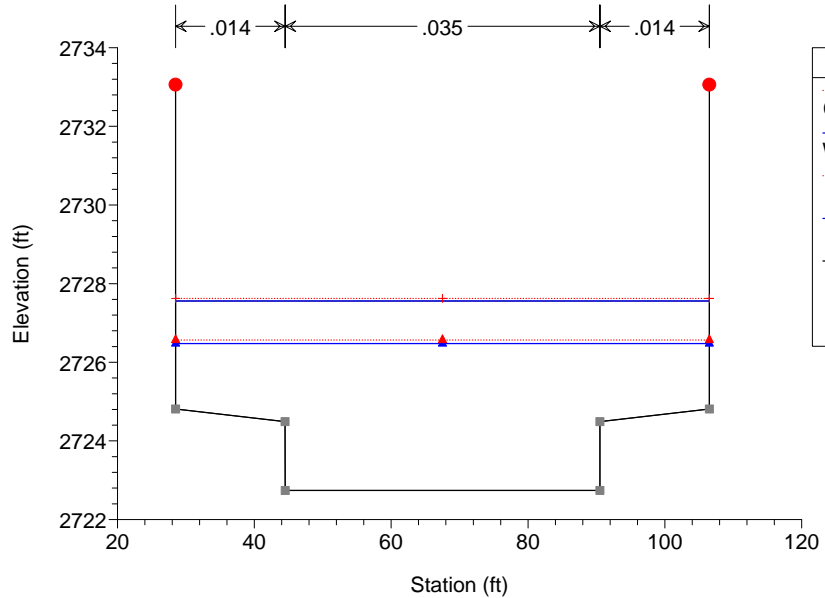
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24922.7



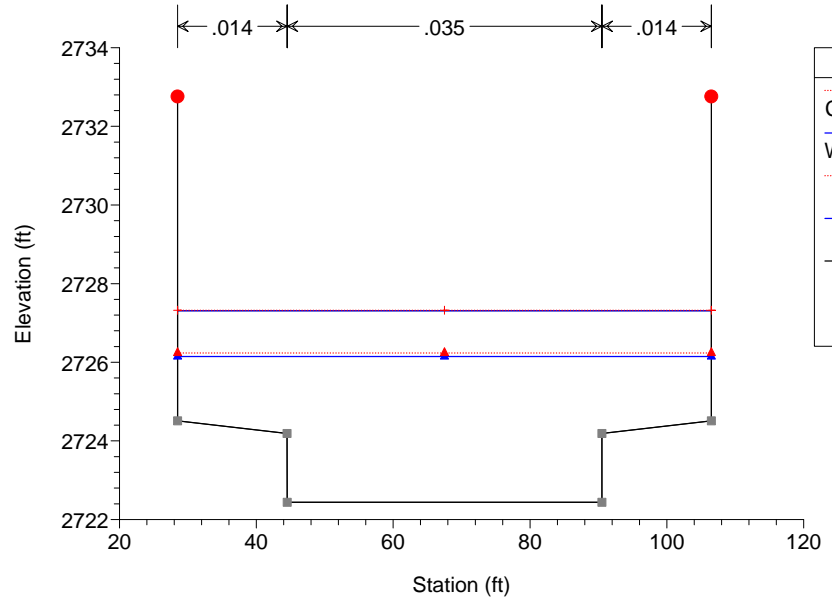
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24885.1\*



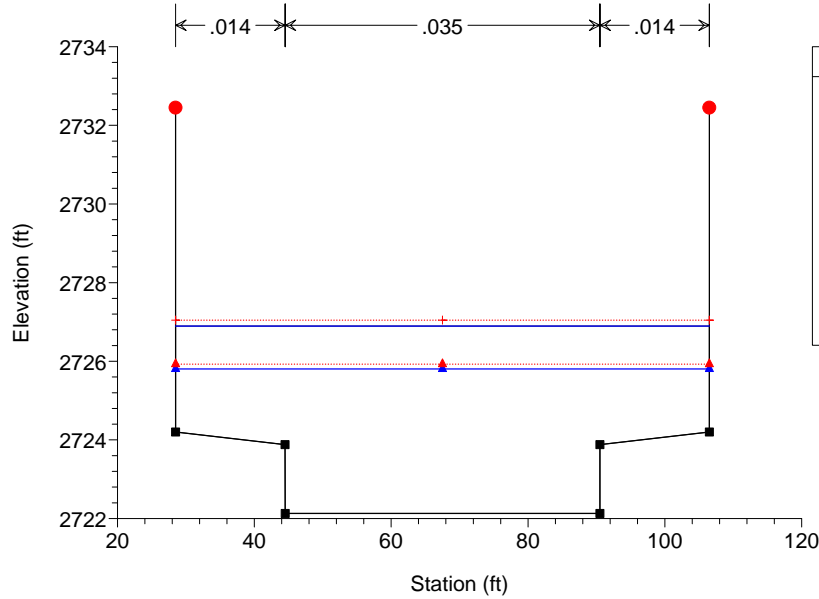
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24847.5\*



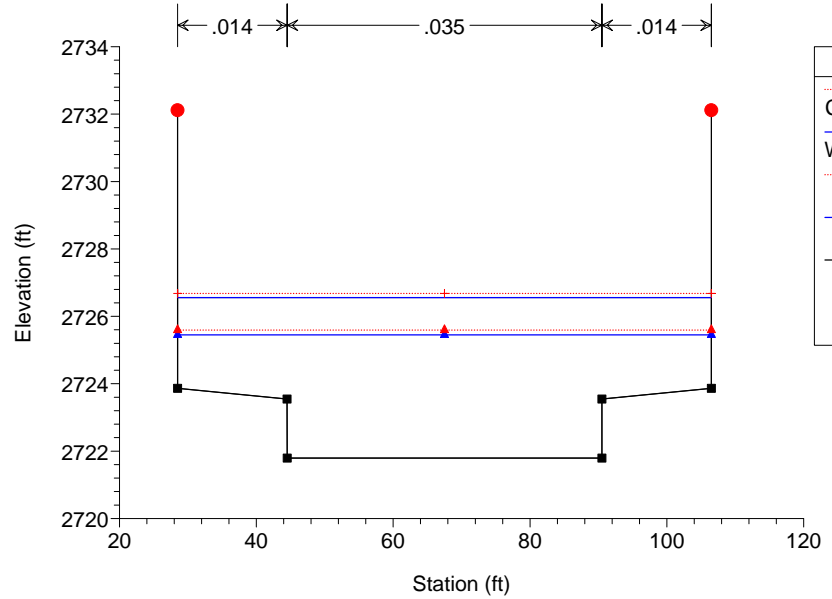
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24810



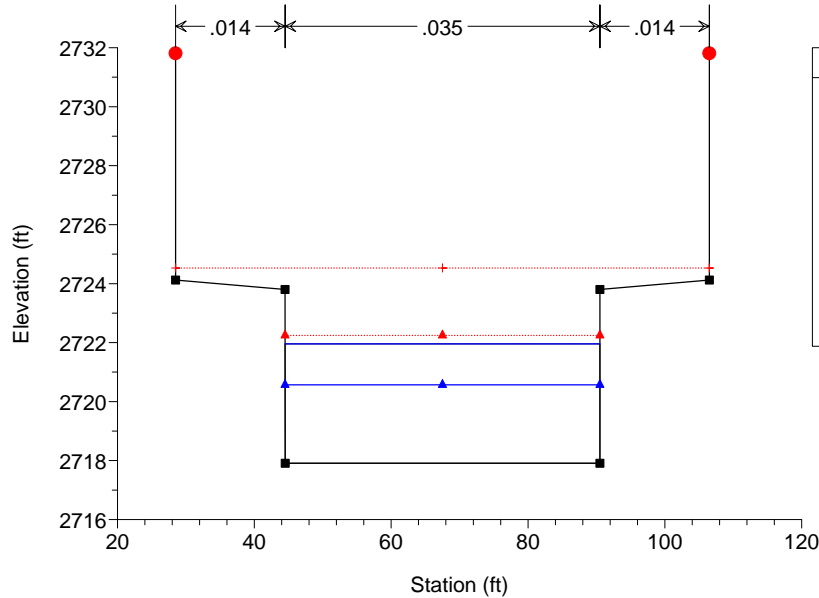
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24768.6



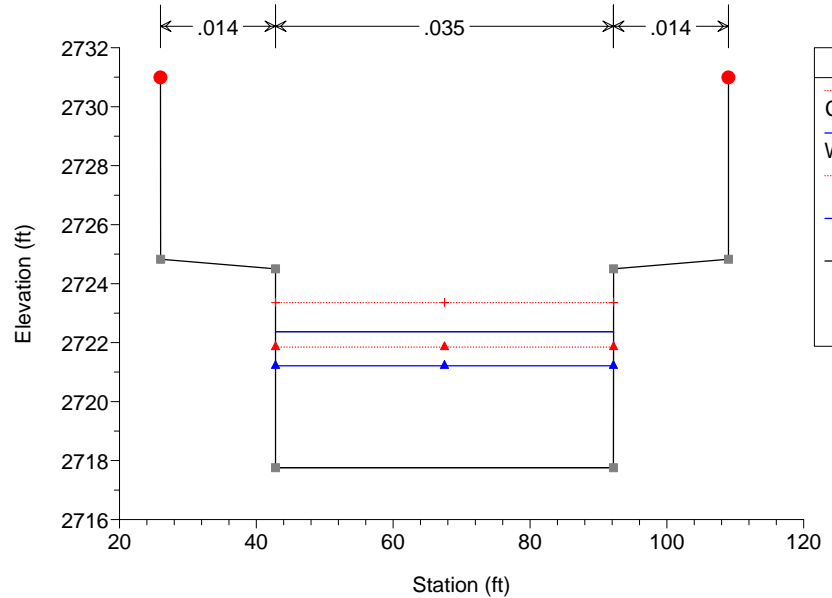
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n no bridge 2/28/2006

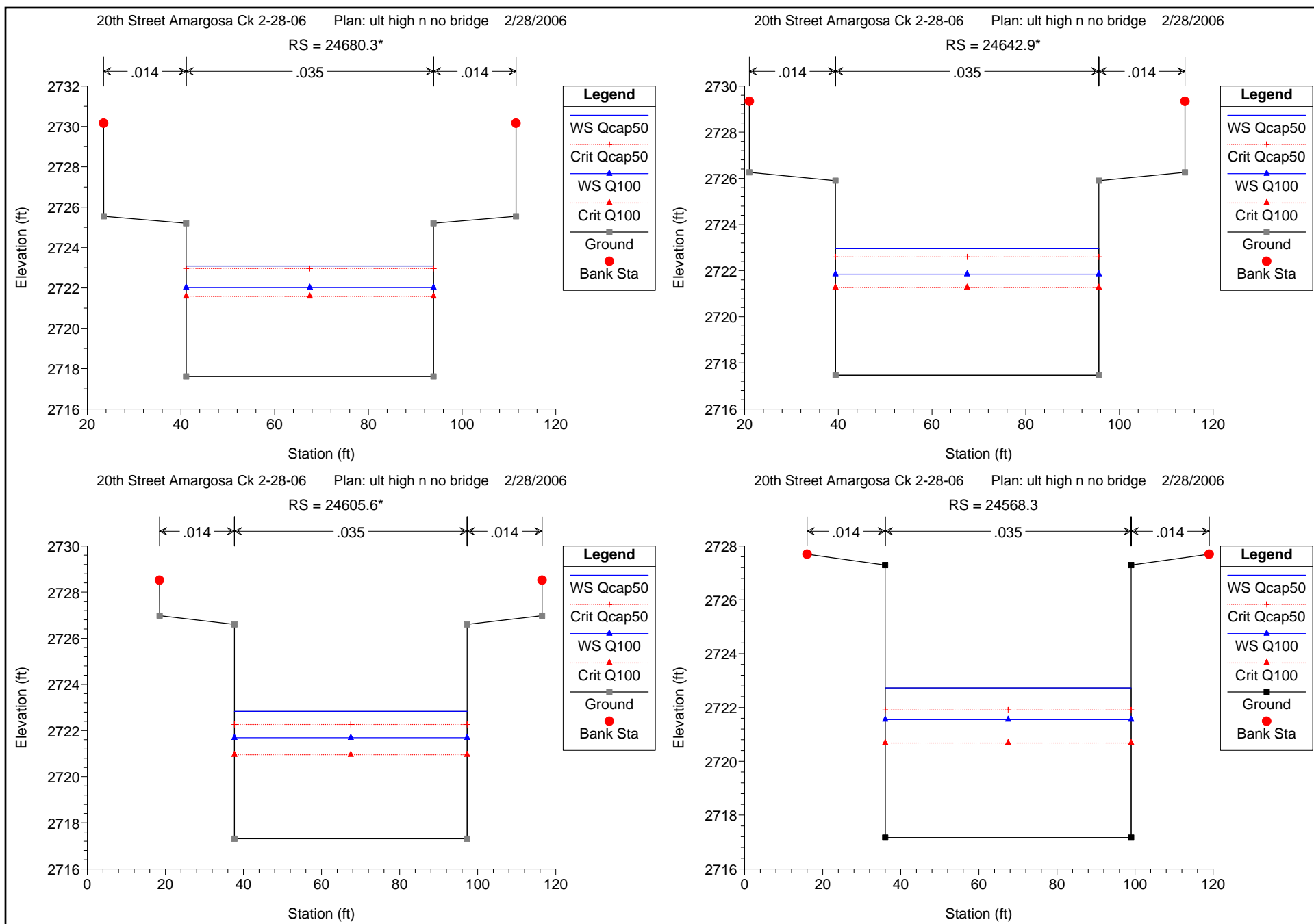
RS = 24755



20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n no bridge 2/28/2006

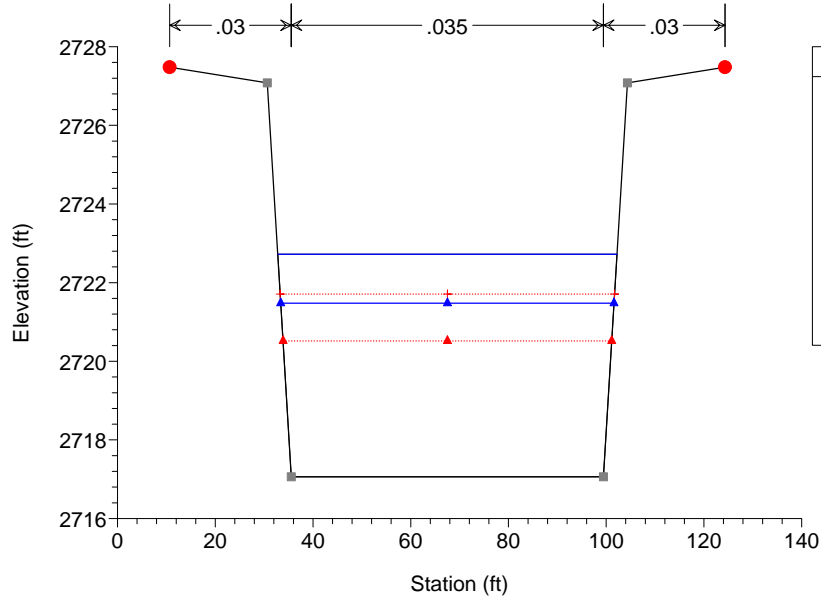
RS = 24717.6\*





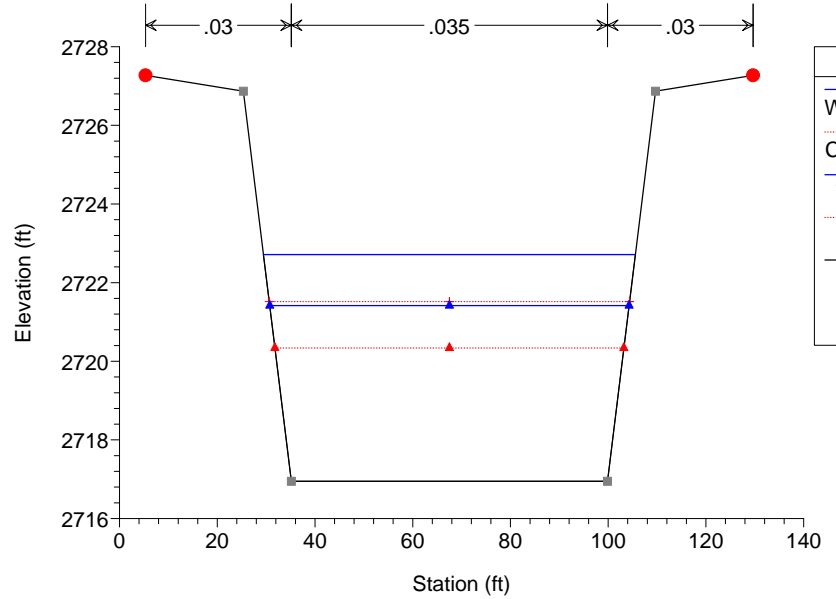
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24541.5\*



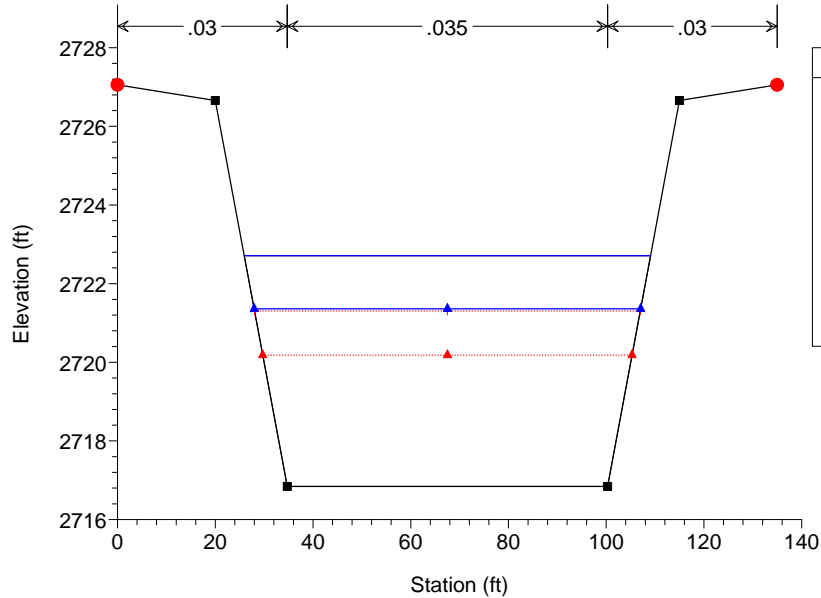
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24514.7\*



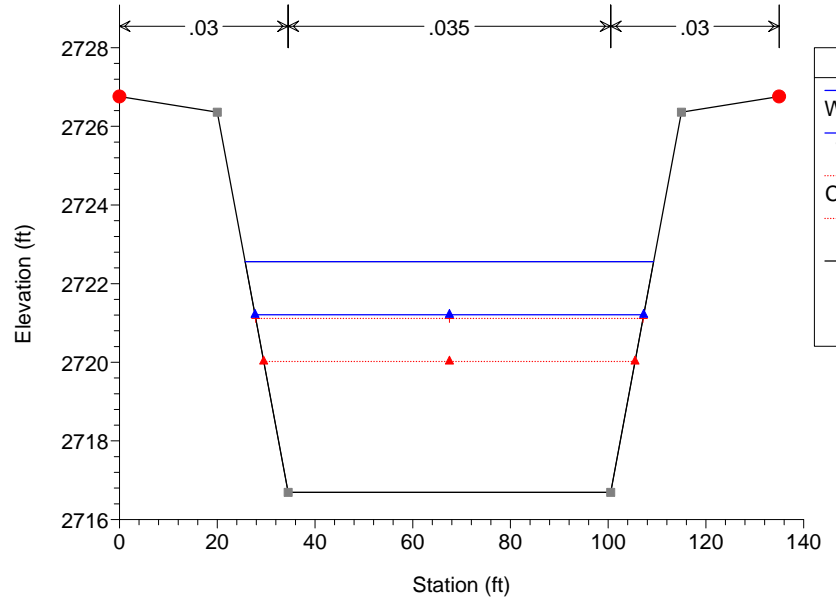
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n no bridge 2/28/2006

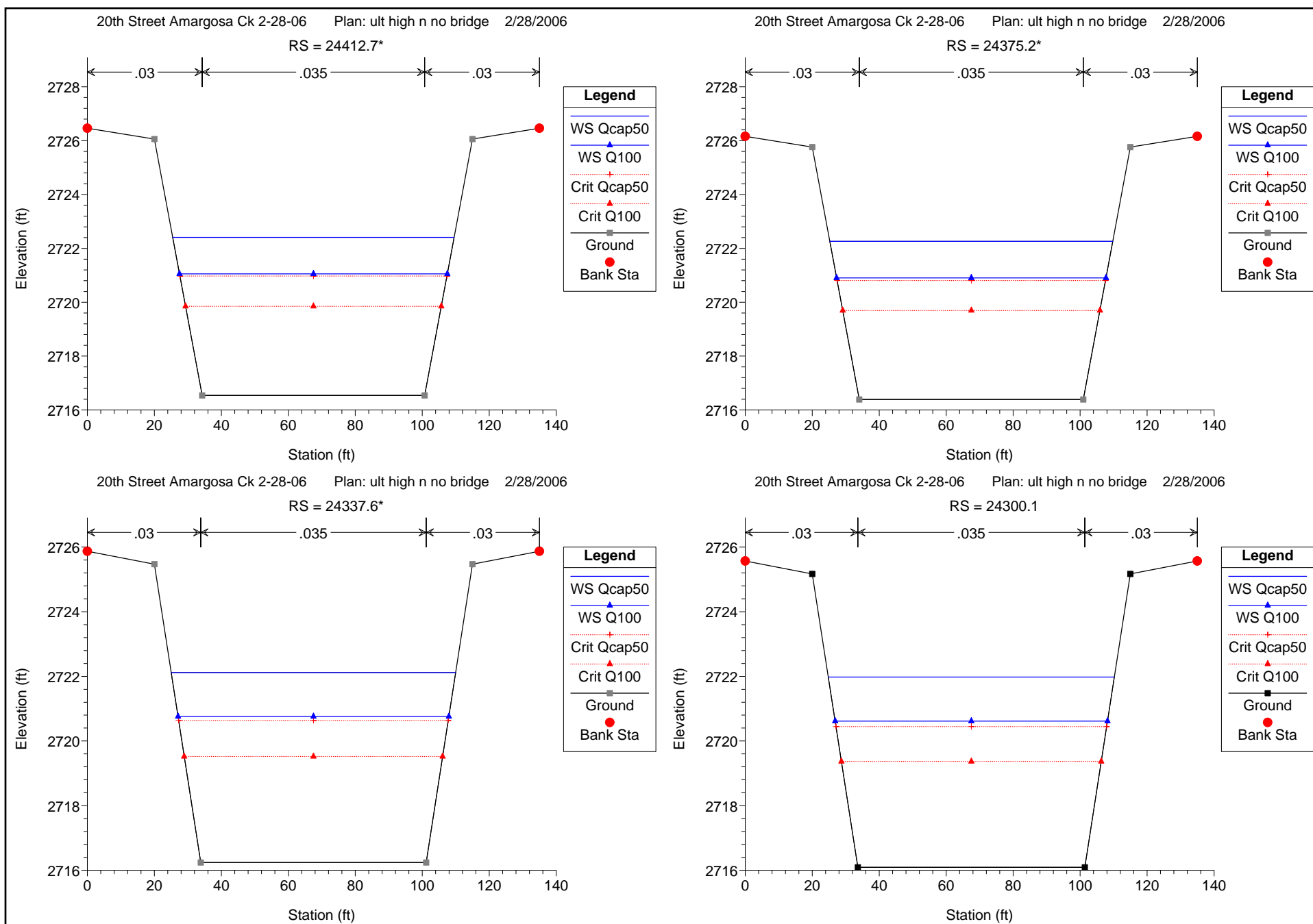
RS = 24487.9



20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24450.3\*





HEC-RAS Plan: ult hi n River: Amargosa Creek Reach: 1

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
1	25100	Qcap50	3695.00	2724.48	2729.24	2729.36	2731.44	0.008101	11.91	310.15	78.01	1.05
1	25100	Q100	2350.00	2724.48	2728.27	2728.27	2729.83	0.008183	10.01	234.87	78.00	1.02
1	25064.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2724.19	2728.97	2729.07	2731.15	0.007944	11.84	312.00	78.01	1.04
1	25064.5*	Q100	2350.00	2724.19	2727.98	2727.98	2729.54	0.008196	10.01	234.75	78.00	1.02
1	25029.0*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.91	2728.69	2728.79	2730.87	0.007962	11.85	311.79	78.01	1.04
1	25029.0*	Q100	2350.00	2723.91	2727.69	2727.73	2729.26	0.008302	10.05	233.84	78.00	1.02
1	24993.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.62	2728.44	2728.54	2730.58	0.007702	11.73	314.95	78.01	1.03
1	24993.6*	Q100	2350.00	2723.62	2727.40	2727.41	2728.97	0.008362	10.07	233.33	78.00	1.03
1	24958.1*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.33	2728.24	2728.25	2730.29	0.007190	11.49	321.62	78.01	1.00
1	24958.1*	Q100	2350.00	2723.33	2727.10	2727.12	2728.68	0.008432	10.10	232.74	78.00	1.03
1	24922.7	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.04	2727.83	2727.93	2730.01	0.007933	11.84	312.13	78.01	1.04
1	24922.7	Q100	2350.00	2723.04	2726.80	2726.84	2728.40	0.008566	10.15	231.63	78.00	1.04
1	24885.1*	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.74	2727.56	2727.62	2729.70	0.007726	11.74	314.66	78.01	1.03
1	24885.1*	Q100	2350.00	2722.74	2726.47	2726.56	2728.09	0.008745	10.21	230.18	78.00	1.05
1	24847.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.44	2727.31	2727.32	2729.40	0.007404	11.59	318.76	78.01	1.01
1	24847.5*	Q100	2350.00	2722.44	2726.15	2726.23	2727.80	0.009037	10.31	227.90	78.00	1.06
1	24810	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.13	2726.90	2727.05	2729.09	0.008068	11.90	310.54	78.01	1.05
1	24810	Q100	2350.00	2722.13	2725.81	2725.93	2727.49	0.009366	10.42	225.45	78.00	1.08
1	24768.6	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.80	2726.56	2726.68	2728.76	0.008086	11.91	310.32	78.01	1.05
1	24768.6	Q100	2350.00	2721.80	2725.45	2725.59	2727.16	0.009581	10.50	223.90	78.00	1.09
1	24755	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.91	2721.96	2724.53	2728.07	0.035896	19.84	186.20	46.01	1.74
1	24755	Q100	2350.00	2717.91	2720.57	2722.25	2726.30	0.057848	19.22	122.27	46.01	2.08
1	24717.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.76	2722.37	2723.36	2726.46	0.020216	16.22	227.83	49.41	1.33
1	24717.6*	Q100	2350.00	2717.76	2721.21	2721.85	2724.16	0.021147	13.78	170.54	49.41	1.31
1	24680.3*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.61	2723.08	2722.96	2725.62	0.010060	12.78	289.05	52.81	0.96
1	24680.3*	Q100	2350.00	2717.61	2722.02	2721.58	2723.60	0.008279	10.10	232.66	52.81	0.85

HEC-RAS Plan: ult hi n River: Amargosa Creek Reach: 1 (Continued)

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
1	24642.9*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.46	2722.95	2722.60	2725.18	0.008766	11.98	308.49	56.21	0.90
1	24642.9*	Q100	2350.00	2717.46	2721.84	2721.27	2723.26	0.007417	9.54	246.28	56.21	0.80
1	24605.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.31	2722.83	2722.26	2724.79	0.007619	11.23	329.08	59.61	0.84
1	24605.6*	Q100	2350.00	2717.31	2721.69	2720.95	2722.95	0.006598	9.01	260.92	59.61	0.76
1	24568.3	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.16	2722.73	2721.91	2724.45	0.006626	10.54	350.56	63.01	0.79
1	24568.3	Q100	2350.00	2717.16	2721.55	2720.68	2722.67	0.005843	8.50	276.47	63.01	0.72
1	24541.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.06	2722.72	2721.71	2724.21	0.006049	9.79	377.31	69.41	0.74
1	24541.5*	Q100	2350.00	2717.06	2721.48	2720.52	2722.49	0.005538	8.05	291.75	68.19	0.69
1	24514.7*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.95	2722.72	2721.52	2724.00	0.005062	9.10	405.89	76.11	0.69
1	24514.7*	Q100	2350.00	2716.95	2721.42	2720.34	2722.32	0.004851	7.62	308.59	73.54	0.66
1	24487.9	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.84	2722.71	2721.31	2723.82	0.004305	8.47	436.40	83.16	0.65
1	24487.9	Q100	2350.00	2716.84	2721.36	2720.19	2722.16	0.004281	7.19	326.84	79.11	0.62
1	24450.3*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.69	2722.56	2721.12	2723.66	0.004250	8.42	439.01	83.60	0.65
1	24450.3*	Q100	2350.00	2716.69	2721.21	2720.02	2722.00	0.004232	7.15	328.70	79.55	0.62
1	24412.7*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.54	2722.41	2720.97	2723.50	0.004197	8.37	441.64	84.05	0.64
1	24412.7*	Q100	2350.00	2716.54	2721.05	2719.85	2721.84	0.004186	7.11	330.51	79.98	0.62
1	24375.2*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.39	2722.26	2720.81	2723.34	0.004137	8.31	444.50	84.50	0.64
1	24375.2*	Q100	2350.00	2716.39	2720.91	2719.70	2721.68	0.004133	7.07	332.52	80.43	0.61
1	24337.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.24	2722.12	2720.63	2723.18	0.004073	8.26	447.53	84.95	0.63
1	24337.6*	Q100	2350.00	2716.24	2720.76	2719.52	2721.52	0.004073	7.02	334.71	80.87	0.61
1	24300.1	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.09	2721.98	2720.45	2723.02	0.004001	8.19	450.96	85.43	0.63
1	24300.1	Q100	2350.00	2716.09	2720.61	2719.37	2721.37	0.004003	6.97	337.25	81.34	0.60

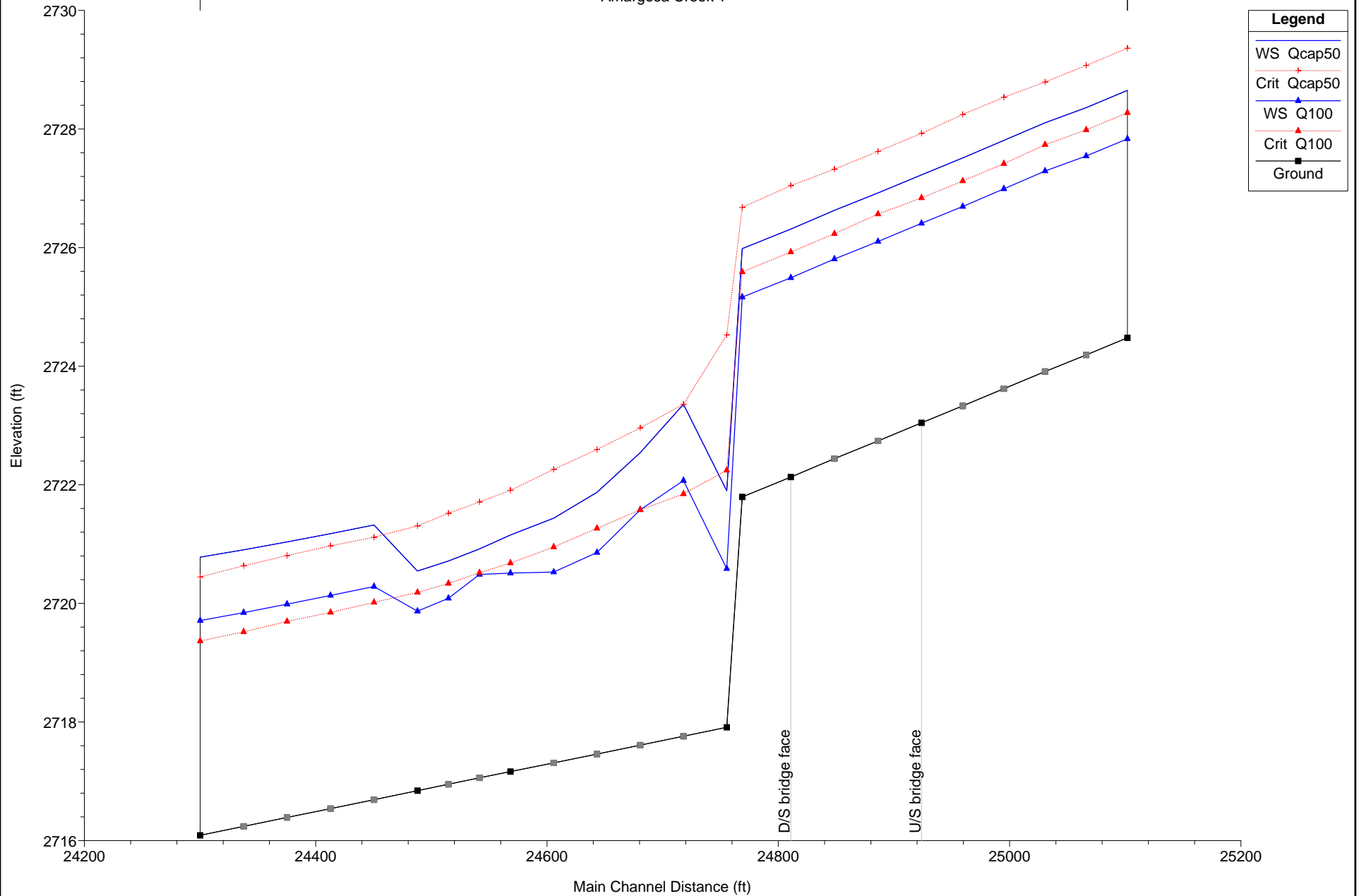


**Ultimate Conditions**

**Low Manning's  $n$   
(for scour evaluation)**

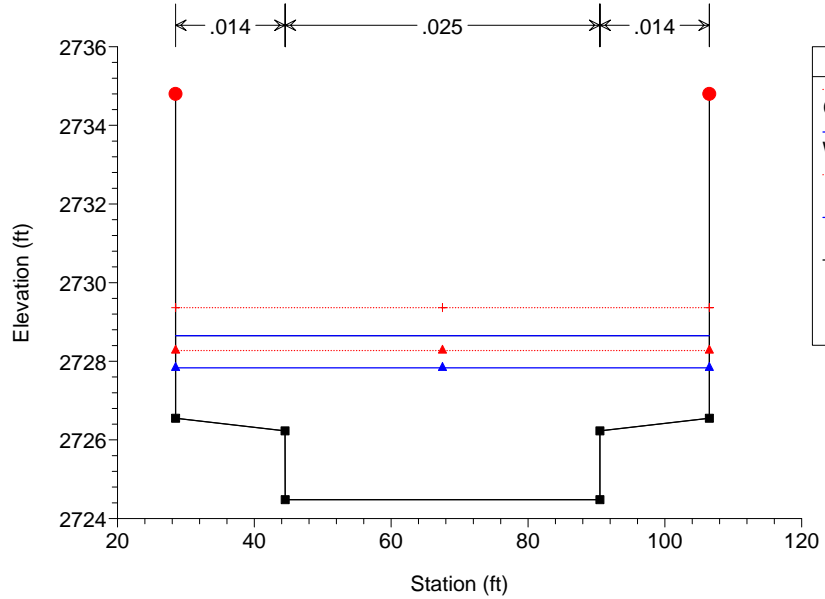
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult low n no bridge 2/28/2006

Amargosa Creek 1



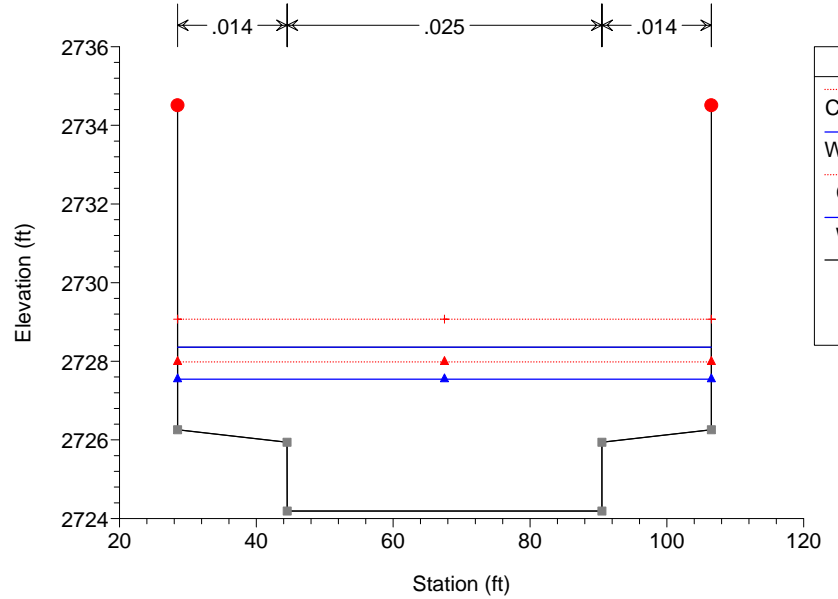
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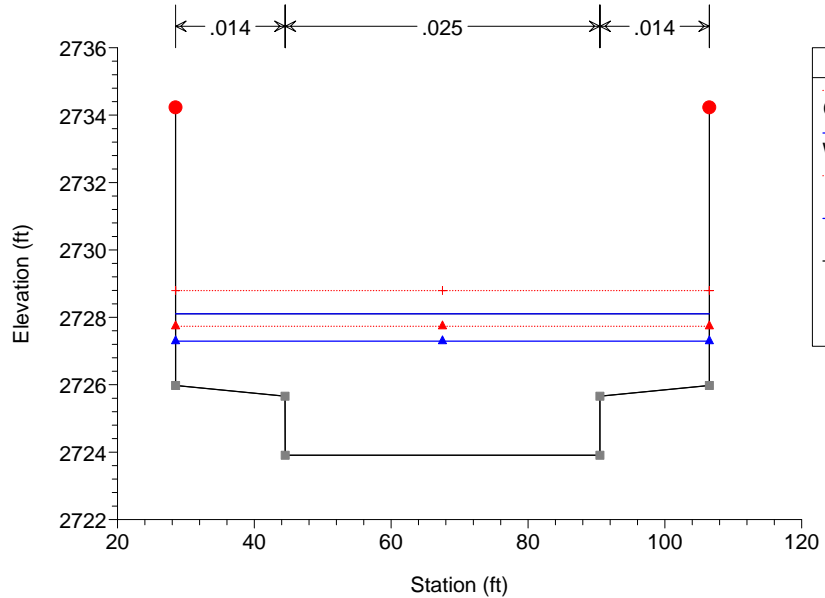
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult low n no bridge 2/28/2006

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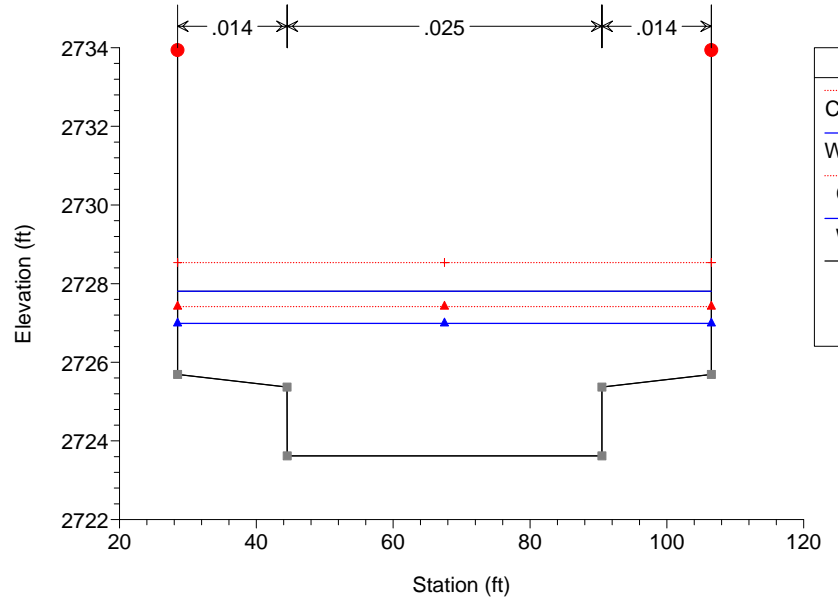
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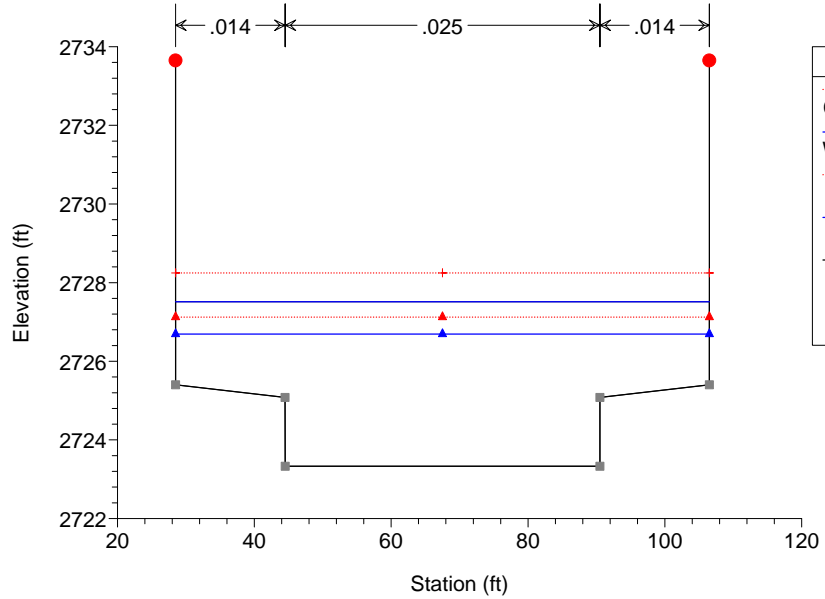
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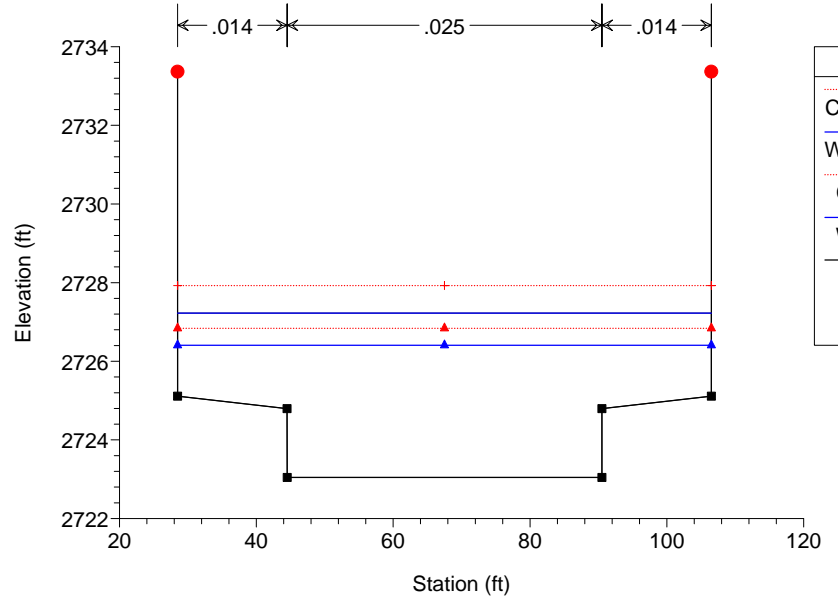
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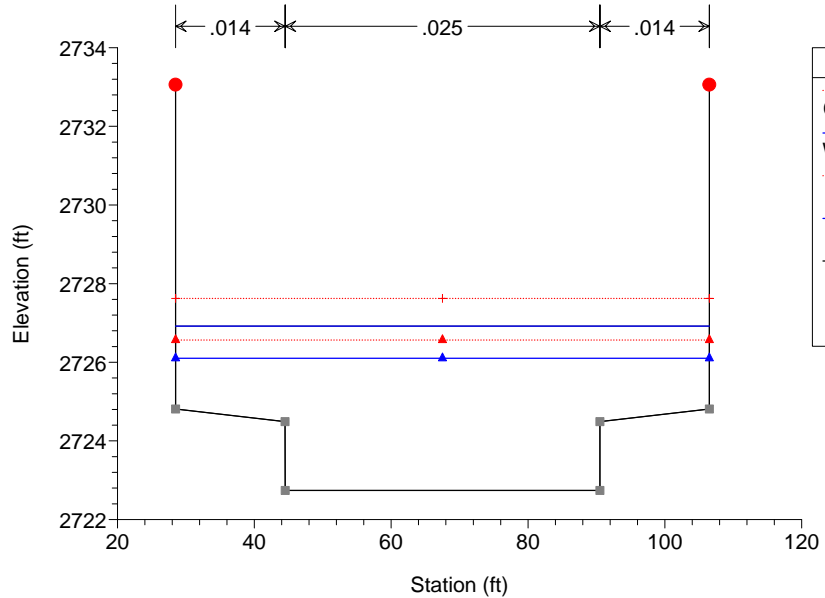
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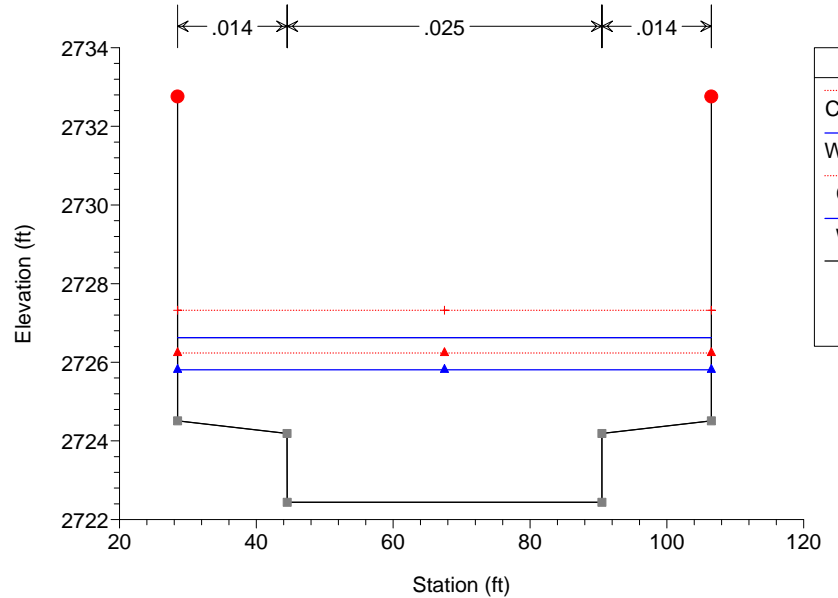
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult low n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24885.1\*



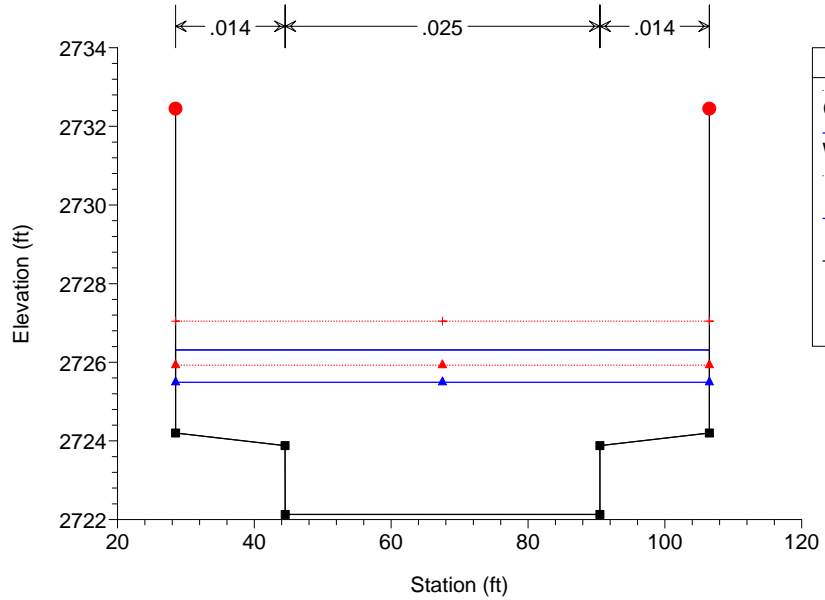
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult low n no bridge 2/28/2006

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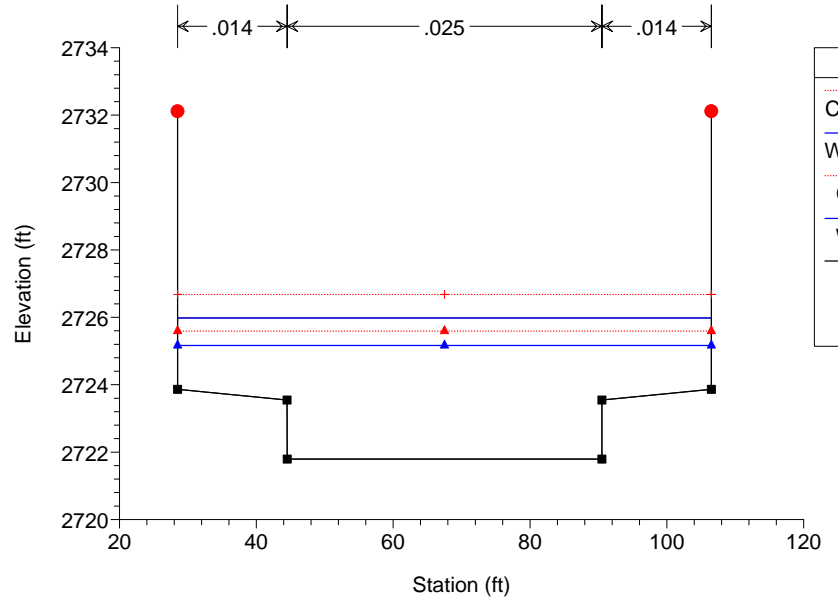
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RS = 24810



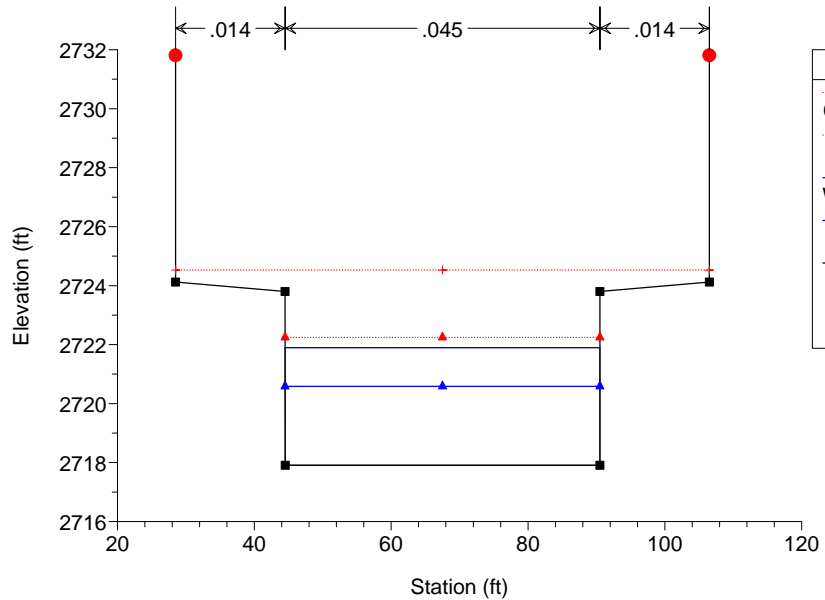
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RS = 24768.6



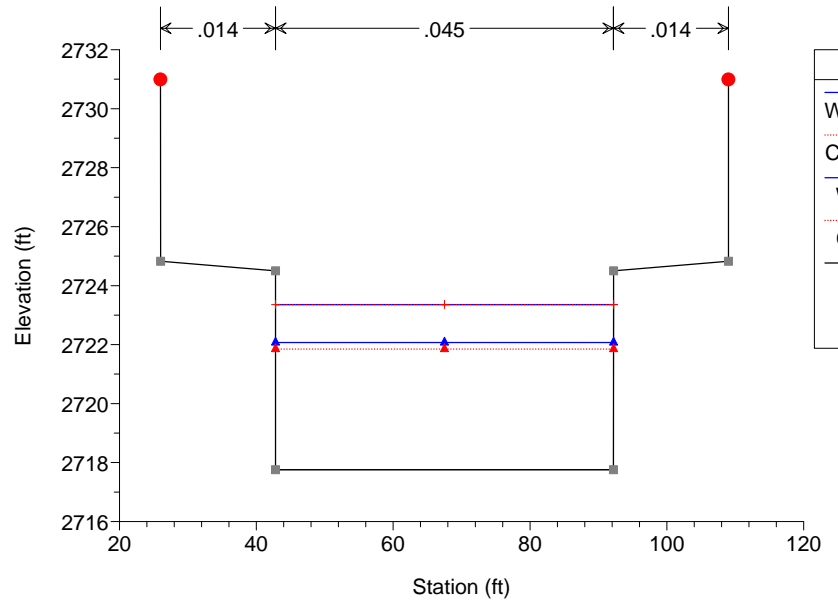
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult low n no bridge 2/28/2006

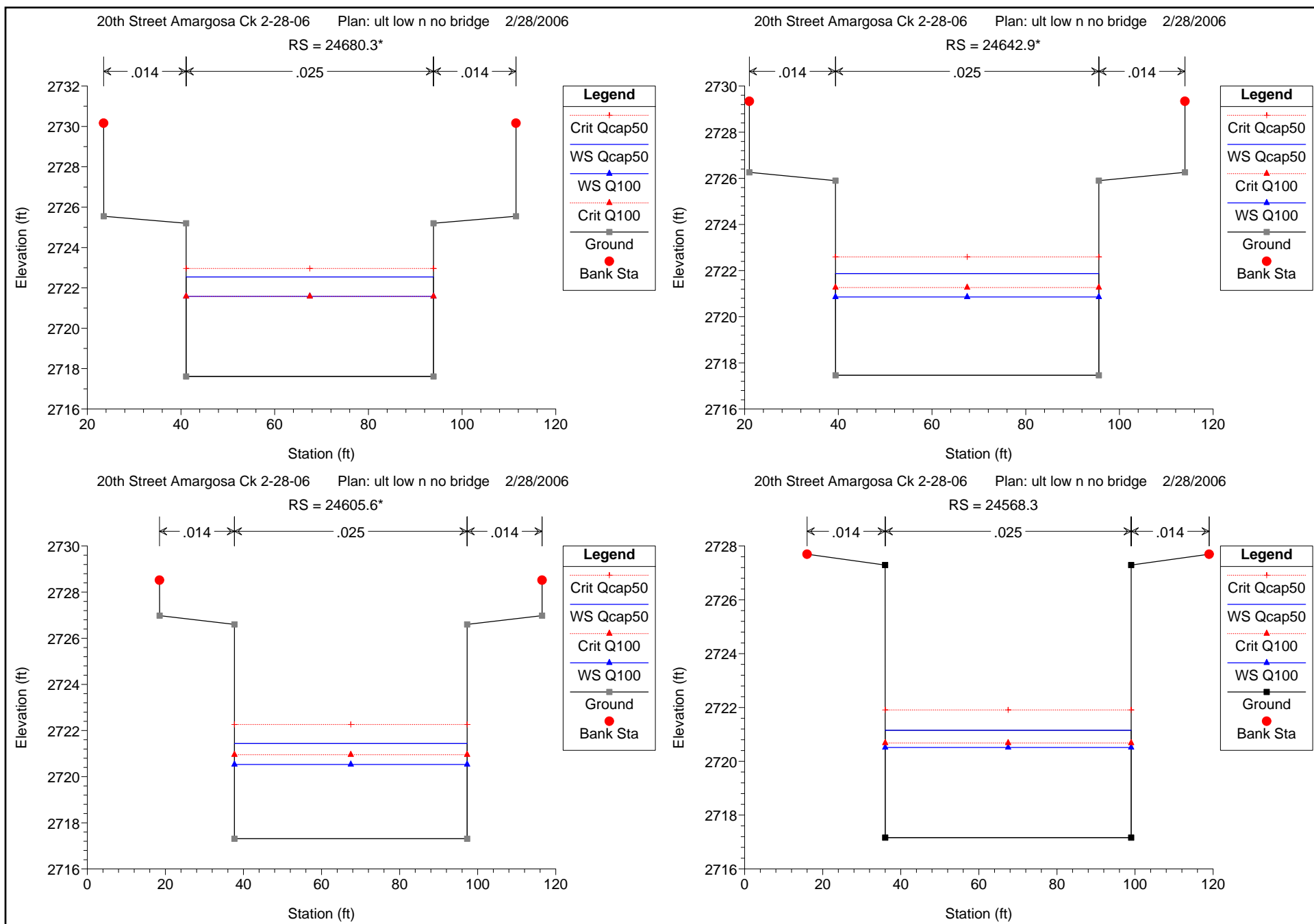
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20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult low n no bridge 2/28/2006

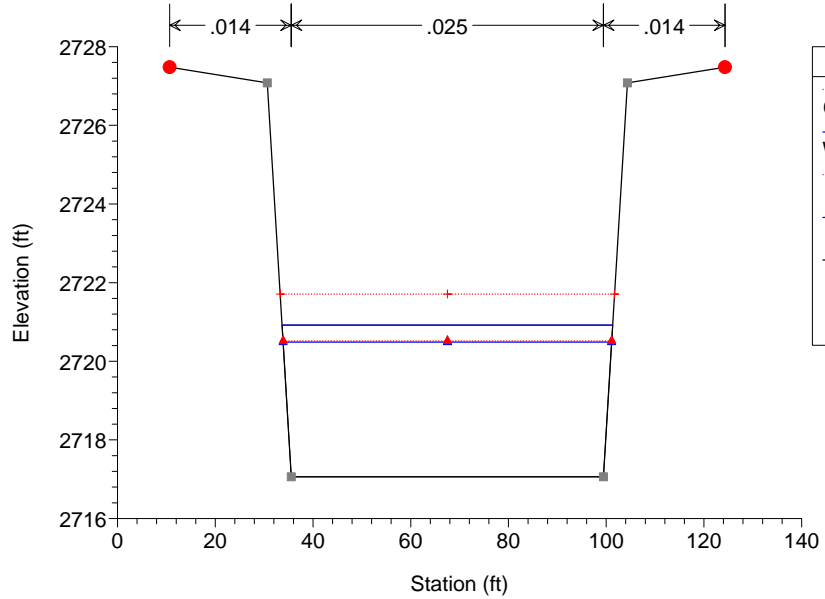
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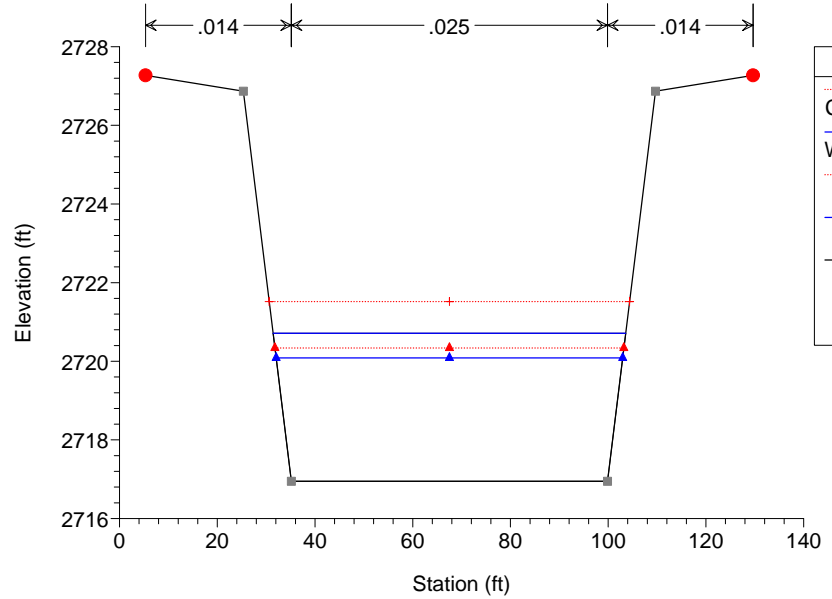
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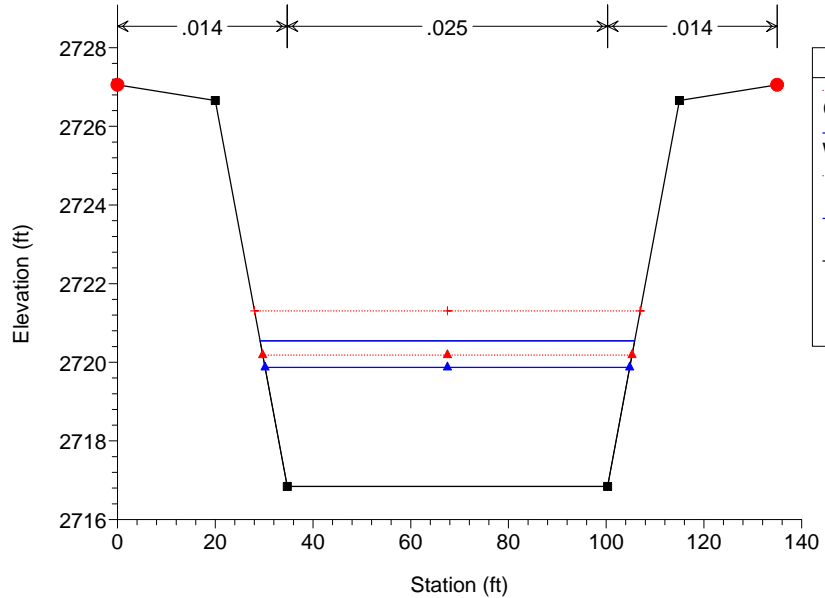
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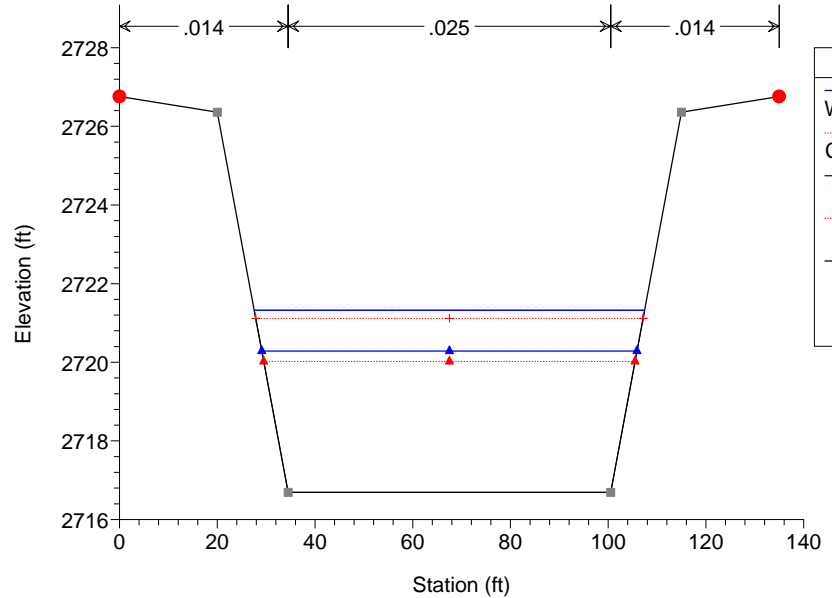
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult low n no bridge 2/28/2006

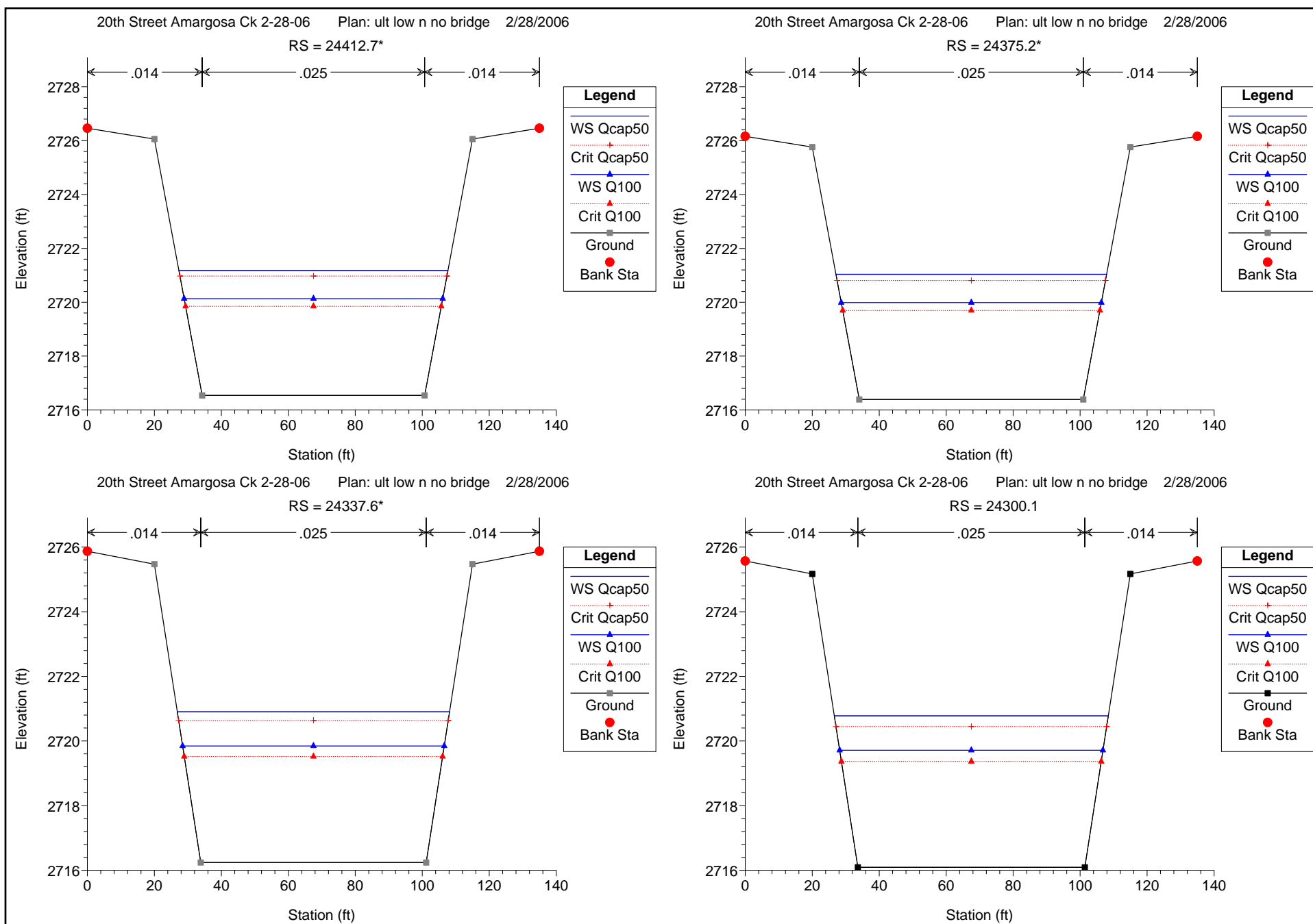
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20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult low n no bridge 2/28/2006

RS = 24450.3\*







HEC-RAS Plan: ult lo n River: Amargosa Creek Reach: 1

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
1	25100	Qcap50	3695.00	2724.48	2728.65	2729.36	2731.69	0.008114	13.98	264.29	78.01	1.34
1	25100	Q100	2350.00	2724.48	2727.83	2728.27	2729.97	0.008115	11.72	200.55	78.00	1.29
1	25064.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2724.19	2728.36	2729.07	2731.40	0.008126	13.99	264.18	78.01	1.34
1	25064.5*	Q100	2350.00	2724.19	2727.54	2727.98	2729.68	0.008123	11.72	200.49	78.00	1.29
1	25029.0*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.91	2728.10	2728.79	2731.10	0.007942	13.89	266.03	78.01	1.33
1	25029.0*	Q100	2350.00	2723.91	2727.29	2727.73	2729.38	0.007843	11.60	202.65	78.00	1.27
1	24993.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.62	2727.81	2728.54	2730.82	0.007992	13.92	265.51	78.01	1.33
1	24993.6*	Q100	2350.00	2723.62	2726.99	2727.41	2729.10	0.007955	11.65	201.77	78.00	1.28
1	24958.1*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.33	2727.51	2728.25	2730.53	0.008034	13.94	265.10	78.01	1.33
1	24958.1*	Q100	2350.00	2723.33	2726.69	2727.12	2728.81	0.008027	11.68	201.22	78.00	1.28
1	24922.7	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.04	2727.23	2727.93	2730.24	0.008027	13.93	265.17	78.01	1.33
1	24922.7	Q100	2350.00	2723.04	2726.41	2726.84	2728.52	0.008010	11.67	201.35	78.00	1.28
1	24885.1*	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.74	2726.92	2727.62	2729.94	0.008038	13.94	265.05	78.01	1.33
1	24885.1*	Q100	2350.00	2722.74	2726.10	2726.56	2728.22	0.008035	11.68	201.16	78.00	1.28
1	24847.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.44	2726.63	2727.32	2729.63	0.007987	13.91	265.57	78.01	1.33
1	24847.5*	Q100	2350.00	2722.44	2725.81	2726.23	2727.92	0.007977	11.66	201.60	78.00	1.28
1	24810	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.13	2726.31	2727.05	2729.33	0.008043	13.94	265.00	78.01	1.33
1	24810	Q100	2350.00	2722.13	2725.49	2725.93	2727.61	0.008064	11.70	200.94	78.00	1.28
1	24768.6	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.80	2725.98	2726.68	2728.99	0.007994	13.92	265.49	78.01	1.33
1	24768.6	Q100	2350.00	2721.80	2725.17	2725.59	2727.27	0.007965	11.65	201.69	78.00	1.28
1	24755	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.91	2721.90	2724.53	2728.20	0.061187	20.14	183.47	46.01	1.78
1	24755	Q100	2350.00	2717.91	2720.59	2722.25	2726.24	0.092368	19.09	123.11	46.01	2.06
1	24717.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.76	2723.36	2723.36	2726.13	0.017339	13.36	276.56	49.42	1.00
1	24717.6*	Q100	2350.00	2717.76	2722.07	2721.85	2723.96	0.016549	11.03	213.02	49.41	0.94
1	24680.3*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.61	2722.54	2722.96	2725.67	0.007509	14.19	260.38	52.81	1.13
1	24680.3*	Q100	2350.00	2717.61	2721.58	2721.58	2723.53	0.006148	11.22	209.53	52.81	0.99

HEC-RAS Plan: ult lo n River: Amargosa Creek Reach: 1 (Continued)

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
1	24642.9*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.46	2721.87	2722.60	2725.32	0.009450	14.90	248.01	56.21	1.25
1	24642.9*	Q100	2350.00	2717.46	2720.86	2721.27	2723.21	0.008959	12.30	190.99	56.21	1.18
1	24605.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.31	2721.44	2722.26	2724.94	0.010407	15.02	245.94	59.61	1.30
1	24605.6*	Q100	2350.00	2717.31	2720.53	2720.95	2722.86	0.009480	12.25	191.85	59.61	1.20
1	24568.3	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.16	2721.15	2721.91	2724.51	0.010352	14.70	251.39	63.01	1.30
1	24568.3	Q100	2350.00	2717.16	2720.51	2720.68	2722.44	0.007436	11.14	210.91	63.01	1.07
1	24541.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.06	2720.92	2721.71	2724.21	0.010273	14.57	253.66	67.64	1.33
1	24541.5*	Q100	2350.00	2717.06	2720.49	2720.52	2722.19	0.006172	10.46	224.73	67.22	1.01
1	24514.7*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.95	2720.71	2721.52	2723.91	0.010088	14.35	257.57	72.15	1.34
1	24514.7*	Q100	2350.00	2716.95	2720.09	2720.34	2721.98	0.007620	11.05	212.63	70.91	1.12
1	24487.9	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.84	2720.55	2721.31	2723.60	0.009738	14.03	263.31	76.66	1.33
1	24487.9	Q100	2350.00	2716.84	2719.87	2720.19	2721.77	0.007941	11.08	212.13	74.63	1.16
1	24450.3*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.69	2721.32	2721.12	2723.18	0.004386	10.93	337.93	79.89	0.94
1	24450.3*	Q100	2350.00	2716.69	2720.29	2720.02	2721.59	0.004313	9.16	256.65	76.78	0.88
1	24412.7*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.54	2721.18	2720.97	2723.01	0.004322	10.86	340.27	80.35	0.93
1	24412.7*	Q100	2350.00	2716.54	2720.13	2719.85	2721.42	0.004266	9.10	258.12	77.22	0.88
1	24375.2*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.39	2721.04	2720.81	2722.84	0.004236	10.77	343.17	80.82	0.92
1	24375.2*	Q100	2350.00	2716.39	2719.99	2719.70	2721.26	0.004199	9.04	259.99	77.68	0.87
1	24337.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.24	2720.90	2720.63	2722.67	0.004135	10.66	346.52	81.30	0.91
1	24337.6*	Q100	2350.00	2716.24	2719.85	2719.52	2721.09	0.004116	8.96	262.19	78.13	0.86
1	24300.1	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.09	2720.78	2720.45	2722.50	0.004006	10.53	350.75	81.83	0.90
1	24300.1	Q100	2350.00	2716.09	2719.71	2719.37	2720.93	0.004003	8.86	265.09	78.63	0.85

## **Appendix B**

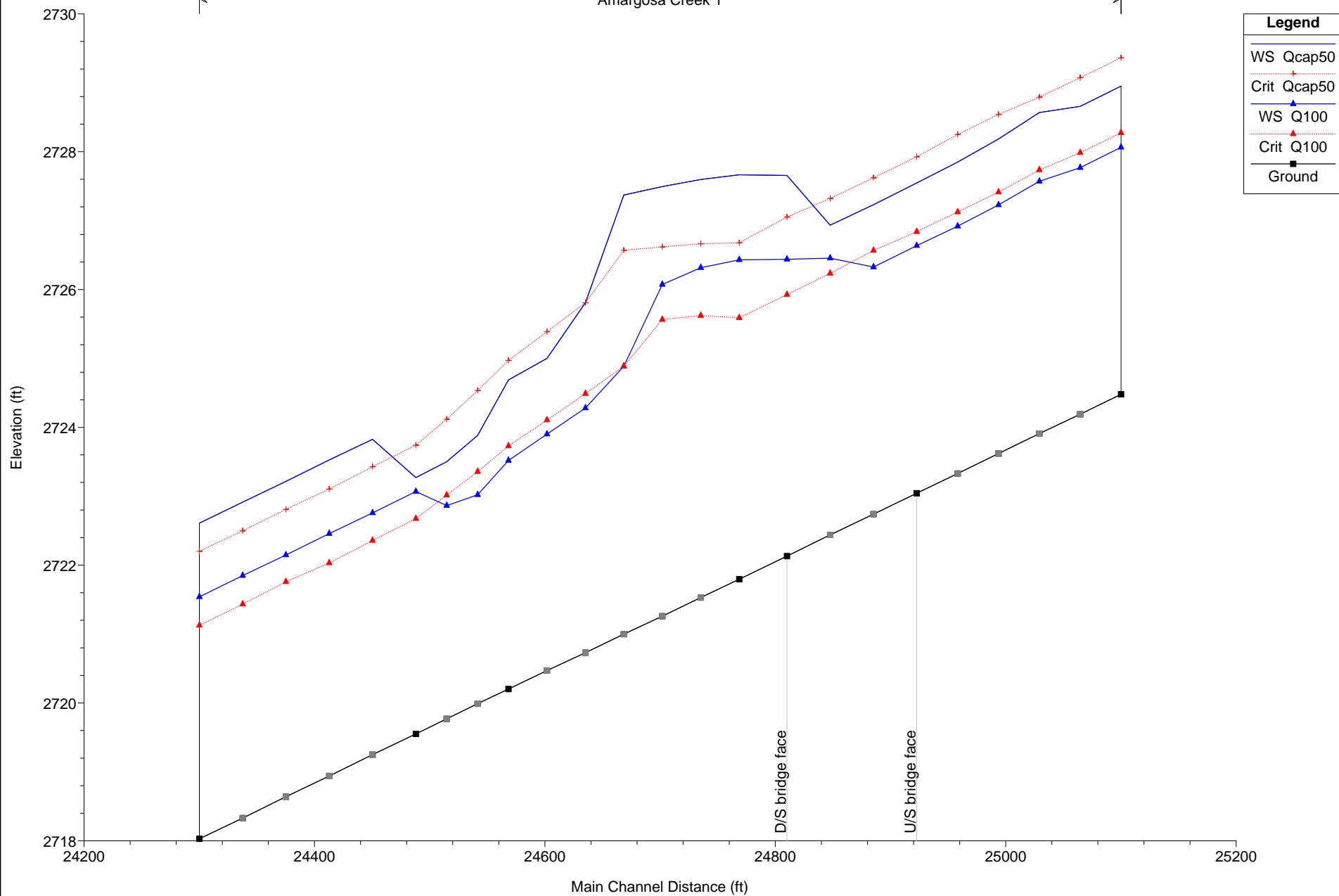
### **Hard Bottom Alternatives HEC-RAS Model Input/Output**

**Interim Conditions**

**High Manning's  $n$   
(for freeboard evaluation)**

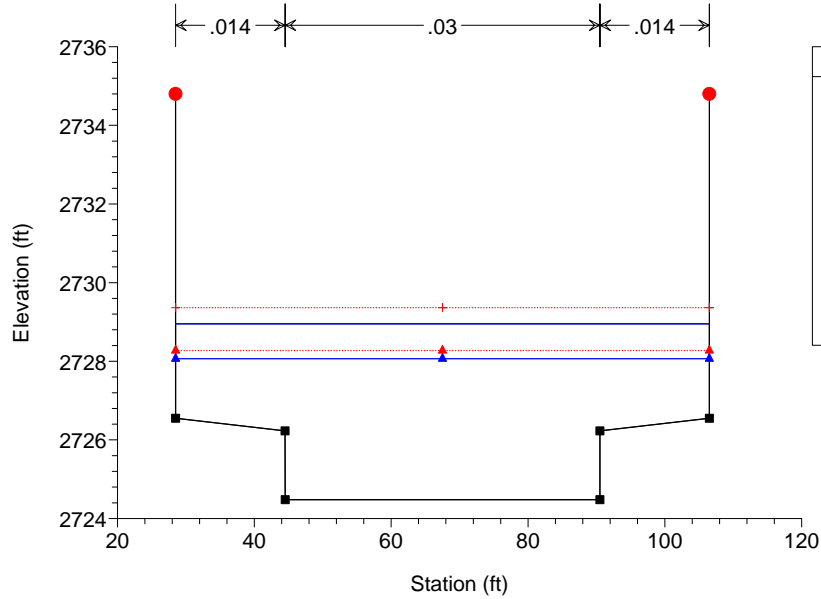
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int hi n hard bottom 2/28/2006

Amargosa Creek 1



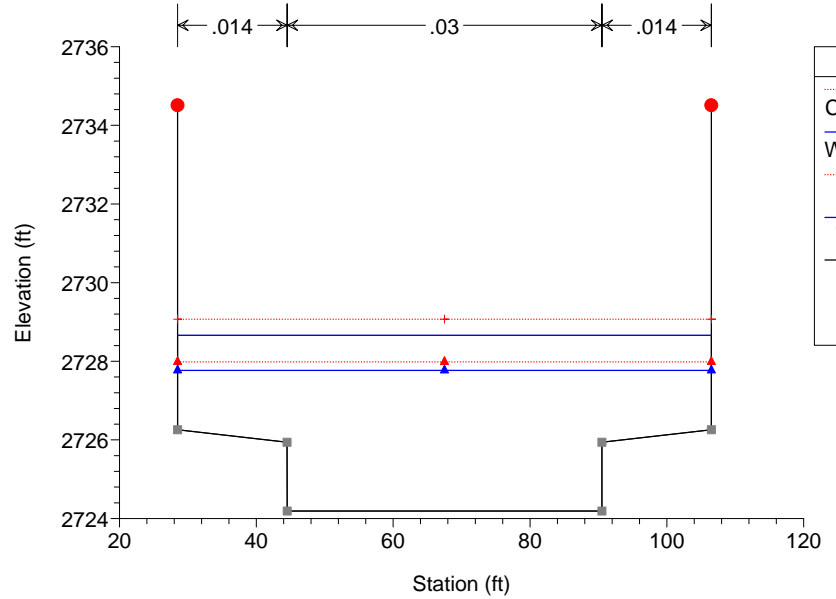
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int hi n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 25100



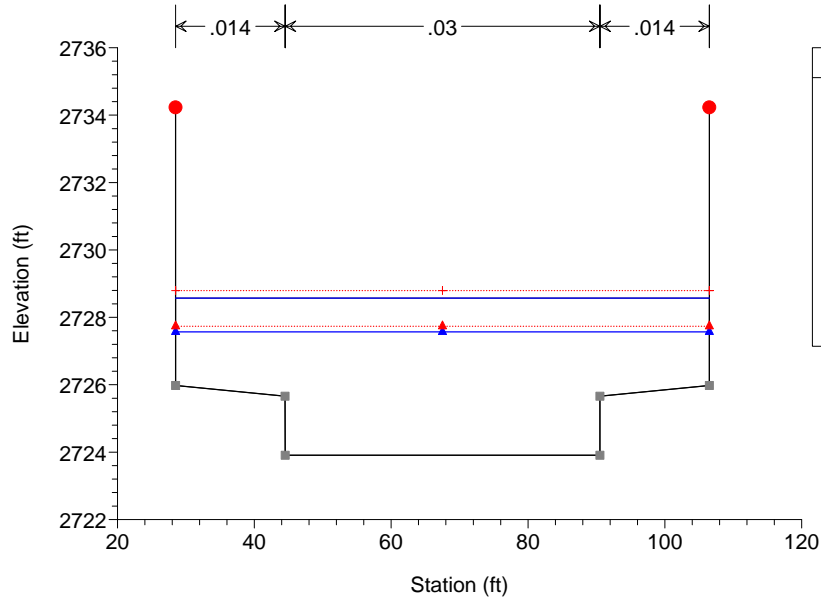
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int hi n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 25064.5\*



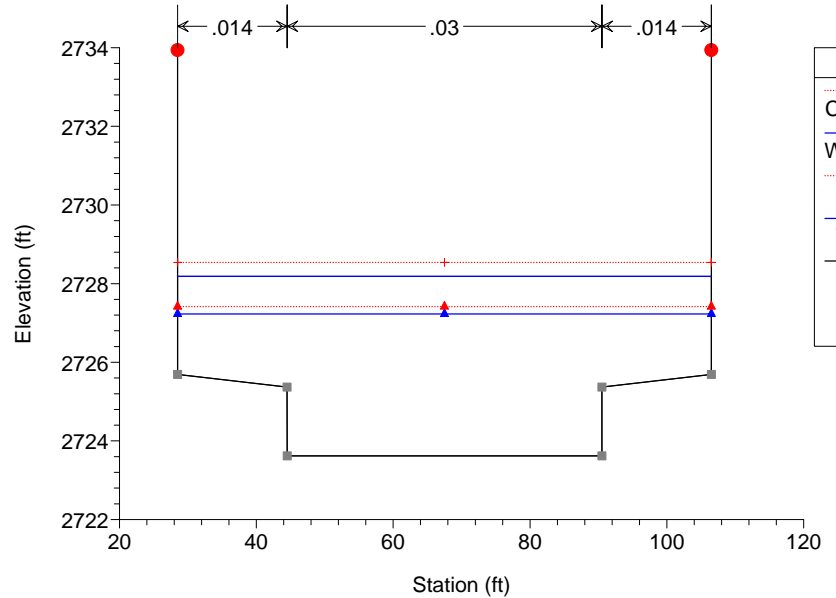
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int hi n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 25029.0\*

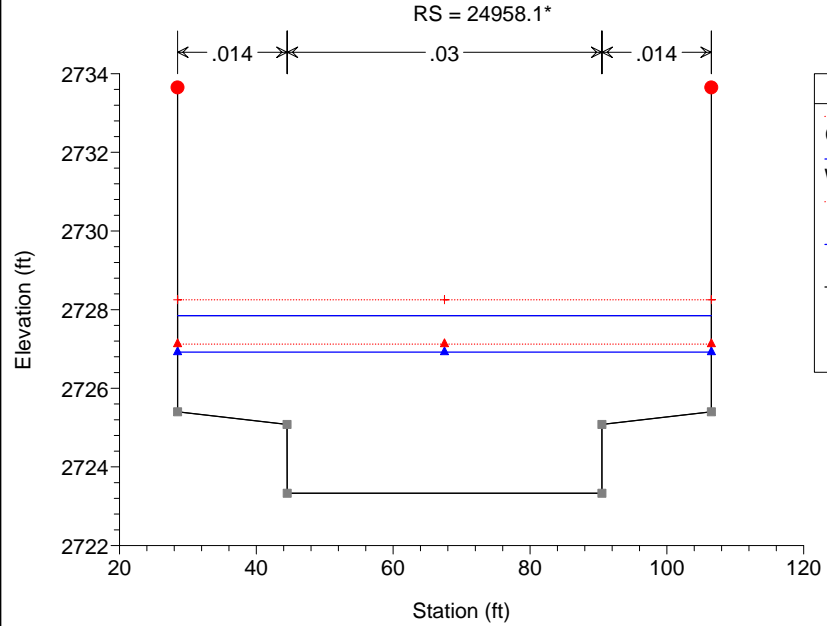


20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int hi n hard bottom 2/28/2006

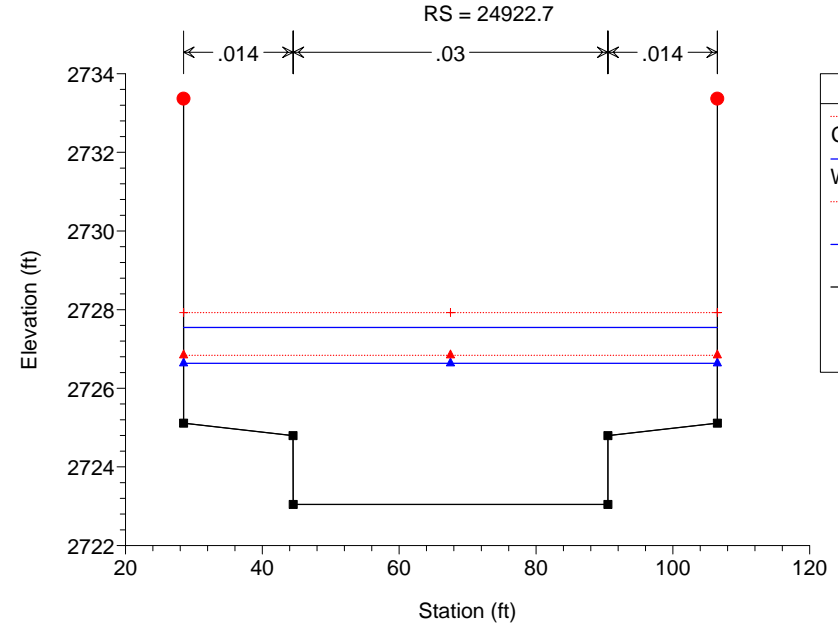
RS = 24993.6\*



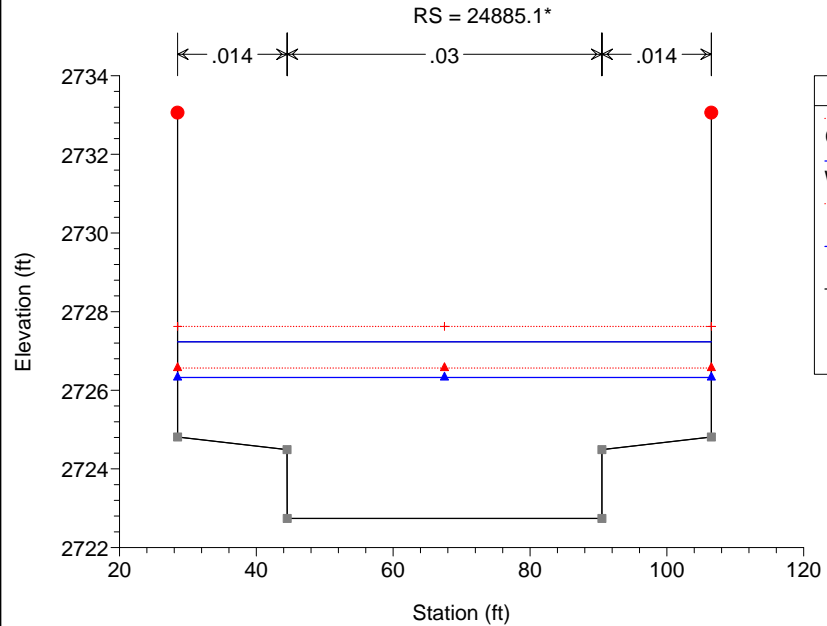
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int hi n hard bottom 2/28/2006



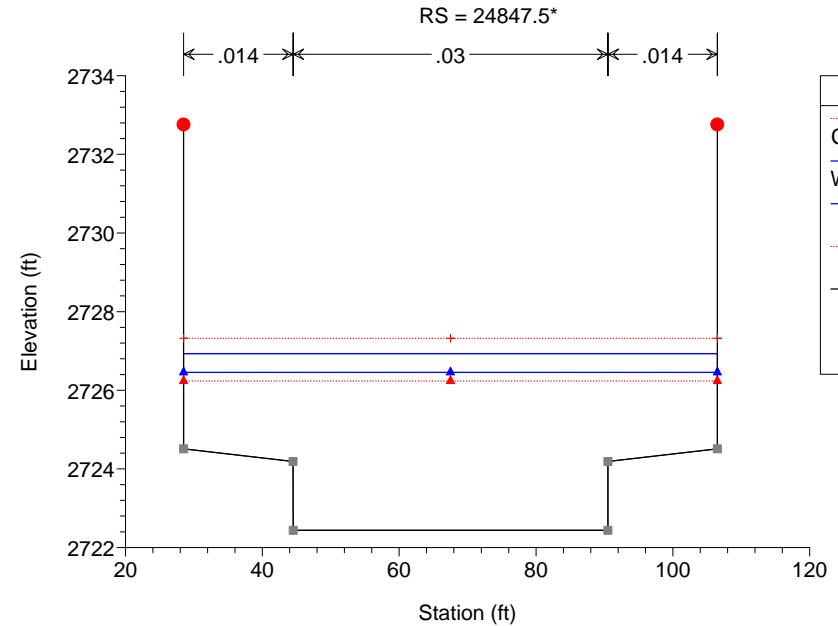
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int hi n hard bottom 2/28/2006



20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int hi n hard bottom 2/28/2006

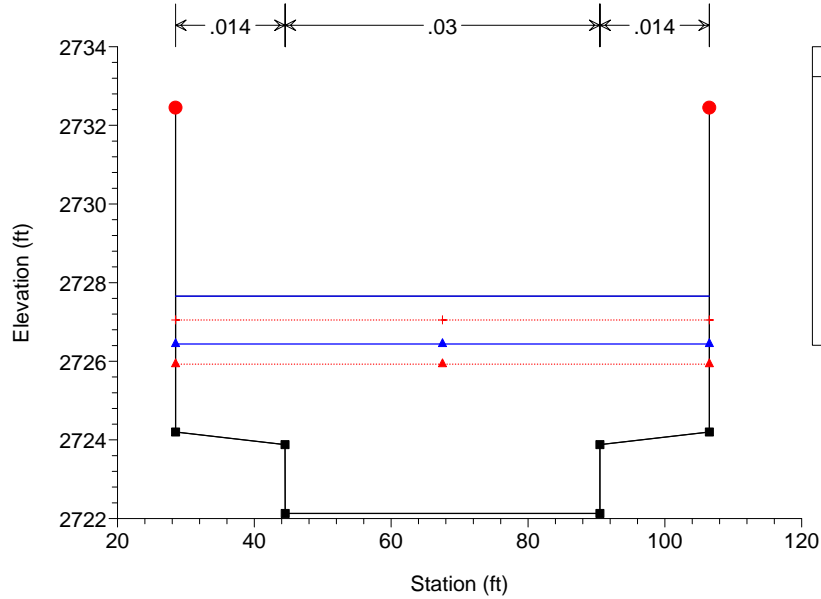


20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int hi n hard bottom 2/28/2006



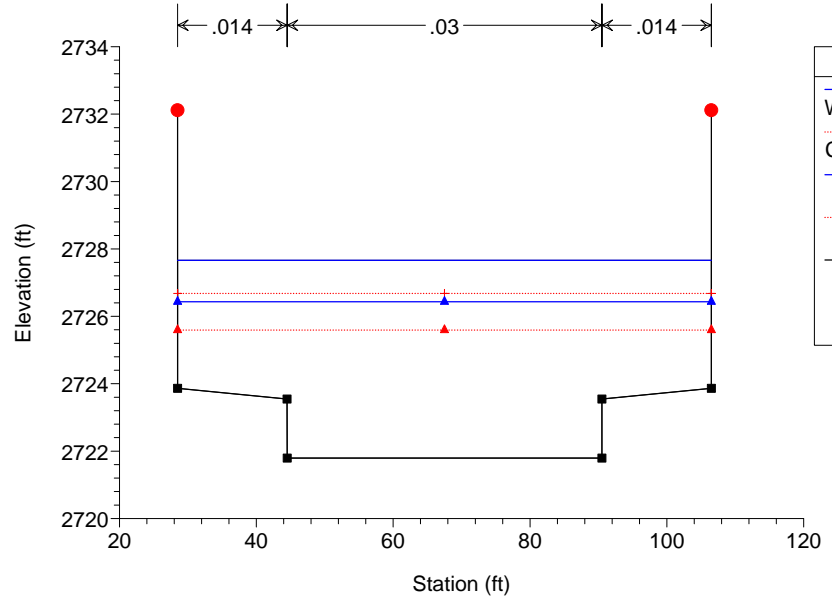
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int hi n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 24810



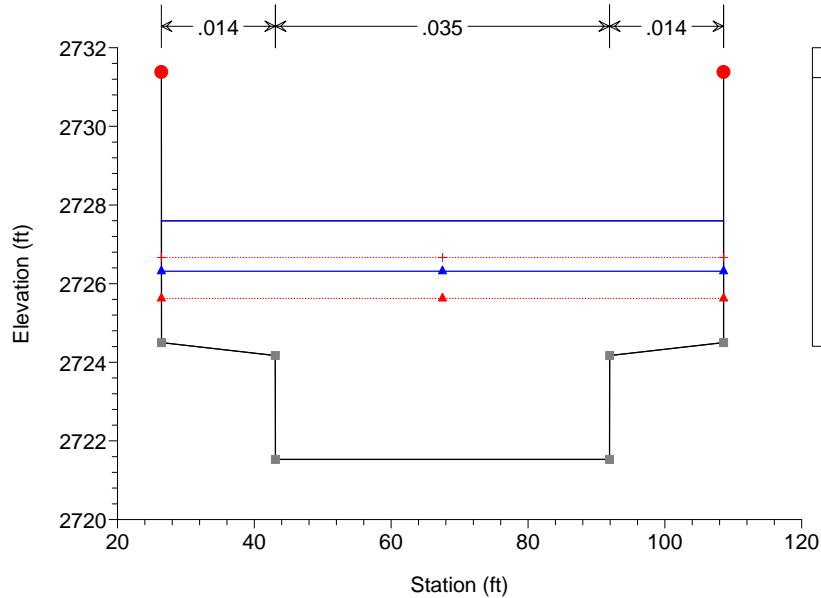
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int hi n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 24768.6



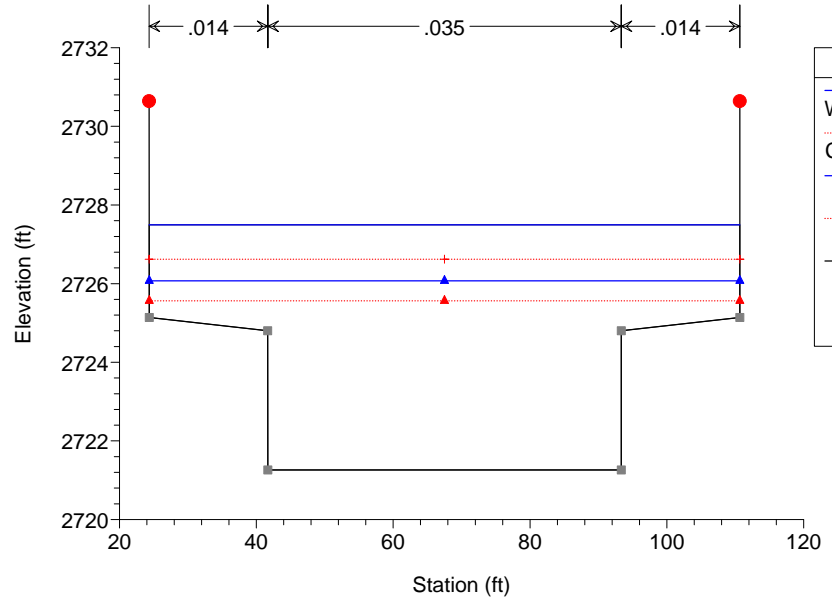
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int hi n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 24735.2\*

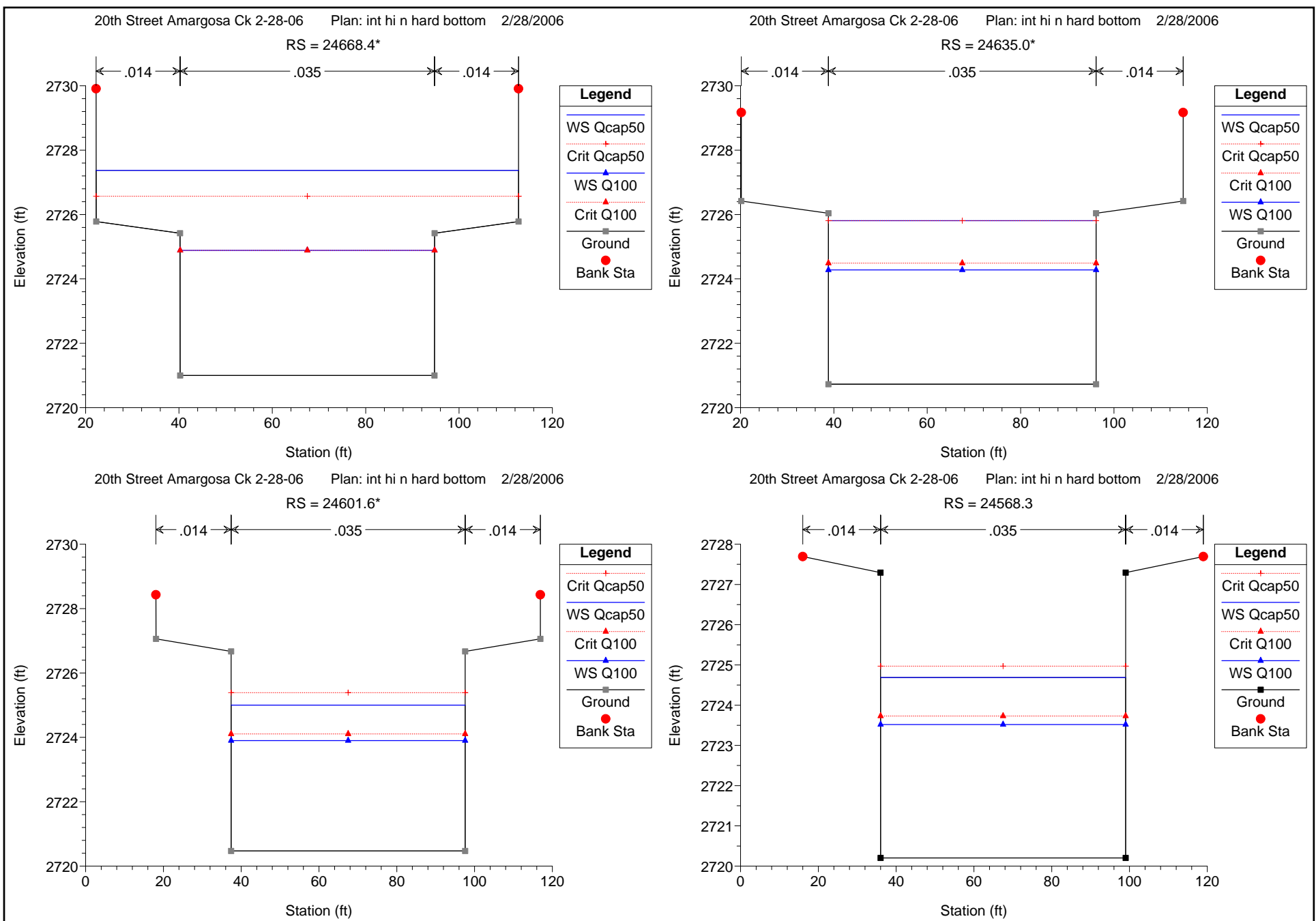


20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int hi n hard bottom 2/28/2006

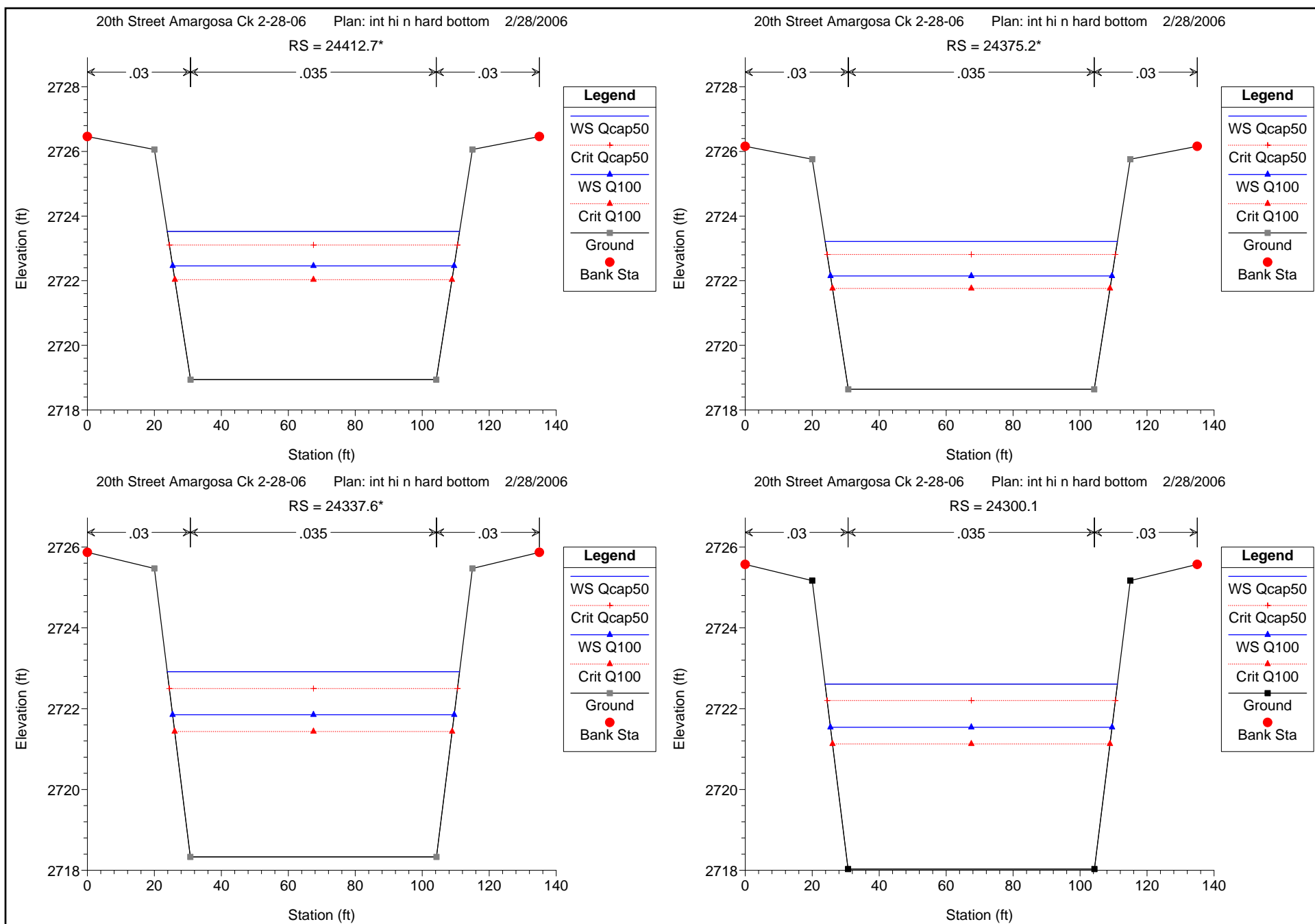
RS = 24701.8\*











HEC-RAS Plan: int hi n hb River: Amargosa Creek Reach: 1

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
1	25100	Qcap50	3695.00	2724.48	2728.95	2729.36	2731.51	0.008106	12.85	287.66	78.01	1.18
1	25100	Q100	2350.00	2724.48	2728.06	2728.27	2729.86	0.008103	10.76	218.43	78.00	1.13
1	25064.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2724.19	2728.66	2729.07	2731.22	0.008129	12.86	287.41	78.01	1.18
1	25064.5*	Q100	2350.00	2724.19	2727.77	2727.98	2729.57	0.008157	10.78	218.00	78.00	1.14
1	25029.0*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.91	2728.57	2728.79	2730.89	0.006890	12.22	302.29	78.01	1.09
1	25029.0*	Q100	2350.00	2723.91	2727.57	2727.74	2729.27	0.007410	10.47	224.45	78.00	1.09
1	24993.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.62	2728.18	2728.54	2730.62	0.007473	12.53	294.88	78.01	1.14
1	24993.6*	Q100	2350.00	2723.62	2727.23	2727.41	2729.00	0.007886	10.67	220.25	78.00	1.12
1	24958.1*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.33	2727.85	2728.25	2730.35	0.007772	12.68	291.38	78.01	1.16
1	24958.1*	Q100	2350.00	2723.33	2726.92	2727.12	2728.71	0.008059	10.74	218.80	78.00	1.13
1	24922.7	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.04	2727.55	2727.93	2730.07	0.007892	12.74	290.02	78.01	1.16
1	24922.7	Q100	2350.00	2723.04	2726.64	2726.84	2728.42	0.008027	10.73	219.06	78.00	1.13
1	24885.1*	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.74	2727.23	2727.62	2729.77	0.007965	12.78	289.20	78.01	1.17
1	24885.1*	Q100	2350.00	2722.74	2726.33	2726.57	2728.12	0.008075	10.75	218.66	78.00	1.13
1	24847.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.44	2726.93	2727.32	2729.47	0.007950	12.77	289.37	78.01	1.17
1	24847.5*	Q100	2350.00	2722.44	2726.46	2726.23	2727.81	0.005054	9.32	252.14	78.00	0.91
1	24810	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.13	2727.66	2727.05	2729.21	0.003564	9.99	369.77	78.01	0.81
1	24810	Q100	2350.00	2722.13	2726.44	2725.93	2727.57	0.003803	8.55	274.96	78.01	0.80
1	24768.6	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.80	2727.67	2726.68	2729.01	0.002834	9.32	396.67	78.01	0.73
1	24768.6	Q100	2350.00	2721.80	2726.43	2725.59	2727.38	0.002844	7.82	300.42	78.01	0.70
1	24735.2*	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.53	2727.60	2726.67	2728.89	0.003633	9.12	405.04	82.17	0.72
1	24735.2*	Q100	2350.00	2721.53	2726.32	2725.62	2727.27	0.003950	7.84	299.76	82.17	0.72
1	24701.8*	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.26	2727.49	2726.62	2728.76	0.003755	9.02	409.53	86.33	0.73
1	24701.8*	Q100	2350.00	2721.26	2726.07	2725.56	2727.12	0.004899	8.19	286.89	86.32	0.79
1	24668.4*	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.00	2727.37	2726.57	2728.63	0.003966	8.99	410.97	90.50	0.74
1	24668.4*	Q100	2350.00	2721.00	2724.89	2724.89	2726.80	0.011711	11.09	211.85	54.52	0.99

HEC-RAS Plan: int hi n hb River: Amargosa Creek Reach: 1 (Continued)

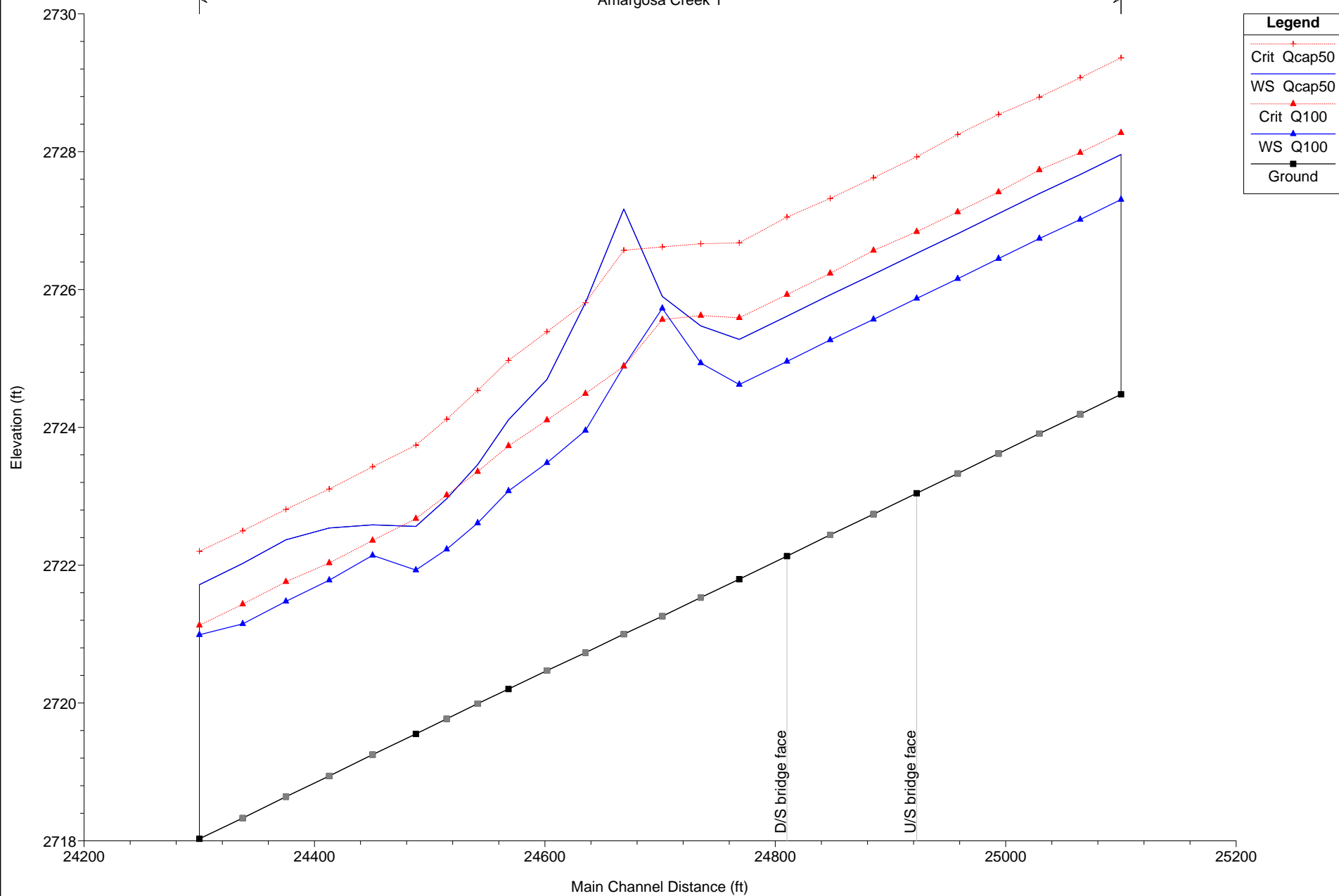
Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
1	24635.0*	Qcap50	3695.00	2720.73	2725.81	2725.81	2728.31	0.010849	12.69	291.20	57.36	0.99
1	24635.0*	Q100	2350.00	2720.73	2724.28	2724.49	2726.35	0.014218	11.54	203.60	57.35	1.08
1	24601.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2720.47	2725.00	2725.39	2727.85	0.014294	13.56	272.57	60.17	1.12
1	24601.6*	Q100	2350.00	2720.47	2723.90	2724.11	2725.91	0.014428	11.38	206.44	60.17	1.08
1	24568.3	Qcap50	3695.00	2720.20	2724.69	2724.97	2727.34	0.013439	13.07	282.61	63.01	1.09
1	24568.3	Q100	2350.00	2720.20	2723.52	2723.73	2725.48	0.014709	11.25	208.89	63.01	1.09
1	24541.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2719.99	2723.88	2724.54	2726.87	0.019138	13.87	266.31	70.40	1.26
1	24541.5*	Q100	2350.00	2719.99	2723.02	2723.36	2725.04	0.017724	11.41	205.96	69.51	1.17
1	24514.7*	Qcap50	3695.00	2719.77	2723.50	2724.12	2726.31	0.018825	13.45	274.71	77.45	1.26
1	24514.7*	Q100	2350.00	2719.77	2722.86	2723.02	2724.55	0.014276	10.41	225.81	76.15	1.07
1	24487.9	Qcap50	3695.00	2719.55	2723.27	2723.74	2725.73	0.016588	12.59	293.52	84.62	1.19
1	24487.9	Q100	2350.00	2719.55	2723.07	2722.67	2724.19	0.008120	8.50	276.41	84.00	0.83
1	24450.3*	Qcap50	3695.00	2719.25	2723.83	2723.43	2725.40	0.008164	10.06	367.41	87.27	0.86
1	24450.3*	Q100	2350.00	2719.25	2722.76	2722.36	2723.89	0.008169	8.52	275.94	84.01	0.83
1	24412.7*	Qcap50	3695.00	2718.94	2723.53	2723.10	2725.09	0.008091	10.03	368.49	87.30	0.86
1	24412.7*	Q100	2350.00	2718.94	2722.46	2722.03	2723.58	0.008084	8.49	276.89	84.05	0.82
1	24375.2*	Qcap50	3695.00	2718.64	2723.22	2722.81	2724.78	0.008153	10.05	367.67	87.29	0.86
1	24375.2*	Q100	2350.00	2718.64	2722.15	2721.76	2723.27	0.008150	8.51	276.24	84.06	0.83
1	24337.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2718.33	2722.92	2722.50	2724.48	0.008083	10.02	368.69	87.31	0.86
1	24337.6*	Q100	2350.00	2718.33	2721.85	2721.43	2722.96	0.008058	8.48	277.25	84.10	0.82
1	24300.1	Qcap50	3695.00	2718.03	2722.61	2722.20	2724.17	0.008103	10.03	368.47	87.32	0.86
1	24300.1	Q100	2350.00	2718.03	2721.54	2721.13	2722.66	0.008115	8.49	276.71	84.11	0.83

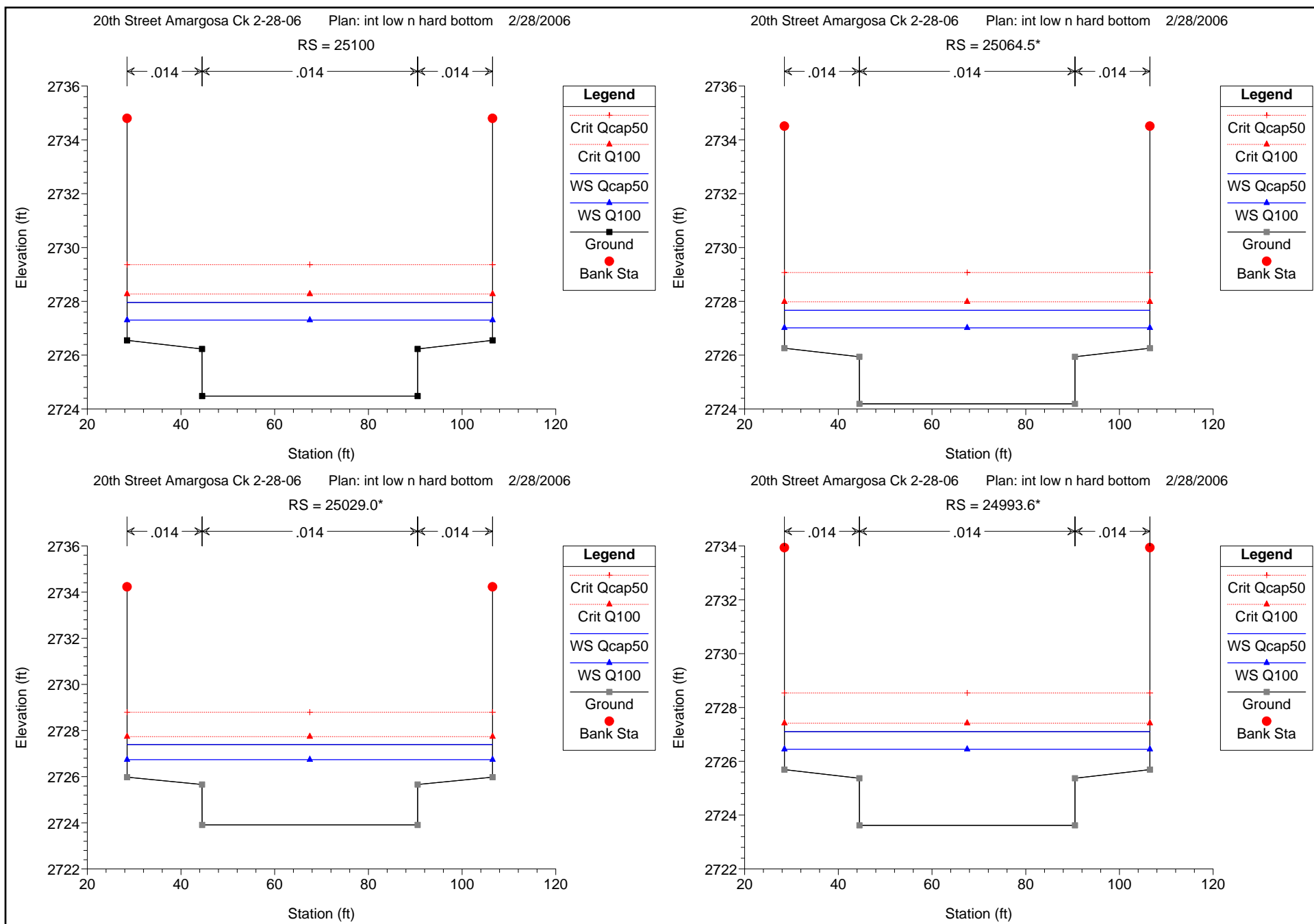
**Interim Conditions**

**Low Manning's  $n$   
(for scour evaluation)**

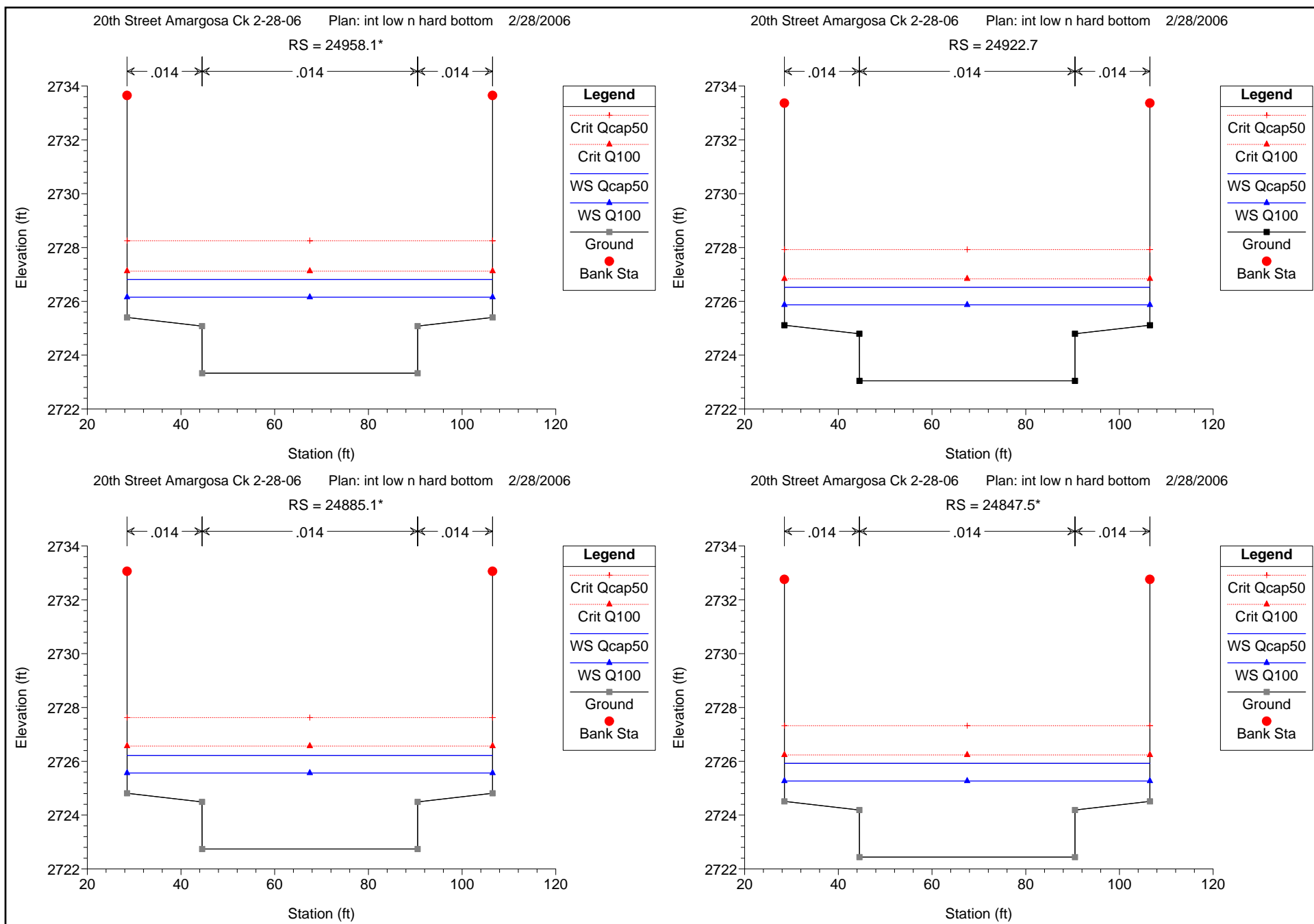
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int low n hard bottom 2/28/2006

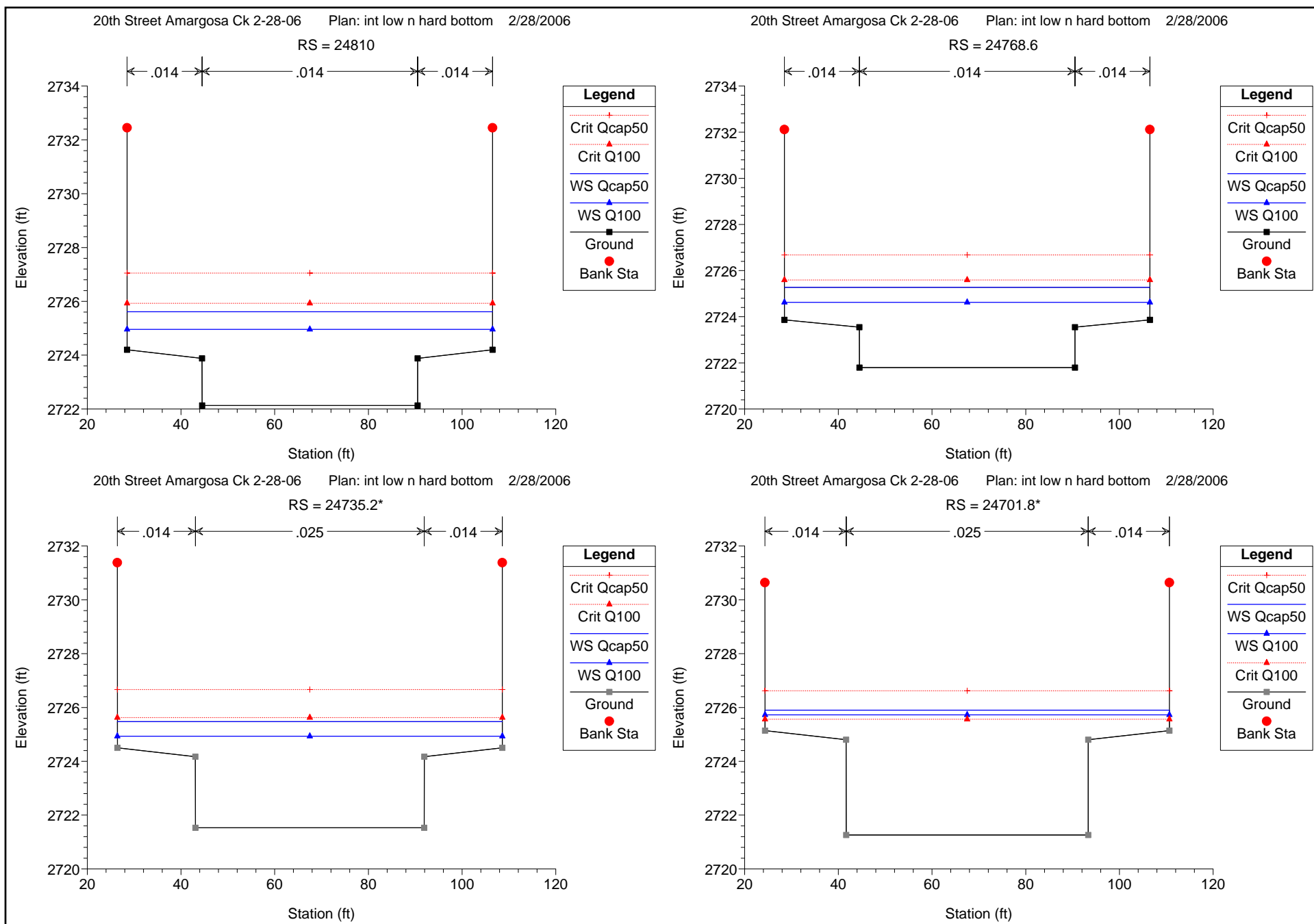
Amargosa Creek 1

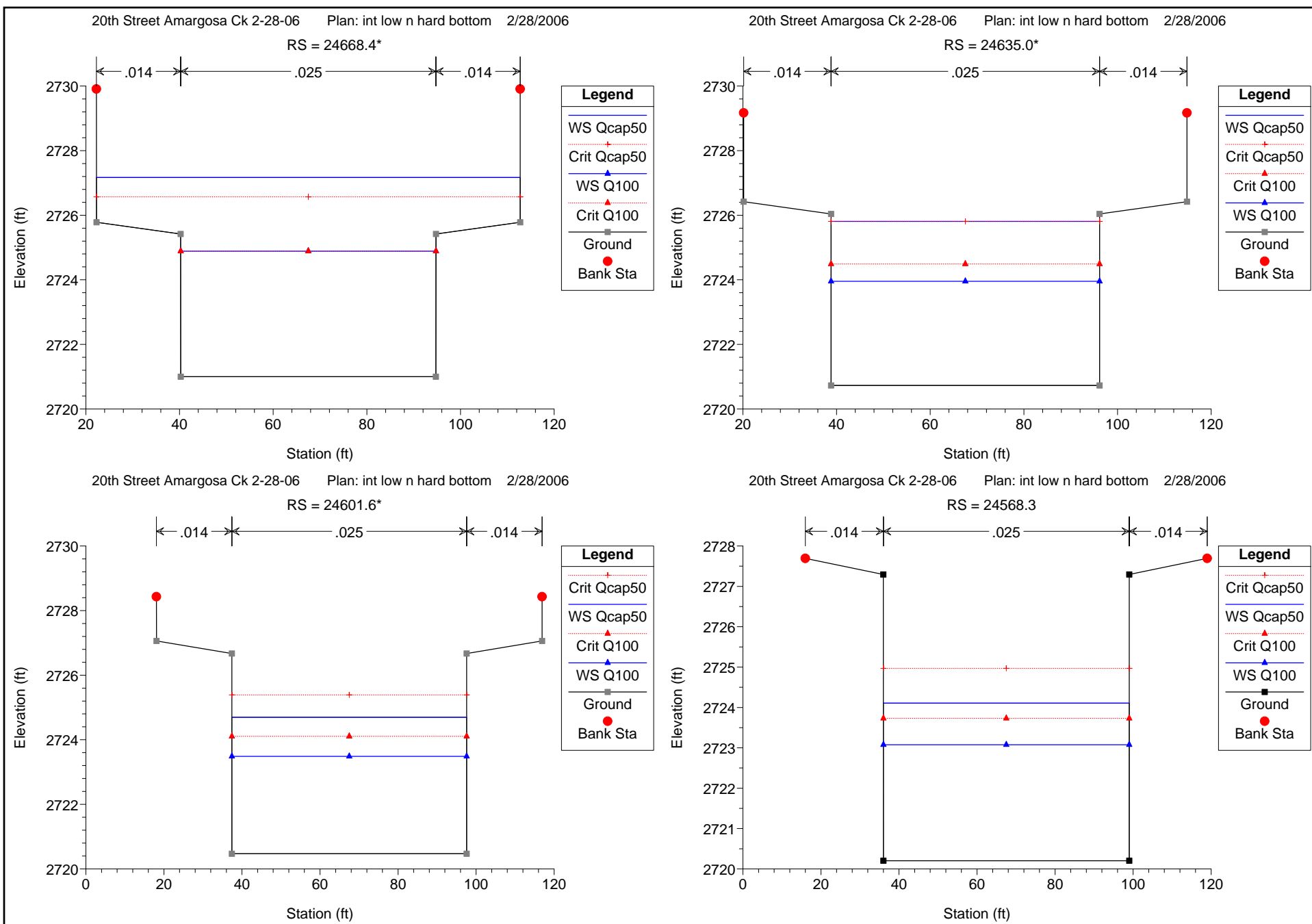






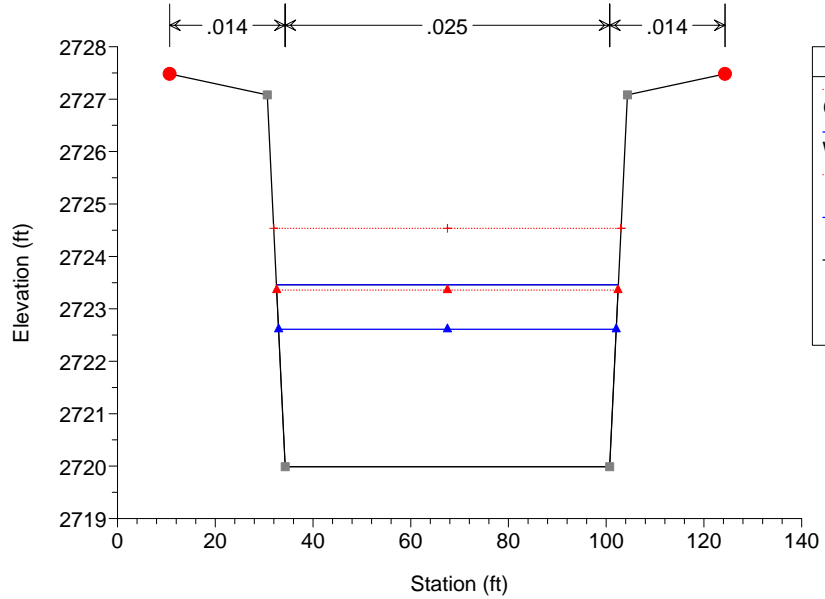






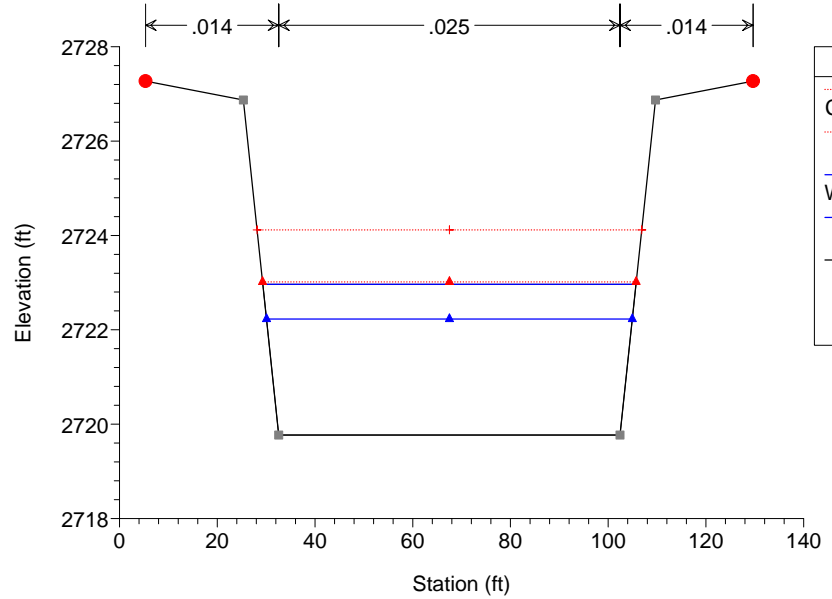
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int low n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 24541.5\*



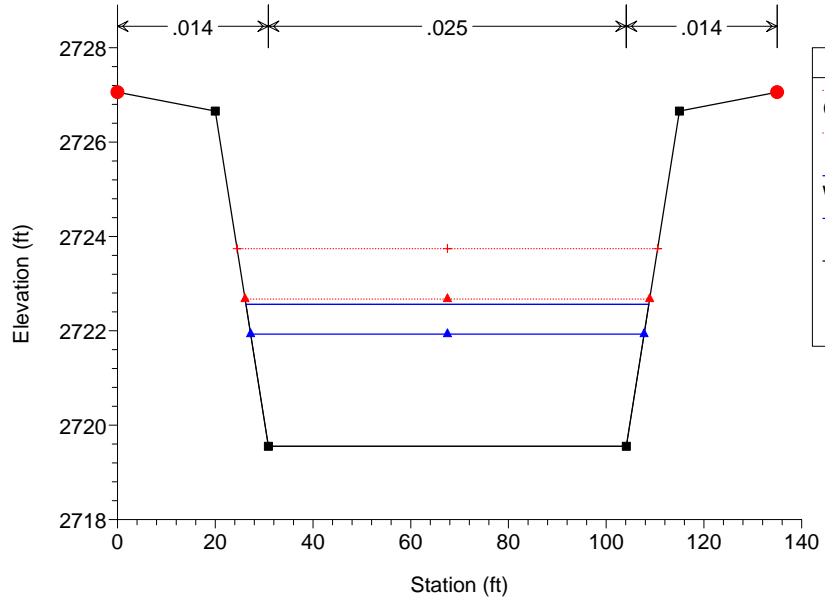
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int low n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 24514.7\*



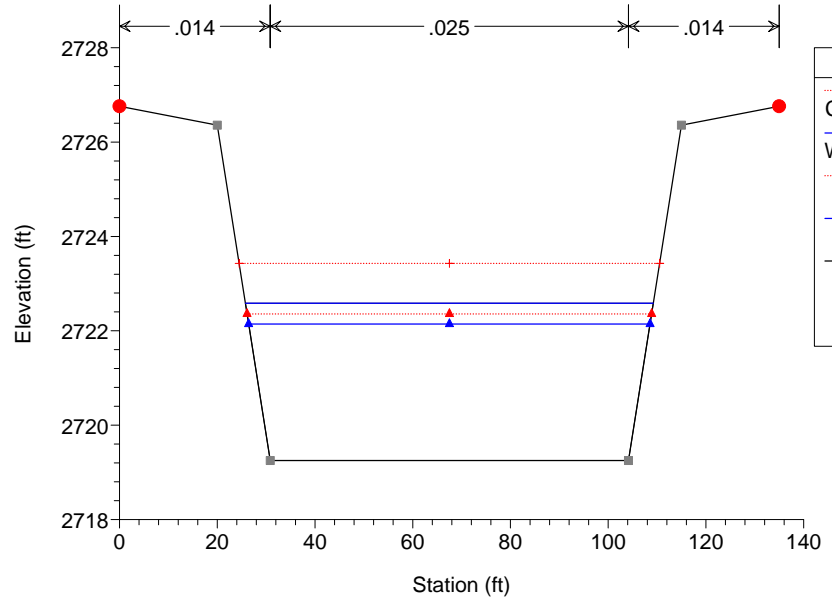
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int low n hard bottom 2/28/2006

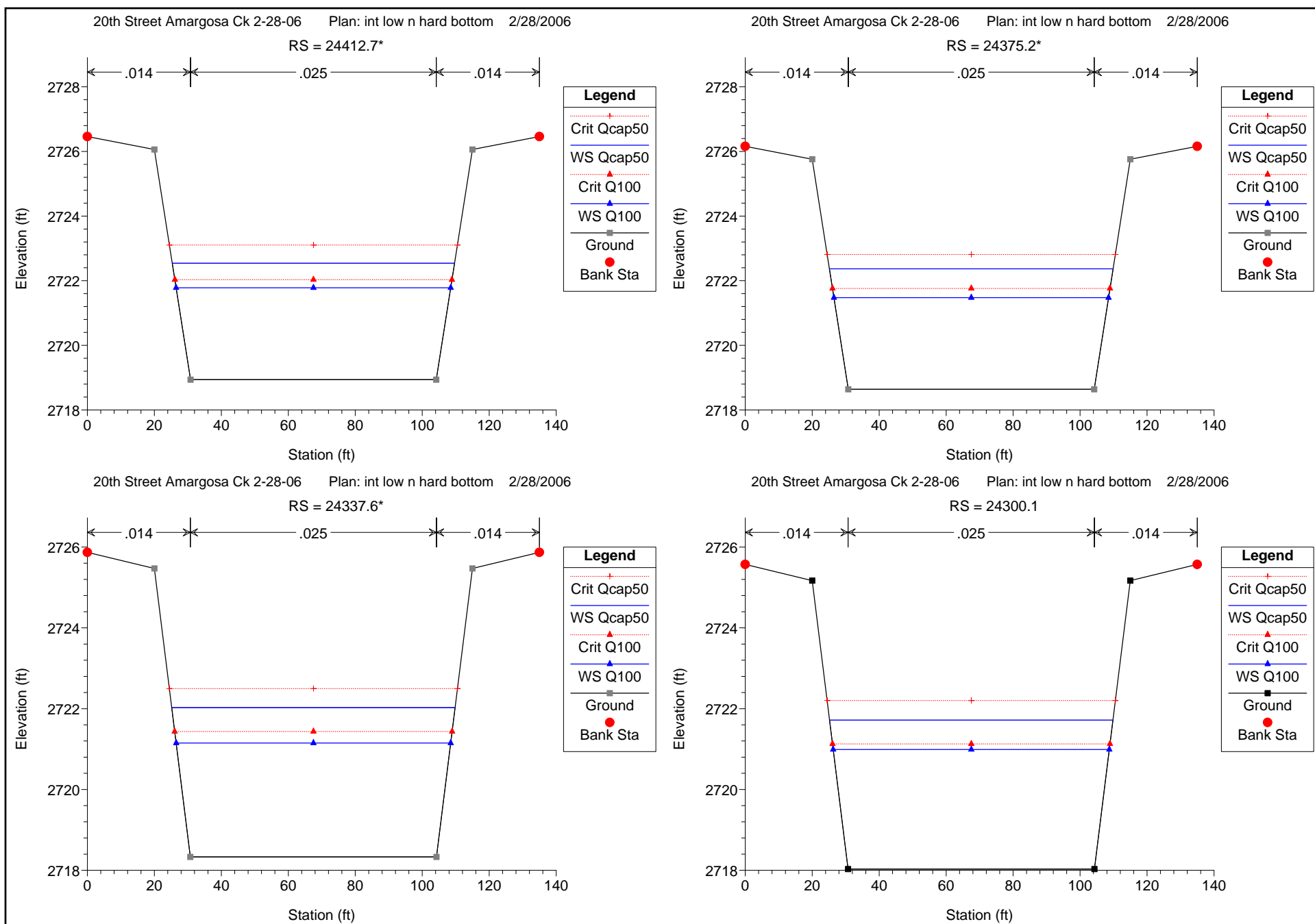
RS = 24487.9



20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: int low n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 24450.3\*





HEC-RAS Plan: int lo n hb River: Amargosa Creek Reach: 1

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
1	25100	Qcap50	3695.00	2724.48	2727.96	2729.36	2732.75	0.008105	17.57	210.26	78.00	1.89
1	25100	Q100	2350.00	2724.48	2727.31	2728.27	2730.69	0.008102	14.75	159.28	78.00	1.82
1	25064.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2724.19	2727.67	2729.07	2732.47	0.008112	17.58	210.21	78.00	1.89
1	25064.5*	Q100	2350.00	2724.19	2727.01	2727.98	2730.40	0.008114	14.76	159.21	78.00	1.82
1	25029.0*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.91	2727.39	2728.79	2732.17	0.008067	17.55	210.57	78.00	1.88
1	25029.0*	Q100	2350.00	2723.91	2726.74	2727.74	2730.11	0.008052	14.73	159.59	78.00	1.81
1	24993.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.62	2727.10	2728.54	2731.89	0.008080	17.56	210.46	78.00	1.88
1	24993.6*	Q100	2350.00	2723.62	2726.45	2727.41	2729.82	0.008072	14.74	159.46	78.00	1.82
1	24958.1*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.33	2726.81	2728.25	2731.60	0.008095	17.57	210.34	78.00	1.89
1	24958.1*	Q100	2350.00	2723.33	2726.16	2727.12	2729.53	0.008091	14.75	159.35	78.00	1.82
1	24922.7	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.04	2726.53	2727.93	2731.31	0.008086	17.56	210.42	78.00	1.88
1	24922.7	Q100	2350.00	2723.04	2725.87	2726.84	2729.25	0.008092	14.75	159.34	78.00	1.82
1	24885.1*	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.74	2726.22	2727.62	2731.01	0.008086	17.56	210.42	78.00	1.88
1	24885.1*	Q100	2350.00	2722.74	2725.57	2726.57	2728.94	0.008092	14.75	159.34	78.00	1.82
1	24847.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.44	2725.92	2727.32	2730.70	0.008067	17.55	210.57	78.00	1.88
1	24847.5*	Q100	2350.00	2722.44	2725.27	2726.23	2728.64	0.008067	14.73	159.49	78.00	1.82
1	24810	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.13	2725.61	2727.05	2730.40	0.008088	17.56	210.40	78.00	1.88
1	24810	Q100	2350.00	2722.13	2724.96	2725.93	2728.34	0.008098	14.75	159.31	78.00	1.82
1	24768.6	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.80	2725.28	2726.68	2730.07	0.008090	17.56	210.38	78.00	1.88
1	24768.6	Q100	2350.00	2721.80	2724.62	2725.59	2728.00	0.008092	14.75	159.34	78.00	1.82
1	24735.2*	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.53	2725.47	2726.67	2729.46	0.013684	16.03	230.48	82.16	1.69
1	24735.2*	Q100	2350.00	2721.53	2724.93	2725.62	2727.41	0.011178	12.62	186.15	82.16	1.48
1	24701.8*	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.26	2725.90	2726.62	2728.77	0.008515	13.58	272.01	86.32	1.35
1	24701.8*	Q100	2350.00	2721.26	2725.73	2725.56	2727.03	0.004147	9.14	257.05	86.32	0.93
1	24668.4*	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.00	2727.17	2726.57	2728.54	0.002729	9.41	392.69	90.49	0.80
1	24668.4*	Q100	2350.00	2721.00	2724.89	2724.89	2726.80	0.006158	11.09	211.85	54.52	0.99

HEC-RAS Plan: int lo n hb River: Amargosa Creek Reach: 1 (Continued)

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
1	24635.0*	Qcap50	3695.00	2720.73	2725.81	2725.81	2728.31	0.005744	12.69	291.20	57.36	0.99
1	24635.0*	Q100	2350.00	2720.73	2723.95	2724.49	2726.46	0.010218	12.71	184.83	57.35	1.25
1	24601.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2720.47	2724.70	2725.39	2727.98	0.009444	14.53	254.24	60.17	1.25
1	24601.6*	Q100	2350.00	2720.47	2723.49	2724.11	2726.09	0.011519	12.95	181.41	60.17	1.31
1	24568.3	Qcap50	3695.00	2720.20	2724.11	2724.97	2727.61	0.011101	15.02	246.07	63.01	1.34
1	24568.3	Q100	2350.00	2720.20	2723.08	2723.73	2725.69	0.012272	12.98	181.04	63.01	1.35
1	24541.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2719.99	2723.46	2724.54	2727.25	0.013553	15.63	236.45	69.96	1.50
1	24541.5*	Q100	2350.00	2719.99	2722.61	2723.36	2725.33	0.014019	13.23	177.58	69.09	1.45
1	24514.7*	Qcap50	3695.00	2719.77	2722.96	2724.12	2726.85	0.015231	15.83	233.44	76.35	1.60
1	24514.7*	Q100	2350.00	2719.77	2722.23	2723.02	2724.94	0.014986	13.21	177.94	74.85	1.51
1	24487.9	Qcap50	3695.00	2719.55	2722.56	2723.74	2726.43	0.016210	15.77	234.25	82.45	1.65
1	24487.9	Q100	2350.00	2719.55	2721.93	2722.67	2724.50	0.014762	12.86	182.71	80.51	1.50
1	24450.3*	Qcap50	3695.00	2719.25	2722.59	2723.43	2725.69	0.011348	14.13	261.45	83.48	1.41
1	24450.3*	Q100	2350.00	2719.25	2722.14	2722.36	2723.84	0.007512	10.46	224.75	82.13	1.11
1	24412.7*	Qcap50	3695.00	2718.94	2722.54	2723.10	2725.17	0.008703	13.02	283.76	84.30	1.25
1	24412.7*	Q100	2350.00	2718.94	2721.78	2722.03	2723.54	0.007972	10.65	220.75	82.00	1.14
1	24375.2*	Qcap50	3695.00	2718.64	2722.37	2722.81	2724.81	0.007693	12.53	294.85	84.73	1.18
1	24375.2*	Q100	2350.00	2718.64	2721.48	2721.76	2723.24	0.008023	10.66	220.39	82.03	1.15
1	24337.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2718.33	2722.03	2722.50	2724.51	0.007931	12.65	292.14	84.63	1.20
1	24337.6*	Q100	2350.00	2718.33	2721.15	2721.43	2722.94	0.008180	10.72	219.13	81.99	1.16
1	24300.1	Qcap50	3695.00	2718.03	2721.72	2722.20	2724.21	0.007986	12.67	291.62	84.64	1.20
1	24300.1	Q100	2350.00	2718.03	2720.99	2721.13	2722.60	0.006901	10.18	230.94	82.46	1.07

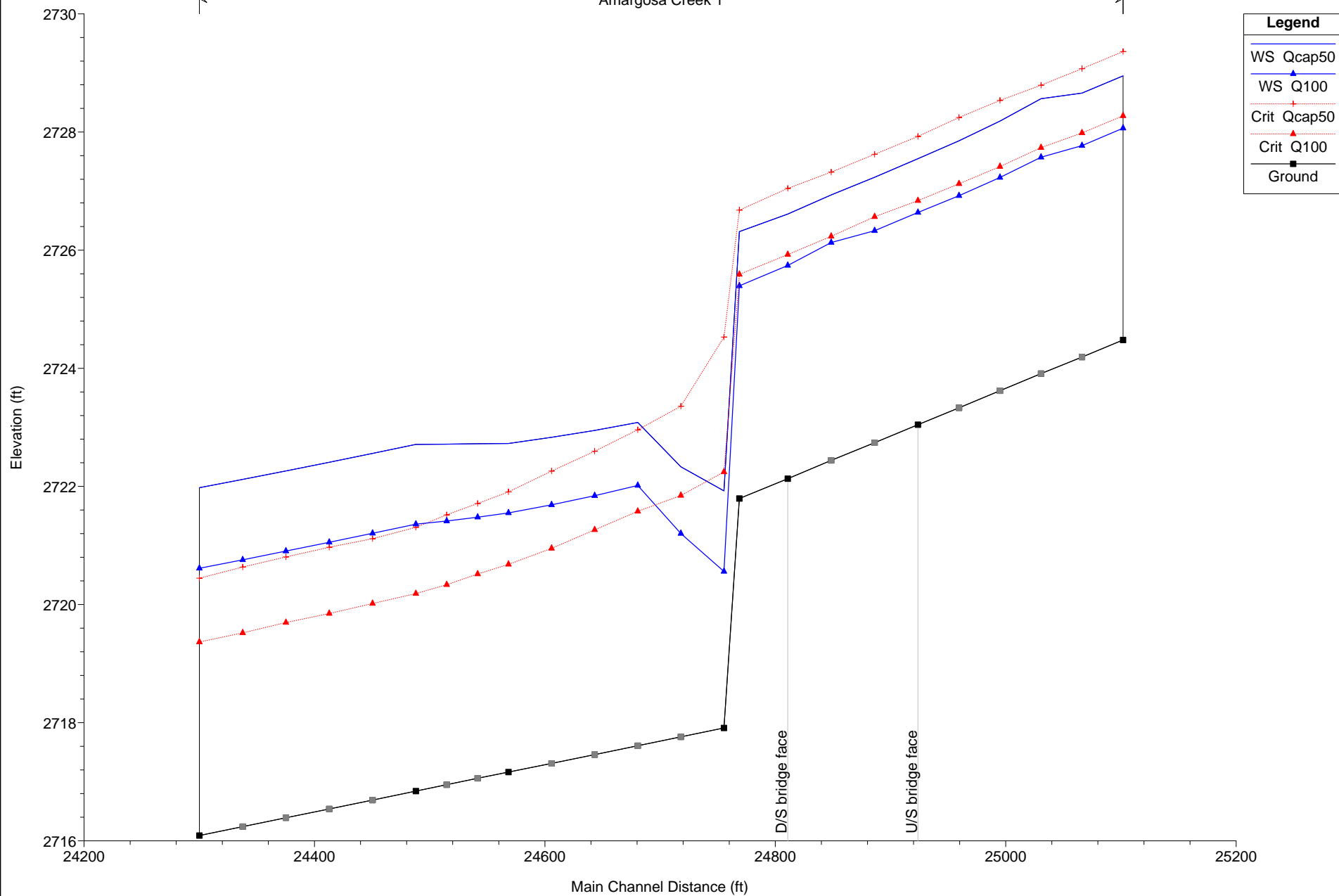
**Ultimate Conditions**

**High Manning's  $n$   
(for freeboard evaluation)**



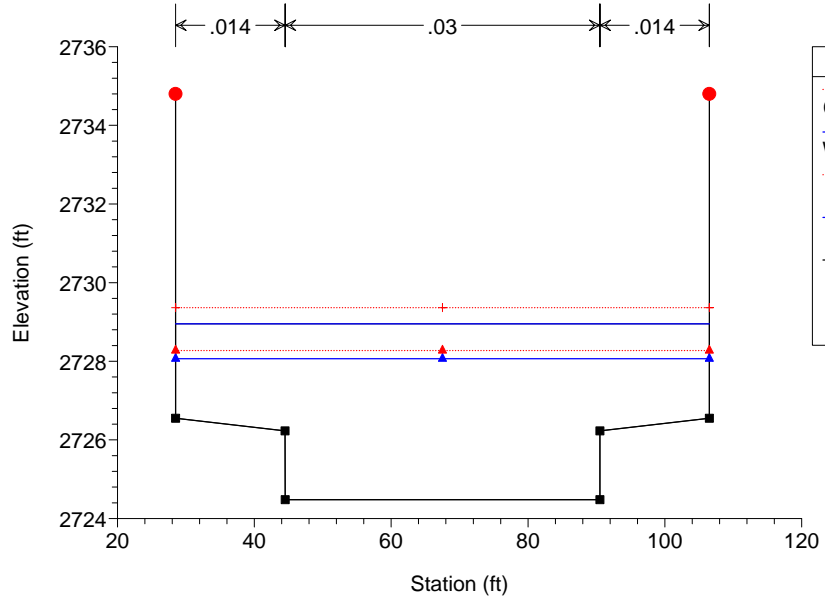
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n hard bottom 2/28/2006

Amargosa Creek 1



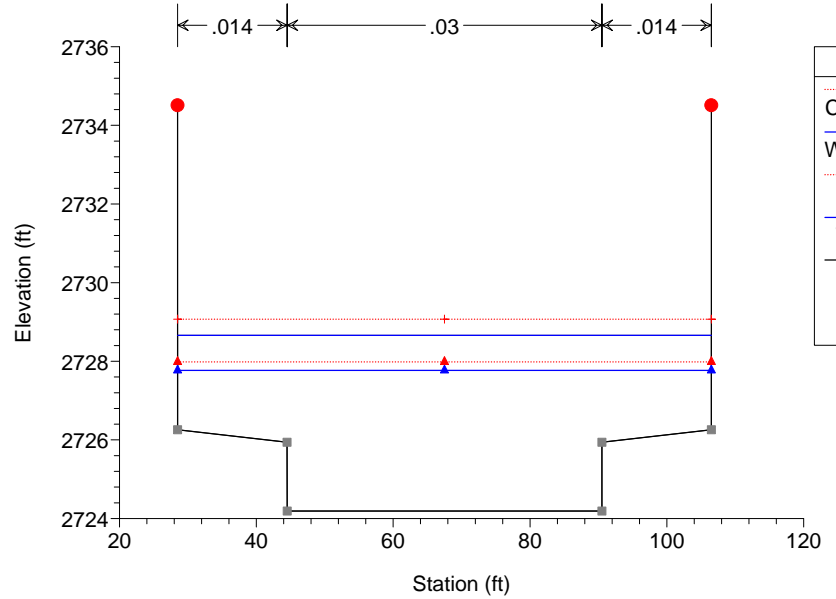
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 25100



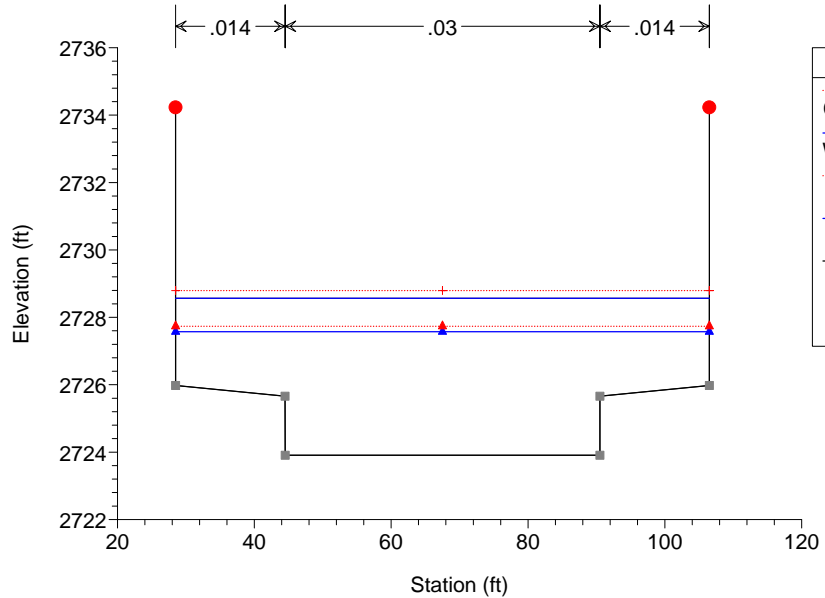
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 25064.5\*



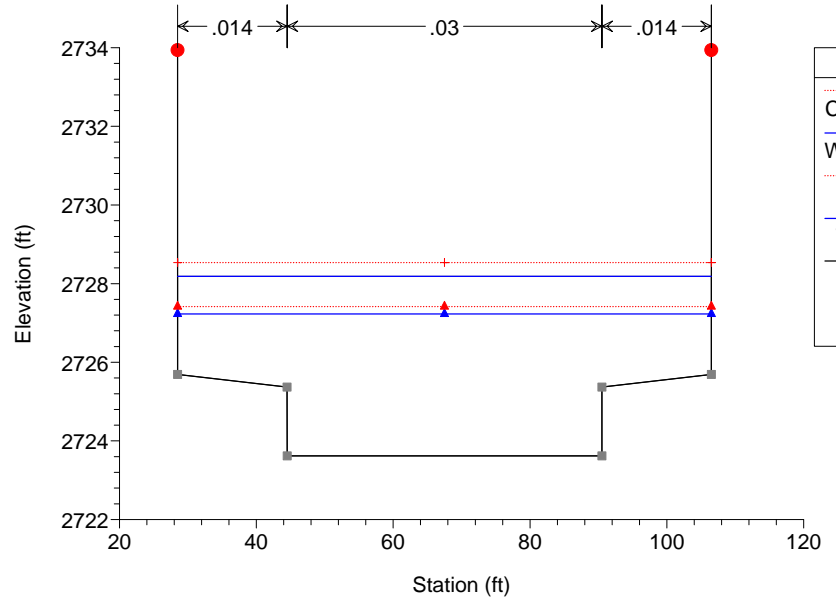
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 25029.0\*

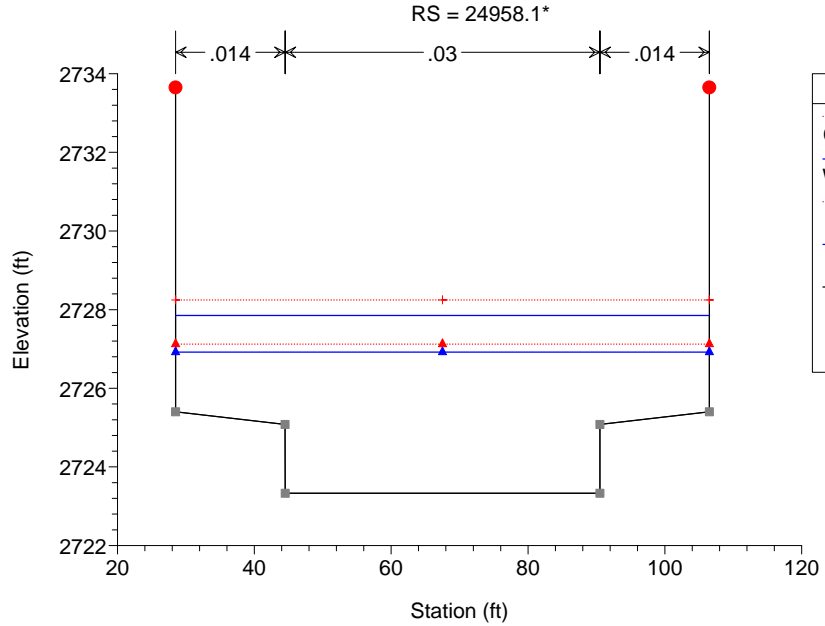


20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n hard bottom 2/28/2006

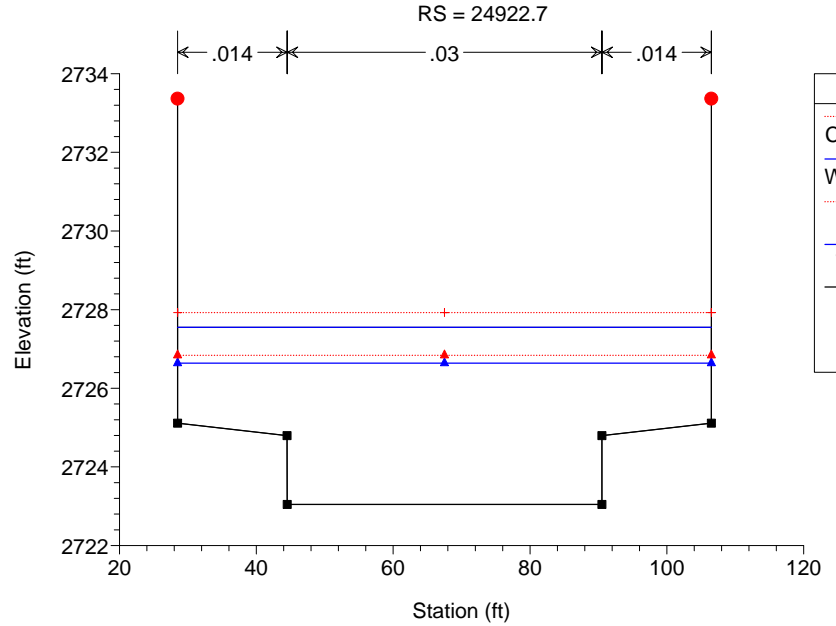
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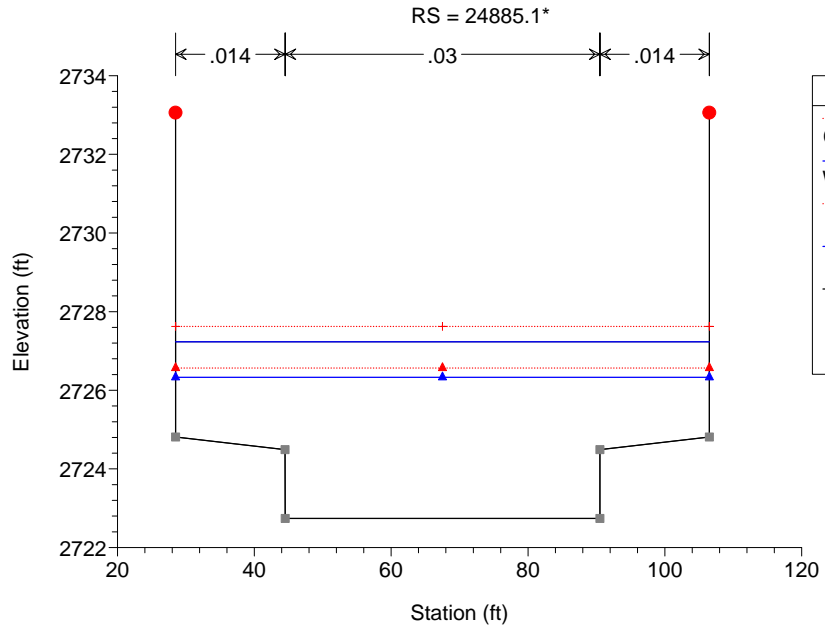
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n hard bottom 2/28/2006



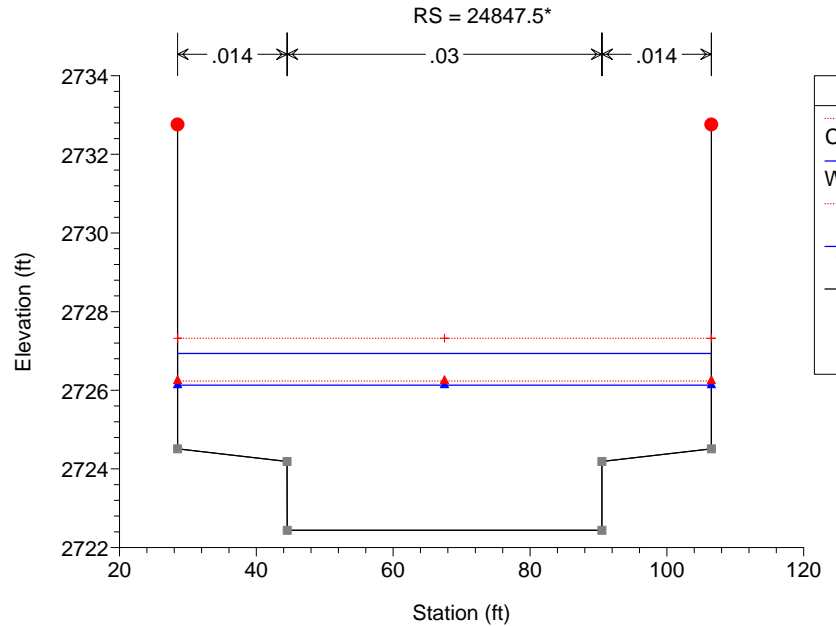
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n hard bottom 2/28/2006



20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n hard bottom 2/28/2006

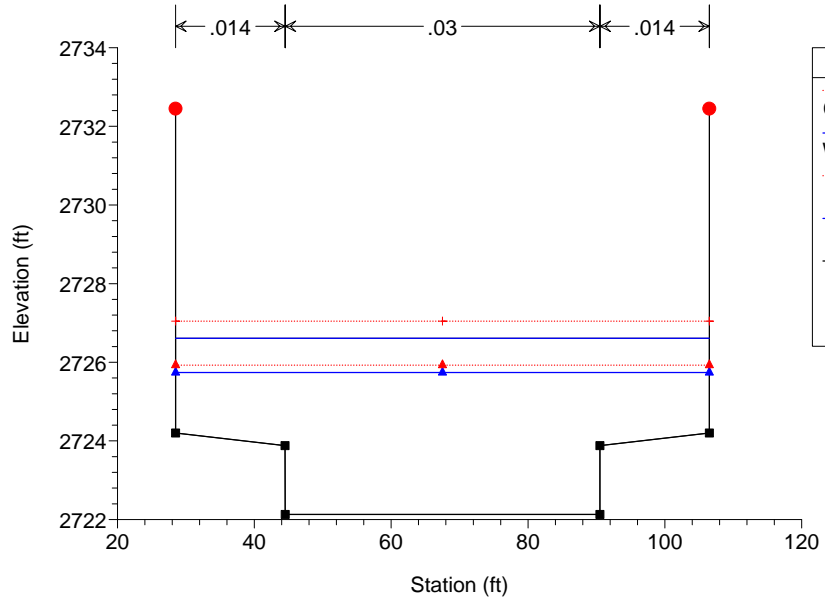


20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n hard bottom 2/28/2006



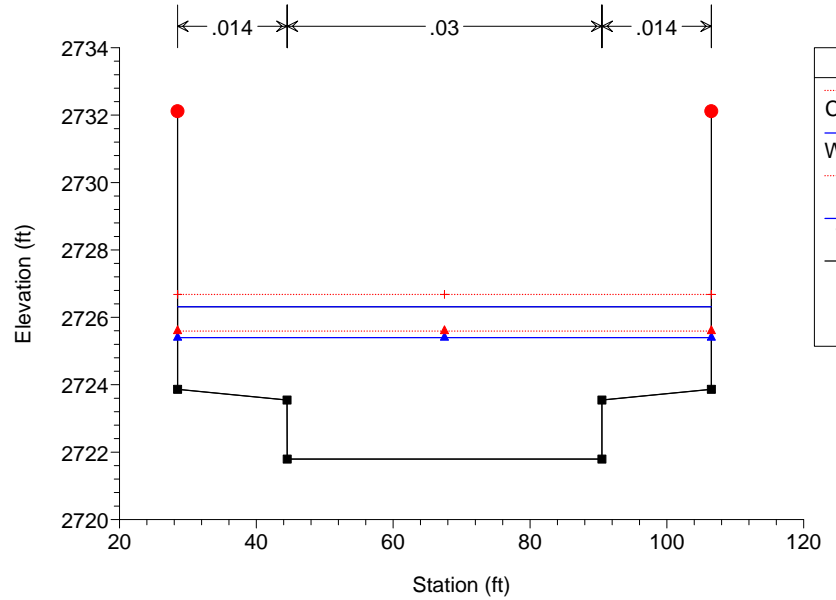
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 24810



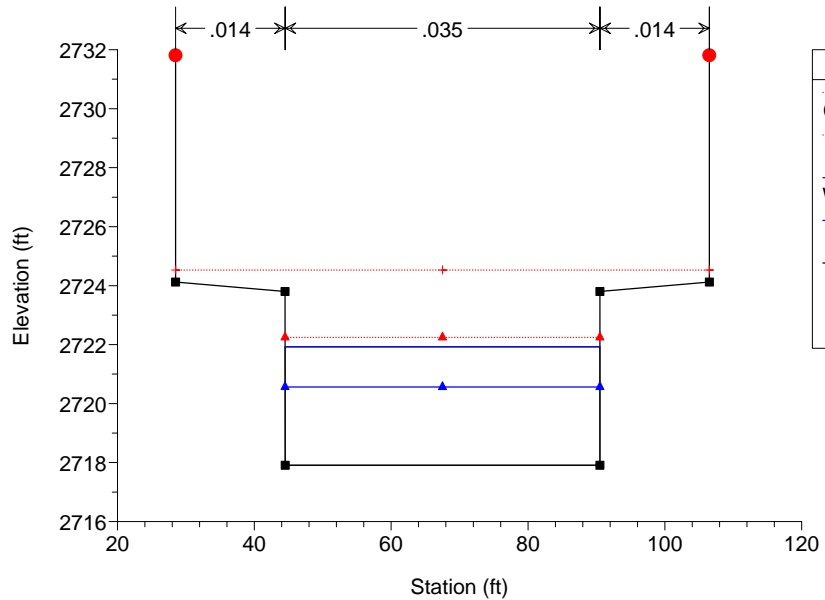
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 24768.6



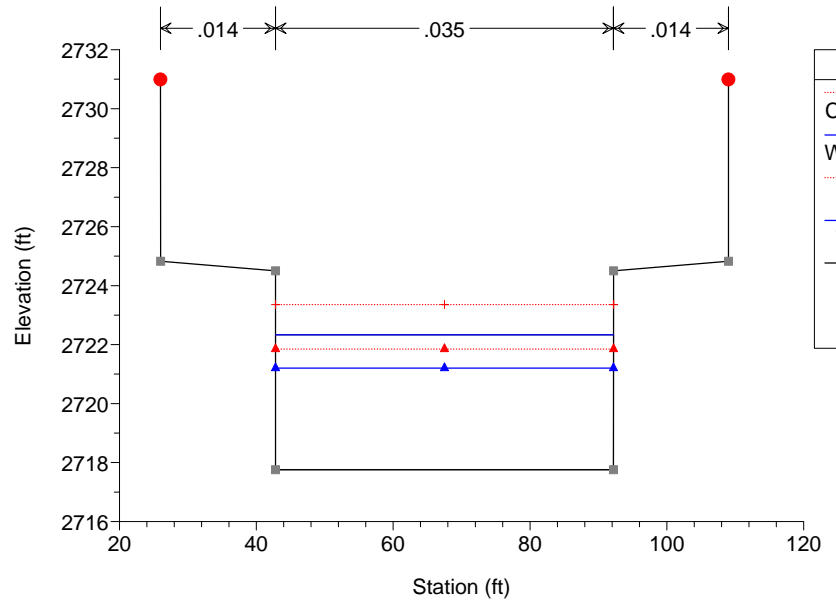
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n hard bottom 2/28/2006

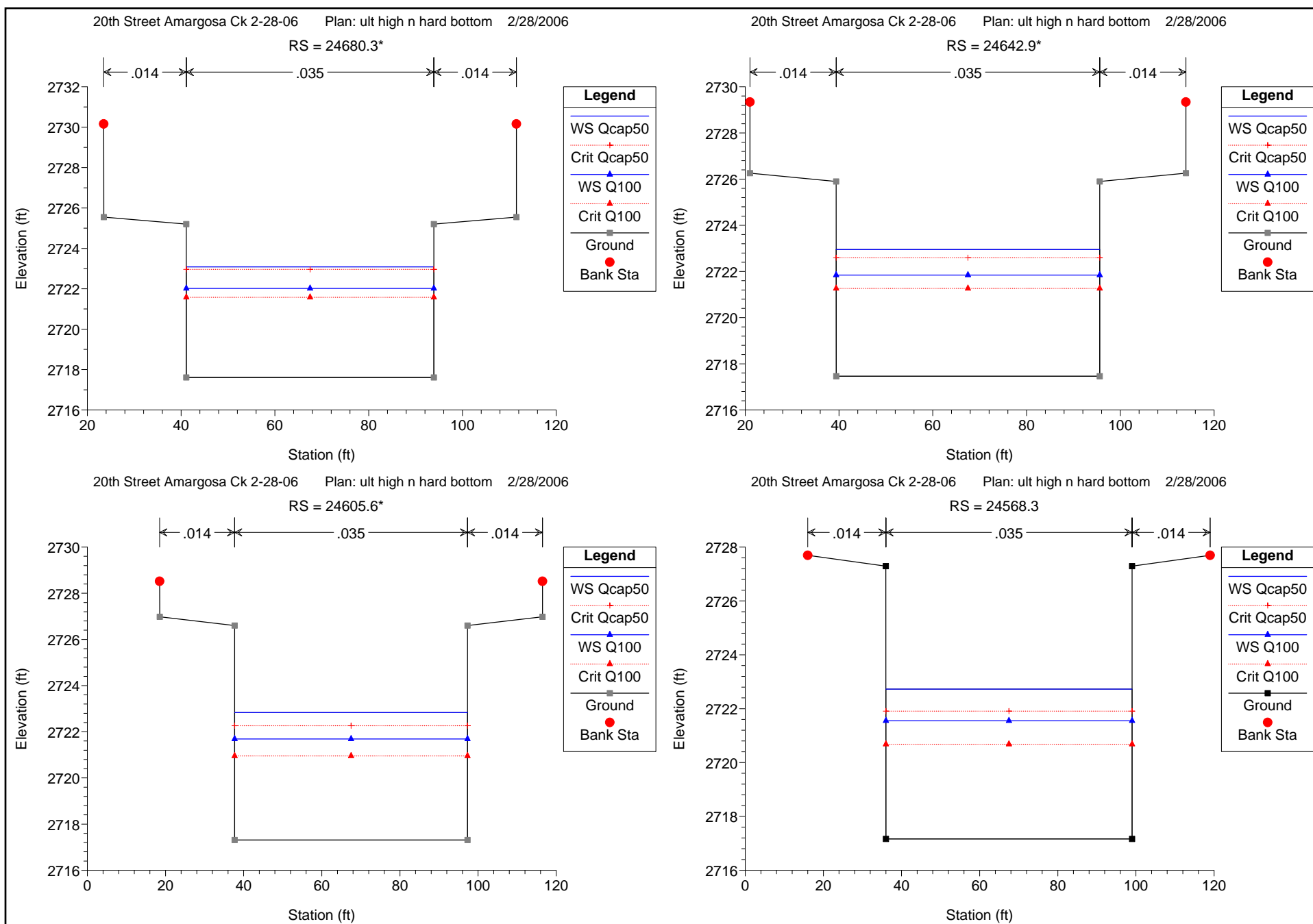
RS = 24755

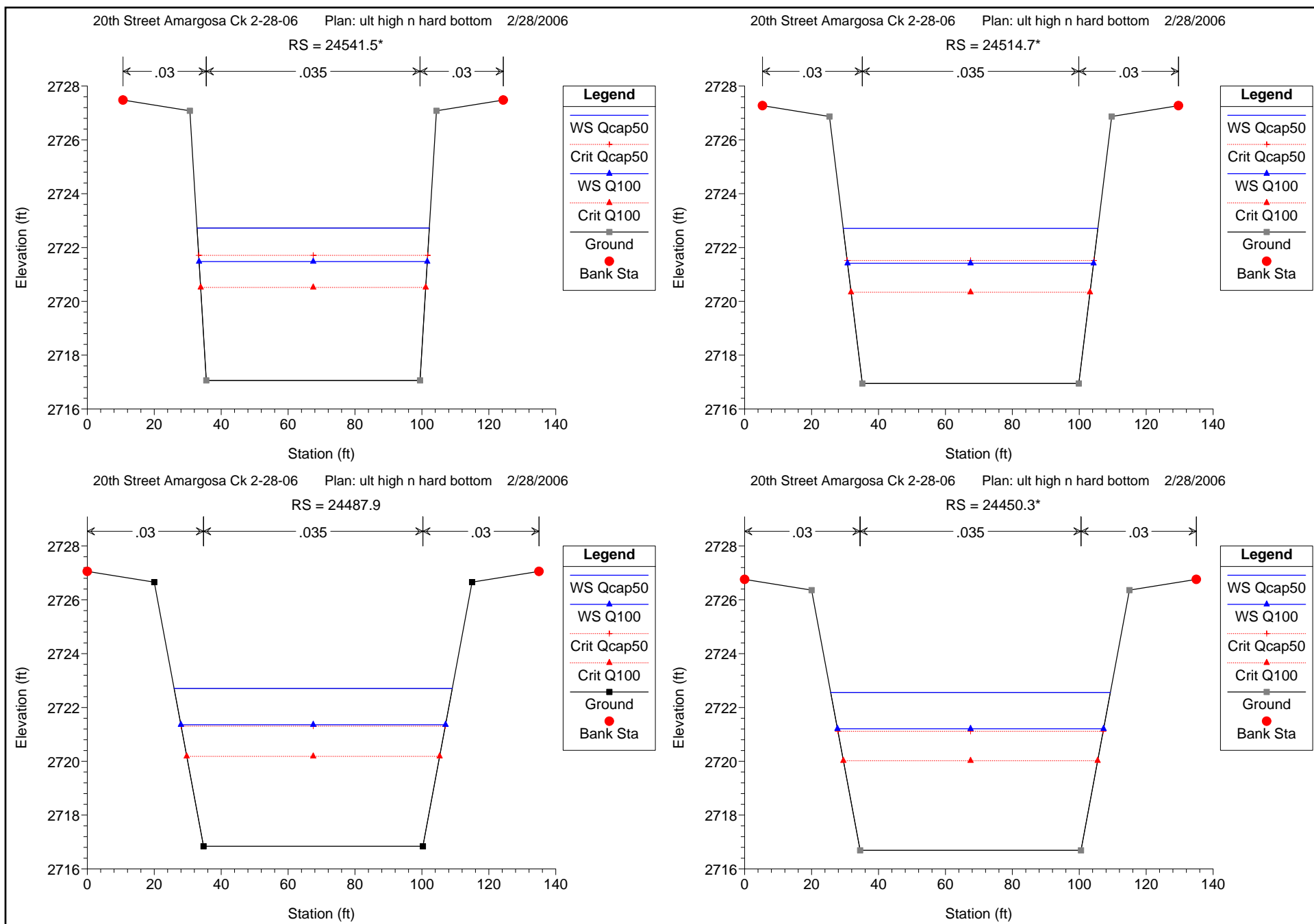


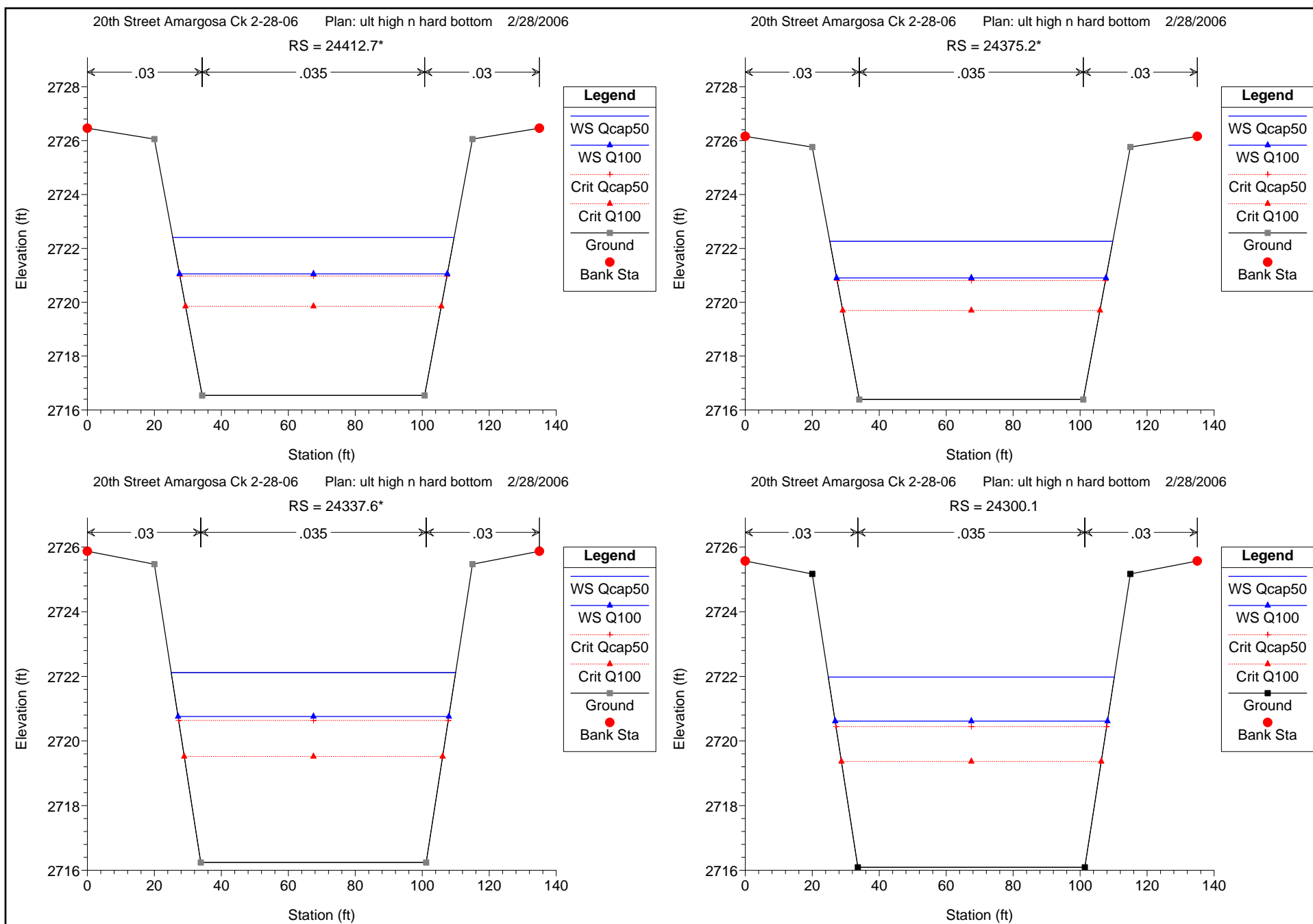
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult high n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 24717.6\*









HEC-RAS Plan: ult hi n hb River: Amargosa Creek Reach: 1

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
1	25100	Qcap50	3695.00	2724.48	2728.95	2729.36	2731.51	0.008106	12.85	287.66	78.01	1.18
1	25100	Q100	2350.00	2724.48	2728.06	2728.27	2729.86	0.008103	10.76	218.43	78.00	1.13
1	25064.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2724.19	2728.66	2729.07	2731.22	0.008122	12.85	287.49	78.01	1.18
1	25064.5*	Q100	2350.00	2724.19	2727.77	2727.98	2729.57	0.008141	10.77	218.13	78.00	1.14
1	25029.0*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.91	2728.56	2728.79	2730.89	0.006914	12.24	301.96	78.01	1.10
1	25029.0*	Q100	2350.00	2723.91	2727.57	2727.73	2729.27	0.007391	10.46	224.62	78.00	1.09
1	24993.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.62	2728.18	2728.54	2730.62	0.007471	12.53	294.90	78.01	1.14
1	24993.6*	Q100	2350.00	2723.62	2727.23	2727.41	2728.99	0.007863	10.66	220.44	78.00	1.12
1	24958.1*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.33	2727.85	2728.25	2730.35	0.007760	12.68	291.51	78.01	1.16
1	24958.1*	Q100	2350.00	2723.33	2726.92	2727.12	2728.71	0.008034	10.73	219.01	78.00	1.13
1	24922.7	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.04	2727.55	2727.93	2730.07	0.007871	12.73	290.25	78.01	1.16
1	24922.7	Q100	2350.00	2723.04	2726.64	2726.84	2728.42	0.008004	10.72	219.25	78.00	1.13
1	24885.1*	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.74	2727.23	2727.62	2729.77	0.007948	12.77	289.39	78.01	1.17
1	24885.1*	Q100	2350.00	2722.74	2726.33	2726.56	2728.12	0.008054	10.74	218.83	78.00	1.13
1	24847.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.44	2726.94	2727.32	2729.46	0.007932	12.76	289.56	78.01	1.17
1	24847.5*	Q100	2350.00	2722.44	2726.13	2726.23	2727.80	0.007177	10.37	226.64	78.00	1.07
1	24810	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.13	2726.61	2727.05	2729.16	0.008048	12.82	288.29	78.01	1.17
1	24810	Q100	2350.00	2722.13	2725.74	2725.93	2727.51	0.007868	10.66	220.40	78.00	1.12
1	24768.6	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.80	2726.31	2726.68	2728.81	0.007777	12.68	291.32	78.01	1.16
1	24768.6	Q100	2350.00	2721.80	2725.40	2725.59	2727.17	0.007949	10.70	219.71	78.00	1.12
1	24755	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.91	2721.92	2724.53	2728.14	0.036870	20.01	184.68	46.01	1.76
1	24755	Q100	2350.00	2717.91	2720.56	2722.25	2726.33	0.058358	19.27	121.94	46.01	2.09
1	24717.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.76	2722.33	2723.36	2726.49	0.020775	16.35	225.94	49.41	1.35
1	24717.6*	Q100	2350.00	2717.76	2721.20	2721.85	2724.17	0.021350	13.82	170.05	49.41	1.31
1	24680.3*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.61	2723.08	2722.96	2725.62	0.010060	12.78	289.05	52.81	0.96
1	24680.3*	Q100	2350.00	2717.61	2722.02	2721.58	2723.60	0.008279	10.10	232.66	52.81	0.85



HEC-RAS Plan: ult hi n hb River: Amargosa Creek Reach: 1 (Continued)

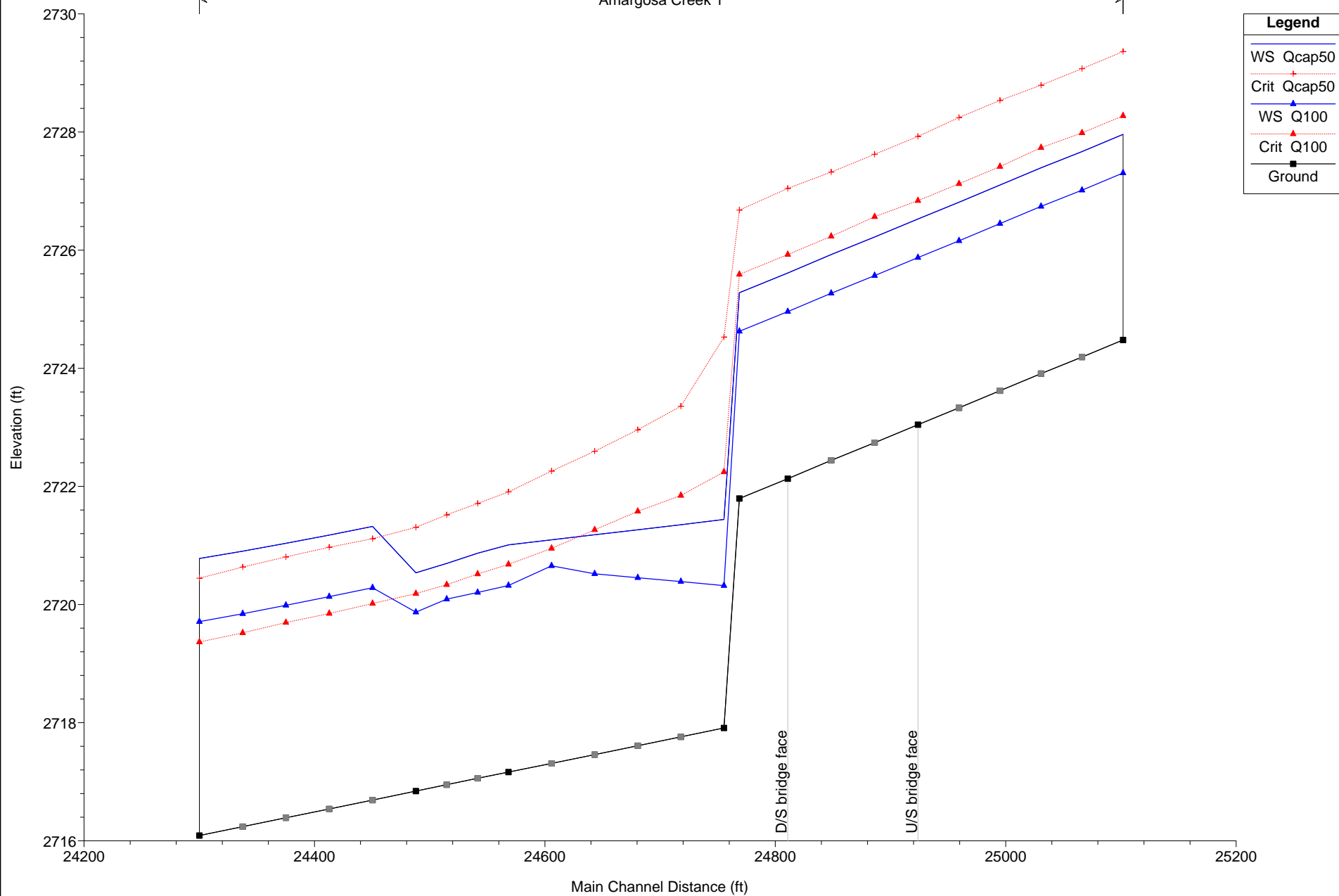
Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
1	24642.9*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.46	2722.95	2722.60	2725.18	0.008766	11.98	308.49	56.21	0.90
1	24642.9*	Q100	2350.00	2717.46	2721.84	2721.27	2723.26	0.007417	9.54	246.28	56.21	0.80
1	24605.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.31	2722.83	2722.26	2724.79	0.007619	11.23	329.08	59.61	0.84
1	24605.6*	Q100	2350.00	2717.31	2721.69	2720.95	2722.95	0.006598	9.01	260.92	59.61	0.76
1	24568.3	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.16	2722.73	2721.91	2724.45	0.006626	10.54	350.56	63.01	0.79
1	24568.3	Q100	2350.00	2717.16	2721.55	2720.68	2722.67	0.005843	8.50	276.47	63.01	0.72
1	24541.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.06	2722.72	2721.71	2724.21	0.006049	9.79	377.31	69.41	0.74
1	24541.5*	Q100	2350.00	2717.06	2721.48	2720.52	2722.49	0.005538	8.05	291.75	68.19	0.69
1	24514.7*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.95	2722.72	2721.52	2724.00	0.005062	9.10	405.89	76.11	0.69
1	24514.7*	Q100	2350.00	2716.95	2721.42	2720.34	2722.32	0.004851	7.62	308.59	73.54	0.66
1	24487.9	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.84	2722.71	2721.31	2723.82	0.004305	8.47	436.40	83.16	0.65
1	24487.9	Q100	2350.00	2716.84	2721.36	2720.19	2722.16	0.004281	7.19	326.84	79.11	0.62
1	24450.3*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.69	2722.56	2721.12	2723.66	0.004250	8.42	439.01	83.60	0.65
1	24450.3*	Q100	2350.00	2716.69	2721.21	2720.02	2722.00	0.004232	7.15	328.70	79.55	0.62
1	24412.7*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.54	2722.41	2720.97	2723.50	0.004197	8.37	441.64	84.05	0.64
1	24412.7*	Q100	2350.00	2716.54	2721.05	2719.85	2721.84	0.004186	7.11	330.51	79.98	0.62
1	24375.2*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.39	2722.26	2720.81	2723.34	0.004137	8.31	444.50	84.50	0.64
1	24375.2*	Q100	2350.00	2716.39	2720.91	2719.70	2721.68	0.004133	7.07	332.52	80.43	0.61
1	24337.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.24	2722.12	2720.63	2723.18	0.004073	8.26	447.53	84.95	0.63
1	24337.6*	Q100	2350.00	2716.24	2720.76	2719.52	2721.52	0.004073	7.02	334.71	80.87	0.61
1	24300.1	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.09	2721.98	2720.45	2723.02	0.004001	8.19	450.96	85.43	0.63
1	24300.1	Q100	2350.00	2716.09	2720.61	2719.37	2721.37	0.004003	6.97	337.25	81.34	0.60

**Ultimate Conditions**

**Low Manning's  $n$   
(for scour evaluation)**

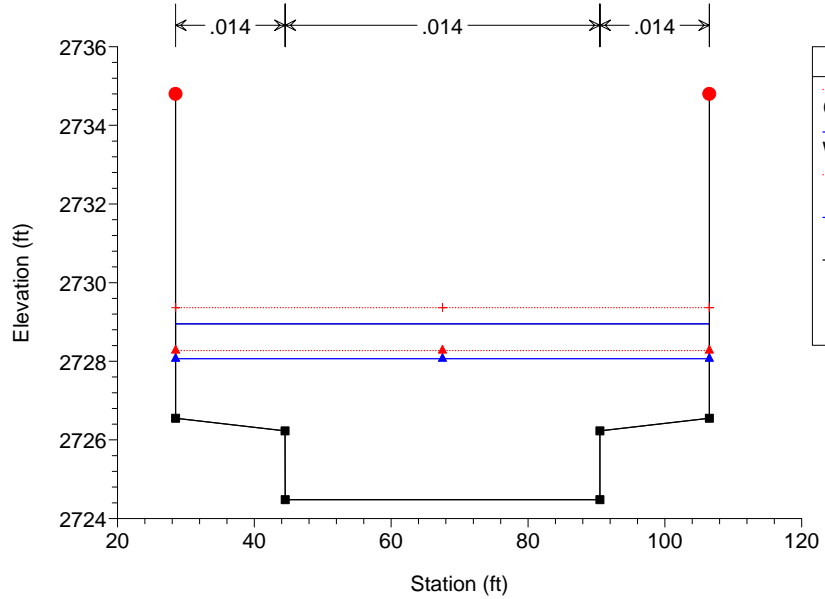
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult low n hard bottom 2/28/2006

Amargosa Creek 1



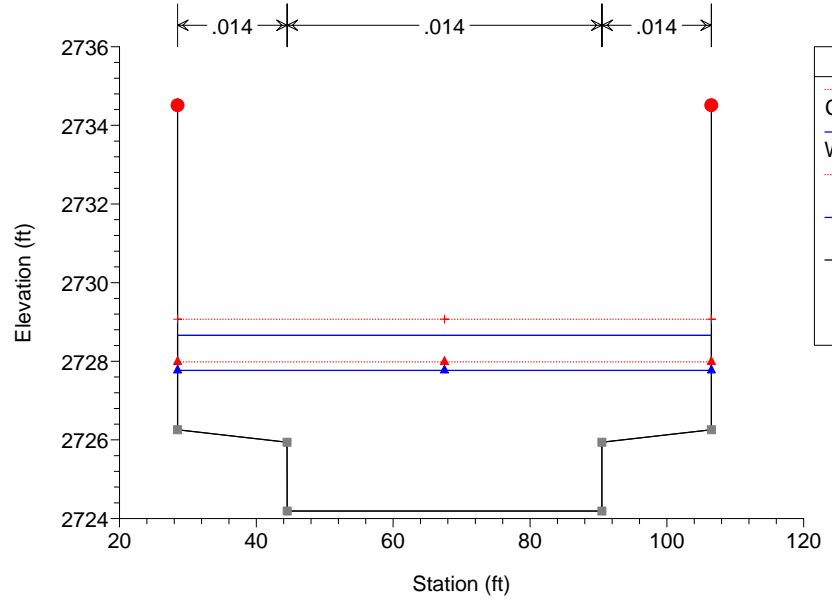
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult low n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 25100



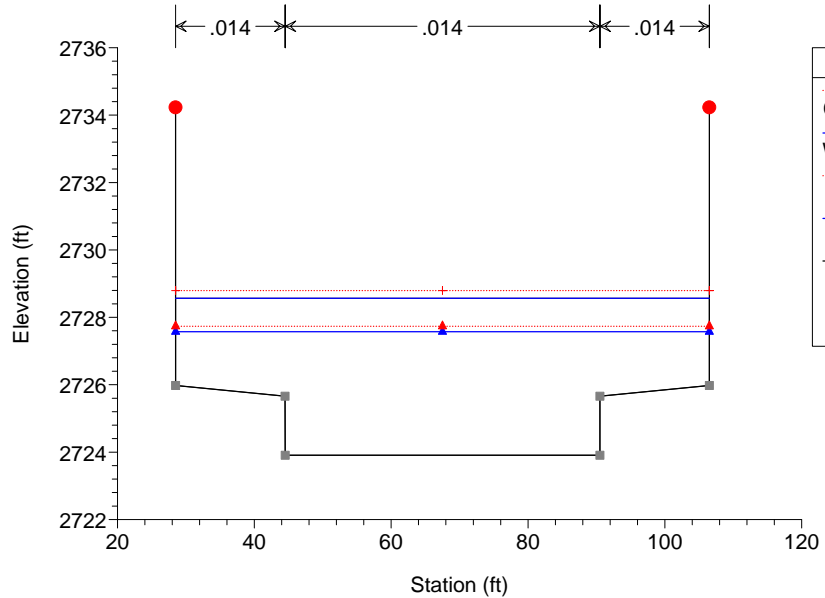
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult low n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 25064.5\*



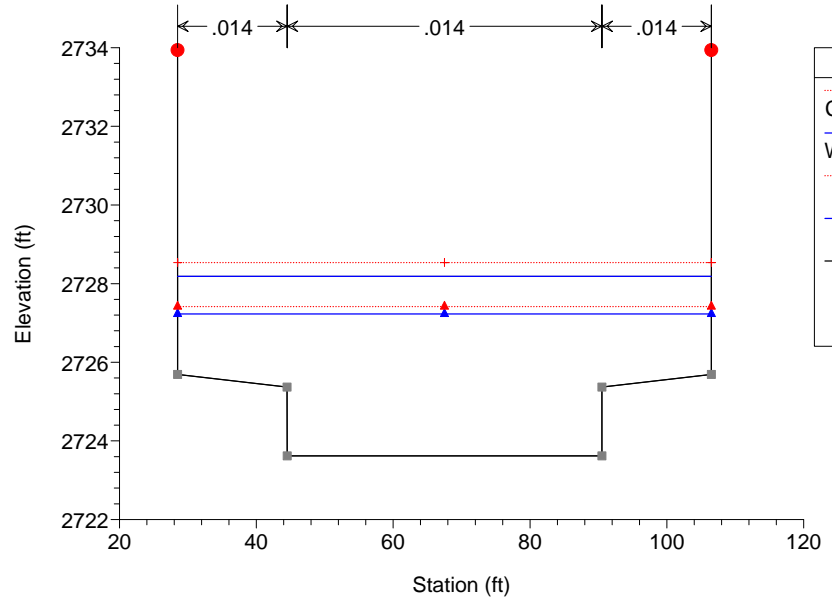
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult low n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 25029.0\*



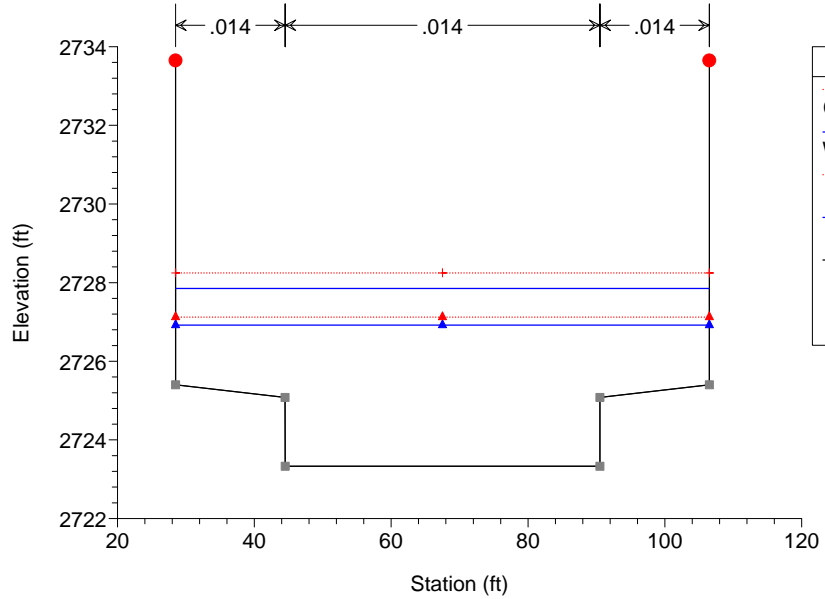
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult low n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 24993.6\*



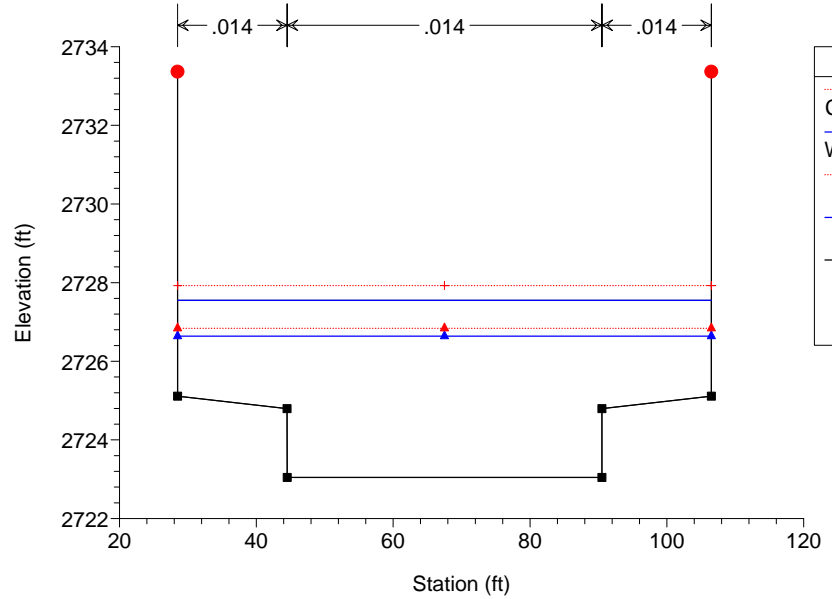
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult low n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 24958.1\*



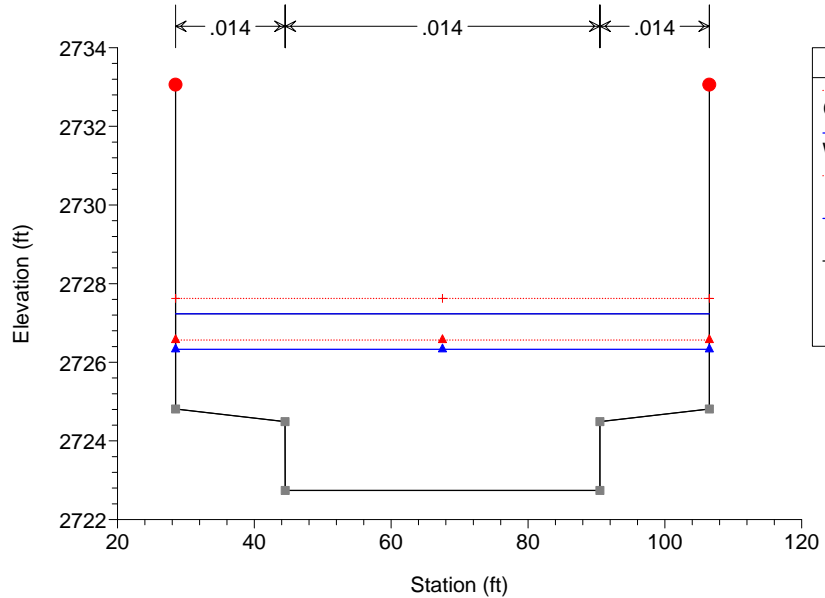
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult low n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 24922.7



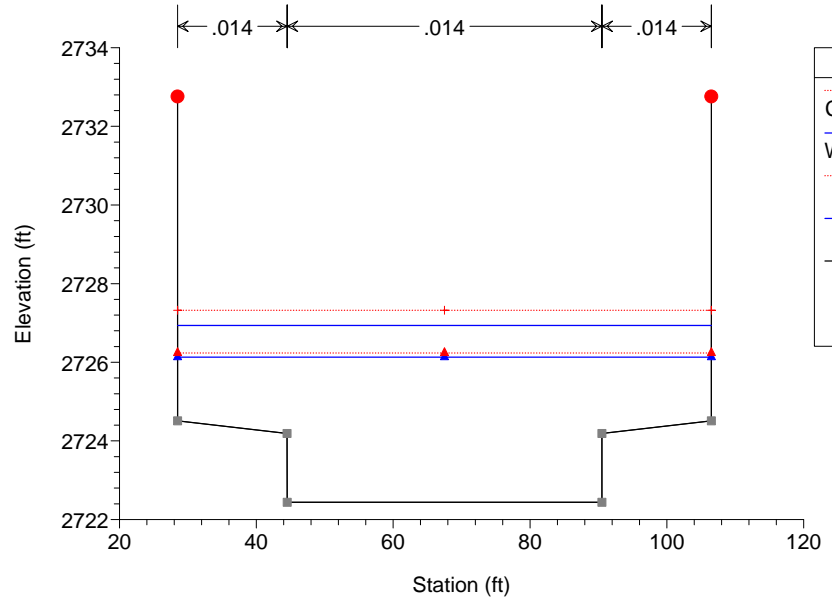
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult low n hard bottom 2/28/2006

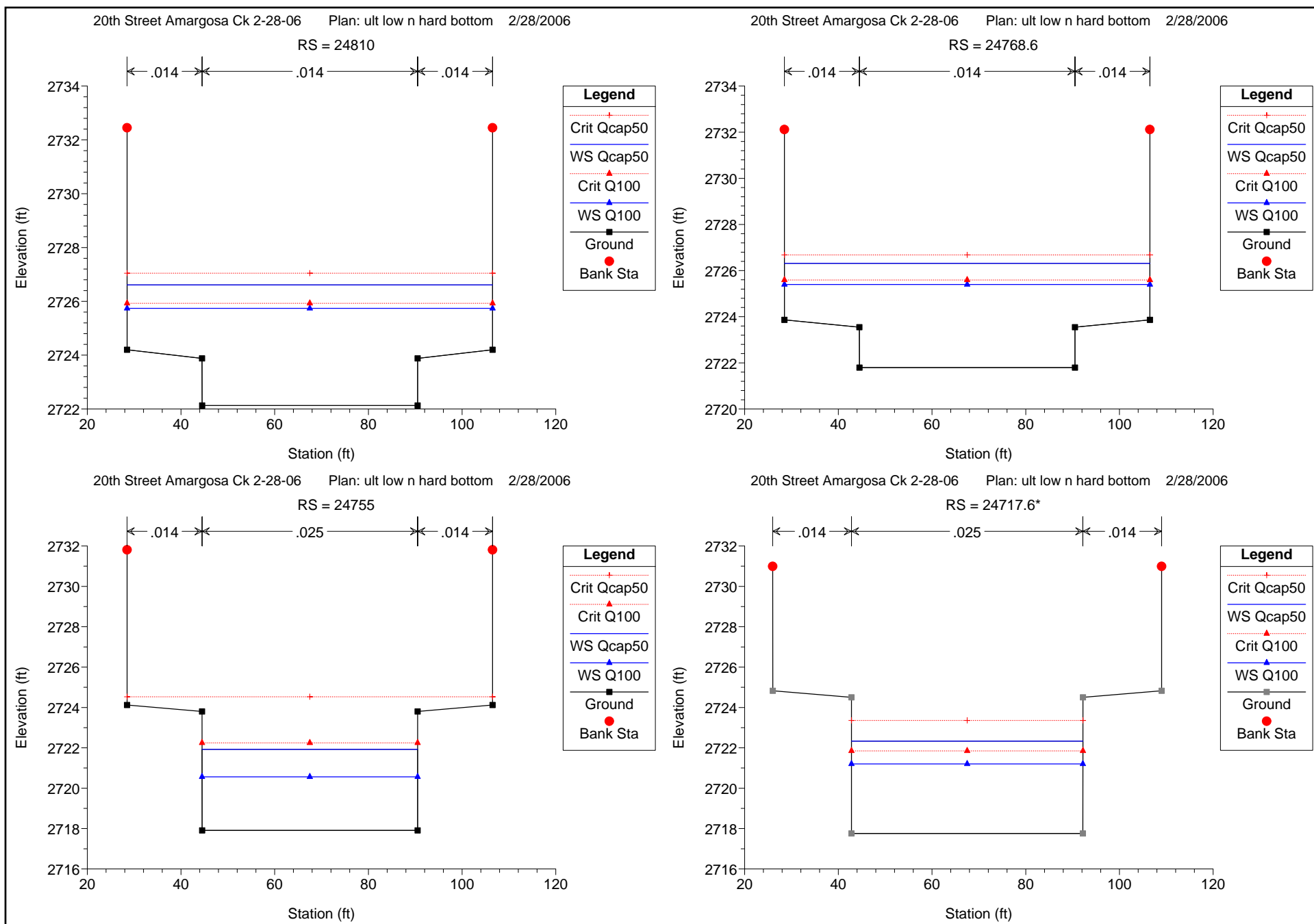
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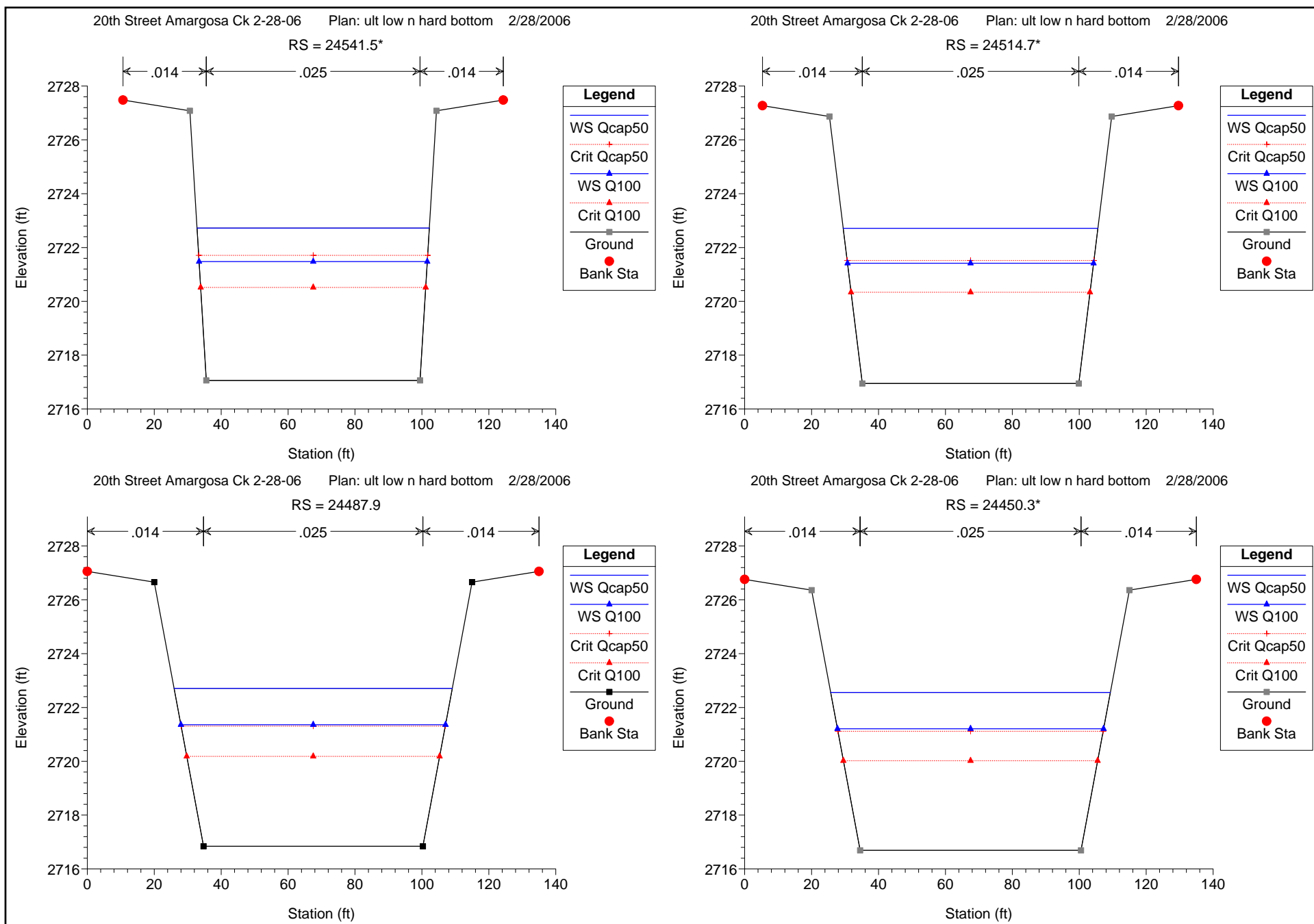
20th Street Amargosa Ck 2-28-06 Plan: ult low n hard bottom 2/28/2006

RS = 24847.5\*

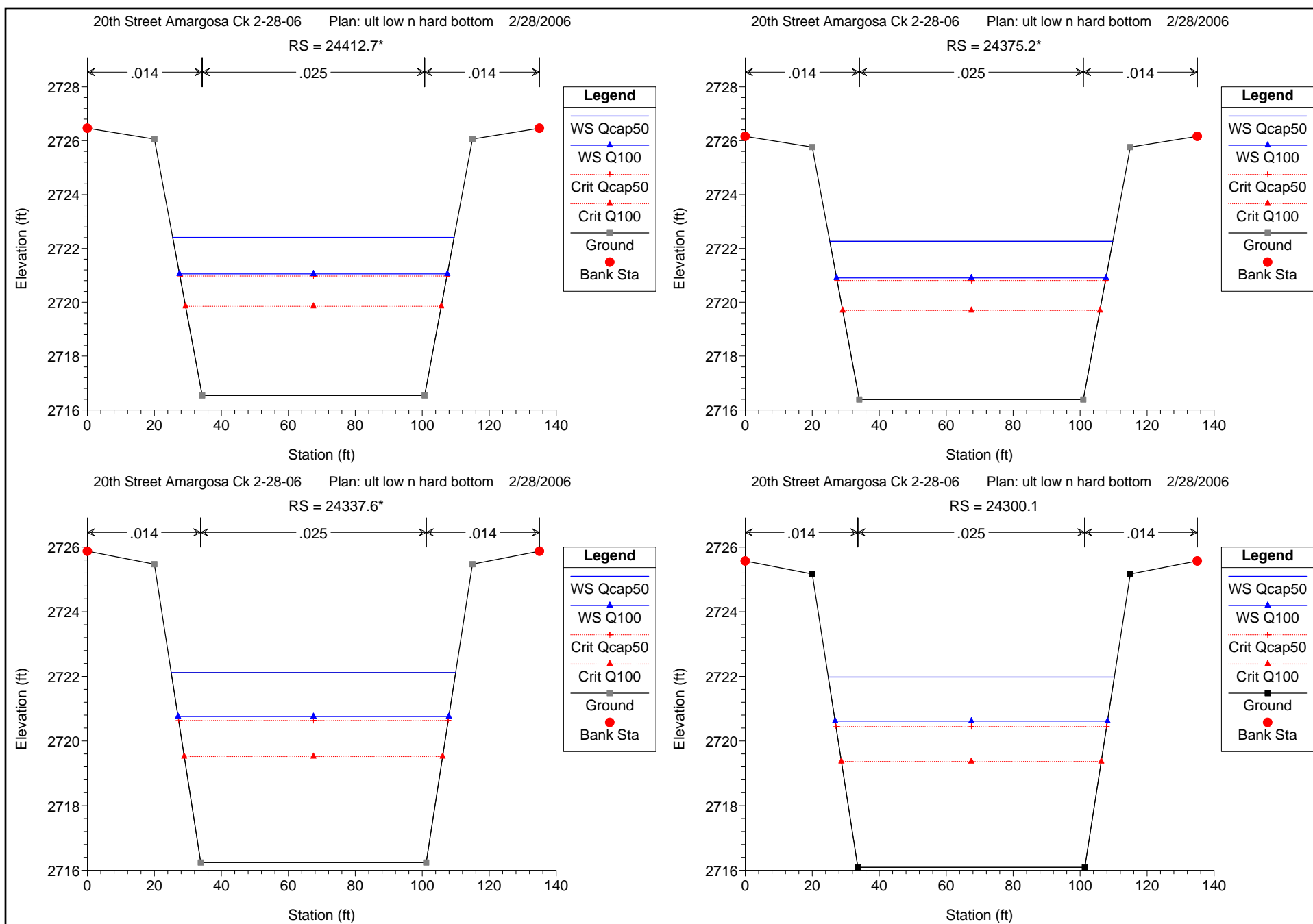












HEC-RAS Plan: ult lo n hb River: Amargosa Creek Reach: 1

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
1	25100	Qcap50	3695.00	2724.48	2727.96	2729.36	2732.75	0.008105	17.57	210.26	78.00	1.89
1	25100	Q100	2350.00	2724.48	2727.31	2728.27	2730.69	0.008102	14.75	159.28	78.00	1.82
1	25064.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2724.19	2727.67	2729.07	2732.47	0.008107	17.57	210.25	78.00	1.89
1	25064.5*	Q100	2350.00	2724.19	2727.02	2727.98	2730.40	0.008105	14.76	159.27	78.00	1.82
1	25029.0*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.91	2727.39	2728.79	2732.17	0.008058	17.54	210.65	78.00	1.88
1	25029.0*	Q100	2350.00	2723.91	2726.74	2727.73	2730.10	0.008026	14.71	159.74	78.00	1.81
1	24993.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.62	2727.10	2728.54	2731.89	0.008069	17.55	210.55	78.00	1.88
1	24993.6*	Q100	2350.00	2723.62	2726.45	2727.41	2729.82	0.008048	14.72	159.61	78.00	1.81
1	24958.1*	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.33	2726.81	2728.25	2731.60	0.008078	17.56	210.48	78.00	1.88
1	24958.1*	Q100	2350.00	2723.33	2726.16	2727.12	2729.53	0.008067	14.73	159.50	78.00	1.82
1	24922.7	Qcap50	3695.00	2723.04	2726.53	2727.93	2731.31	0.008071	17.55	210.53	78.00	1.88
1	24922.7	Q100	2350.00	2723.04	2725.87	2726.84	2729.24	0.008055	14.73	159.57	78.00	1.81
1	24885.1*	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.74	2726.22	2727.62	2731.01	0.008071	17.55	210.53	78.00	1.88
1	24885.1*	Q100	2350.00	2722.74	2725.57	2726.56	2728.94	0.008058	14.73	159.55	78.00	1.81
1	24847.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.44	2725.92	2727.32	2730.70	0.008053	17.54	210.68	78.00	1.88
1	24847.5*	Q100	2350.00	2722.44	2725.27	2726.23	2728.63	0.008032	14.71	159.70	78.00	1.81
1	24810	Qcap50	3695.00	2722.13	2725.61	2727.05	2730.40	0.008073	17.55	210.52	78.00	1.88
1	24810	Q100	2350.00	2722.13	2724.96	2725.93	2728.33	0.008057	14.73	159.56	78.00	1.81
1	24768.6	Qcap50	3695.00	2721.80	2725.28	2726.68	2730.06	0.008055	17.54	210.66	78.00	1.88
1	24768.6	Q100	2350.00	2721.80	2724.63	2725.59	2727.99	0.008036	14.72	159.68	78.00	1.81
1	24755	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.91	2721.44	2724.53	2729.48	0.029620	22.75	162.40	46.01	2.13
1	24755	Q100	2350.00	2717.91	2720.32	2722.25	2727.29	0.041651	21.19	110.89	46.01	2.41
1	24717.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.76	2721.35	2723.36	2728.09	0.024171	20.83	177.38	49.41	1.94
1	24717.6*	Q100	2350.00	2717.76	2720.39	2721.85	2725.47	0.027060	18.09	129.89	49.41	1.97
1	24680.3*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.61	2721.27	2722.96	2726.96	0.019855	19.14	193.03	52.81	1.76
1	24680.3*	Q100	2350.00	2717.61	2720.45	2721.58	2724.26	0.018254	15.65	150.15	52.81	1.64

HEC-RAS Plan: ult lo n hb River: Amargosa Creek Reach: 1 (Continued)

Reach	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev	E.G. Slope	Vel Chnl	Flow Area	Top Width	Froude # Chl
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	(ft/s)	(sq ft)	(ft)	
1	24642.9*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.46	2721.18	2722.60	2726.03	0.016453	17.66	209.19	56.21	1.61
1	24642.9*	Q100	2350.00	2717.46	2720.52	2721.27	2723.42	0.012624	13.66	171.99	56.21	1.38
1	24605.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.31	2721.10	2722.26	2725.26	0.013780	16.37	225.67	59.61	1.48
1	24605.6*	Q100	2350.00	2717.31	2720.66	2720.95	2722.81	0.008350	11.78	199.43	59.61	1.14
1	24568.3	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.16	2721.01	2721.91	2724.62	0.011667	15.25	242.36	63.01	1.37
1	24568.3	Q100	2350.00	2717.16	2720.32	2720.68	2722.49	0.008983	11.80	199.10	63.01	1.17
1	24541.5*	Qcap50	3695.00	2717.06	2720.87	2721.71	2724.25	0.010729	14.76	250.31	67.59	1.35
1	24541.5*	Q100	2350.00	2717.06	2720.20	2720.52	2722.23	0.008258	11.43	205.61	66.94	1.15
1	24514.7*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.95	2720.70	2721.52	2723.92	0.010251	14.42	256.30	72.12	1.35
1	24514.7*	Q100	2350.00	2716.95	2720.09	2720.34	2721.98	0.007576	11.03	213.01	70.92	1.12
1	24487.9	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.84	2720.54	2721.31	2723.61	0.009808	14.06	262.73	76.64	1.34
1	24487.9	Q100	2350.00	2716.84	2719.87	2720.19	2721.77	0.007916	11.07	212.33	74.64	1.16
1	24450.3*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.69	2721.32	2721.12	2723.18	0.004386	10.93	337.93	79.89	0.94
1	24450.3*	Q100	2350.00	2716.69	2720.29	2720.02	2721.59	0.004313	9.16	256.65	76.78	0.88
1	24412.7*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.54	2721.18	2720.97	2723.01	0.004322	10.86	340.27	80.35	0.93
1	24412.7*	Q100	2350.00	2716.54	2720.13	2719.85	2721.42	0.004266	9.10	258.12	77.22	0.88
1	24375.2*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.39	2721.04	2720.81	2722.84	0.004236	10.77	343.17	80.82	0.92
1	24375.2*	Q100	2350.00	2716.39	2719.99	2719.70	2721.26	0.004199	9.04	259.99	77.68	0.87
1	24337.6*	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.24	2720.90	2720.63	2722.67	0.004135	10.66	346.52	81.30	0.91
1	24337.6*	Q100	2350.00	2716.24	2719.85	2719.52	2721.09	0.004116	8.96	262.19	78.13	0.86
1	24300.1	Qcap50	3695.00	2716.09	2720.78	2720.45	2722.50	0.004006	10.53	350.75	81.83	0.90
1	24300.1	Q100	2350.00	2716.09	2719.71	2719.37	2720.93	0.004003	8.86	265.09	78.63	0.85

# **Attachment L**

## **Geotechnical Investigation Report**

**GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION  
PROPOSED BRIDGE  
20 TH STREET WEST AT  
AMARGOSA CREEK IMPROVEMENTS  
CITY OF PALMDALE, CALIFORNIA**

**Submitted to  
City of Palmdale**

**Prepared for**

**Lim and Nascimento Engineering  
12-L Mauchly  
Irvine, CA 92618**

**Prepared by**

**GROUP DELTA CONSULTANTS, INC.  
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**GDC Project No. I-380  
March 24, 2006**





*Certified MBE*

*Geotechnical Engineering*

*Geology*

*Hydrogeology*

*Earthquake Engineering*

*Materials Testing &  
Inspection*

*Forensic Services*

March 24, 2006

Lim and Nascimento Engineering  
12-L Mauchly  
Irvine, CA 92618

Attention: Mr. James Faber

Subject: Geotechnical Investigation  
Proposed Bridge  
20<sup>th</sup> Street West at Amargosa Creek Improvements  
City of Palmdale, California  
Group Delta Consultants Project No. I-380

Dear James:

We have completed our geotechnical investigation for the 29<sup>th</sup> Street West at Amargosa Improvement Project and we are pleased to present the accompanying Geotechnical Investigation Report. Our investigation was performed in general accordance with our Proposal No. I05-003 dated January 18, 2005.

We appreciate the opportunity to be on your design team for this important project. Should you have any questions, please call us at (949) 609-1020.

Very truly yours,  
GROUP DELTA CONSULTANTS, INC.

**DRAFT**

Vesna Glisic.  
Project Engineer

**DRAFT**

Kul Bhushan, Ph.D., G.E.  
President

Distribution: Addressee (1 Electronic copy)

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**GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION  
PROPOSED BRIDGE  
20TH STREET WEST AT  
AMARGOSA CREEK IMPROVEMENTS  
CITY OF PALMDALE, CALIFORNIA**

## **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

### **1.1 Project Description**

The project will include construction of a new overcrossing where the proposed extension of 20<sup>th</sup> Street will cross over Amargosa Creek. The width of the channel at the location of the proposed overcrossing is about 140 ft and a single span bridge will be constructed at the site. In addition, the project will include construction of roadway improvements along 20<sup>th</sup> Street West between Elizabeth Lake Road and Avenue P-8. The site location is shown in the Vicinity Map, Figure 1. An aerial view of the site is shown in Figure 2.

The proposed creek crossing will be a single span bridge which is a cast-in-place pre-stressed box-girder concrete structure supported by two abutments on the ends (Figure 3a and 3b). The bridge will carry four lanes of traffic with a shoulder and a side walk on each side. The bridge will extend from station 16+95.89 to 18+15.97 of the 20<sup>th</sup> Street alignment with a length of 120.08 feet and a width of 80.0 feet. The deck elevation of the bridge will range from El. 2738.78 feet at Abutment 2 to El. 2740.82 feet at Abutment 1. Concrete bicycle and pedestrian trails with a width of 16 feet are proposed between the channel and the abutments along the creek banks. Two options for the bridge are being considered. Alternative 1 Figure 3a will be a lined channel and Alternative 2 will be an unlined channel where Caltrans Standard Retaining Walls (Type I) will be used on both sides to support the trails.

The geotechnical investigation for the overcrossing structure and along the roadway improvements was performed in general accordance with Caltrans procedures and the bridge will be designed using Caltrans Standard Bridge design methods.

### **1.2 Purpose and Scope of Work**

The purpose of this investigation was to evaluate the physical and engineering properties of the subsurface soils encountered in field explorations, and to provide geotechnical recommendations for foundation support for the proposed bridge and the roadway.

Specifically, our scope of work included:

- Review existing topography and published geologic and seismic reports;
- Drill four geotechnical soil borings along the alignment for the purpose of structure foundation and roadway design (see Appendix A);
- Perform laboratory testing of soil samples (see Appendix B);
- Perform engineering analyses to develop geotechnical recommendations for site grading, structural backfill, and foundation support; and
- Present the data and our recommendations in this report.



## **2.0 FIELD EXPLORATION AND LABORATORY TESTING**

### **2.1 Field Exploration**

Group Delta Consultants, Inc. (GDC) investigated the subsurface conditions at the project site on November 16, and 17, 2005 by performing four borings to depths ranging from 26.5 to 81.5 feet. The boring location map is provided in Figure 4. Field data and the details of the investigation are presented in Appendix A.

### **2.2 Laboratory Testing**

Laboratory tests were performed on representative samples to characterize the soils and to develop indices and engineering properties of the soils. Laboratory tests performed consisted of:

- In situ moisture content and dry density,
- Percent Passing No. 200 Sieve,
- Corrosivity tests (pH, sulfates, chlorides, and electrical resistivity),
- Collapse potential test (ASTM D5333),
- R-value tests.

Descriptions of laboratory testing program and test results are provided in Appendix B.



### **3.0 SITE CONDITIONS**

#### **3.1 Regional Geology and Seismicity**

The site is within the Mojave Geomorphic Province near the northern transition with the Transverse Range Geomorphic Province of California. Large Quaternary filled sedimentary basins, forming piedmont and alluvium slopes, are present along bounding mountains of older crystalline and sedimentary rock. The dominant geologic structure in the area is the San Andreas Fault that is about 1500 feet south of the site. The San Andreas Fault separates the Mojave Geomorphic Province to the north from the Transverse Range Geomorphic Province to the south.

The site is within a large alluvial fan that descends in a northerly direction. The upper portion of the alluvium sediments may consist of a loose to medium dense silty sand to sand. Where the bridge crosses the Amargosa Creek, there are sand to silty sand elevated terrace deposits with sandy to gravelly stream channel deposits along the creek bottom. The terrace deposits indicate that the area is undergoing gradual uplift, which may be due to movement on the nearby San Andreas Fault.

Nearby basement rock to the south consists of the Holcomb Quartz Monzonite and Granodiorite and Portal Schist. The Holcomb series of igneous rock is medium- to coarse grained which weathers to a buff color. The Portal Schist is a dark metamorphic rock with some gneiss and quartzite zones. The depth of the basement rocks is unknown at the bridge location.

#### **3.2 Topography and Drainage**

The project area has grades ranging from about El. 2,760 ft at the southern end of the project near Elizabeth Lake Road and about El. 2,720 ft near northern end of the project near intersection of 20<sup>th</sup> street and Avenue P-8. The area is relatively flat with drainage towards northeast at an approximate 2% grade.

#### **3.3 Subsurface Conditions**

##### **3.3.1 Soil Conditions**

The subsurface conditions at the project site generally consist of alluvial soils associated with Amargosa Creek. A generalized soil profile is shown in Figure 5. The soils primarily consist of loose to medium dense silty and clayey sands and medium dense sandy silts to depths of 10 to 15 feet. The SPT blow counts range between 4 and 29 with an average of 17 and the percent passing No. 200 sieve for



sand is 11%. The natural moisture content ranges between 1.5% and 17% and the dry density ranges between 105 and 118 pcf.

These soils are underlain by dense to very dense sands and silty sands except for a 5 feet layer of very dense sandy silt occurring at a depth of about 55 feet in Boring B-3. The SPT blow counts of sand range from 20 to 90 with an average of 55 and the percent passing a No. 200 sieve ranges between 4 and 28 percent. The natural moisture content of sand ranges between 1.5% and 12.5%, and 18.5% for silt. The dry density ranges between 99 and 120 pcf. These soils are generally dense and of low compressibility. The near-surface soils to depths of 15 to 20 ft have small collapse potential ranging from 0.5% to 1.5%. The bridge foundations are located at depths of 16 to 25 ft below the existing grades depending on the channel condition (lined or unlined) and therefore are not affected by potential collapse of the near-surface soils.

### **3.3.2 Groundwater**

No permanent groundwater was encountered during this investigation, although perched groundwater conditions were encountered in Boring B-2. The area adjacent to the boring was being watered extensively with sprinklers and may have contributed to the perched water condition at this location. Temporary high water table may occur seasonally, especially during floods when water is present in the Amargosa Creek Channel. The finished channel will be EL. 2222.5 feet and the high flood is around EL. 2227.5 feet (Figures 3a and 3b).



## **4.0 DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

### **4.1 Seismic Design Considerations**

#### **4.1.1 Ground Surface Rupture**

The site is not located within the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zones. There are no known faults that trend toward or through the project site. However, the site is located with 1,500 to 2,000 feet of the San Andreas Fault (see Figure 6). Therefore, surface rupture is considered low at this time. However, the site is located in a seismically active area in relatively close proximity to one of the major active faults in California. Ground shaking due to nearby and distant earthquakes should be anticipated during the life of the bridge.

#### **4.1.2 Seismic Shaking**

The controlling fault for this project is the San Andreas Fault zone with a closest distance of less than 1 km to the southwest of the site. This fault is a strike-slip fault capable of generating earthquakes with a maximum credible earthquake (MCE) magnitude of 8.0. Based on the Caltrans Seismic Hazard Map dated July 1996 (Figure 7), the peak horizontal bedrock acceleration along the project alignment is about 0.7g.

Since the proposed structures are located within 15 km from the controlling fault, we recommend a modified Caltrans Seismic Design Criteria (SDC) ARS curve for Peak Bedrock Acceleration of 0.7g, Soil Profile Type C, and MCE magnitude of 8.0. To account for near-source effect, the following adjustment on the spectral acceleration values was made on the SDC response spectra:

- 20% increase for periods equal to or greater than 1.0 second.
- No changes for periods less than 0.5 second.
- Linear interpolation for periods between 0.5 second and 1.0 second.

Figure 8 shows the recommended ARS curve and tabulated ARS data. The ARS curve should be provided in the Contract Plans for the bridge.

#### **4.1.3 Secondary Seismic Effects**

Secondary seismic effects for any site include liquefaction, seismic compaction and settlement, and slope instability.



Liquefaction involves a sudden loss in strength of a saturated, cohesionless soil (predominantly sand) caused by cyclic loading such as an earthquake. This results in temporary transformation of the soil to a fluid mass. Typically, liquefaction occurs in areas where the soils are composed predominantly of saturated poorly consolidated fine sands. The site is located within a liquefaction hazard based on the State Liquefaction Hazard map (Figure 9).

The historic high groundwater depths within the river channel are shown as 0 to 30 feet (California Geologic Survey, 2003). No permanent groundwater was encountered at the bridge site. Water in the channel is present a few times a year during periods of heavy rainfall. USGS data from a station about ½ mile upstream indicates that for the period of 1989 to 1995 for which data was available, water flow in the stream was present from 0 days in 1994 to 16 days in 1992. However, the potential of a major earthquake and a flood when the groundwater is high occurring at the same time is very small. Based on this assumption, it is our opinion that groundwater for liquefaction purposes be assumed to be deeper than 30 feet and therefore, the liquefaction potential is small.

However, to evaluate the effects of liquefaction in the unlikely event of seismic shaking and water in the creek occurring at the same time, we performed a liquefaction analysis assuming groundwater at the river bed. This calculation shows that settlements of 0 to 4 inches could occur in the upper 30 ft due to liquefaction if the maximum credible earthquake occurs at the same time the channel is flooded. The return period of such an event would be on the order of 1 in 10,000 years. Even if such an event were to occur, the bridge foundations are located at a depth of about 16 to 25 feet below the existing grade and the liquefaction settlement below the foundations will be less than 1 inch. However some settlement of the approach fills could occur.

The cyclic loading of an earthquake can cause settlement of loose dry sands. A procedure for estimating the probable settlement of dry sands was developed by Seed and Silver (1972). Tokimatsu and Seed (1987) again reviewed this procedure. Based on this procedure, the seismic compaction settlement of dry sands at the site, if no water is present in the channel, is estimated to be less than 1 inch. Most of the settlement will occur in the upper 15 to 20 feet.

Slope instability, is a potential adverse impact associated with seismic shaking. The bridge abutments are proposed to be vertical concrete structures. Permanent embankment slopes are proposed to be 3:1 (horizontal: vertical) and should be stable in a seismic event. However, unpaved slopes would be subjected to surficial erosion and minor sloughing during heavy rainfall.



## 4.2 Scour Potential

Based on the hydrology study performed at the site (West Consultants, Inc., 2006), the maximum scour depth is recommended as 11 feet (EL. 2711 feet).

## 4.3 Shallow Foundations

Based on our field exploration, the subsurface conditions at the bridge site consist primarily of locally medium dense to generally dense to very dense sands and silty sands with some gravel. Some zones of loose to medium dense soils may be encountered in the upper 10 to 15 feet. From a foundation standpoint, the soils below a depth of about 15 ft will generally provide very good bearing support. In addition, all bridge or retaining wall foundations in the creek channel should be founded below the depth of maximum anticipated scour for the unlined channel. Based on the hydrology study performed at the site (West Consultants, Inc., 2006), the maximum scour depth is recommended as 11 feet. Assuming a 2 ft cover, the top of the abutment and retaining wall foundations should be located at a minimum depth of 13 ft below the channel invert or about El. 2710 feet. Assuming a 3-ft thick foundation, the bottom of the abutment and retaining wall foundations will be at about El. 2707 ft or about 25 ft below the current site grade of El. 2732 ft for the unlined channel, Alternate 2.

As shown in Figure 4, the soils below the proposed foundation elevation of El. 2707 ft are very dense granular soils. Therefore, spread footings can be used for the foundation support for the abutments and the retaining walls, if Alternative 2 with retaining walls is selected. The foundations at El. 2707 ft will be supported on very dense native soils. We recommend that the footings be supported at a minimum depth of 5 ft below the maximum scour depth for the unlined channel (Alternate 2) and at a depth of 5 ft below the channel invert for the lined channel (Alternate 1).

## 4.4 Bearing Capacity of Footings

The bearing capacity of spread footings depends on a number of factors, including footing shape, size, depth of embedment, load inclination (horizontal and vertical components), footing base inclination, soil strength, proximity to slopes, tolerable settlement, ground inclination, and eccentric loading conditions due to applied moments or non-centric loads. For level ground conditions with a minimum embedment of 5 ft below the scour depth or channel invert for the unlined and lined channels, respectively, we recommend an allowable bearing pressure of 6 ksf. Ultimate bearing capacity may be taken as 3 times the above allowable value. The geotechnical engineer should observe the excavation before pouring of the footings.





Any soils disturbed by construction operations or softened by wetting should be overexcavated and recompacted to at least 95% relative compaction in accordance with ASTM D 1557.

#### **4.5 Settlement**

For the above bearing pressures, total footing settlements are estimated to be an inch or less, and differential settlements between similarly loaded footings are estimated to be ½ inch or less.

#### **4.6 Lateral Resistance of Footings**

In general, footing resistance to lateral loads is provided by a combination of frictional sliding resistance at the footing-soil interface and passive soil resistance on the side of the embedded portion of the footing.

An ultimate sliding friction coefficient of 0.35 may be used for the design of footings without a key, and a value of 0.5 may be used for the footings with a key. An equivalent fluid unit weight of 250 pcf may be used for ultimate lateral passive soil resistance for footings poured neatly against competent, undisturbed native material or footings backfilled with 95% compacted structural fill. In unpaved areas, the upper 1-ft should be neglected in the passive pressure computations. Both sliding and passive resistance may be used in combination so that 50% of the passive resistance is added to the friction. The above passive and sliding resistances are considered ultimate values. Minimum factor of safety for sliding under sustained loads should be 1.5, and under seismic loads should be 1.1.

#### **4.7 Ultimate Lateral Capacity of Abutment Walls**

The ultimate lateral capacity of an abutment wall is a function of the height of the abutment wall that is acted on by the passive soil pressure on the backfill. The Caltrans Seismic Design Criteria, Section 7.8, dated December 2004 recommends a passive pressure of 5 ksf for a wall height of 5.5 feet based on full-scale abutment testing conducted at UC Davis. Based on Caltrans recent practice, the value of wall height (H) greater than 5.5 ft can be increased by the ratio of H/5.5 but should be limited to a maximum value of 7.3 ksf.

#### **4.8 Retaining Walls**

Caltrans Standard retaining walls are proposed on both sides of the channel between the abutment and the bicycle path. Based on Figure 3b, the top of the wall is about El. 2724 ft and bottom of the wall footing is about El. 2407 ft yielding a



17 ft high retaining wall. The foundation conditions are adequate for support of Std. Type 1 retaining walls on spread footings.

#### 4.8.1 Lateral Earth Pressures

For walls backfilled with structure backfill in accordance with Caltrans Standard Specifications, the following lateral earth pressures may be used for design:

Slope Above the Wall	Active Equivalent Fluid Pressure (pcf)	At-Rest Equivalent Fluid Pressure (pcf)
Level	36	55
2H:1V	45	70

Active pressures may be used for walls able to displace at the top 0.2 percent of the wall height, or  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch for each 10-ft of wall height. Walls unable to displace this amount must be designed for at-rest pressures. Surcharge loading on walls with level backfill may be taken as a uniform lateral pressure equal to 30 percent of the vertical surcharge. For normal bikeway traffic, the vertical surcharge can be taken as equivalent to 1-foot of additional backfill, or 120 psf. Walls supporting normal truck traffic may use a vertical surcharge of 240 psf.

#### 4.8.2 Bearing Capacity and Lateral Resistance

The bearing capacity and lateral resistance design parameters for retaining wall footings will be the same as for bridge footings (Sections 4.3 and 4.5). Preparation of spread footing subgrade for the retaining walls should be performed in the same manner as bridge abutment and bent footings, according to the special provisions in Section 4.9. We recommend that retaining wall footings have a minimum embedment of 5 ft below the scour grade.

#### 4.9 Site Earthwork

In general, earthwork should be performed in accordance with Sections 6 and 19 of the Caltrans Standard Specifications. The new construction will have to be carefully planned to protect the many existing utilities in the area.

#### 4.10 Structural Backfill

All backfill placed behind abutment walls and retaining walls should be granular structural backfill compacted to a minimum of 95% relative compaction in accordance with Caltrans Standard Specifications. Operation of heavy compaction



equipment adjacent to abutment walls can cause excessive lateral soil pressures to develop on the wall. For this reason, it is recommended that all fill placed within 5 ft of the wall should be compacted to 90% relative compaction with hand-operated equipment.

#### **4.11 Excavation and Shoring**

Excavations to depths of about 25 ft below the existing grade will be required to construct the abutment and retaining wall footings. Groundwater was not encountered to these depths at the time of the field investigation. However, as discussed in Section 4.1.3, based on historical data, water may be present in the channel and may be encountered in excavations during the rainy season up to 16 days in a year. Therefore, dewatering may be required for the excavations depending on the time of the year the construction is performed.

In general, temporary construction excavations may be made at  $\frac{3}{4}$ :1 without shoring to a depth of 5 ft below the adjacent surrounding grade. For deeper cuts up to 25 feet, the slopes should be properly shored or sloped back at least 1.5:1 (horizontal:vertical) or flatter. No surcharge loads should be permitted within a horizontal distance equal to the height of cut or 5 ft whichever is greater from the top of the slopes unless the cut is shored. Excavations that extend below an imaginary plane inclined at 45 degrees below the edge of any adjacent existing site foundations should be properly shored to maintain support of the adjacent structures. All excavation and shoring systems should meet the minimum requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health (OSHA) Standards.

For design of temporary shoring, we recommend a uniform rectangular lateral pressure of 25 H psf above water table, where H is the depth of the cut. Below water table, the uniform lateral pressure due to soil should be 13 H psf plus full hydrostatic pressure. In addition, 35% of any surcharge load should be included as a uniform rectangular loading on the wall.

In general, the excavations should be readily accomplished by conventional soil excavation equipment such as loaders, dozers, or track hoes.

#### **4.12 Recommended Pavement Sections**

R-value tests were performed on near-surface bulk samples along the proposed alignment. R-values ranging from 55 to 64 were obtained from the tests (see Table B-1 in Appendix B). We recommend an R-value of 50 for design of pavement sections in this project.



We evaluated the minimum pavement sections for Portland cement concrete pavements (PCCP) and asphalt concrete pavements (ACP) using a design R-value of 50 and traffic index values ranging from 5 to 10 normally used for local streets. Caltrans Highway Design Manual (2004) was used in developing the design sections for PCCP and ACP, respectively. The recommended minimum pavement sections are summarized in Tables 1 and 2.

#### **4.13 Soil Corrosivity**

Representative samples of the subsurface soils encountered at the site were tested to evaluate the corrosion potential of soils. The tests included pH, resistivity, soluble chloride, and sulfate concentration characteristics. Results of the corrosivity tests performed are presented in Table B-1 in Appendix B.

The pH of the soil ranged from 6.8 to 7.5. The water-soluble chloride content ranged from 92 to 141 ppm. The water-soluble sulfate content ranged from less than 5 ppm to 6 ppm. The minimum resistivity ranged from 2,040 to 4,246 Ohm-cm.

Caltrans Corrosion Guidelines (2003) define a corrosive area as an area where the soil contains more than 500 ppm of chlorides, more than 2,000 ppm of sulfates or pH less than 5.5. Based on these Caltrans criteria the on-site soils are not considered corrosive to concrete foundation structures in contact with in-situ soils.

#### **4.14 Post-Report Geotechnical Input**

Post-report geotechnical services will be required during design and construction. It is recommended that Group Delta review foundation plans and specifications prior to finalization. During construction, the geotechnical engineer should be present to observe the soil conditions encountered during excavation of foundations, to verify the applicability of recommendations, and to evaluate the need for design changes, if construction methods or subsurface conditions differ from those anticipated.



## 5.0 LIMITATIONS

The report, exploration logs, and other materials resulting from Group Delta's efforts were prepared exclusively for the use in designing the proposed project. The report is not intended to be suitable for reuse on extensions, or modifications of the project, or for use on any other development, as it may not contain sufficient or appropriate information for such uses. If this report or portions of this report are provided to contractors or included in specifications, it should be understood that they are provided for information only.

Our recommendations and evaluations were performed using generally accepted engineering approaches and principles available at this time, and the degree of care and skill ordinarily exercised under similar circumstances by reputable geotechnical engineers practicing in this area. No other representation, either expressed or implied, is included in our report.



## 6.0 REFERENCES

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## *TABLES*

---



**TABLE 1**  
**RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PCCP STRUCTURAL PAVEMENT SECTIONS**  
**20<sup>TH</sup> STREET AT AMARGOSA CREEK IMPROVEMENTS**

TI	PCCP (inches)	Alternative 1	Alternative 2		
		ACB or LCB (inches)	ATPB or CTPB (inches)	AB (inches)	AS (inches)
8 or less	8	4	4	4	--
8.5 – 10	8.5	5	4	5	--
10.5 – 12	9	5	--	--	--

**Notes:**

**Design R-value = 50**

\* The R-value of the basement soil is greater than 50, therefore, AS is not required.

\*\* Caltrans requires a minimum of 150 mm of LCB for the ramp termini.

TI        = Traffic Index (20 years)  
AB        = Aggregate Base, Class 2  
AS        = Aggregate Subbase, Class 2  
ACB       = Asphalt Concrete Base  
ATPB      = Asphalt Treated Permeable Base  
CTPB      = Cement Treated Permeable Base  
LCB       = Lean Concrete Base

**TABLE 2**  
**RECOMMENDED MINIMUM AC STRUCTURAL PAVEMENT SECTIONS**  
**20<sup>TH</sup> STREET AT AMARGOSA CREEK IMPROVEMENT**

<b>TI</b>	<b>AC (inches)</b>	<b>AB (inches)</b>
5	3	2
6	4	3
7	4	4
8	5	5
9	5	7
10	6	8

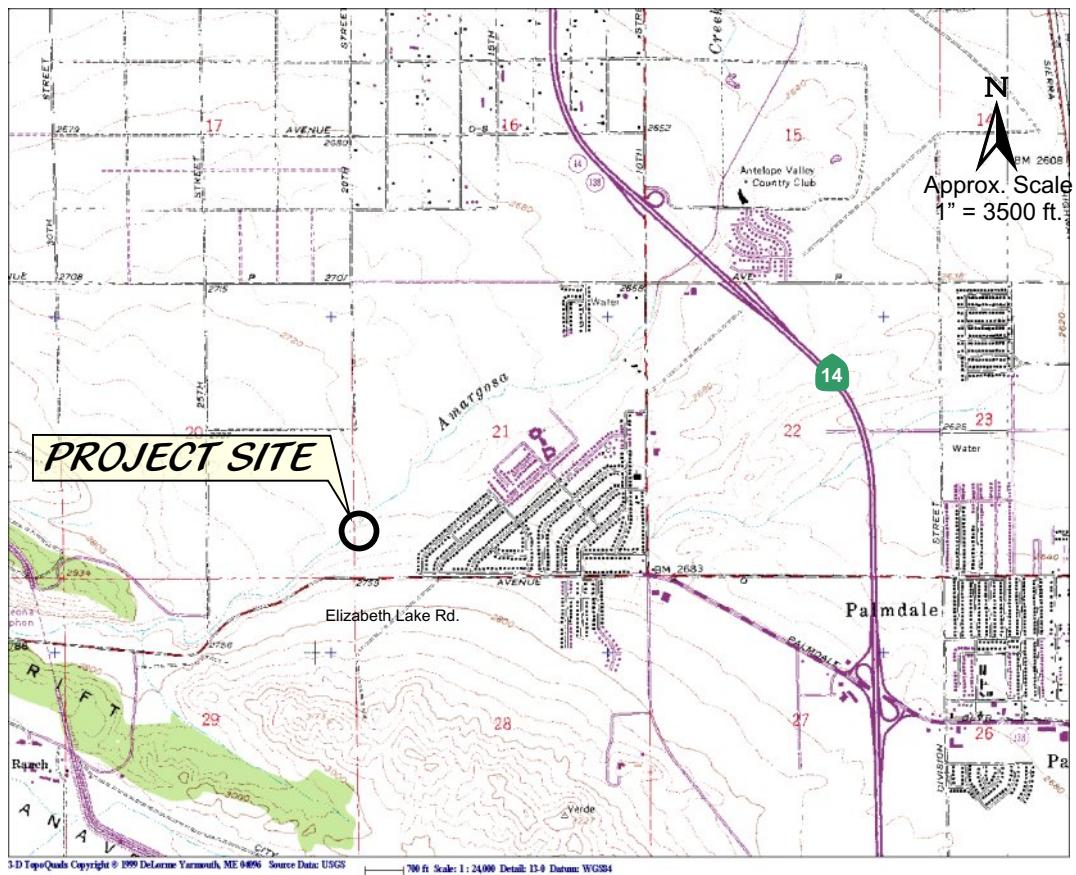
**Notes:**

Design R-value = 50

TI       = Traffic Index (20 years)  
AB       = Aggregate base, Class 2  
AC       = Asphalt Concrete

## ***FIGURES***

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The base map is from Delorme's 3D- TopoQuads



GDC Project No. I-380  
20th Street Overcrossing  
over Amargosa Creek  
Palmdale, California  
**Vicinity Map**

Figure 1

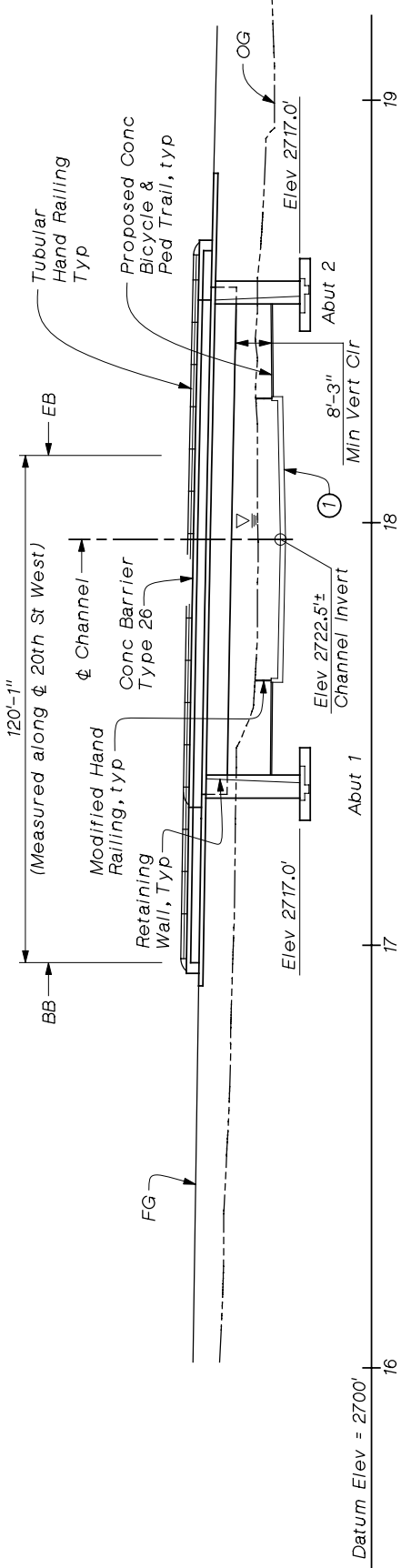


GDC Project No. I-380  
 20th Street Overcrossing  
 over Amargosa Creek  
 Palmdale, California  
 Aerial Photograph

Figure 2

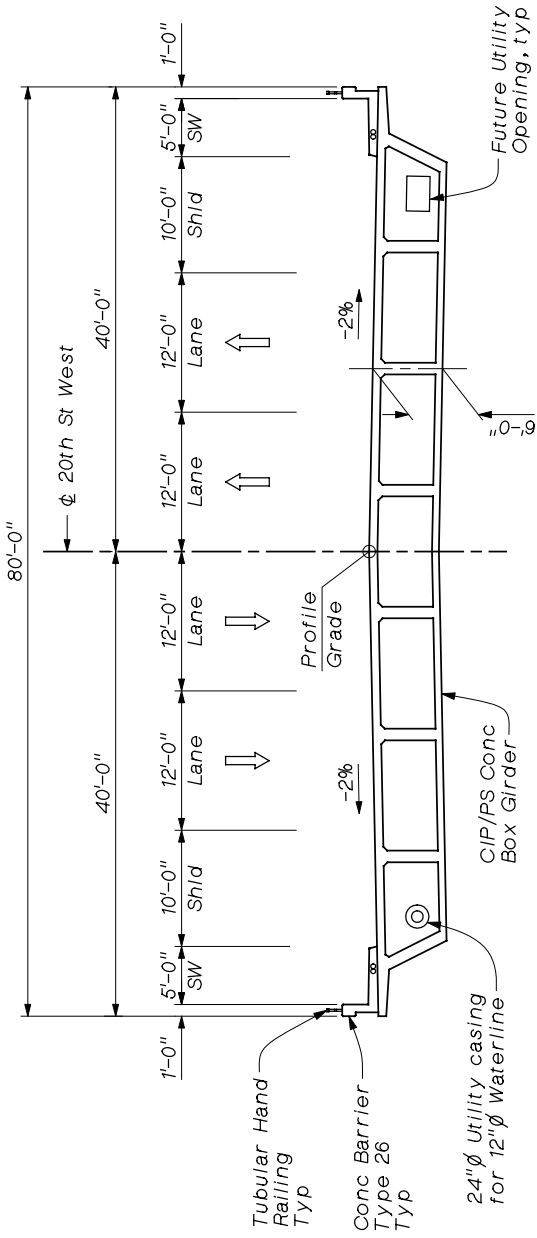


PROFILE GRADE  
No Scale

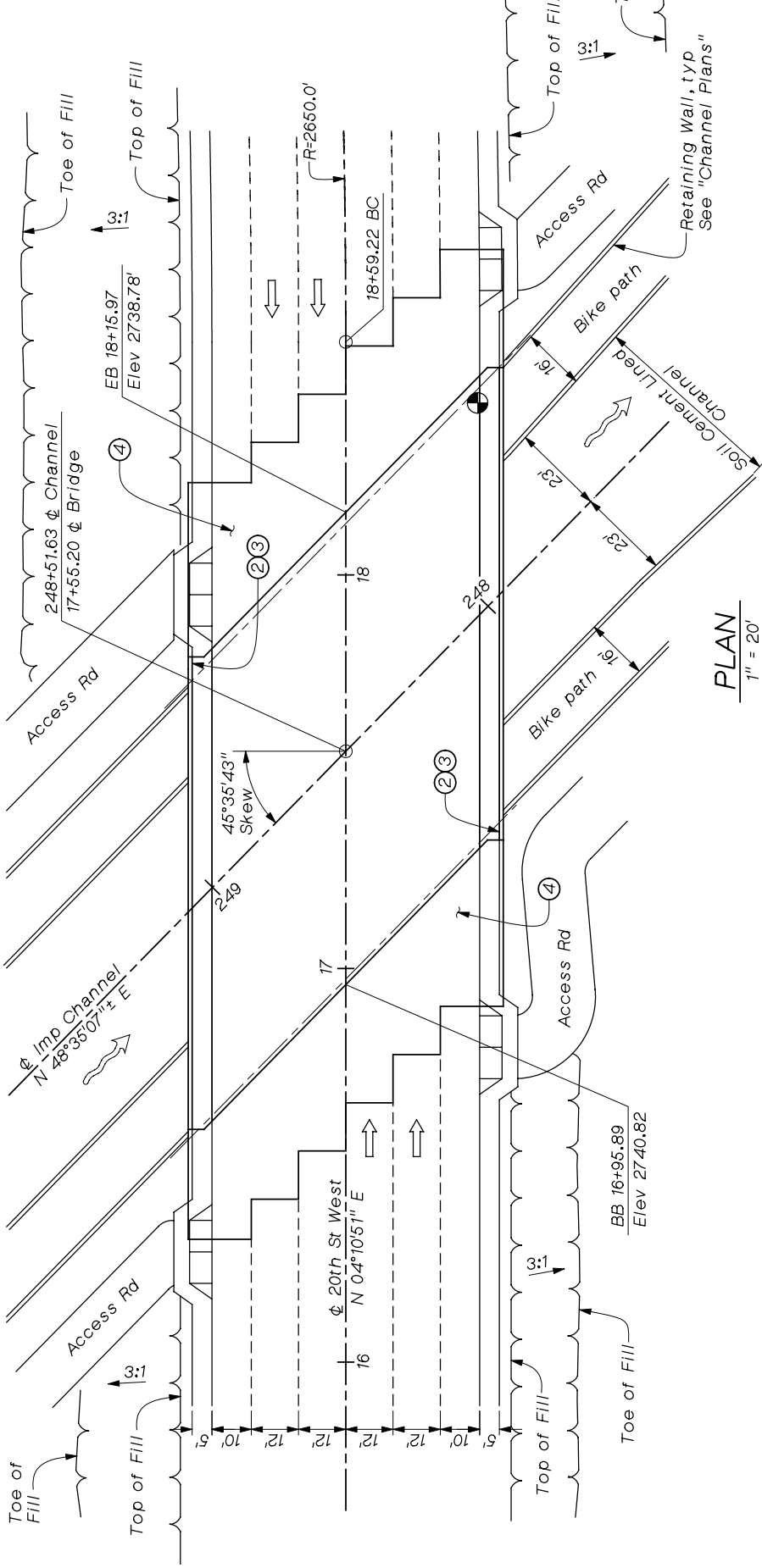


Datum Elev = 2700'

TYPICAL SECTION  
1/8" = 1'-0"



ELEVATION  
1" = 20'



VEHICULAR TRAFFIC  
1. X New alignment. No traffic at the site.  
2.      Traffic will be detoured away from the site.  
3.      Traffic will be carried on the structure. Stage construction will/will not be required.  
4.      Traffic will pass under the structure on      (Name of St. or Hwy.)  
  
A.      No falsework allowed over traffic.  
B.      Falsework opening(s) required:  
    Temporary Vertical Clearance       
    Width of Traffic Opening       
         Brd.       
         Brd.       
         Two-way       
C.      Temporary traffic lane reduction needed for footing excavation.

PEDESTRIAN TRAFFIC  
Falsework opening(s) required on      N/A      (Name of St.)  
Location      Height      Width

RAILROAD TRAFFIC  
Falsework opening(s) required over      N/A      (Name of RR)  
Vertical Clearance      Horizontal Clear Width

LEGEND

- ① Soil Cement Lined Channel (Hard Bottom)  
See "Channel Plans"
- ② Paint "Br No"
- ③ Paint "Bridge Name"
- ④ Structure Approach Type N(30S)
- ▽ Approximate High Water Level
- Point of Minimum Vertical Clearance
- Indicates existing roadway
- ➡ Direction of Traffic
- ➞ Direction of Flow

Figure 3a General Bridge Plan , Alternative 1

CITY OF PALMDALE  
STREET IMPROVEMENT PLANS  
20th STREET WEST BRIDGE  
GENERAL BRIDGE PLAN

PLANS PREPARED BY:  
**LIM & NASCIMENTO ENGINEERING CORP.**  
12 MAUOCHLY, BLDG. L  
IRVINE, CA 92618  
(949) 465-2800

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER  
SPAN X/E  
No. C51942  
Exp. 6/30/06  
STATE OF CALIFORNIA  
CIVIL  
REGISTERED

SCALE  
AS SHOWN  
PROJECT NO.  
SHT. OF

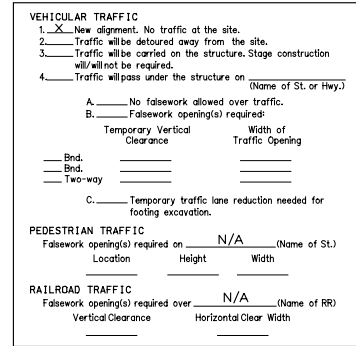
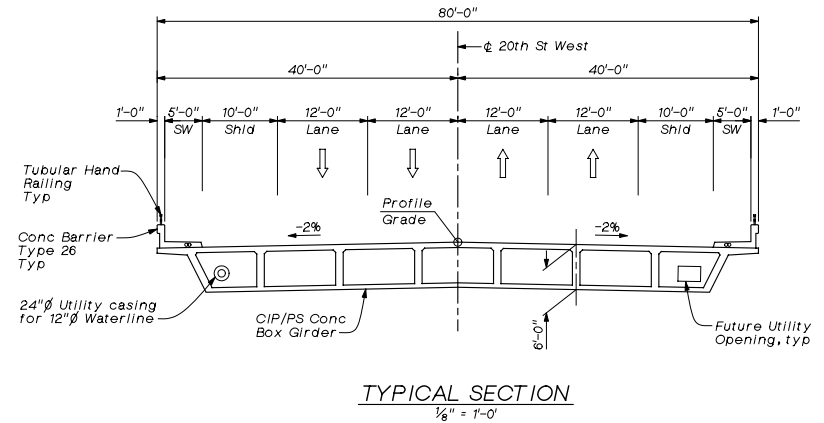
REVISIONS	
NO.	DESCRIPTION

CHECKED BY:	DATE

PLAN CHECK ENGINEER	DATE




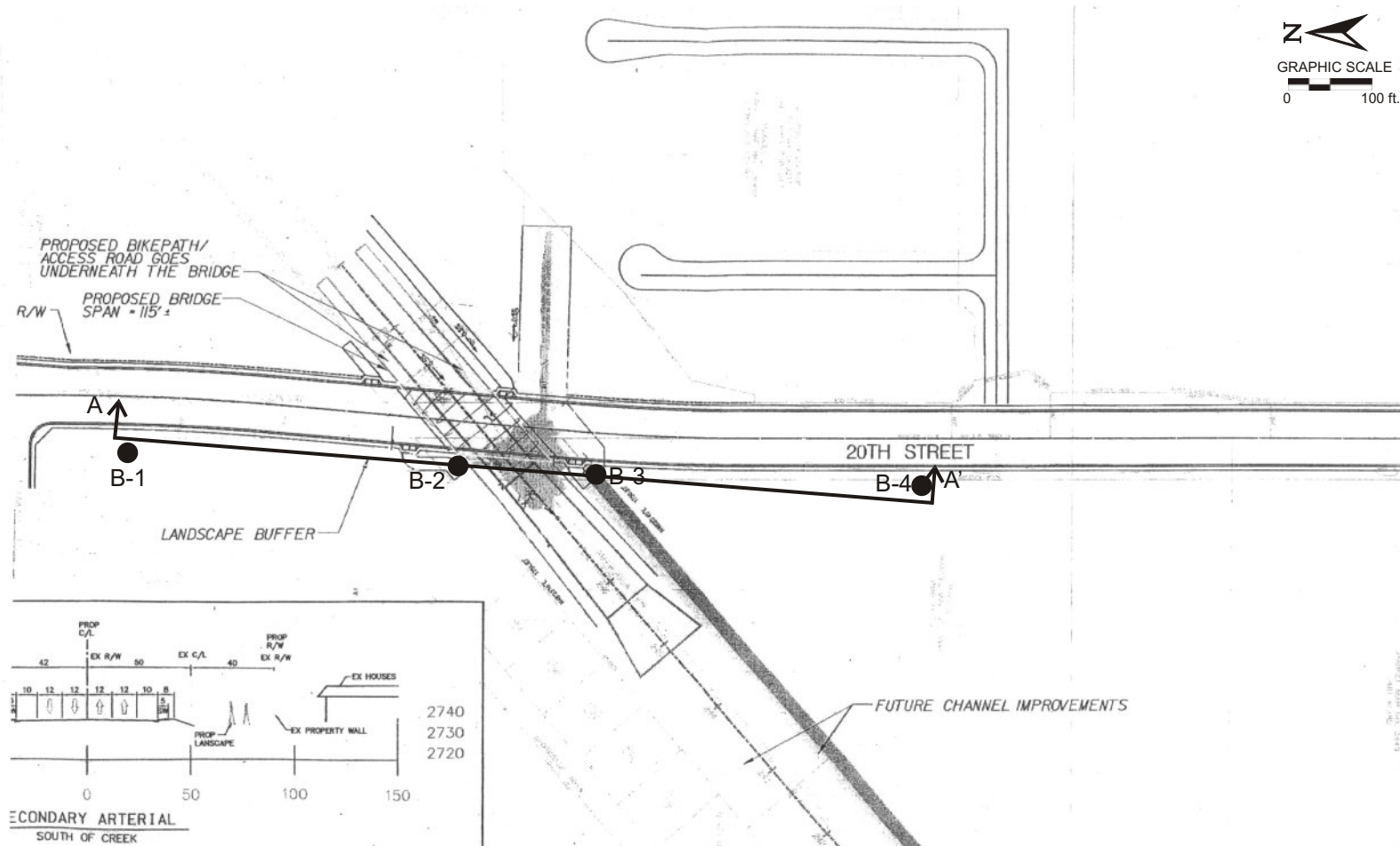
## Figure 3b General Bridge Plan, Alternative 2



- ① Unlined Channel (Soft Bottom)  
See "Channel Plans"
- ② Paint "Br No"
- ③ Paint "Bridge Name"
- ④ Structure Approach Type N(30S)
- ▽ Approximate High Water Level
- Point of Minimum Vertical Clearance
- Indicates existing roadway
- Direction of Traffic
- Direction of Flow

Figure 3b General Bridge Plan, Alternative 2

CITY OF PALMDALE		REVISIONS		PLANS PREPARED BY: <b>LAN</b> LIM & NASCIMENTO ENGINEERING CORP. 12 MALIBU, BLDG L RYNNE, CA 90818 (805) 650-2800		<b>CITY OF PALMDALE</b> <b>STREET IMPROVEMENT PLANS</b> <b>20th STREET WEST BRIDGE</b> <b>GENERAL BRIDGE PLAN</b>	SCALE AS SHOWN PROJECT NO. SHEET OF
CHECKED BY:		NO.	DESCRIPTION	APPR. DATE			
PLAN CHECK ENGINEER	DATE						



# LEGEND

- Approximate location of Boring by GDC
- ↕↕ Cross Section (See Figure 4)

Ref. The base map was provided by LAN Engineering

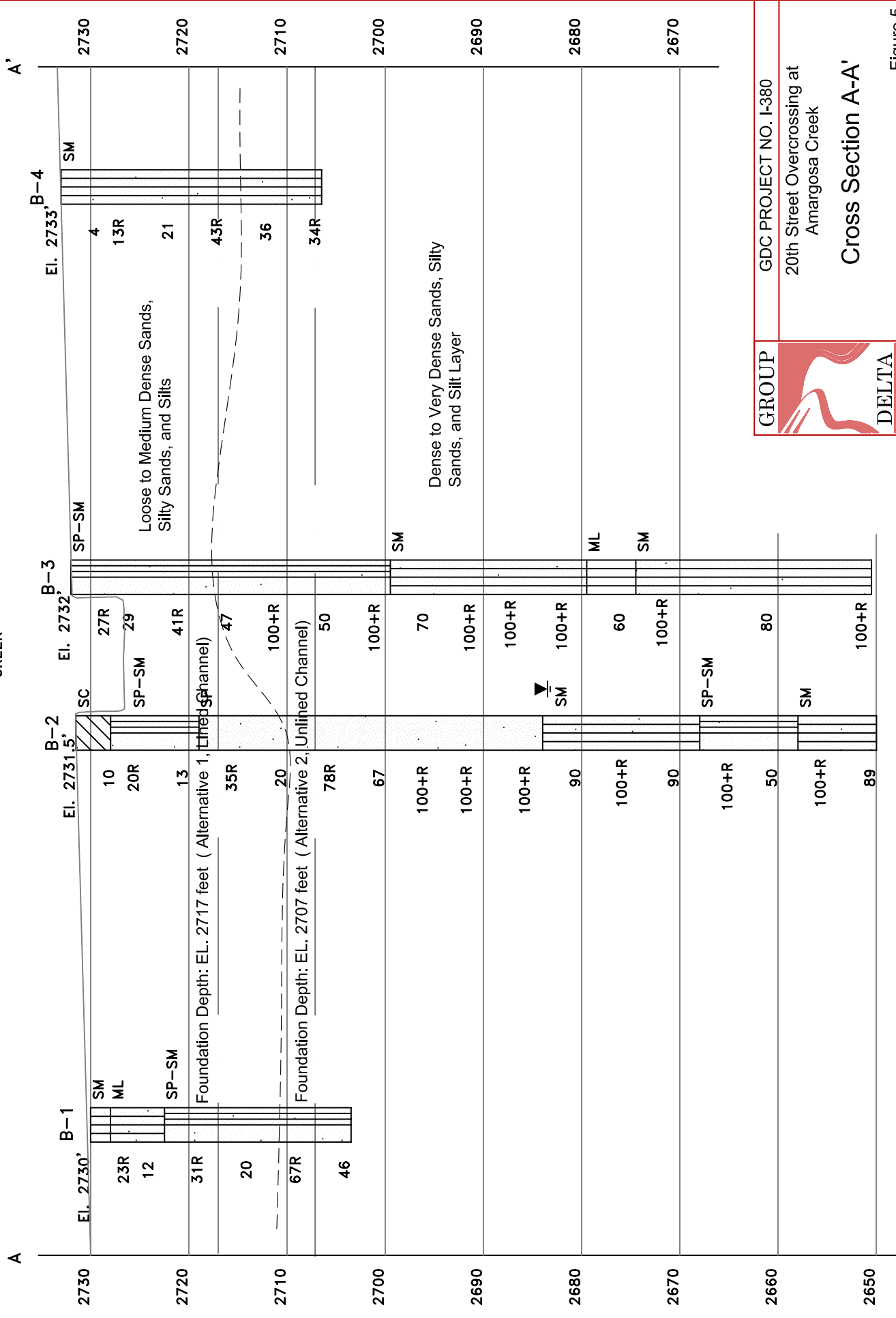


GDC Project No. I-380  
20th Street Overcrossing  
over Amargosa Creek  
Palmdale, California  
Boring Location Map

Figure 4



AMARGOSA CREEK



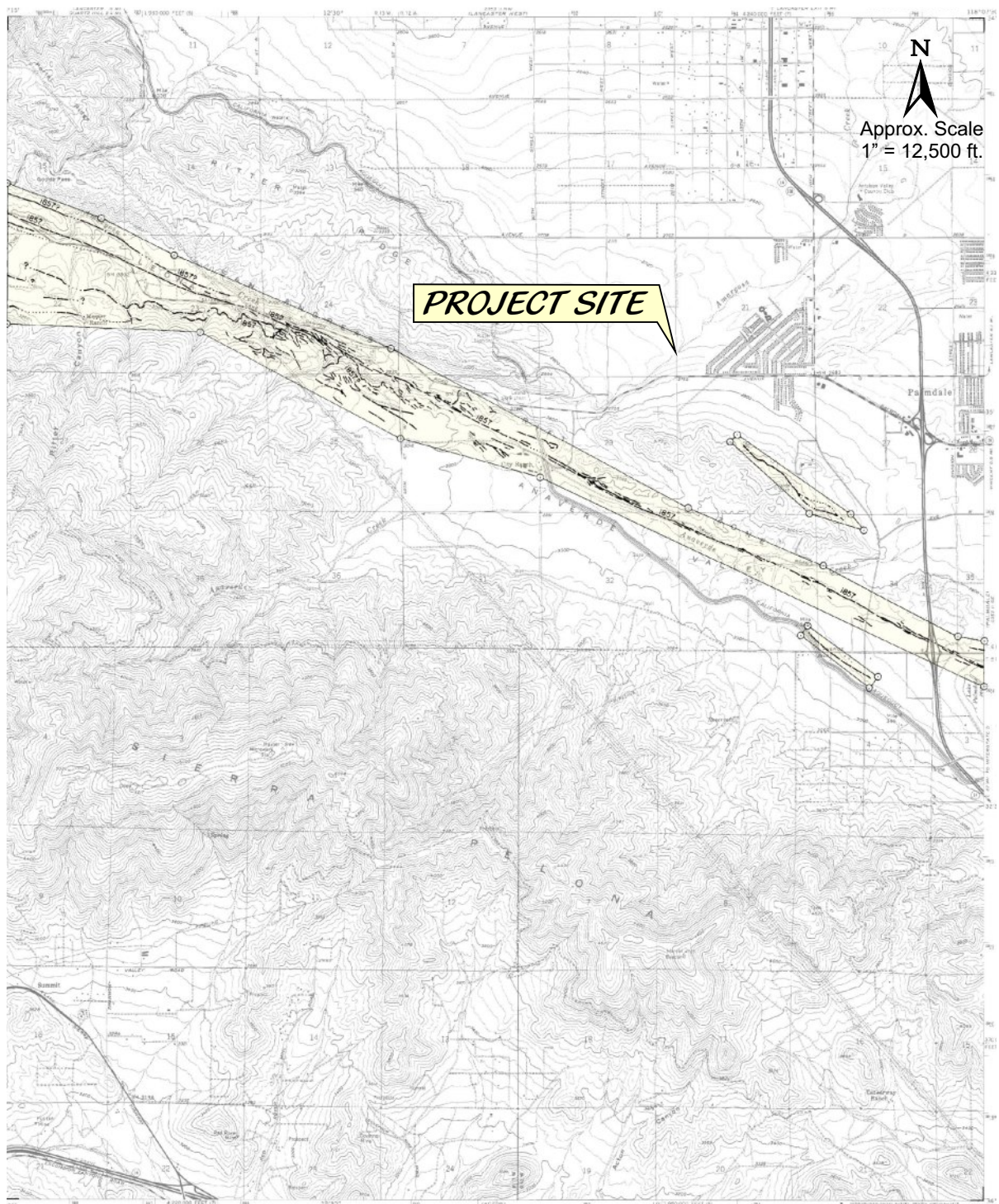
GROUP

GDC PROJECT NO. I-380

20th Street Overcrossing at  
Amargosa Creek

Cross Section A-A'

Figure 5



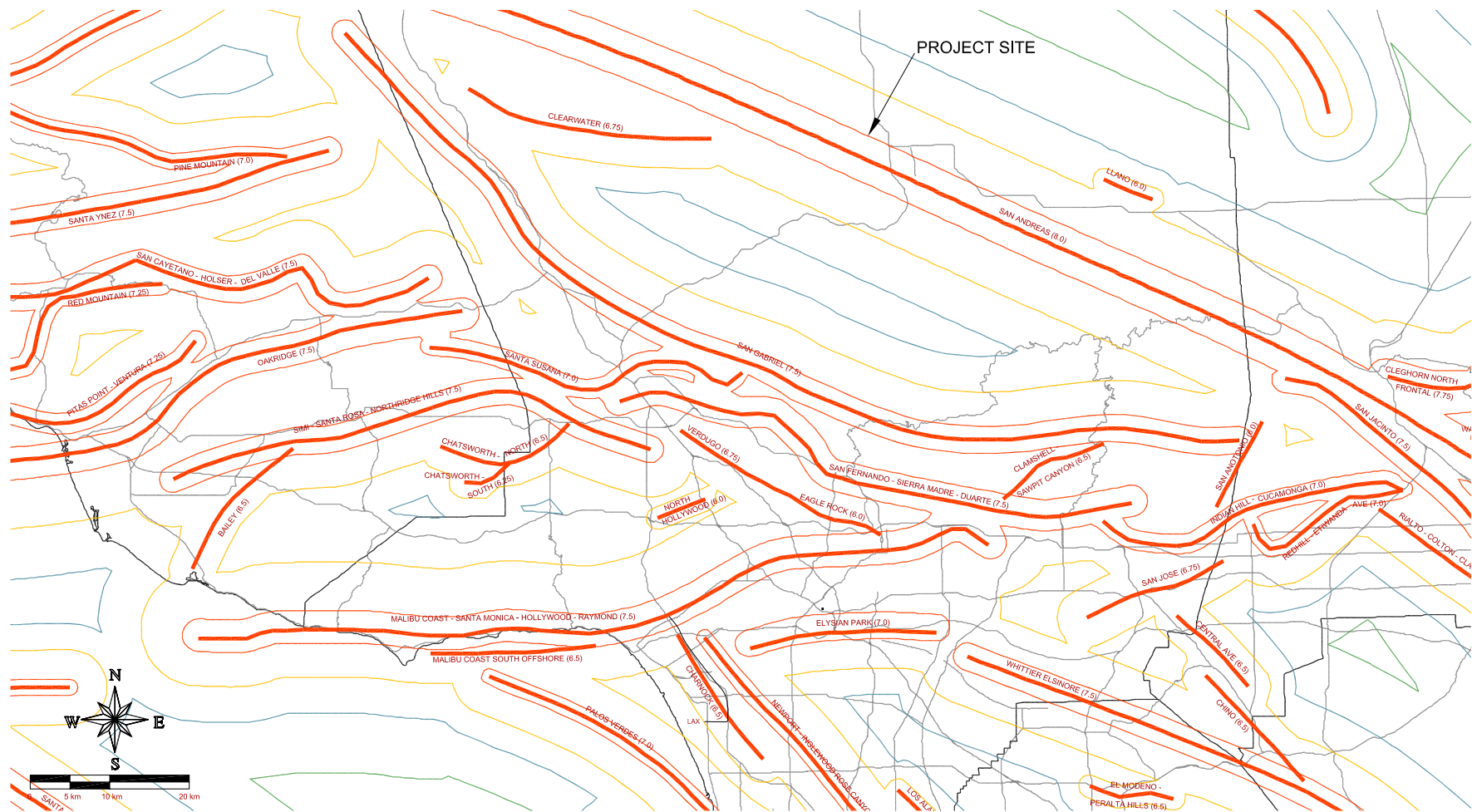
The base map is from CDMG, Special Studies Zones, Ritter Ridge Quadrangle, January 1979

- MAP EXPLANATION**
- Potentially Active Faults**
- 1906 C — Faults considered to have been active during Quaternary time: solid line where accurately located, long dash where approximately located, short dash where inferred, dotted where concealed, query (?) indicates additional uncertainty. Evidence of historic offset indicated by year of earthquake-associated event or C for displacement caused by creep or possible creep.
  - Aerial photo lineaments (not field checked); based on youthful geomorphic and other features believed to be the results of Quaternary faulting.
- Special Studies Zone Boundaries**
- — These are delineated as straight-line segments that connect encircled turning points so as to define special studies zone segments.
  - Seaward projection of zone boundary.



GDC Project No. I-380  
20th Street Overcrossing  
over Amargosa Creek  
Palmdale, California  
Alquist Priolo Special Studies Map

Figure 6



# LEGEND

- 0.7g Peak Acceleration Contour
- 0.6g Peak Acceleration Contour
- 0.5g Peak Acceleration Contour
- 0.4g Peak Acceleration Contour
- 0.3g Peak Acceleration Contour
- 0.2g Peak Acceleration Contour
- 0.1g Peak Acceleration Contour

REF.: MUALCHIN, L. 1996, "CALIFORNIA SEISMIC HAZARD MAP 1996"  
CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



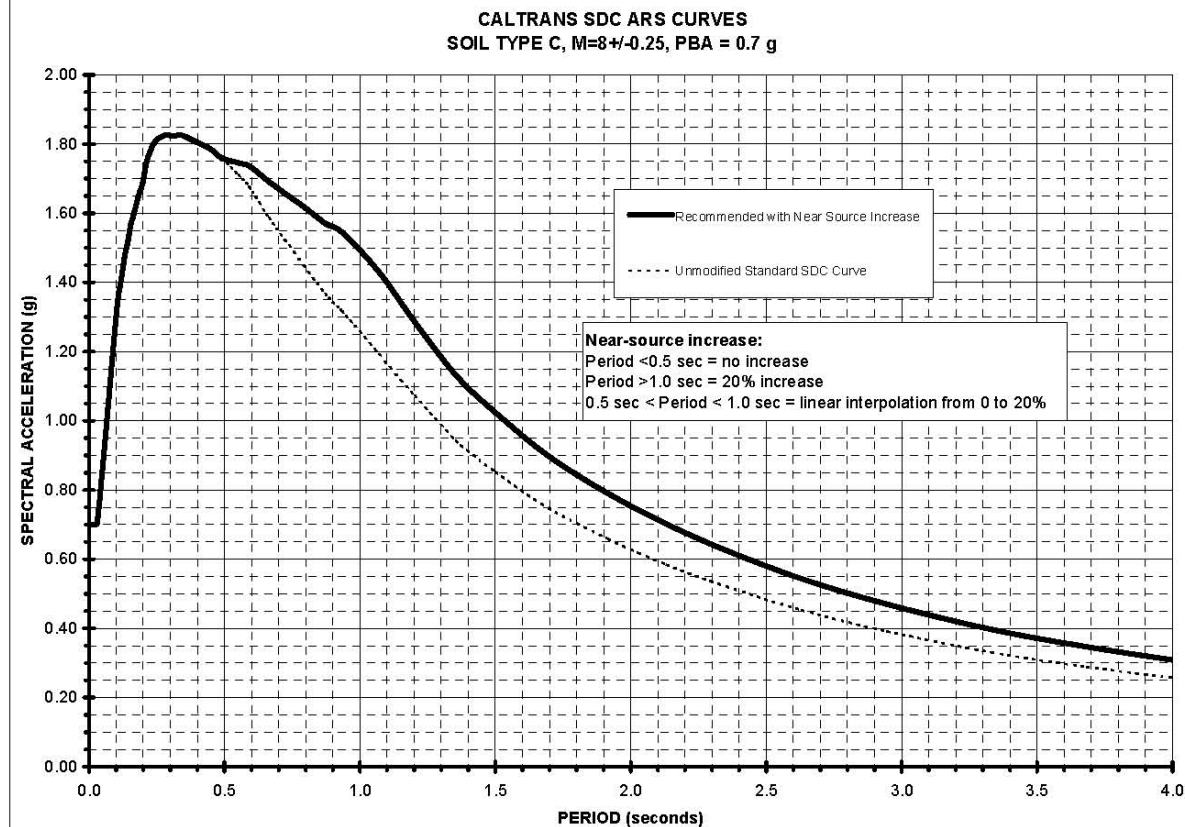
GDC PROJECT NO. I-380

20th Street Overcrossing at  
Amargosa Creek

Caltrans Fault and PBA Map

Figure 7





PERIOD (sec)	Unmodified ARS-G'S	Near-Source = Modified ARS-G'S
0.0100	0.7004	0.7004
0.0298	0.7051	0.7051
0.0697	1.3029	1.3029
0.1087	1.3671	1.3671
0.1165	1.3974	1.3974
0.1242	1.4371	1.4371
0.1328	1.4811	1.4811
0.1427	1.5158	1.5158
0.1535	1.5672	1.5672
0.1617	1.5884	1.5884
0.1736	1.6241	1.6241
0.1856	1.6583	1.6583
0.1978	1.6885	1.6885
0.2121	1.7482	1.7482
0.2326	1.7917	1.7917
0.2493	1.8120	1.8120
0.2682	1.8209	1.8209
0.2876	1.8270	1.8270
0.3078	1.8228	1.8228
0.3389	1.8257	1.8257
0.3719	1.8151	1.8151
0.3990	1.8045	1.8045
0.4471	1.7860	1.7860
0.4892	1.7595	1.7595
0.5523	1.7092	1.7450
0.5929	1.6734	1.7356
0.6644	1.5863	1.6906
0.7215	1.5229	1.6578
0.7931	1.4481	1.6179
0.8721	1.3669	1.5703
0.9349	1.3153	1.5441
1.0697	1.1918	1.4302
1.2021	1.0716	1.2859
1.3545	0.9425	1.1310
1.5007	0.8523	1.0228
1.6965	0.7480	0.8976
1.9178	0.6575	0.7890
2.1326	0.5840	0.7008
2.3540	0.5206	0.6247
2.6320	0.4525	0.5430
2.9480	0.3910	0.4692
3.3324	0.3304	0.3965
3.6850	0.2884	0.3461
4.0000	0.2569	0.3083

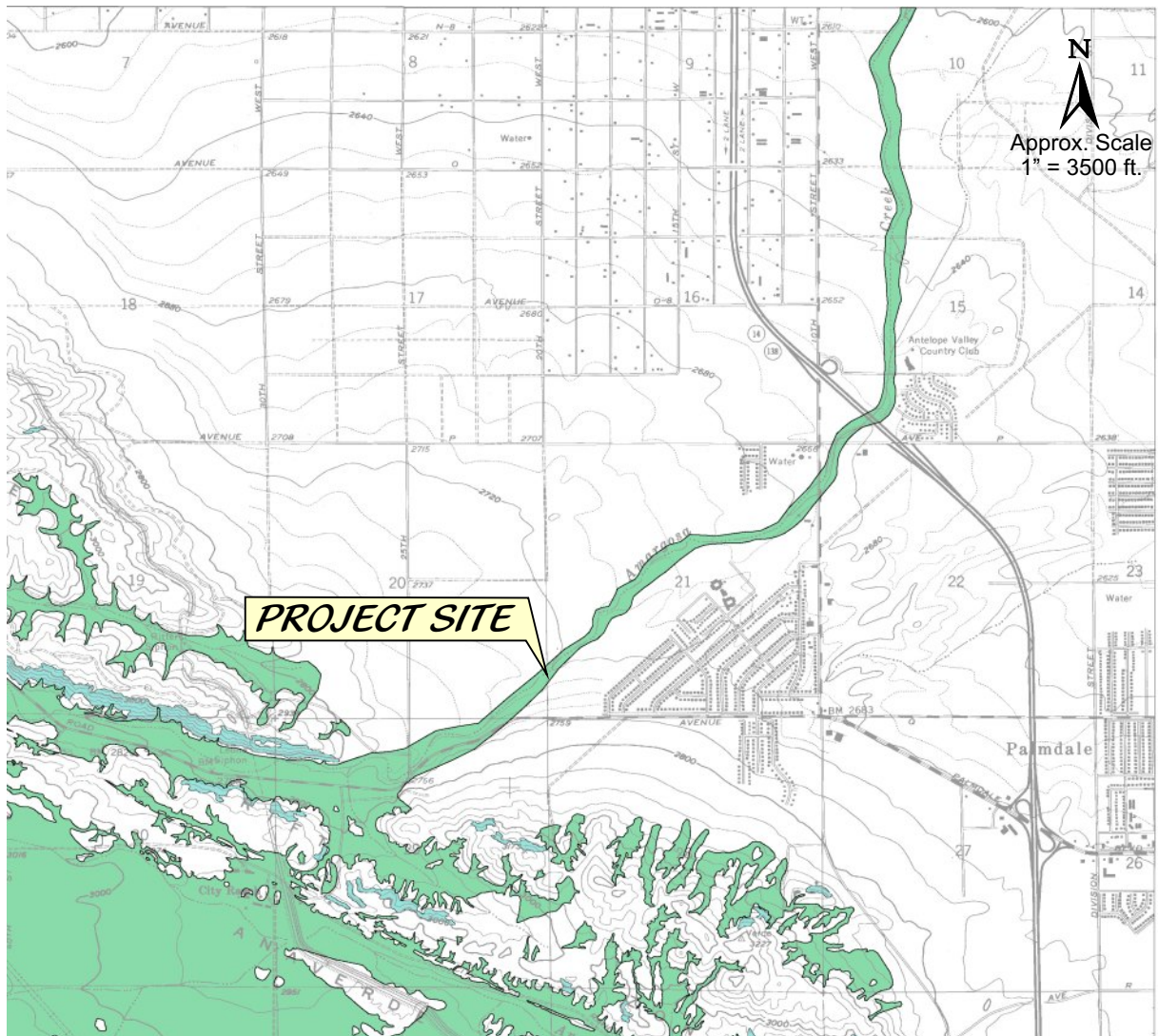


GDC Project No. I-380

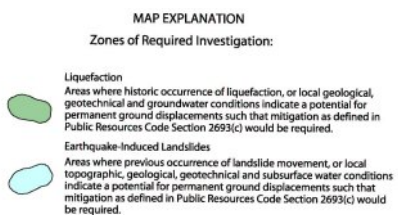
20<sup>th</sup> Street Bridge over Amargosa Creek  
Palmdale, California

**ARS Curve**

**Figure 8**



The base map is from California Geologic Survey, Seismic Hazard Zones, Ritter Ridge Quadrangle, Aug. 14, 2003



GDC Project No. I-380  
20th Street Overcrossing  
over Amargosa Creek  
Palmdale, California  
**Liquefaction Hazard Map**

Figure 9

## ***APPENDIX A - FIELD INVESTIGATION***

---

## **APPENDIX A FIELD INVESTIGATION**

### **A.1 Soil Borings**

Four site-specific borings were performed along the proposed extension of the 20<sup>th</sup> street on November 16 and November 17, 2005. Borings are marked as B-1 through B-4 and were performed using Hollow Stem Auger method. The borings were drilled to maximum depths of 26.5 ft and 81.5 feet below ground surface. Subsurface materials were visually classified and recorded by a GDC field engineer in accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS).

Relatively undisturbed California samples, standard penetration samples and bulk samples of the encountered materials were obtained from the borings and logged on the boring logs. Relatively undisturbed samples were obtained by a 3.0-inch outside diameter California sampler lined with 2.42-inch inside diameter metal rings. The samples were retained in brass rings and placed in sealed plastic canisters to prevent moisture loss. Standard penetration tests (SPT) were conducted using a standard 2-inch outside diameter and 1.375-inch inside diameter split spoon sampler. SPT samples were placed in re-sealable plastic bags. Both SPT and California samplers were driven with a 140-pound hammer free-falling 30 inches, in accordance with ASTM D-1586. Bulk samples of cuttings were obtained by a shovel and placed into polyethylene bags. All samples were labeled and transported to the laboratory for further inspection and laboratory testing.

The location of the borings is shown in Figure 4 of the report. Pertinent details of the subsurface conditions encountered in the boring are presented on the logs in Figures A-3 through A-6.

### **A.3 List of Attached Figures**

The following figures are attached and complete this appendix:

Figure A-1	Key to Soil Classification
Figure A-2	Boring Log Legend
Figure A-3 through A-6	Boring Logs

# KEY FOR SOIL CLASSIFICATION

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (ASTM D-2487)				
PRIMARY DIVISIONS			GROUP SYMBOL	SECONDARY DIVISIONS
COARSE-GRAINED SOILS ( < 50% fines content)	GRAVEL (% GRAVEL > % SAND)	CLEAN GRAVEL (Less than 5% fines)	GW	Well-graded gravel, gravel with sand, little or no fines
			GP	Poorly-graded gravel, gravel with sand, little or no fines
		"DIRTY" GRAVEL (More than 12% fines)	GM	Silty gravel, silty gravel with sand, silty or non-plastic fines
			GC	Clayey gravel, clayey gravel with sand, clayey or plastic fines
	SAND (% SAND ≥ % GRAVEL)	CLEAN SAND (Less than 5% fines)	SW	Well-graded sand, sand with gravel, little or no fines
			SP	Poorly-graded sand, sand with gravel, little or no fines
		"DIRTY" SAND (More than 12% fines)	SM	Silty sand, silty sand with gravel, silty or non-plastic fines
			SC	Clayey sand, clayey sand with gravel, clayey or plastic fines
FINE-GRAINED SOILS ( > 50% fines content)	SILTS AND CLAYS (Liquid Limit less than 50)		ML	Inorganic silt, sandy silt, gravelly silt, or clayey silt with low plasticity
			CL	Inorganic clay of low to medium plasticity, sandy clay, gravelly clay, silty clay, Lean Clay
			OL	Low to medium plasticity Silt or Clay with significant organic content (vegetative matter)
	SILTS AND CLAYS (Liquid Limit 50 or more)		MH	Inorganic elastic silt, sandy silt, gravelly silt, or clayey silt of medium to high plasticity
			CH	Inorganic clay of high plasticity, Fat Clay
			OH	Medium to high plasticity Silt or Clay with significant organic content (vegetative matter)
HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS		PT	Peat or other highly organic soils	

**Note:** Dual symbols are used for coarse grained soils with 5 to 12% fines (ex: SP-SM), and for soils with Atterberg Limits falling in the CL-ML band in the Plasticity Chart. Borderline classifications between groups may be indicated by two symbols separated by a slash (ex: CL/CH, SW/GW).

CONSISTENCY CLASSIFICATION				
COARSE GRAINED SOILS		FINE GRAINED SOILS		
Blowcount SPT <sup>1</sup> (CAL) <sup>2</sup>	Consistency	Blowcount <sup>3</sup> SPT <sup>1</sup> (CAL) <sup>2</sup>	Consistency	Undrained Shear Strength <sup>3</sup> , $S_u$ (ksf)
		$< 2$ ( $< 3$ )	Very Soft	$< 0.25$
0-4 (0-6)	Very Loose	2-4 (3-6)	Soft	0.25 - 0.50
5-10 (7-15)	Loose	5-8 (7-12)	Firm	0.50 - 1.0
11-30 (16-45)	Med. Dense	9-15 (13-22)	Stiff	1.0 - 2.0
31-50 (46-75)	Dense	16-30 (23-45)	Very Stiff	2.0 - 4.0
$> 50$ ( $> 75$ )	Very Dense	$> 30$ ( $> 45$ )	Hard	$> 4.0$

MOISTURE CLASSIFICATION
<b>DRY</b> - Absence of moisture, dusty, dry to the touch
<b>MOIST</b> - Damp but no visible water
<b>WET</b> - Visible free water, usually soil is below water table

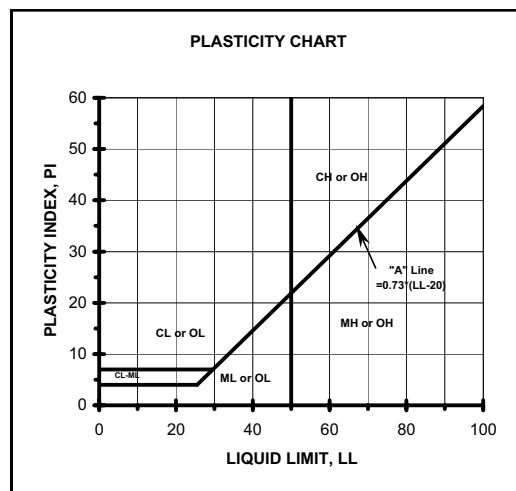
## CONSISTENCY NOTES:

- Number of blows of a 140-lb. hammer falling 30-inches to drive a 2-inch O.D. (1.375 inch I.D.) **SPT Sampler** [ASTM D-1585] the final 12-inches of driving
- Number of blows of a 140-lb. hammer falling 30-inches to drive a 3-inch O.D. (2.42-inch I.D.) **California Ring Sampler** the final 12-inches of driving.
- Undrained shear strength of cohesive soils predicted from field blowcounts is generally unreliable. Where possible, consistency should be based on  $S_u$  data from pocket penetrometer, torvane, or laboratory testing.

## CLASSIFICATION CRITERIA BASED ON LABORATORY TESTS

### Grain Size Classification

CLAY AND SILT	SAND			GRAVEL		COBBLES	BOULDERS
	Fine	Medium	Coarse	Fine	Coarse		
US Std Sieve $\longrightarrow$ No. 200	No. 40	No. 10	No. 4	3/4"	3"	12"	
Grain Size (mm) $\longrightarrow$ 0.075	0.425	2	4.75	19.1	76.2	304.8	



Classification of earth materials shown on the logs is based on field inspection and should not be construed to imply laboratory analysis unless so stated.

### Granular Soil Gradation Parameters

Coefficient of Uniformity:  $C_u = D_{60} / D_{10}$

Coefficient of Curvature:  $C_c = (D_{30})^2 / (D_{10} \times D_{60})$

$D_{10}$  = 10% of the soil is finer than this diameter

$D_{30}$  = 30% of the soil is finer than this diameter

$D_{60}$  = 60% of the soil is finer than this diameter

### Group Symbol Gradation or Plasticity Requirement

SW  $C_u > 6$  and  $C_c$  between 1 and 3

GW  $C_u > 4$  and  $C_c$  between 1 and 3

GP or SP Clean gravel or sand not meeting requirement for GW or SW

GM or SM Plots below "A" Line on Plasticity Chart or  $PI < 4$

GC or SC Plots above "A" Line on Plasticity Chart and  $PI > 7$

Metric Unit Conversion: 1" = 25.4 mm, 1.0 ksf = 47.88 kPa




GDC\_LOG\_BORING\_1A AMARGOSA CREEK BRIDGE.GPJ GDCLOG.GDT 3/23/06

<h1>LOG OF TEST BORING</h1>				PROJECT NAME 20th Street West Bridge at Amargosa Creek				PROJECT NUMBER I-380		BORING <b>LEGEND</b>		
SITE LOCATION City of Palmdale, CA								START		FINISH		
DRILLING COMPANY				DRILLING METHOD				LOGGED BY		CHECKED BY		
DRILLING EQUIPMENT				BORING DIA. (in) 30		TOTAL DEPTH (ft) 30		GROUND ELEV (ft)		DEPTH/ELEV. GROUND WATER (ft) ▼ / na		
SAMPLING METHOD										NOTES		
DEPTH (feet)	ELEVATION (feet)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE NO.	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS / 6 IN)	DRY DENSITY (pcf)	MOISTURE (%)	OTHER TESTS	% PASSING #200	ATTERBERG LIMITS LL:PI	POCKET PEN (tsf)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION AND CLASSIFICATION
5		█	1									<p>GRAB, CAL, SPT - Refers to the sampling method as described below</p> <p>GRAB - Refers to collecting sample by method of placing disturbed soil cuttings into a plastic bag</p> <p>CAL (CALIFORNIA MODIFIED) - A 3.0" o.d. split tube sampler lined with 2.42" i.d. metal sample rings generally driven into the soil by a free falling hammer</p> <p>SPT (STANDARD PENETRATION TEST) - A 2.0" o.d. split spoon sampler with a 1.375" i.d. generally driven into the soil with a 140# hammer free falling a height of 30"</p> <p>ABBREVIATIONS FOR OTHER TESTS:            AL = Atterberg Limits    GS = Grain Size Analyses            CN = Consolidation    PP = Pocket Pen            CO = Corrosivity    CP = Laboratory Compaction            RV = R-Value    WA = Wash on #200 Sieve            DS = Direct Shear    EI = Expansion Index            TV=Torvane            COLL=Collapse Potential of Soil</p>
10		⊠	2									
15		⊗	3									
20												
25												

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LOG OF TEST BORING				PROJECT NAME 20th Street West Bridge at Amargosa Creek			PROJECT NUMBER I-380		BORING B-1			
SITE LOCATION City of Palmdale, CA						START 11/16/2005		FINISH 11/16/2005		SHEET NO. 1 of 1		
DRILLING COMPANY Jet Drilling				DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger			LOGGED BY V.Glisic		CHECKED BY K.Bhushan			
DRILLING EQUIPMENT CME 75				BORING DIA. (in) 6		TOTAL DEPTH (ft) 26.5		GROUND ELEV (ft) 2730		DEPTH/ELEV. GROUND WATER (ft) ▼ Not Encountered / na		
SAMPLING METHOD Downhole Hammer: 140 lbs., Drop: 30 in.						NOTES						
DEPTH (feet)	ELEVATION (feet)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE NO.	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS / 6 IN)	DRY DENSITY (pcf)	MOISTURE (%)	OTHER TESTS	% PASSING #200	ATTERBERG LIMITS LL:PI	POCKET PEN (tsf)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION AND CLASSIFICATION
			1			3.9	RV					<b>Silty Sand (SM)</b> Damp to moist, brown
			2	6 9 14	105	7.5						<b>Sandy Silt (ML)</b> Medium dense, moist to damp, reddish brown with fine sand
5	2725		3	5 5 7		17.2						
10	2720		4	10 13 18	109	2						<b>Poorly graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM)</b> Medium dense, dry to damp, reddish brown medium to coarse
15	2715		5	8 8 12		2.6						with occasional gravel
20	2710		6	24 34 33	116	2.1						Becomes dense, dry, grayish brown
25	2705		7	15 23 23		2.3						
											Boring completed @ 26.5 feet. Groundwater not encountered. Borehole backfilled with soil cuttings.	



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**FIGURE A-3**

GDC\_LOG\_BORING\_1A AMARGOSA CREEK BRIDGE.GPJ GDCLOG.GDT 3/23/06

LOG OF TEST BORING				PROJECT NAME 20th Street West Bridge at Amargosa Creek			PROJECT NUMBER I-380		BORING B-2			
SITE LOCATION City of Palmdale, CA						START 11/17/2005		FINISH 11/17/2005		SHEET NO. 1 of 3		
DRILLING COMPANY Jet Drilling				DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger			LOGGED BY V.Glisic		CHECKED BY K.Bhushan			
DRILLING EQUIPMENT CME 75				BORING DIA. (in) 6		TOTAL DEPTH (ft) 81.5		GROUND ELEV (ft) 2731.5		DEPTH/ELEV. GROUND WATER (ft) ▼ 48.0 / 2683.5		
SAMPLING METHOD Downhole Hammer: 140 lbs., Drop: 30 in.						NOTES						
DEPTH (feet)	ELEVATION (feet)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE NO.	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS / 6 IN)	DRY DENSITY (pcf)	MOISTURE (%)	OTHER TESTS	% PASSING #200	ATTERBERG LIMITS LL:PI	POCKET PEN (tsf)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION AND CLASSIFICATION
2730			1			5.4	CO					<b>Clayey Sand (SC)</b> loose to medium dense, moist to damp, reddish brown, with fine-grained sand
5			2	3 5 5		6.7						<b>Poorly graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM)</b> Medium dense, moist to damp, reddish brown fine grained
2725			3	7 10 10	106	3.5	COLL					
10			4	7 6 7		1.5		11				Becomes olive brown, fine to medium, less fines
2720												
15			5	12 17 18	102	1.5	COLL	3				<b>Poorly Graded Sand (SP)</b> Medium dense, damp, grayish brown, medium to fine grained
2715												Trace of gravel
20			6	11 10 10		2		4				Becomes with fine gravel
2710												
25			7	18 33 45	119	2.4	COLL					Becomes very dense, reddish to grayish brown, medium to coarse with gravel up to 1"
2705												


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**FIGURE A-4 a**

<b>LOG OF TEST BORING</b>				PROJECT NAME 20th Street West Bridge at Amargosa Creek				PROJECT NUMBER I-380		BORING <b>B-2</b>			
SITE LOCATION City of Palmdale, CA								START 11/17/2005		FINISH 11/17/2005			
DRILLING COMPANY Jet Drilling				DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger				LOGGED BY V. Glisic		CHECKED BY K. Bhushan			
DRILLING EQUIPMENT CME 75				BORING DIA. (in) 6		TOTAL DEPTH (ft) 81.5		GROUND ELEV (ft) 2731.5		DEPTH/ELEV. GROUND WATER (ft) ▼ 48.0 / 2683.5			
SAMPLING METHOD Downhole Hammer: 140 lbs., Drop: 30 in.								NOTES					
DEPTH (feet)	ELEVATION (feet)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE NO.	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS / 6 IN)	DRY DENSITY (pcf)	MOISTURE (%)	OTHER TESTS	% PASSING #200	ATTERBERG LIMITS LL:PI	POCKET PEN (tsf)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION AND CLASSIFICATION	
2700		X	8	16 17 50		3.7		8				<b>Poorly graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM)</b> Very dense, damp, reddish to grayish brown, medium grained with some gravel	
35	2695	⊗	9	30 50/6"	110	6.2							
40	2690	X	10	25 50/2"		5.3		11				3" rock in cuttings	
45	2685	⊗	11	30 50/5"	120	12.9						Becomes reddish brown with more fines	
50	2680	X	12	29 40 50		10.7		28				<b>Silty Sand (SM)</b> Very dense, wet, reddish brown, fine to medium grained Perched water encountered at 48 feet bgs	
55	2675	⊗	13	39 50/4"	115	11.9							
 <b>GROUP DELTA CONSULTANTS, INC.</b> 92 Argonaut, Suite 120 Aliso Viejo, CA 92656								THIS SUMMARY APPLIES ONLY AT THE LOCATION OF THIS BORING AND AT THE TIME OF DRILLING. SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS MAY DIFFER AT OTHER LOCATIONS AND MAY CHANGE AT THIS LOCATION WITH THE PASSAGE OF TIME. THE DATA PRESENTED IS A SIMPLIFICATION OF THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED.				<b>FIGURE A-4 b</b>	

GDC\_LOG\_BORING\_1A AMARGOSA CREEK BRIDGE.GPJ GDCLOG.GDT 3/23/06

LOG OF TEST BORING										PROJECT NAME 20th Street West Bridge at Amargosa Creek		PROJECT NUMBER I-380		BORING B-2	
SITE LOCATION City of Palmdale, CA										START 11/17/2005		FINISH 11/17/2005		SHEET NO. 3 of 3	
DRILLING COMPANY Jet Drilling					DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger					LOGGED BY V.Glisic		CHECKED BY K.Bhushan			
DRILLING EQUIPMENT CME 75					BORING DIA. (in) 6		TOTAL DEPTH (ft) 81.5		GROUND ELEV (ft) 2731.5		DEPTH/ELEV. GROUND WATER (ft) ▼ 48.0 / 2683.5				
SAMPLING METHOD Downhole Hammer: 140 lbs., Drop: 30 in.										NOTES					
DEPTH (feet)	ELEVATION (feet)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE NO.	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS / 6 IN)	DRY DENSITY (pcf)	MOISTURE (%)	OTHER TESTS	% PASSING #200	ATTERBERG LIMITS LL:PI	POCKET PEN (tsf)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION AND CLASSIFICATION			
	2670	X	14	29 40 50		8.3		23				<b>Silty Sand (SM)</b> Very dense, wet, reddish brown, fine to medium grained Very hard drilling			
65	2665	⊗	15	31 50/5"	108	7						<b>Poorly graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM)</b> Very dense, damp to moist, reddish to grayish brown, with some gravel			
70	2660	X	16	20 20 30		4.8		10				Continues with no gravel			
75	2655	⊗	17	30 50/5"	110	12.2						<b>Silty Sand (SM)</b> Very dense, damp to moist, reddish to grayish brown, fine to medium grained with some gravel			
80	2650	X	18	20 39 50		12.6						Continues with no gravel and more fines			
85	2645											Boring completed @81.5 feet below ground surface. Water encountered @48 feet-perched water? Borehole backfilled with soil cuttings.			



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**FIGURE A-4 c**

GDC\_LOG\_BORING\_1A AMARGOSA CREEK BRIDGE.GPJ GDCLOG.GDT 3/23/06

<b>LOG OF TEST BORING</b>										<b>PROJECT NAME</b> 20th Street West Bridge at Amargosa Creek		<b>PROJECT NUMBER</b> I-380		<b>BORING</b> <b>B-3</b>																																																																																																															
<b>SITE LOCATION</b> City of Palmdale, CA										<b>START</b> 11/16/2005		<b>FINISH</b> 11/16/2005		<b>SHEET NO.</b> 1 of 3																																																																																																															
<b>DRILLING COMPANY</b> Jet Drilling							<b>DRILLING METHOD</b> Hollow Stem Auger				<b>LOGGED BY</b> V.Glisic		<b>CHECKED BY</b> K.Bhushan																																																																																																																
<b>DRILLING EQUIPMENT</b> CME 75							<b>BORING DIA. (in)</b> 6		<b>TOTAL DEPTH (ft)</b> 81.5		<b>GROUND ELEV (ft)</b> 2732		<b>DEPTH/ELEV. GROUND WATER (ft)</b> ▼ Not Encountered / na																																																																																																																
<b>SAMPLING METHOD</b> Downhole Hammer: 140 lbs., Drop: 30 in.										<b>NOTES</b>																																																																																																																			
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>DEPTH (feet)</th> <th>ELEVATION (feet)</th> <th>SAMPLE TYPE</th> <th>SAMPLE NO.</th> <th>PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS / 6 IN)</th> <th>DRY DENSITY (pcf)</th> <th>MOISTURE (%)</th> <th>OTHER TESTS</th> <th>% PASSING #200</th> <th>ATTERBERG LIMITS LL:PI</th> <th>POCKET PEN (tsf)</th> <th>GRAPHIC LOG</th> <th colspan="2">DESCRIPTION AND CLASSIFICATION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>2730</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2.7</td> <td>CO</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td colspan="2"> <b>Poorly graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM)</b>            Loose, dry to damp, brown to olive brown, fine to medium with trace of gravel         </td> </tr> <tr> <td>2725</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td>12 9 18</td> <td>118</td> <td>3.0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td colspan="2"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2720</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3</td> <td>12 14 15</td> <td></td> <td>2.5</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td colspan="2"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2715</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4</td> <td>15 16 25</td> <td>118</td> <td>2.5</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td colspan="2">Continues with less fines and no gravel</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2710</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5</td> <td>15 18 29</td> <td></td> <td>3.2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td colspan="2">Becomes dense</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2705</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>6</td> <td>25 35 50/5"</td> <td>117</td> <td>3.6</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td colspan="2">Becomes very dense, slightly cemented, medium grained</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2700</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>7</td> <td>11 25 25</td> <td></td> <td>3.8</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td colspan="2"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>														DEPTH (feet)	ELEVATION (feet)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE NO.	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS / 6 IN)	DRY DENSITY (pcf)	MOISTURE (%)	OTHER TESTS	% PASSING #200	ATTERBERG LIMITS LL:PI	POCKET PEN (tsf)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION AND CLASSIFICATION		2730			1			2.7	CO					<b>Poorly graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM)</b> Loose, dry to damp, brown to olive brown, fine to medium with trace of gravel		2725			2	12 9 18	118	3.0								2720			3	12 14 15		2.5								2715			4	15 16 25	118	2.5						Continues with less fines and no gravel		2710			5	15 18 29		3.2						Becomes dense		2705			6	25 35 50/5"	117	3.6						Becomes very dense, slightly cemented, medium grained		2700			7	11 25 25		3.8							
DEPTH (feet)	ELEVATION (feet)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE NO.	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS / 6 IN)	DRY DENSITY (pcf)	MOISTURE (%)	OTHER TESTS	% PASSING #200	ATTERBERG LIMITS LL:PI	POCKET PEN (tsf)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION AND CLASSIFICATION																																																																																																																	
2730			1			2.7	CO					<b>Poorly graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM)</b> Loose, dry to damp, brown to olive brown, fine to medium with trace of gravel																																																																																																																	
2725			2	12 9 18	118	3.0																																																																																																																							
2720			3	12 14 15		2.5																																																																																																																							
2715			4	15 16 25	118	2.5						Continues with less fines and no gravel																																																																																																																	
2710			5	15 18 29		3.2						Becomes dense																																																																																																																	
2705			6	25 35 50/5"	117	3.6						Becomes very dense, slightly cemented, medium grained																																																																																																																	
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FIGURE A-5 a

<b>LOG OF TEST BORING</b>				PROJECT NAME 20th Street West Bridge at Amargosa Creek				PROJECT NUMBER I-380		BORING <b>B-3</b>			
SITE LOCATION City of Palmdale, CA								START 11/16/2005		FINISH 11/16/2005			
DRILLING COMPANY Jet Drilling				DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger				LOGGED BY V. Glisic		CHECKED BY K. Bhushan			
DRILLING EQUIPMENT CME 75				BORING DIA. (in) 6		TOTAL DEPTH (ft) 81.5		GROUND ELEV (ft) 2732		DEPTH/ELEV. GROUND WATER (ft) ▼ Not Encountered / na			
SAMPLING METHOD Downhole Hammer: 140 lbs., Drop: 30 in.								NOTES					
DEPTH (feet)	ELEVATION (feet)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE NO.	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS / 6 IN)	DRY DENSITY (pcf)	MOISTURE (%)	OTHER TESTS	% PASSING #200	ATTERBERG LIMITS LL:PI	POCKET PEN (tsf)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION AND CLASSIFICATION	
	2700		8	20 30 50/5"	118	3.6						<b>Poorly Graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM)</b> Very dense, damp, brown, coarse grained Continues with trace of gravel	
35	2695		9	26 35 35		6.7						<b>Silty Sand (SM)</b> Very dense, damp, reddish brown, medium grained with trace of gravel  Hard drilling	
40	2690		10	35 50/6"	103	5.6						Continues with trace of gravel	
45	2685		11	30 50/6"		5.3						Continues without gravel	
50	2680		12	50/5"	119	5.8						Low sample recovery.	
55	2675		13	46 30 30		18.5						<b>Sandy Silt (ML)</b> Very dense, moist, reddish brown with fine sand 2" layer of clean sand	
												<b>Silty Sand (SM)</b> Very dense, moist, reddish brown, medium grained	
<b>GROUP DELTA CONSULTANTS, INC.</b> 92 Argonaut, Suite 120 Aliso Viejo, CA 92656								THIS SUMMARY APPLIES ONLY AT THE LOCATION OF THIS BORING AND AT THE TIME OF DRILLING. SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS MAY DIFFER AT OTHER LOCATIONS AND MAY CHANGE AT THIS LOCATION WITH THE PASSAGE OF TIME. THE DATA PRESENTED IS A SIMPLIFICATION OF THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED.				<b>FIGURE A-5 b</b>	

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<b>LOG OF TEST BORING</b>				<b>PROJECT NAME</b> 20th Street West Bridge at Amargosa Creek				<b>PROJECT NUMBER</b> I-380		<b>BORING</b> <b>B-3</b>		
<b>SITE LOCATION</b> City of Palmdale, CA								<b>START</b> 11/16/2005		<b>FINISH</b> 11/16/2005		
<b>DRILLING COMPANY</b> Jet Drilling				<b>DRILLING METHOD</b> Hollow Stem Auger				<b>LOGGED BY</b> V.Glisic		<b>CHECKED BY</b> K.Bhushan		
<b>DRILLING EQUIPMENT</b> CME 75				<b>BORING DIA. (in)</b> 6		<b>TOTAL DEPTH (ft)</b> 81.5		<b>GROUND ELEV (ft)</b> 2732		<b>DEPTH/ELEV. GROUND WATER (ft)</b> ▼ Not Encountered / na		
<b>SAMPLING METHOD</b> Downhole Hammer: 140 lbs., Drop: 30 in.								<b>NOTES</b>				
<b>DEPTH (feet)</b>	<b>ELEVATION (feet)</b>	<b>SAMPLE TYPE</b>	<b>SAMPLE NO.</b>	<b>PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS / 6 IN)</b>	<b>DRY DENSITY (pcf)</b>	<b>MOISTURE (%)</b>	<b>OTHER TESTS</b>	<b>% PASSING #200</b>	<b>ATTERBERG LIMITS LL:PI</b>	<b>POCKET PEN (tsf)</b>	<b>GRAPHIC LOG</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION AND CLASSIFICATION</b>
			14	50/5"								<b>Silty Sand (SM)</b> Very dense, moist, reddish brown, medium grained Hard drilling continues
2670			14	50/6"		11.1						
65												
2665												
70			15	21 40 40		9.3						
2660												
75												
2655												
80			16	50/5"	99	6.7						
2650												Boring completed @ 81.5 feet below ground surface. Groundwater not encountered. Borehole backfilled with soil cuttings.
85												
2645												

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**FIGURE A-5 c**



<b>LOG OF TEST BORING</b>						PROJECT NAME 20th Street West Bridge at Amargosa Creek				PROJECT NUMBER I-380		BORING <b>B-4</b>		
SITE LOCATION City of Palmdale, CA									START 11/16/2005		FINISH 11/16/2005		SHEET NO. 1 of 1	
DRILLING COMPANY Jet Drilling						DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger				LOGGED BY V.Glisic		CHECKED BY K.Bhushan		
DRILLING EQUIPMENT CME 75						BORING DIA. (in) 6		TOTAL DEPTH (ft) 26.5		GROUND ELEV (ft) 2733		DEPTH/ELEV. GROUND WATER (ft) ▼ Not Encountered / na		
SAMPLING METHOD Downhole Hammer: 140 lbs., Drop: 30 in.									NOTES					
DEPTH (feet)	ELEVATION (feet)	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE NO.	PENETRATION RESISTANCE (BLOWS / 6 IN)	DRY DENSITY (pcf)	MOISTURE (%)	OTHER TESTS	% PASSING #200	ATTERBERG LIMITS LL:PI	POCKET PEN (tsf)	GRAPHIC LOG	DESCRIPTION AND CLASSIFICATION		
<div style="text-align: center;">5</div> 2730  2725  2720  2715  2710  2705		[Solid Black]	1			4.2	RV					<b>Silty Sand(SM)</b> Loose, damp, reddish brown, medium grained		
		[X]	2	1 2 2		6								
		[X]	3	3 3 10	109	6								
		[X]	4	12 13 8		4.7						Becomes medium dense, reddish to grayish brown with some gravel or pieces of rock		
		[X]	5	14 20 23	120	4.1								
		[X]	6	14 16 20		3.7						becomes dense		
		[X]	7	17 12 22	117	8.6						Becomes medium dense, moist, with more fines and no gravel.		
												Boring completed @ 26.5 feet below ground surface. Groundwater not encountered. Borehole backfilled with soil cuttings.		



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**FIGURE A-6**

## ***APPENDIX B – LABORATORY TESTING***

---

## **APPENDIX B LABORATORY TESTING**

### **B.1 General**

The laboratory testing was performed by Group Delta Consultants Laboratories and this investigation includes determination of moisture content and dry unit weight, percent passing no. 200 sieve, R-value, collapse potential and soil corrosivity. Descriptions of these tests are given below.

### **B.2 Soil Classification**

The subsurface materials were classified visually in the field using the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS), in accordance with ASTM Test Methods D-2487 and D 2488. Soil classifications were modified as necessary based on further inspection and testing in the laboratory. The soil classifications are presented on key for soil classification and on the boring logs Figures A-1 to A-6 of Appendix A.

### **B.3 Moisture Content and Dry Unit Weight**

The field moisture and dry unit weight of each relatively undisturbed sample were determined in general accordance with ASTM D-2216. Results of these tests are presented on the boring logs in Figures A-3 through A-6 of Appendix A.

### **B.4 Percent Passing no. 200 sieve:**

Representative samples were dried, weighed, soaked in water until individual soil particles were separated, and then washed on the No. 200 sieve. The portion of the material retained on the No. 200 sieve was oven-dried and then run through a standard set of sieves in accordance with ASTM D-422. The percentage of fines (i.e., soil passing #200 sieve) is presented on the boring logs in Figures A-3 through A-6 of Appendix A.

### **B.5 R-value Test**

An R-value test was performed on two selected samples of the near surface subgrade soil. The tests were conducted in general accordance with CTM 301. The test results are presented in Table B-1.

### **B.6 Collapse Potential**

Three collapse potential tests were performed in general accordance with ASTM D-5333. Collapse potential of soil method is used to determine the magnitude of collapse of soil that may occur for a given vertical (axial) stress when

unsaturated soils become 100% saturated with fluid. The test results are presented in Figures B-1 through B-3.

## **B.7 Soil Corrosivity**

Corrosivity testing included performing soil pH (Caltrans method 643), water-soluble chlorides (Caltrans Test method 422), water-soluble sulfates (Caltrans Test Method 417) and electrical resistivity (Caltrans Test method 532). The test results are summarized in Table B-1.

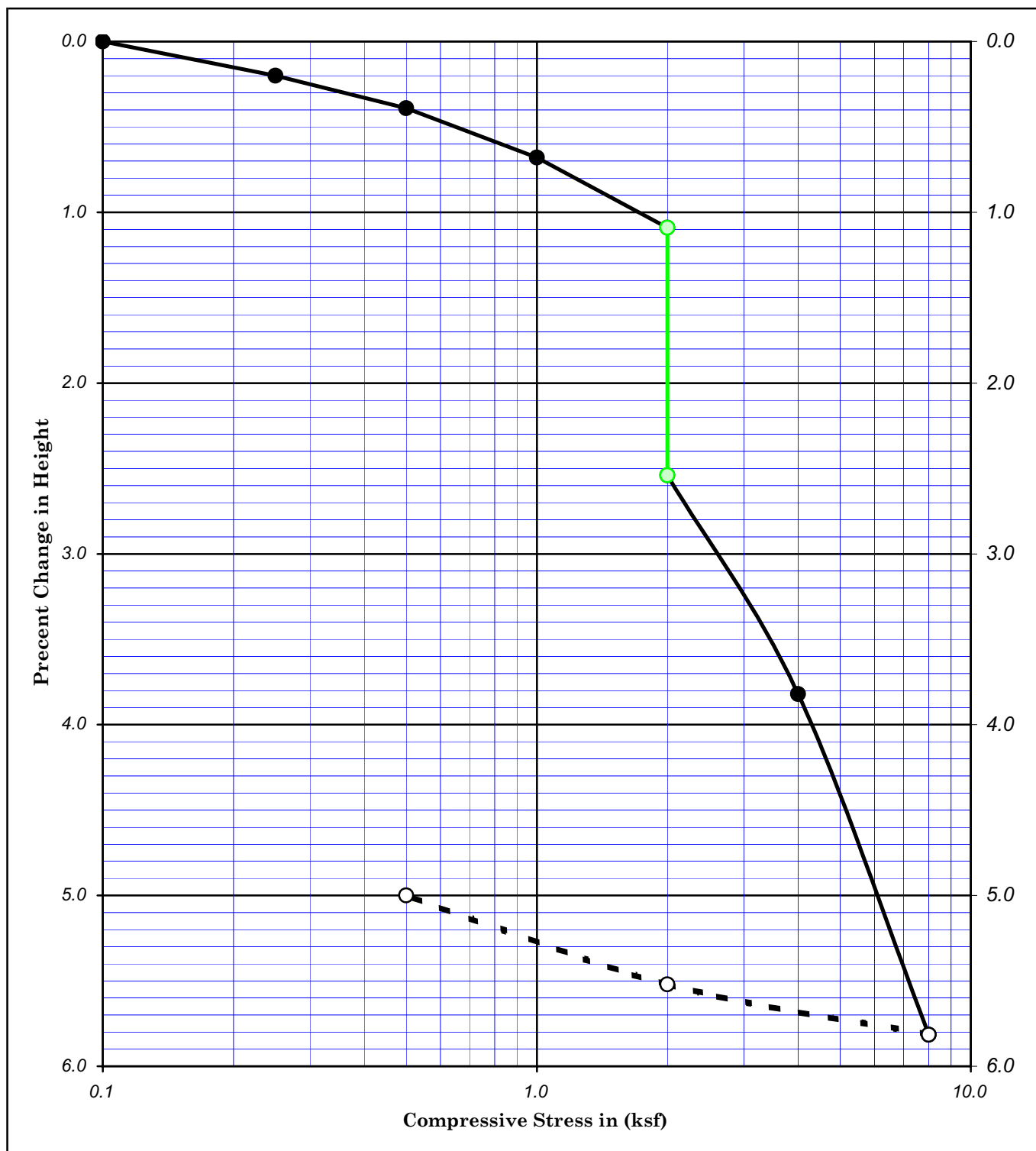
Table B-1  
Summary of Laboratory Testing

Boring Number	Sample Depth (feet)	pH	Soluble Sulfates (ppm)	Soluble Chlorides (ppm)	Minimum Resistivity (ohm-cm)	R-Value
B-1	0-5	-	-	-	-	55
B-2	0-5	8.9	62	53	2554	-
B-3	0-5	8.0	74	54	2856	-
B-4	0-5	-	-	-	-	64

## **B.8 List of Figures**

Figures B-1 through B-3

Collapse Potential Tests



Boring No. : B - 2				Liquid Limit : -			Moisture Content (%)		Dry Density		Percent Saturation	Void Ratio
Sample No. : D - 3				Plastic Limit : -					(pcf)	(kN/m <sup>3</sup> )		
Depth	(ft)	: 6.0	7.5	Plastic Index : -		Initial	4.32	107.88	16.98	20.75	1.58	
	(m)	: 1.83	2.29	Specific Gravity : 2.70		Final	19.78	114.61	18.04	100.00	1.48	

Description: Olive Brown, Silty Sand (SM)



20<sup>th</sup> Street Bridge at Amargosa Creek

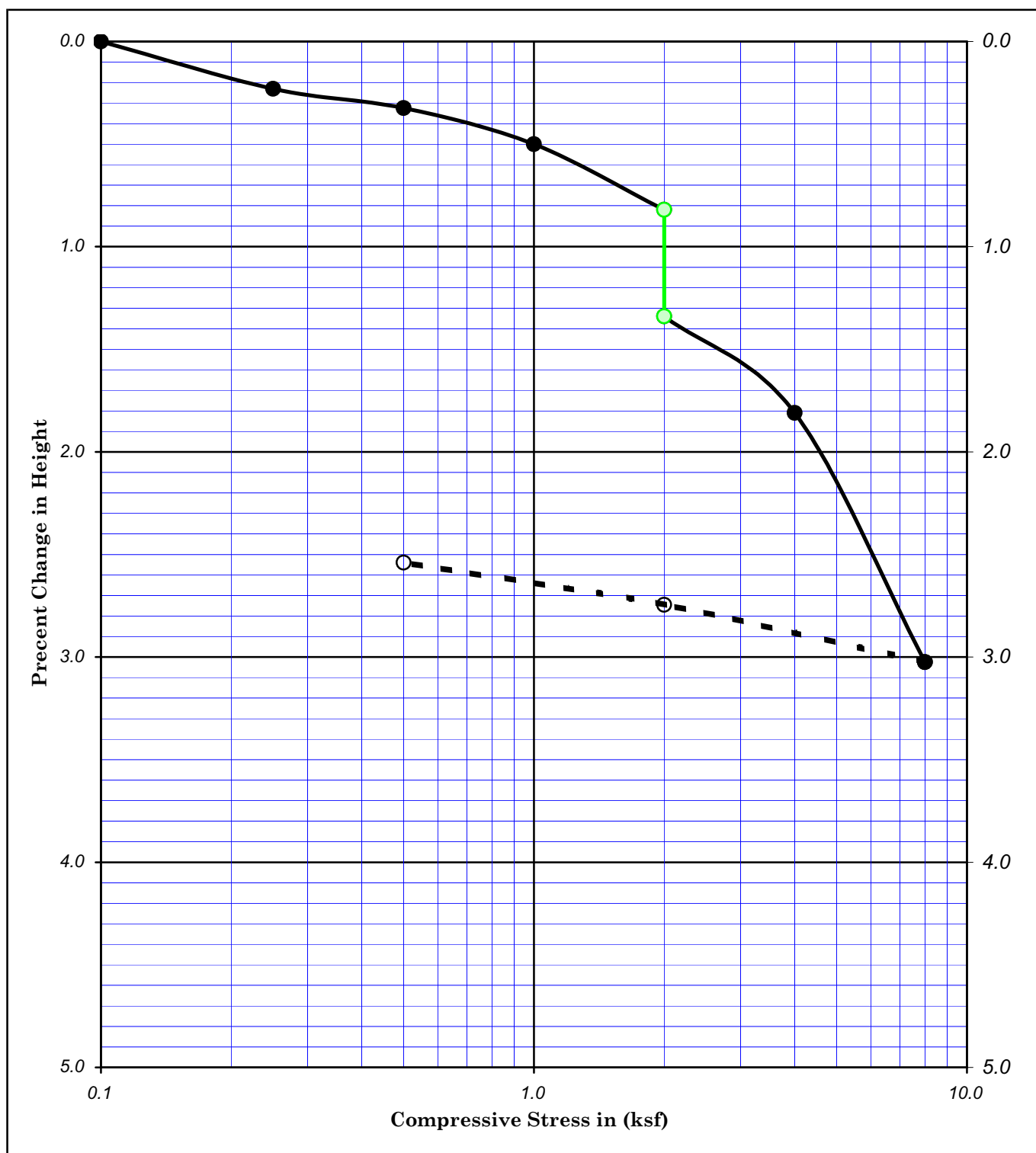
Project No. : I - 380

Date : 12/29/05

## COLLAPSE POTENTIAL OF SOILS

ASTM D-5333-03

Figure B-1



Boring No. : <i>B - 2</i>				Liquid Limit : -			Moisture Content (%)		Dry Density		Percent Saturation	Void Ratio
Sample No. : <i>D - 5</i>				Plastic Limit : -					(pcf)	(kN/m <sup>3</sup> )		
Depth	(ft) :	<i>15.0</i>	<i>16.5</i>	Plastic Index : -		Initial	<i>1.70</i>	<i>104.02</i>	<i>16.37</i>	<i>7.38</i>	<i>1.64</i>	
	(m) :	<i>4.58</i>	<i>5.03</i>	Specific Gravity : <i>2.70</i>		Final	<i>21.87</i>	<i>107.73</i>	<i>16.96</i>	<i>100.00</i>	<i>1.58</i>	
Description : <i>Light Olive Brown, Poorly-Graded Sand (SP)</i>												



**20<sup>th</sup> Street Bridge at Amargosa Creek**

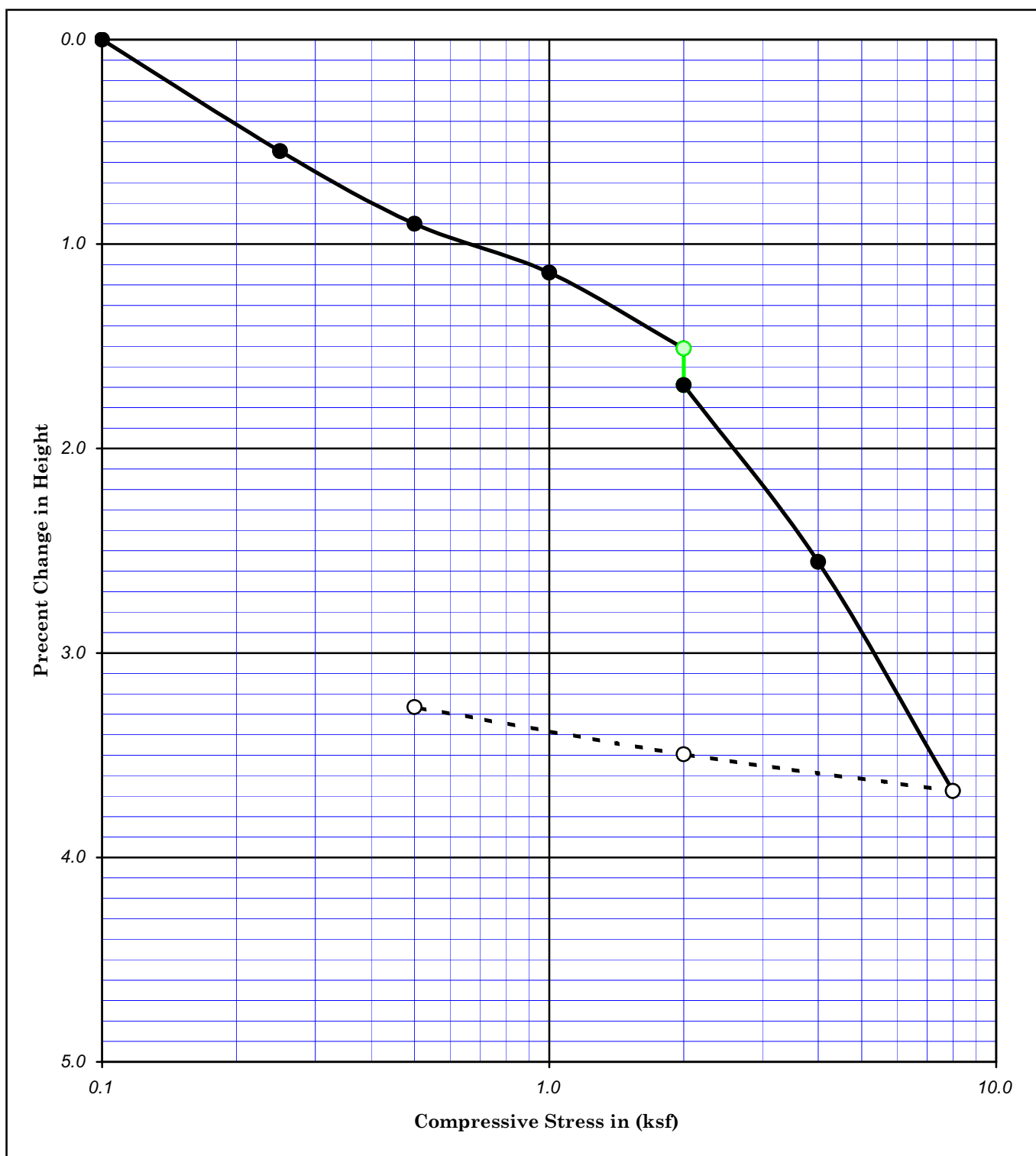
Project No. : ***1 - 380***

Date : ***12/29/05***

## COLLAPSE POTENTIAL OF SOILS

ASTM D-5333-03

Figure B-2



Boring No. :	B - 2	Liquid Limit :	-		Moisture	Dry Density		Percent	Void
Sample No. :	D - 7	Plastic Limit :	-		Content (%)	(pcf)	(kN/m <sup>3</sup> )	Saturation	
Depth	(ft) : 25.0 26.5	Plastic Index :	-	Initial	2.47	115.23	18.14	14.38	1.48
	(m) : 7.63 8.08	Specific Gravity :	2.70	Final	17.26	120.06	18.90	100.00	1.42

Description : Olive Brown, Poorly-Graded Gravel with Sand and Silt (GP-GM)



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## COLLAPSE POTENTIAL OF SOILS

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Figure B-3